Session of 2022

## HOUSE BILL No. 2697

By Committee on Judiciary

2-11

AN ACT concerning crimes, punishment and criminal procedure; relating to competency to stand trial; mobile competency evaluations; amending **K.S.A. 22-3301 and** K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 22-3302, 22-3303, 22-3305, 22-3428 and 22-3429 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 22-3301 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3301. (1) For the purpose of this article;:

- (a) A person is "incompetent to stand trial" when he such person is charged with a crime and, because of mental illness or defect is unable:
- $\frac{\text{(a)}(1)}{\text{(b)}}$  To understand the nature and purpose of the proceedings against  $\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(b)}}$  such person; or
  - (b)(2) to make or assist in making his such person's defense.
- $\frac{(2)}{(b)}$  Whenever the words "competent," "competency," "incompetent" and "incompetency" are used without qualification in this article, they shall refer to the defendant's competency or incompetency to stand trial, as defined in subsection  $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$  of this section  $\frac{(a)}{(a)}$ .
- (c) "Appropriate state, county or private institution or facility" means a facility with sufficient resources, staffing and space to conduct the evaluation or restoration treatment of the defendant. "Appropriate state, county or private institution or facility" does not include a jail or correctional facility as a location where evaluation and restoration treatment services are provided unless the administrative head or law enforcement official in charge of the jail or correctional facility agrees that the facility has the appropriate physical and care capabilities that such services may be provided by:
- (1) The state security hospital or its agent or a state hospital or its agent;
- (2) a qualified mental health professional as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, who is qualified by training and expertise to conduct competency restoration treatment;
- (3) an individual who is qualified by training and experience to conduct competency evaluations and restoration treatment and is licensed by the behavioral sciences regulatory board; or

(4) a physician who is qualified by training and experience to conduct competency evaluations and restoration treatment and is licensed by the state board of healing arts.

Section 1. Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 22-3302 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3302. (1)(a) At any time after the defendant has been charged with a crime and before pronouncement of sentence, the defendant, the defendant's counsel or the prosecuting attorney may request a determination of the defendant's competency to stand trial. If, upon the request of either party or upon the judge's own knowledge and observation, the judge before whom the case is pending finds that there is reason to believe that the defendant is incompetent to stand trial, the proceedings shall be suspended and a hearing conducted to determine the competency of the defendant.

- $\frac{(2)}{(b)}$  If the defendant is charged with a felony, the hearing to determine the competency of the defendant shall be conducted by a district judge.
- $\frac{(3)}{(A)}(c)$  (1) The court shall determine the issue of competency and may impanel a jury of six persons to assist in making the determination. The court may order a psychiatric or psychological examination of the defendant. To facilitate the examination, the court may:
- (a)Commit the defendant to(A) Order an evaluation be completed by the state security hospital or its agent, a state hospital or its agent or any an appropriate state, county, or private institution or facility—forexamination and report to the court, except that the court shall not commit the defendant to the state security hospital or any other state institution unless, prior to such commitment, the director of a local county or private institution recommends to the court and to the secretary for aging and disability services that examination of the defendant should be performed at a state institution to be conducted in person or by use of available electronic means while the defendant is in jail, at any secure location or on pretrial release;
- (b)(B) designate—any an appropriate—psychiatric or psychological elinic, mental health center or other psychiatric or psychological state, county or private institution or facility to conduct the examination while the defendant is in jail, at any secure location or on pretrial release; or
- (e)(C) appoint two a qualified licensed physicians physician who is qualified through training or experience or a licensed psychologists, or one of each, psychologist to examine the defendant and report to the court.
- (B)(2) If the court-commits orders the defendant committed to an institution or facility for the examination, the commitment shall be for a period not to exceed 60 days from the date of admission or until the examination is completed, whichever is the shorter period of time. No statement made by the defendant in the course of any examination

 provided for by this section, whether or not the defendant consents to the examination, shall be admitted in evidence against the defendant in any criminal proceeding.

