Session of 2019

HOUSE BILL No. 2193

By Committee on Judiciary

2-7

AN ACT concerning the Kansas standard asset seizure and forfeiture act;
 relating to the acquittal of the crime giving rise to forfeiture; return of
 property; amending K.S.A. 65-7014 and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 60-4112
 and 60-4117 and repealing the existing sections.

5 6

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 60-4112 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 60-4112. (a) A judicial forfeiture proceeding under this act is
subject to the provisions of this section.

10 (b) The court, on application of the plaintiff's attorney, may enter any 11 restraining order or injunction, require the execution of satisfactory 12 performance bonds, create receiverships, appoint conservators, custodians, 13 appraisers, accountants or trustees, or take any other action to seize, secure, maintain or preserve the availability of property subject to 14 forfeiture under this act, including a writ of attachment or a warrant for 15 16 such property's seizure, whether before or after the filing of a notice of 17 pending forfeiture or complaint.

18 (c) If property is seized for forfeiture or a forfeiture lien is filed 19 without a previous judicial determination of probable cause or order of 20 forfeiture or a hearing under K.S.A. 60-4114(c), and amendments thereto, 21 the court, on an application filed by an owner of or interest holder in the 22 property within 14 days after notice of the property's seizure for forfeiture 23 or lien, or actual knowledge of it, whichever is earlier, and after complying 24 with the requirements for claims in K.S.A. 60-4109, and amendments thereto, after seven days' notice to the plaintiff's attorney, may issue an 25 26 order to show cause to the seizing agency, for a hearing on the sole issue 27 of whether probable cause for forfeiture of the property then exists. The 28 hearing shall be held within 30 days of the order to show cause unless 29 continued for good cause on motion of either party. If the court finds that 30 there is no probable cause for forfeiture of the property, or if the seizing 31 agency elects not to contest the issue, the property shall be released to the 32 custody of the applicant, as custodian for the court, or from the lien 33 pending the outcome of a judicial proceeding pursuant to this act. If the 34 court finds that probable cause for the forfeiture of the property exists, the 35 court shall not order the property released.

36

(d) All applications filed within the 14-day period prescribed by

1 subsection (c) shall be consolidated for a single hearing relating to each 2 applicant's interest in the property seized for forfeiture.

3 (e) A person charged with a criminal offense may apply at any time 4 before final judgment to the court where the forfeiture proceeding is 5 pending for the release of property seized for forfeiture, that is necessary 6 for the defense of the person's criminal charge. The application shall 7 satisfy the requirements under K.S.A. 60-4111(b), and amendments 8 thereto. The court shall hold a probable cause hearing if the applicant 9 establishes that:

10 (1) The person has not had an opportunity to participate in a previous adversarial judicial determination of probable cause; 11

12 (2) the person has no access to other moneys adequate for the 13 payment of criminal counsel; and

14 (3) the interest in property to be released is not subject to any claim 15 other than the forfeiture.

16 (f) If the court finds that there is no probable cause for forfeiture of the property, the court shall order the property released pursuant to 17 18 subsection (c). If the seizing agency does not contest the hearing, the court 19 may release a reasonable amount of property for the payment of the 20 applicant's criminal defense costs. Property that has been released by the 21 court and that has been paid for criminal defense services actually 22 rendered is exempt under this act.

(g) A defendant convicted in any criminal proceeding is precluded 23 24 from later denying the elements of the criminal offense of which the 25 defendant was convicted in any proceeding pursuant to this section. For the purposes of this section, a conviction results from a verdict or plea of 26 guilty, including a plea of no contest or nolo contendere. 27

28 (h) In any proceeding under this act, if a claim is based on any 29 exemption provided for in this act, the burden of proving the existence of the exemption is on the claimant, and is not necessary for the seizing 30 31 agency or plaintiff's attorney to negate the exemption in any application or 32 complaint.

33 (i) In hearings and determinations pursuant to this section, the court 34 may receive and consider, in making any determination of probable cause 35 or reasonable cause, all evidence admissible in determining probable cause 36 at a preliminary hearing or in the issuance of a search warrant, together 37 with inferences therefrom.

38 The totality of the circumstances shall determine if the property of (i) 39 a person is subject to forfeiture under this act. Factors that may be 40 considered include, but are not limited to, the following: 41

(1) The person has engaged in conduct giving rise to forfeiture;

(2) the property was acquired by the person during that period of the 42 43 conduct giving rise to forfeiture or within a reasonable time after the

1 period;

2 (3) there was no likely source for the property other than the conduct3 giving rise to forfeiture; and

4 (4) the proximity to contraband or an instrumentality giving rise to 5 forfeiture.

6 (k) A finding that property is the proceeds of conduct giving rise to 7 forfeiture does not require proof the property is the proceeds of any 8 particular exchange or transaction.

9 (1) A person who acquires any property subject to forfeiture is a constructive trustee of the property, and such property's fruits, for the 10 benefit of the seizing agency, to the extent that such agency's interest is not 11 exempt from forfeiture. If property subject to forfeiture has been 12 commingled with other property, the court shall order the forfeiture of the 13 14 mingled property and of any fruits of the mingled property, to the extent of 15 the property subject to forfeiture, unless an owner or interest holder proves 16 that specified property does not contain property subject to forfeiture, or 17 that such owner's or interest holder's interest in specified property is 18 exempt from forfeiture.

19 (m) All property declared forfeited under this act vests in the law 20 enforcement agency seeking forfeiture on the date of commission of the 21 conduct giving rise to forfeiture together with the proceeds of the property 22 after that time. Any such property or proceeds subsequently transferred to 23 any person remain subject to forfeiture and thereafter shall be ordered forfeited unless the transferee acquired the property in good faith, for 24 25 value, and was not knowingly taking part in an illegal transaction, and the 26 transferee's interest is exempt under K.S.A. 60-4106, and amendments 27 thereto

(n) An acquittal or dismissal in a criminal proceeding shall-not preclude civil proceedings under this act, nor give rise to any presumption
 adverse or contrary to any fact alleged by the seizing agency.

(o) On motion, the court shall stay discovery against the criminal
defendant and against the seizing agency in civil proceedings during a
related criminal proceeding alleging the same conduct, after making
provision to prevent loss to any party resulting from the delay. Such a stay
shall not be available pending any appeal by a defendant.

(p) Except as otherwise provided by this act, all proceedings
hereunder shall be governed by the rules of civil procedure pursuant to
K.S.A. 60-101 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(q) An action pursuant to this act shall be consolidated with any other
action or proceeding pursuant to this act or to such other foreclosure or
trustee sale proceedings relating to the same property on motion of the
plaintiff's attorney, and may be consolidated on motion of an owner or
interest holder.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 60-4117 is hereby amended to read as 1 2 follows: 60-4117. Except as provided in K.S.A. 65-7014, and amendments thereto: (a) When a person from whose possession or control property was 3 seized under this act is charged with a criminal offense related to the 4 conduct or offense giving rise to forfeiture under this act, and the person 5 6 is either acquitted of the criminal charge or the criminal charge is 7 dismissed, the property seized shall be returned to the person in the same 8 condition as the property was in when it was seized.

9 (b) When property is forfeited under this act, the law enforcement 10 agency may:

(1) Retain such property for official use or transfer the custody or
 ownership to any local, state or federal agency, subject to any lien
 preserved by the court;

(2) destroy or use for investigative or training purposes, any illegal or
 controlled substances and equipment or other contraband, provided that
 materials necessary as evidence shall be preserved;

(3) sell property which is not required by law to be destroyed andwhich is not harmful to the public:

19 (A) All property, except real property, designated by the seizing 20 agency to be sold shall be sold at public sale to the highest bidder for cash 21 without appraisal. The seizing agency shall first cause notice of the sale to 22 be made by publication at least once in an official county newspaper as 23 defined by K.S.A. 64-101, and amendments thereto. Such notice shall include the time, place, and conditions of the sale and description of the 24 25 property to be sold. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a state agency from using the state surplus property system and such system's procedures 26 27 shall be sufficient to meet the requirements of this subsection.

(B) Real property may be sold pursuant to subsection (a)(3)(A), or
 the seizing agency may contract with a real estate company, licensed in
 this state, to list, advertise and sell such real property in a commercially
 reasonable manner.

(C) No employee or public official of any agency involved in the
 investigation, seizure or forfeiture of seized property may purchase or
 attempt to purchase such property; or

35

(4) salvage the property, subject to any lien preserved by the court.

36 (b)(c) When firearms are forfeited under this act, the firearms in the 37 discretion of the seizing agency, shall be destroyed, used within the seizing 38 agency for official purposes, traded to another law enforcement agency for 39 use within such agency or given to the Kansas bureau of investigation for 40 law enforcement, testing, comparison or destruction by the Kansas bureau 41 of investigation forensic laboratory.

42 (e)(d) The proceeds of any sale shall be distributed in the following 43 order of priority: (1) For satisfaction of any court preserved security interest or lien, or

1 2 in the case of a violation, as defined by K.S.A. 60-4104(i), and 3 amendments thereto, the proceeds shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments 4 5 thereto. Upon receipt of such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit 6 the entire amount into the state treasury to the credit of the medicaid fraud 7 reimbursement fund;

8 (2) thereafter, for payment of all proper expenses of the proceedings 9 for forfeiture and disposition, including expenses of seizure, inventory, appraisal, maintenance of custody, preservation of availability, advertising, 10 service of process, sale and court costs; 11

12

(3) reasonable attorney fees:

13 (A) If the plaintiff's attorney is a county or district attorney, an assistant, or another governmental agency's attorney, fees shall not exceed 14 15% of the total proceeds, less the amounts of subsection $\frac{(e)}{(d)}(1)$ and (2), 15 16 in an uncontested forfeiture nor 20% of the total proceeds, less the 17 amounts of subsection (e)(d)(1) and (2), in a contested forfeiture. Such 18 fees shall be deposited in the county or city treasury and credited to the 19 special prosecutor's trust fund. Moneys in such fund shall not be 20 considered a source of revenue to meet normal operating expenditures, 21 including salary enhancement. Such fund shall be expended by the county 22 or district attorney, or other governmental agency's attorney through the 23 normal county or city appropriation system and shall be used for such 24 additional law enforcement and prosecutorial purposes as the county or 25 district attorney or other governmental agency's attorney deems appropriate, including educational purposes. All moneys derived from past 26 27 or pending forfeitures shall be expended pursuant to this act. The board of 28 county commissioners shall provide adequate funding to the county or 29 district attorney's office to enable such office to enforce this act. Neither 30 future forfeitures nor the proceeds therefrom shall be used in planning or 31 adopting a county or district attorney's budget;

(B) if the plaintiff's attorney is the attorney general and the conduct 32 33 and offense giving rise to forfeiture is pursuant to K.S.A. 60-4104(i), and 34 amendments thereto, fees shall not exceed 15% of the total proceeds, less 35 the amounts of subsection $\frac{(e)}{d}(1)$ and (2) in an uncontested forfeiture nor 36 20% of the total proceeds, less the amounts of subsection (e)(d)(1) and (2) 37 in a contested forfeiture. Such fees shall be remitted to the state treasurer 38 in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments 39 thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall 40 deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the medicaid 41 fraud prosecution revolving fund. Moneys paid into the medicaid fraud 42 prosecution revolving fund pursuant to this subsection shall be 43 appropriated to the attorney general for use by the attorney general in the

1 investigation and prosecution of medicaid fraud and abuse; or

2 (C) if the plaintiff's attorney is a private attorney, such reasonable fees 3 shall be negotiated by the employing law enforcement agency;

4 (4) repayment of law enforcement funds expended in purchasing of 5 contraband or controlled substances, subject to any interagency agreement.

6 (d)(e) Any proceeds remaining shall be credited as follows, subject to 7 any interagency agreement:

8 (1) If the law enforcement agency is a state agency, the entire amount 9 shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to such agency's state forfeiture fund. There is hereby established in the state treasury the 10 following state funds: Kansas bureau of investigation state forfeiture fund, 11 Kansas attorney general's state medicaid fraud forfeiture fund, Kansas 12 highway patrol state forfeiture fund, Kansas department of corrections 13 state forfeiture fund and Kansas national guard counter drug state 14 15 forfeiture fund. Expenditures from the Kansas bureau of investigation state 16 forfeiture fund shall be made upon warrants of the director of accounts and 17 reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the attorney general or by a person or persons designated by the attorney general. Expenditures from 18 19 the Kansas attorney general's state medicaid fraud forfeiture fund shall be 20 made upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant 21 to vouchers approved by the attorney general or by a person or persons 22 designated by the attorney general. Expenditures from the Kansas highway 23 patrol state forfeiture fund shall be made upon warrants of the director of 24 accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the 25 superintendent of the highway patrol or by a person or persons designated by the superintendent. Expenditures from the Kansas department of 26 27 corrections state forfeiture fund shall be made upon warrants of the 28 director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by 29 the secretary of the department of corrections or by a person or persons designated by the secretary. Expenditures from the Kansas national guard 30 31 counter drug state forfeiture fund shall be made upon warrants of the 32 director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by 33 the adjutant general of Kansas or by a person or persons designated by the adjutant general. 34

(2) If the law enforcement agency is a city or county agency, the
 entire amount shall be deposited in such city or county treasury and
 credited to a special law enforcement trust fund.

1 departments through the normal city, county or state appropriation system 2 and shall be used for such special, additional law enforcement purposes 3 specified in subsection (e)(f)(2) as the law enforcement agency head 4 deems appropriate. Neither future forfeitures nor the proceeds from such 5 forfeitures shall be used in planning or adopting a law enforcement 6 agency's budget.

7 (2) Moneys in the funds described in subsection (e)(f)(1) shall be 8 used only for the following special, additional law enforcement purposes:

9 (A) The support of investigations and operations that further the law 10 enforcement agency's goals or missions;

(B) the training of investigators, prosecutors and sworn and nonsworn law enforcement personnel in any area that is necessary to perform
official law enforcement duties;

(C) the costs associated with the purchase, lease, construction,
expansion, improvement or operation of law enforcement or detention
facilities used or managed by the recipient agency;

17 (D) the costs associated with the purchase, lease, maintenance or 18 operation of law enforcement equipment for use by law enforcement 19 personnel that supports law enforcement activities;

20 (E) the costs associated with the purchase of multi-use equipment and 21 operations used by both law enforcement and non-law enforcement 22 personnel;

(F) the costs associated with a contract for a specific service thatsupports or enhances law enforcement;

(G) the costs associated with travel and transportation to perform orin support of law enforcement duties and activities;

(H) the costs associated with the purchase of plaques and certificates
for law enforcement personnel in recognition of a law enforcement
achievement, activity or training;

(I) the costs associated with conducting awareness programs by law
 enforcement agencies;

(J) the costs associated with paying a state or local law enforcement
agency's matching contribution or share in a state or federal grant program
for items other than salaries;

35 (K) cash transfers from one state or local law enforcement agency to 36 another in support of the law enforcement agency's goals or missions; and

(L) transfers from a state or local law enforcement agency to a state,
 county or local governmental agency or community non-profit
 organization in support of the law enforcement agency's goals or missions.

40 (3) Moneys in the funds described in subsection (e)(f)(1) shall be 41 separated and accounted for in a manner that allows accurate tracking and 42 reporting of deposits and expenditures of the following categories of 43 money:

8

1 (A) Proceeds from forfeiture credited to the fund pursuant to this 2 section;

3 4 (B) proceeds from pending forfeiture actions under this act; and(C) proceeds from forfeiture actions under federal law.

5 (f)(g) