Session of 2020

## SENATE BILL No. 294

By Senators Tyson, Alley, Braun, Estes, Goddard, Hilderbrand, Kerschen, Longbine, Lynn, Masterson, Olson, Petersen, Thompson, Wagle and Wilborn

## 1-22

AN ACT concerning property taxation; relating to tax rates; truth in
 taxation; establishing notice and public hearing requirements prior to
 approval to exceed-certified tax revenue neutral rate; discontinuing
 the city and county tax lid; amending K.S.A. 79-2925c and repealing
 the existing section.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

*New* Section 1. (a) On or before July 1 each year, the governing body 8 of each taxing subdivision or taxing district shall calculate its certified tax 9 rate. The certified tax rate is the tax rate for the current year that would 10 generate the same property tax revenue as levied the previous year using 11 12 the current year's total assessed valuation. The purpose of the certified tax 13 rate is to promote truth in taxation. To calculate the certified tax rate, each 14 governing body shall divide the property tax revenue for such taxing-15 subdivision or taxing district levied for the previous year by the total of all taxable assessed valuations in such taxing subdivision or taxing district 16 provided by the county elerk pursuant to K.S.A. 79-5a27, and amendments 17 thereto, for the eurrent year, and then multiply the quotient by 1,000 to-18 19 express the rate in mills. The certified tax rate shall be expressed to the 20 third decimal place.

(b) On or before July 1 each year, the governing body of each taxing 21 22 subdivision or taxing district shall submit its calculated certified tax rate 23 and supporting documentation to the director of accounts and reports on forms approved by the director of accounts and reports. The director of 24 25 accounts and reports shall review the calculated certified tax rate and-26 supporting documentation for compliance and accuracy and notify the-27 governing body of the results of such review before August 1 of each year. 28 The director of accounts and reports shall make copies of submissions and 29 notifications pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) available to the public on 30 the website of the Kansas department of administration no later than-31 September 1 each year. 32 (c) On or before August 1 each year, the governing body of each-

(c) On or before August 1 each year, the governing body of each
 taxing subdivision or taxing district shall submit its certified tax rate to the
 director of accounts and reports and report its certified tax rate and the
 calculations used to compute the certified tax rate on its proposed budget

1 forms prepared pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2927, and amendments thereto. On

2 or before June 15 each year, the county clerk shall calculate the revenue neutral rate for each taxing subdivision and include such revenue neutral rate on the notice of the estimated assessed valuation provided to each taxing subdivision for budget purposes. The director of accounts and reports shall modify the prescribed budget information form to show the revenue neutral rate.

8 (d)(b) No tax rate in excess of the certified tax *revenue neutral* rate 9 shall be levied by the governing body of any taxing subdivision-or taxing 10 district unless a resolution or ordinance has been approved by the 11 governing body according to the following procedure:

12 (1) The governing body shall publish notice of its proposed intent to exceed the certified tax revenue neutral rate in the official county 13 newspaper of the county where the taxing subdivision-or taxing district is 14 15 located and on the website of the governing body, if the governing body 16 maintains a website, at least 10 days in advance of the public hearing. The 17 notice shall include, but not be limited to, its proposed tax rate, its 18 revenue neutral rate and the date, time and location of the public 19 hearing.

20 (2) On or before August 1 July 15, the governing body shall notify 21 the county clerk of its proposed intent to exceed the certified tax revenue 22 neutral rate and provide the date, time and location of the public hearing 23 and its proposed tax rate. The county clerk shall notify each taxpayer with property in the taxing subdivision-or taxing district, by mail directed to the 24 taxpayer's last known address, of the proposed intent to exceed the 25 certified tax rate at least 10 days in advance of the public hearing. 26 27 Alternatively, the county clerk may transmit the notice to the taxpayer by electronic means at least 10 days in advance of the public hearing, if such 28 29 taxpayer and county clerk have consented in writing to service by electronic means. Costs associated with the notice shall be borne by the 30 31 taxing subdivision-or taxing district. The county clerk may consolidate 32 the required information for all taxing subdivisions relevant to the 33 taxpayer's property on one notice. The notice shall include, but not be 34 limited to:

35 (A) The certified tax rate and calculations used to compute the 36 certified tax *revenue neutral* rate;

(B) the proposed property tax revenue needed to fund the proposedbudget;