- (C)(3) Before the expiration of the 60-day evaluation period, the professional approved by the court to examine the defendant or, if the defendant is committed for inpatient examination, the chief medical officer or head of the appropriate **institution or** facility shall certify to the court whether the defendant is competent to stand trial.
- (4) Upon notification of the court that a defendant committed for psychiatric or psychological examination under this subsection has been found competent to stand trial, the court shall order that the defendant be returned no later than seven days after receipt of the notice for proceedings under this section. If the defendant is not returned within that time, the county in which the proceedings will be held shall pay the costs of maintaining the defendant at the institution or facility for the period of time the defendant remains at the institution or facility in excess of the seven-day period.
- (4)(d) If the defendant is found to be competent, the proceedings which have been suspended shall be resumed. If the proceedings were suspended before or during the preliminary examination, the judge who conducted the competency hearing may conduct a preliminary examination or, if a district magistrate judge was conducting the proceedings prior to the competency hearing, the judge who conducted the competency hearing may order the preliminary examination to be heard by a district magistrate judge.
- (5)(e) If the defendant is found to be incompetent to stand trial, the court shall proceed in accordance with K.S.A. 22-3303, and amendments thereto.
- (6)(f) If proceedings are suspended and a hearing to determine the defendant's competency is ordered after the defendant is in jeopardy, the court may either order a recess or declare a mistrial.
- (7)(g) The defendant shall be present personally at all proceedings under this section.
- Sec. 2. 3. K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 22-3303 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3303. (a) (1) A defendant who is charged with a crime and is found to be incompetent to stand trial shall be—committed ordered for evaluation and treatment—to any, conducted on an outpatient or inpatient basis, by—the state security hospital or its agent, a state hospital or its—agent or any an appropriate state, county; or private institution or facility. At the time of such commitment the institution of commitment shall notify the county or district attorney of the county in which the criminal proceedings are pending for the purpose of providing victim notification.
- 43 Any such commitment shall be for a period not to exceed 90 days. Within

 90 days after the defendant's commitment to such institution, the chief medical officer of such institution shall Evaluation or restorative treatment of a defendant shall not be conducted in a jail unless the administrative head or law enforcement official in charge of the jail agrees to such evaluation or restorative treatment being conducted in such jail.

- (2) An evaluation and treatment may be ordered to be conducted on an outpatient basis in person or by use of available electronic means while the defendant is in jail, at any secure location, on pretrial release or in any other appropriate setting.
- (3) For a defendant charged with a misdemeanor offense, outpatient evaluation and treatment—shall may be ordered to be conducted by—any an appropriate—psychiatric or psychological clinic or facility, mental health-center, county institution or facility or a private state, county or private institution or facility.
- (4) For a defendant charged with a felony offense, outpatient evaluation and treatment may be ordered to be conducted by—any an appropriate—psychiatric or psychological clinic or facility, mental health-center, county institution or facility, state, county or private institution or facility or other appropriate secure facility.
- (5) For a defendant charged with a felony offense, a commitment to the state security hospital or its agent or a state hospital or its agent may by conducted on a inpatient basis or, if the defendant meets the screening criteria established by the state security hospital, on an outpatient basis.
- (6) At the commencement of outpatient treatment, the institution or facility conducting the treatment shall notify the county or district prosecuting attorney in the county where the criminal proceeding is pending for the purpose of providing victim notification.
- (b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (d), if the defendant is ordered to receive an evaluation and treatment on an outpatient basis conducted by—any an appropriate—psychiatric or psychological clinic orfacility, mental health center, county institution or facility state, county or a private institution or facility, the chief medical officer of such institution or head of such facility shall certify to the court, within 90 days after the commencement of outpatient treatment, whether the defendant has a substantial probability of attaining competency to stand trial in the foreseeable future. The court shall set a hearing within 21 days after certification unless exceptional circumstances warrant delay, for the purpose of determining competency.
- (2) If such probability does exist, the court shall order the defendant to remain in *jail or at a secure location, on pretrial release pursuant to K.S.A. 22-2802, and amendments thereto, or at* an appropriate—state, eounty, private institution or facility setting until the defendant attains

competency to stand trial or for a period of six months from the date of the 1 2 original commitment the commencement of outpatient treatment, 3 whichever occurs first. If such probability does not exist, the court shall 4 order the secretary for aging and disability services county or district 5 **prosecuting** attorney where the charges are filed to commence 6 involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 7 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. The court-8 shall issue an order for care and treatment, within 21 days of receipt of the 9 certification from the chief medical officer of the institution or head of the facility unless exceptional circumstances warrant delay. When a defendant 10 11 is charged with any off-grid felony, any nondrug severity level 1 through 3 12 felony, or a violation of K.S.A. 21-3504, 21-3511, 21-3518, 21-3603 or 13 21-3719, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 21-5505(b), 21-14 5506(b), 21-5508(b), 21-5604(b) or 21-5812(b), and amendments thereto, 15 and commitment proceedings have commenced, for such proceeding, 16 "mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and 17 treatment" means a mentally ill person, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(e), 18 and amendments thereto, who is likely to cause harm to self and others, as 19 defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(f)(3), and amendments thereto. The other 20 provisions of K.S.A. 59-2946(f), and amendments thereto, shall not apply. 21 (2)(3) If a defendant who was found to have had a substantial 22 probability of attaining competency to stand trial, as provided in 23 subsection (1) paragraph (2), has not attained competency to stand trial 24 within six months from the date of the original commitment, the court 25 shall order the *county or district* **prosecuting** attorney where the charges are filed or the secretary for aging and disability services to commence 26 27 involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 28 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. The court-29 shall issue an order for care and treatment, within 21 days of receipt of the 30 certification from the chief medical officer of the institution or the head of 31 the facility unless exceptional circumstances warrant delay. When a 32 defendant is charged with any off-grid felony, any nondrug severity level 1 33 through 3 felony, or a violation of K.S.A. 21-3504, 21-3511, 21-3518, 21-34 3603 or 21-3719, prior to their repeal, K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 21-5505(b), 21-35 5506(b), 21-5508(b), 21-5604(b) or 21-5812(b), and amendments thereto, 36 and commitment proceedings have commenced, for such proceeding, 37 "mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and 38 treatment" means a mentally ill person, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(e), 39 and amendments thereto, who is likely to cause harm to self and others, as 40 defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(f)(3), and amendments thereto. The other 41 provisions of K.S.A. 59-2946(f), and amendments thereto, shall not apply. 42  $\frac{3}{4}$  When reasonable grounds exist to believe that a defendant who 43 has been adjudged incompetent to stand trial is competent, the court in

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42 43 which the criminal case is pending shall conduct a hearing in accordance with K.S.A. 22-3302, and amendments thereto, to determine the person's present mental condition. Such court shall give reasonable notice of such hearings to the prosecuting county or district prosecuting attorney, the defendant and the defendant's attorney of record, if any. The prosecuting county or district prosecuting attorney shall provide victim notification. If the court, following such hearing, finds the defendant to be competent, the proceedings pending against the defendant shall be resumed.

- (4)(5) A defendant committed to a public institution **or facility** under the provisions of this section who is thereafter sentenced for the crime charged at the time of commitment—may **shall** be credited with all—or any part of the time during which the defendant was committed and confined in such public institution **or facility**.
- (c) (1) Except as provided in subsection (d), if a defendant is ordered or met criteria to receive an evaluation and treatment on an outpatient basis conducted by the state security hospital or its agent or a state hospital or its agent, the chief medical officer shall certify to the court, within 90 days after commencement of treatment, whether the defendant has a substantial probability of attaining competency to stand trial in the foreseeable future.
- (2) If such probability does exist, the court shall order the defendant to remain in jail or at a secure location, on pretrial release pursuant to K.S.A. 22-2802, and amendments thereto, or at an appropriate setting until the defendant attains competency to stand trial or for a period of six months from the date of the commencement of outpatient treatment, whichever occurs first. If such probability does not exist, the court shall order the county or district prosecuting attorney where the charges are filed or the secretary for aging and disability services to commence involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. The courtshall issue an order for care and treatment, within 21 days of receipt of the certification from the chief medical officer of the institution or the head of the facility unless exceptional circumstances warrant delay. When a defendant is charged with any off-grid felony, any nondrug severity level 1 through 3 felony or a violation of K.S.A. 21-3504, 21-3511, 21-3518, 21-3603 or 21-3719, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 21-5505(b), 21-5506(b), 21-5508(b), 21-5604(b) or 21-5812(b), and amendments thereto, and commitment proceedings have commenced, for such proceeding, "mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment" means a mentally ill person, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(e), and amendments thereto, who is likely to cause harm to self and others, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(f)(3), and amendments thereto. The other provisions of K.S.A. 59-2946(f), and amendments thereto, shall not

apply.

- (3) If a defendant who was found to have had a substantial probability of attaining competency to stand trial, as provided in paragraph (2), has not attained competency to stand trial within six months from the date of the original commitment, the court shall order the county or district prosecuting attorney where the charges are filed or the secretary for aging and disability services to commence involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. The court shall issue an order for care and treatment, within 21 days of receipt of the certification from the chief medical officer of the institution or the head of the facility unless exceptional circumstances warrant delay. When a defendant is charged with any off-grid felony, any nondrug severity level 1 through 3 felony or a violation of K.S.A. 21-3504, 21-3511, 21-3518, 21-3603 or 21-3719, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 21-5505(b), 21-5506(b), 21-5508(b), 21-5604(b) or 21-5812(b), and amendments thereto, and commitment proceedings have commenced, for such proceeding, "mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment" means a mentally ill person, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(e), and amendments thereto, who is likely to cause harm to self and others, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(f)(3), and amendments thereto. The other provisions of K.S.A. 59-2946(f), and amendments thereto, shall not apply.
  - (4) When reasonable grounds exist to believe that a defendant who has been adjudged incompetent to stand trial is competent, the court in which the criminal case is pending shall conduct a hearing in accordance with K.S.A. 22-3302, and amendments thereto, to determine the person's present mental condition. Such court shall give reasonable notice of such hearings to the county or district prosecuting attorney, the defendant and the defendant's attorney of record, if any. The county or district prosecuting attorney shall provide victim notification. If the court, following such hearing, finds the defendant to be competent, the proceedings pending against the defendant shall be resumed.
  - (5) A defendant committed to a public institution **or facility** under the provisions of this section who is thereafter sentenced for the crime charged at the time of commitment—may **shall** be credited with all—or any part of the time during which the defendant was committed and confined in such public institution **or facility**.
  - (d) (1) If the defendant is ordered or met criteria to receive an evaluation and treatment on an outpatient basis and the chief medical officer of the state security hospital or a state hospital or the head of any appropriate psychiatric or psychological clinic, mental health center or appropriate state, county or private institution or facility determines that

the defendant's mental health condition or behaviors warrant terminating outpatient treatment services and commencing evaluation and treatment on an inpatient basis, the chief medical officer or head of the institution or the head of the facility shall provide a report to the court within 10 days after outpatient treatment services are terminated. Such report shall certify the date that outpatient treatment was terminated and the reason inpatient evaluation and treatment services are recommended. A copy of such report shall be provided to the chief medical officer of the state security hospital. Upon receipt of such report, the court shall issue any orders or warrants required to facilitate the sheriff of the county where the charges are filed to take the defendant into custody and transport such defendant to the state security hospital or its agent or a state hospital or its agent for admission for inpatient services. The chief medical officer shall submit a report pursuant to subsection (e) as to whether the defendant has attained competency within 90 days of the defendant's admission to such hospital for inpatient evaluation and treatment.

- (2) The court, county or district prosecuting attorney where criminal charges are pending, the defense counsel for a defendant charged with a felony offense who is receiving outpatient evaluation and treatment services and the head of any institution chief medical officer of any institution or the head of any facility where the defendant is receiving outpatient services shall provide requested documentation to the state security hospital or its agent or the state hospital or its agent for the purpose of managing inpatient admission.
- (e) (1) If the defendant is charged with a felony offense, the court may order a defendant to receive inpatient evaluation and treatment at—the state security hospital or its agent, a state hospital or its agent or a an appropriate state, county or private institution or facility after considering the defendant's mental condition, behaviors and the availability of outpatient evaluation and treatment options. The chief medical officer of the institution or the head of the facility shall certify to the court, within 90 days after the commencement of inpatient treatment, whether the defendant has a substantial probability of attaining competency to stand trial in the foreseeable future.
- (2) If such probability does exist, the court shall order the defendant to remain in jail or at a secure location, on pretrial release pursuant to K.S.A. 22-2802, and amendments thereto, or at an appropriate setting until the defendant attains competency to stand trial or for a period of six months from the date of the commencement of inpatient treatment, whichever occurs first. If such probability does not exist, the court shall order the county or district prosecuting attorney where the charges are filed or the secretary for aging and disability services to commence involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59

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of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. The court-1 2 shall issue an order for care and treatment, within 21 days of receipt of the certification from the chief medical officer of the institution or the head of 3 the facility unless exceptional circumstances warrant delay. When a 4 defendant is charged with any off-grid felony, any nondrug severity level 1 5 6 through 3 felony or a violation of K.S.A. 21-3504, 21-3511, 21-3518, 21-7 3603 or 21-3719, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 21-5505(b), 8 21-5506(b), 21-5508(b), 21-5604(b) or 21-5812(b), and amendments thereto, and commitment proceedings have commenced, for such 9 proceeding, "mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for 10 care and treatment" means a mentally ill person, as defined in K.S.A. 59-11 12 2946(e), and amendments thereto, who is likely to cause harm to self and others, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(f)(3), and amendments thereto. The 13 other provisions of K.S.A. 59-2946(f), and amendments thereto, shall not 14 15 apply.

(3) If a defendant who was found to have had a substantial probability of attaining competency to stand trial, as provided in paragraph (2), has not attained competency to stand trial within six months from the date of the original commitment, the court shall order the county or district prosecuting attorney where the charges are filed or the secretary for aging and disability services to commence involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. The court shall issue an order for care and treatment, within 21 days of receipt of the certification from the chief medical officer of the institution or the head of the facility unless exceptional circumstances warrant delay. When a defendant is charged with any off-grid felony, any nondrug severity level 1 through 3 felony or a violation of K.S.A. 21-3504, 21-3511, 21-3518, 21-3603 or 21-3719, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 21-5505(b), 21-5506(b), 21-5508(b), 21-5604(b) or 21-5812(b), and amendments thereto, and commitment proceedings have commenced, for such proceeding, "mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment" means a mentally ill person, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(e), and amendments thereto, who is likely to cause harm to self and others, as defined in K.S.A. 59-2946(f)(3), and amendments thereto. The other provisions of K.S.A. 59-2946(f), and amendments thereto, shall not apply.

(4) When reasonable grounds exist to believe that a defendant who has been adjudged incompetent to stand trial is competent, the court in which the criminal case is pending shall conduct a hearing in accordance with K.S.A. 22-3302, and amendments thereto, to determine the person's present mental condition. Such court shall give reasonable notice of such hearings to the county or district prosecuting attorney, the defendant and

 the defendant's attorney of record, if any. The county or district prosecuting attorney shall provide victim notification. If the court, following such hearing, finds the defendant to be competent, the proceedings pending against the defendant shall be resumed.

- (5) A defendant committed to a public institution **or facility** under the provisions of this section who is thereafter sentenced for the crime charged at the time of commitment—may **shall** be credited with all—or any part of the time during which the defendant was committed and confined in such public institution **or facility**.
- (f) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 59-29a22, and amendments thereto, psychotropic medications may be prescribed for any defendant who is ordered or has met the criteria to receive evaluation and treatment on an inpatient or outpatient basis at the state security hospital or its agent, a state hospital or its agent or any appropriate psychiatric or psychological clinic, mental health center or an appropriate state, county or private institution or facility.
- (2) Psychotropic medications shall be prescribed, ordered and administered in conformity with accepted clinical practice. Psychotropic medication shall be administered only upon the written order of a physician or upon a verbal order noted in the defendant's medical records and subsequently signed by the physician. The attending physician shall regularly review the drug regimen of each defendant under such physician's care and shall monitor any symptoms of harmful side effects.
- (3) Whenever any defendant is receiving psychotropic medications that alter the defendant's mental state in such a way as to adversely affect the defendant's judgment or hamper the defendant in preparing for or participating in any hearing provided for by this section, for two days prior to and during any such hearing, the treatment **institution or** facility shall not administer such medication or treatment unless such medication or treatment is necessary to sustain the defendant's life or to protect the defendant or others. Prior to the hearing, a report of all psychotropic medications or other treatment that has been administered to the defendant and a copy of any written consent signed by the defendant shall be submitted to the court. Counsel for the defendant may preliminarily examine the attending physician regarding the administration of any medication to the defendant within two days of the hearing and the affect effect that medication may have had on the defendant's judgment or ability to prepare for or participate in the hearing. If the court determines that medication or other treatment has been administered that adversely affects the defendant's judgment or ability to prepare for or participate in the hearing, the court may grant the defendant a reasonable continuance to allow for the defendant to be better able to prepare for or participate in the hearing. The court shall order that such medication or other treatment

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42 43 be discontinued until the conclusion of the hearing unless the court finds that such medication or other treatment is necessary to sustain the defendant's life or to protect the defendant or others. If the court makes such a finding, the court shall order the hearing to proceed.

- (4) When a defendant who is receiving treatment pursuant to thissection objects to taking any medication prescribed for psychiatrictreatment, and if the defendant continues to object after full explanation of the benefits and risks of such medication, the medication may beadministered over the defendant's objection. If a defendant who is charged with a felony is receiving treatment pursuant to this section and is not deemed a present danger to self or others objects to taking any medication prescribed for the purpose of restoring the defendant to competency, the defendant's objection shall be recorded in the defendant's medical record and written notice of such objection shall be forwarded to the medical director of the treatment institution or facility or the director's designee and to the court where the criminal charges are pending. Within five days after receiving such notice, excluding-Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, the medical director or suchdirector's designee shall issue a written decision concerning the administration of such medication, and a copy of such decision shall beplaced in the defendant's medical record The medication may be administered over the defendant's objection only if the court finds that:
- (A) The medication is substantially unlikely to have side effects that may undermine the fairness of the trial;
  - (B) the medication is medically appropriate;
  - (C) less intrusive alternatives have been considered;
- (D) the medication is necessary to advance significantly important governmental trial interests; and
- (E) the administrative head or law enforcement official in charge of the jail has agreed to having the medication administered over the defendant's objection in the jail.
- (5) No experimental medication shall be administered without the consent of the defendant or such defendant's legal guardian.
- Sec. 3. 4. K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 22-3305 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3305. (1)(a) Whenever involuntary commitment proceedings have been commenced by the secretary for aging and disability services or the-county or district prosecuting attorney as required by K.S.A. 22-3303, and amendments thereto, and the defendant is not committed to a treatment institution or facility as a patient, the defendant shall remain in the institution or facility where committed pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3303, and amendments thereto. The secretary for aging and disability services or the-county or district prosecuting attorney shall promptly notify the court

and the county or district **prosecuting** attorney of the county in which the criminal proceedings are pending for the purpose of providing victim notification, of the result of the involuntary commitment proceeding.

- (2)(b) Whenever involuntary commitment proceedings have been commenced by the secretary for aging and disability services or the county or district prosecuting attorney as required by K.S.A. 22-3303, and amendments thereto, and the defendant is committed to a treatment institution or facility as a patient but thereafter is to be discharged pursuant to the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons, the defendant shall remain in the institution or facility where committed pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3303, and amendments thereto, and the head of the treatment institution or facility shall promptly notify the court and the county or district prosecuting attorney of the county in which the criminal proceedings are pending for the purpose of providing victim notification, that the defendant is to be discharged.
- (c) When giving notification to the court and the county or district **prosecuting** attorney pursuant to subsection—(1) (a) or—(2) (b), the treatment institution or facility shall include in such notification an opinion from the head of the treatment **institution or** facility as to whether or not the defendant is now competent to stand trial. Upon request of the eounty or district prosecuting attorney, the court may set a hearing on the issue of whether or not the defendant has been restored to competency. If such hearing request is granted, the county or district prosecuting attorney shall provide victim notification regarding the hearing date. Such hearing request shall be filed within 14 days of completion of the notification from the head of the treatment **institution or** facility pursuant to subsection (a) or (b). The hearing shall take place within 21 days after receipt of the hearing request unless the court finds that exceptional circumstances warrant delay of the hearing. If no such hearing request is made within 14 days after receipt of notice pursuant to subsection  $\frac{1}{a}$  (a) or  $\frac{2}{b}$ , the court shall order the defendant to be discharged from commitment and shall dismiss without prejudice the charges against the defendant, and the period of limitation for the prosecution for the crime charged shall not continue to run until the defendant has been determined to have attained competency in accordance with K.S.A. 22-3302, and amendments thereto. The county or district prosecuting attorney shall provide victim notification regarding the discharge order.
- Sec.-4. 5. K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 22-3428 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3428. (1)-(a) (1) When a defendant is acquitted and the jury answers in the affirmative to the special question asked pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3221, and amendments thereto, the defendant shall be committed to the state security hospital *or an appropriate secure facility* for safekeeping and treatment and the county or district prosecuting attorney shall provide

victim notification. A finding of not guilty and the jury answering in the affirmative to the special question asked pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3221, and amendments thereto, shall be prima facie evidence that the acquitted defendant is presently likely to cause harm to self or others.

- (b)(2) Within 90 days of the defendant's admission, the chief medical officer of the state security hospital or licensed psychologist at the appropriate secure facility shall send to the court a written evaluation report. Upon receipt of the report, the court shall set a hearing to determine whether or not the defendant is currently a mentally ill person. The hearing shall be held within 30 days after the receipt by the court of the chief medical officer's report unless the court finds that exceptional circumstances warrant delay of the hearing.
- (e)(3) The court shall give notice of the hearing to the chief medical officer of the state security hospital or licensed psychologist at the appropriate secure facility, the district or county prosecuting attorney, the defendant and the defendant's attorney. The county or district prosecuting attorney shall provide victim notification. The court shall inform the defendant that such defendant is entitled to counsel and that counsel will be appointed to represent the defendant if the defendant is not financially able to employ an attorney as provided in K.S.A. 22-4503 et seq., and amendments thereto. The defendant shall remain at the state security hospital pending the hearing.
- $\frac{(d)}{4}$  At the hearing, the defendant shall have the right to present evidence and cross-examine witnesses. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant is not currently a mentally ill person, the court shall dismiss the criminal proceeding and discharge the defendant, otherwise the court may commit the defendant to the state security hospital *or an appropriate secure facility* for treatment or may place the defendant on conditional release pursuant to subsection  $\frac{d}{d}$ . The county or district prosecuting attorney shall provide victim notification regarding the outcome of the hearing.
  - $\frac{(2)}{(b)}$  Subject to the provisions of subsection  $\frac{(3)}{(c)}$ :
- (a)(1) Whenever it appears to the chief medical officer of the state security hospital or a licensed psychologist at the appropriate secure facility that a person committed under subsection-(1)(d) (a)(4) is not likely to cause harm to other persons in a less restrictive hospital environment, the officer may transfer the person to any state hospital, subject to the provisions of subsection-(3) (c). At any time subsequent thereto during which such person is still committed to a state hospital, if the chief medical officer of that hospital or the licensed psychologist at the appropriate secure facility finds that the person may be likely to cause harm or has caused harm, to others, such officer may transfer the person back to the state security hospital.

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(b)(2) Any person committed under subsection—(1)(d) (a)(4) may be granted conditional release or discharge as an involuntary patient.

 $\frac{(3)}{(c)}$  Before transfer of a person from the state security hospital or appropriate secure facility pursuant to subsection  $\frac{(2)(a)}{(b)(1)}$  or conditional release or discharge of a person pursuant to subsection (2)(b) (b)(2), the chief medical officer of the state security hospital or the state hospital where the patient is under commitment or the licensed psychologist at the appropriate secure facility shall give notice to the district court of the county from which the person was committed that transfer of the patient is proposed or that the patient is ready for proposed conditional release or discharge. Such notice shall include, but not be limited to: (a) (1) Identification of the patient; (b) (2) the course of treatment; (e) (3) a current assessment of the defendant's mental illness; (d) (4) recommendations for future treatment, if any; and (e) (5) recommendations regarding conditional release or discharge, if any. Upon receiving notice, the district court shall order that a hearing be held on the proposed transfer, conditional release or discharge. The court shall give notice of the hearing to the appropriate secure facility, state hospital or state security hospital where the patient is under commitment, to the district or county prosecuting attorney of the county from which the person was originally ordered committed. The county or district **prosecuting** attorney shall provide victim notification regarding the hearing. The court shall order the involuntary patient to undergo a mental evaluation by a person designated by the court. A copy of all orders of the court shall be sent to the involuntary patient and the patient's attorney. The report of the court ordered mental evaluation shall be given to the district or county prosecuting attorney, the involuntary patient and the patient's attorney at least seven days prior to the hearing. The hearing shall be held within 30 days after the receipt by the court of the chief medical officer's notice unless the court finds that exceptional circumstances warrant delay of the hearing. The involuntary patient shall remain in the appropriate secure facility, state hospital or state security hospital where the patient is under commitment until the hearing on the proposed transfer, conditional release or discharge is to be held. At the hearing, the court shall receive all relevant evidence, including the written findings and recommendations of the chief medical officer of the state security hospital or the state hospital or the licensed psychologist of the appropriate secure facility where the patient is under commitment, and shall determine whether the patient shall be transferred to a less restrictive hospital environment or whether the patient shall be conditionally released or discharged. The patient shall have the right to present evidence at such hearing and to cross-examine any witnesses called by the district or county prosecuting attorney. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court finds by clear and convincing

evidence that the patient will not be likely to cause harm to self or others if transferred to a less restrictive hospital environment, the court shall order the patient transferred. If the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the patient is not currently a mentally ill person, the court shall order the patient discharged or conditionally released; otherwise, the court shall order the patient to remain in the state security hospital or state hospital where the patient is under commitment. If the court orders the conditional release of the patient in accordance with subsection—(4) (d), the court may order as an additional condition to the release that the patient continue to take prescribed medication and report as directed to a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery to determine whether or not the patient is taking the medication or that the patient continue to receive periodic psychiatric or psychological treatment. The county or district prosecuting attorney shall notify any victims of the outcome of the hearing.

