# The Shared Work Program from the Kansas Department of Labor 

## The Shared Work Program provides employers with an alternative to layoffs. It's designed to help both employers and employees.

## Shared Work can help employers:

- avoid layoffs.
- keep valued employees.
- recover fast when business improves.
- adjust as business changes.


## Shared Work can help employees:

- keep their current job.
- avoid a financial crisis.
- keep benefits such as health insurance.

Under the program, employers reduce the total number of hours that employees work. Employees can then claim partial unemployment benefits for the number of hours their workweek was reduced.

## SHARED WORK IN PRACTICE

A firm facing a $20 \%$ reduction in production may consider laying off one-fifth of its workforce. Instead, when faced with this situation, the company can retain its total workforce on a four-day-a-week basis. This reduction from 40 hours to 32 hours cuts production-and payroll-by the required $20 \%$ without reducing the number of employees.

All affected employees receive their wages based on four days of work. In addition, those employees can receive a portion of unemployment compensation benefits equal to $20 \%$ of the unemployment compensation weekly benefit amount payable had the employee been unemployed a full week.



Based on a 40-hour week, the employer reduces the work schedule by $20 \%$. The employer submits a plan for this reduction to Kansas Department of Labor (KDOL) and is approved under the Shared Work Program.

In this example, the employee qualifies for regular unemployment compensation with a weekly benefit amount (WBA) of $\$ 488$ (actual WBA will vary based on the employee).
$20 \%$ of 40 -hour work week $=8$ hours
Employee works and earns wages for 32 hours
$20 \% \times \$ 488 \mathrm{WBA}=\$ 97$

This employee would receive $\$ 97$ in unemployment benefits in addition to the 32 hours of wages earned during the week.