39 (C) the proposed tax rate based upon the proposed budget and the40 current year's total assessed valuation;

41 (D) the tax rate and property tax of the taxing subdivision-or taxing 42 district on the taxpayer's property from the previous year's tax statement;

43 (E) the proposed percent change in the tax rate between the previous

1 year's tax rate and the proposed tax rate for the current year;

2 (F) the appraised value and assessed value of the taxpayer's property
 3 for the current year;

4 (G) the estimates of the tax for the current tax year on the taxpayer's 5 property based on the <u>certified tax</u> *revenue neutral* rate and the proposed 6 tax rate; and

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(H) the date, time and location of the public hearing.

8 (3) The public hearing to consider exceeding the certified tax-9 revenue neutral rate shall be held on or before September 15. The 10 governing body shall provide interested taxpayers desiring to be heard an opportunity to present oral testimony within reasonable time limits and 11 without unreasonable restriction on the number of individuals allowed to 12 13 make public comment. The public hearing shall not be scheduled at the same time as a public hearing of another taxing subdivision or taxing-14 15 district in the county scheduled for purposes of this section. The public 16 hearing may be conducted in conjunction with the proposed budget hearing pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2929, and amendments thereto, if the 17 18 governing body otherwise complies with all requirements of this section.

(4) A majority vote of the governing body, by the adoption of a
resolution or ordinance to approve exceeding the certified tax revenue *neutral* rate, shall be required prior to adoption of a proposed budget that
will result in a tax rate in excess of the certified tax revenue neutral rate.
Such vote of the governing body shall be conducted at the public hearing
after the governing body has heard from interested taxpayers.

25 (e)(c) Any governing body subject to the provisions of this section 26 that does not comply with subsection-(d) (b) shall refund to taxpayers any 27 property taxes over-collected based on the amount of the levy that was in 28 excess of the-eertified tax *revenue neutral* rate. The provisions of this 29 subsection shall not be construed as prohibiting any other remedies 30 available under the law.

31 (f)(d) The provisions of subsection (d) shall not apply if the increased 32 property tax revenue for the current year is the result of property tax levied 33 pursuant to K.S.A. 72-5142, and amendments thereto this section shall 34 not apply to school districts organized and operating under the laws of 35 this state.

36 (g)(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 79-1801, and
 37 amendments thereto, if the governing body of a taxing subdivision-or
 38 taxing district must conduct a public hearing to approve exceeding the
 39 certified tax revenue neutral rate under this section, the governing body of
 40 the taxing subdivision-or taxing district shall certify, on or before-Oetober
 41 *September 20*, to the proper county clerk the amount of ad valorem tax
 42 to be levied.

43 (h)(f) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any taxing

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subdivision or taxing district that receives \$5,000 \$20,000 or less in
 revenue from property taxes in the current year.

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(g) As used in this section:

4 (1) "Taxing subdivision" means any political subdivision of the 5 state that levies an ad valorem tax on property.

"Revenue neutral rate" means the tax rate for the current tax 6 (2) 7 year that would generate the same property tax revenue as levied the previous tax year using the current tax year's total assessed valuation. 8 9 To calculate the revenue neutral rate, the county clerk shall divide the 10 property tax revenue for such taxing subdivision levied for the previous tax year by the total of all taxable assessed valuation in such taxing 11 subdivision for the current tax year, and then multiply the quotient by 12 1,000 to express the rate in mills. The revenue neutral rate shall be 13 expressed to the third decimal place. 14

15 (h) The provisions of this section shall take effect and be in force 16 from and after January 1, 2021.

17 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 79-2925c is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-18 2925c. (a) (1) On and after January 1, 2017, and prior to January 1, 19 2021, the governing body of any city or county shall not approve any appropriation or budget which provides for funding by property tax 20 21 revenues in an amount exceeding that of the next preceding year as 22 adjusted to reflect the average changes in the consumer price index for 23 all urban consumers as published by the United States department of labor for the preceding five calendar years, which shall not be less than 24 25 zero, unless the city or county approves the appropriation or budget with the adoption of a resolution and such resolution has been submitted to 26 and approved by a majority of the qualified electors of the city or county 27 28 voting at an election called and held thereon, except as otherwise 29 provided.

30 (2) The election shall be called and held in the manner provided by 31 K.S.A. 10-120, and amendments thereto, and may be:

32 (A) Held at the next regularly scheduled election to be held in 33 August or November;

(B) may be a mail ballot election, conducted in accordance with
K.S.A. 25-431 et seq., and amendments thereto; or

36 (C) may be a special election called by the city or county. Nothing 37 in this subsection shall prevent any city or county from holding more 38 than one election in any year. The city or county requesting the election 39 shall be responsible for paying all costs associated with conducting the 40 election.

41 (b) A resolution by the governing body of a city or county otherwise 42 required by the provisions of this section shall not be required to be 43 approved by an election required by subsection (a) under the following SB 294-Am. by SC

1 circumstances:

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2 (1) Increased property tax revenues that, in the current year, are 3 produced and attributable to the taxation of:

(A) The construction of any new structures or improvements or the 4 5 remodeling or renovation of any existing structures or improvements on 6 real property, which shall not include any ordinary maintenance or repair of any existing structures or improvements on the property; 7 8

(B) increased personal property valuation;

real property located within added jurisdictional territory; (C)

(D) real property which has changed in use;

(E) expiration of any abatement of property from property tax; or

(F) expiration of a tax increment financing district, rural housing 12 incentive district, neighborhood revitalization area or any other similar 13 property tax rebate or redirection program. 14

(2) Increased property tax revenues that will be spent on:

16 (A) Bond, temporary notes, no fund warrants, state infrastructure loans and interest payments not exceeding the amount of ad valorem 17 property taxes levied in support of such payments, and payments made to 18 19 a public building commission and lease payments but only to the extent such payments were obligations that existed prior to July 1, 2016; 20

21 (B) payment of special assessments not exceeding the amount of ad 22 valorem property taxes levied in support of such payments;

23 (C) court judgments or settlements of legal actions against the city 24 or county and legal costs directly related to such judgments or 25 settlements;

expenditures of city or county funds that are specifically 26 (D) mandated by federal or state law with such mandates becoming effective 27 28 on or after July 1, 2015, and loss of funds from federal sources after 29 January 1, 2017, where the city or county is contractually obligated to 30 provide a service;

(E) expenses relating to a federal, state or local disaster or federal, 31 state or local emergency, including, but not limited to, a financial 32 emergency, declared by a federal or state official. The board of county 33 commissioners may request the governor to declare such disaster or 34 35 emergency; or

36 (F) increased costs above the consumer price index for law 37 enforcement, fire protection or emergency medical services.

38 (3) Any increased property tax revenues generated for law 39 enforcement, fire protection or emergency medical services shall be expended exclusively for these purposes but shall not be used for the 40 construction or remodeling of buildings. 41

42 (4) The property tax revenues levied by the city or county have 43 declined:

(A) In one or more of the next preceding three calendar years and 1 the increase in the amount of funding for the budget or appropriation 2 from revenue produced from property taxes does not exceed the average 3 amount of funding from such revenue of the next preceding three 4 calendar years, adjusted to reflect changes in the consumer price index 5 6 for all urban consumers as published by the United States department of 7 labor for the preceding calendar year; or

(B) the increase in the amount of ad valorem tax to be levied is less 8 than the change in the consumer price index plus the loss of assessed 9 property valuation that has occurred as the result of legislative action, 10 judicial action or a ruling by the board of tax appeals. 11

12 Whenever a city or county is required by law to levy taxes for (5) the financing of the budget of any political or governmental subdivision 13 of this state that is not authorized by law to levy taxes on its own behalf, 14 and the governing body of such city or county is not authorized or 15 16 empowered to modify or reduce the amount of taxes levied therefore, the tax levies of the political or governmental subdivision shall not be 17 included in or considered in computing the aggregate limitation upon 18 19 the property tax levies of the city or county.

(6) Any tax levy increase as a result of another taxing entity being 20 21 dissolved and all powers, responsibilities, duties and liabilities of the 22 taxing entity have been transferred to a city located in the county in which the taxing entity is located, or to the county in which the taxing 23 entity is located, to carry on the function and responsibilities of the 24 25 dissolved taxing entity, so long as the levy increase does not exceed the levy of the dissolved taxing entity. 26 27

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 79-2925c is hereby repealed.

28 This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its Sec.-2-4. 29 publication in the statute book.