 $\frac{(4)}{(d)}$  In order to ensure the safety and welfare of a patient who is to be conditionally released and the citizenry of the state, the court may allow the patient to remain in custody at a facility under the supervision of the secretary for aging and disability services or the head of the appropriate secure facility for a period of time not to exceed 45 days in order to permit sufficient time for the secretary to prepare recommendations to the court for a suitable reentry program for the patient and allow adequate time for the county or district prosecuting attorney to provide victim notification. The reentry program shall be specifically designed to facilitate the return of the patient to the community as a functioning, self-supporting citizen, and may include appropriate supportive provisions for assistance in establishing residency, securing gainful employment, undergoing needed vocational rehabilitation, receiving marital and family counseling, and such other outpatient services that appear beneficial. If a patient who is to be conditionally released will be residing in a county other than the county where the district court that ordered the conditional release is located, the court shall transfer venue of the case to the district court of the other county and send a copy of all of the court's records of the proceedings to the other court. In all cases of conditional release the court shall:

- $\frac{\text{(a)}(1)}{\text{(a)}}$  Order that the patient be placed under the temporary supervision of district court probation and parole services, community treatment facility or any appropriate private agency; and
- (b)(2) require as a condition precedent to the release that the patient agree in writing to waive extradition in the event a warrant is issued pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3428b, and amendments thereto.
- (5)(e) At any time during the conditional release period, a conditionally released patient, through the patient's attorney, or the county or district prosecuting attorney of the county in which the district court having venue is located may file a motion for modification of the

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conditions of release, and the court shall hold an evidentiary hearing on the 1 2 motion within 14 days of its filing. The court shall give notice of the time 3 for the hearing to the patient and the county or district prosecuting attorney. If the court finds from the evidence at the hearing that the 4 5 conditional provisions of release should be modified or vacated, it shall so 6 order. If at any time during the transitional period the designated medical 7 officer or supervisory personnel or the treatment facility informs the court 8 that the patient is not satisfactorily complying with the provisions of the 9 conditional release, the court, after a hearing for which notice has been 10 given to the county or district prosecuting attorney and the patient, may make orders: (a) (1) For additional conditions of release designed to effect 11 12 the ends of the reentry program; (b) (2) requiring the county or district prosecuting attorney to file a petition to determine whether the patient is a 13 mentally ill person as provided in K.S.A. 59-2957, and amendments 14 15 thereto; or—(e) (3) requiring that the patient be committed to the 16 appropriate secure facility, state security hospital or any state hospital. In 17 cases where a petition is ordered to be filed, the court shall proceed to hear 18 and determine the petition pursuant to the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons and that act shall apply to all subsequent proceedings. 19 20 If a patient is committed to any state hospital pursuant to this act the 21 eounty or district prosecuting attorney shall provide victim notification. 22 The costs of all proceedings, the mental evaluation and the reentry 23 program authorized by this section shall be paid by the county from which 24 the person was committed. 25

(6)(f) In any case in which the defense that the defendant lacked the required mental state pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3220, and amendments thereto, is relied on, the court shall instruct the jury on the substance of this section.

(7)(g) As used in this section and K.S.A. 22-3428a, and amendments thereto:

- (a)(1) "Likely to cause harm to self or others" means that the person is likely, in the reasonably foreseeable future, to cause substantial physical injury or physical abuse to self or others or substantial damage to another's property, or evidenced by behavior causing, attempting or threatening such injury, abuse or neglect.
  - (b)(2) "Mentally ill person" means any person who:
- (A) Is suffering from a severe mental disorder to the extent that such person is in need of treatment; and
  - (B) is likely to cause harm to self or others.
- (e)(3) "Treatment facility" means any mental health center or clinic, psychiatric unit of a medical care facility, psychologist, physician or other institution or individual authorized or licensed by law to provide either inpatient or outpatient treatment to any patient.

Sec. <del>5.</del> **6.** K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 22-3429 is hereby amended to read as 1 2 follows: 22-3429. After conviction and prior to sentence and as part of the presentence investigation authorized by K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 21-6703, and 3 amendments thereto, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, a 4 5 presentence investigation report as provided in K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 21-6 6813, and amendments thereto, the trial judge may order the defendant 7 committed to the state security hospital for mental examination, evaluation 8 and report. If the defendant is convicted of a felony, the commitment shall 9 be to the state security hospital or any suitable local mental health facility. If the defendant is convicted of a misdemeanor, the commitment shall be 10 to a state hospital or any suitable local mental health facility. If adequate 11 12 private facilities are available and if the defendant is willing to assume the expense thereof, commitment may be to a private hospital. A report of the 13 14 examination and evaluation shall be furnished by the chief medical officer 15 to the judge and shall be made available to the prosecuting county or 16 district prosecuting attorney and counsel for the defendant. A defendant 17 may not be detained for more than 120 days under a commitment made 18 under this section.

- 19 Sec.-6. 7. K.S.A. 22-3301 and K.S.A. 2021 Supp. 22-3302, 22-3303, 22-3305, 22-3428 and 22-3429 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 7. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.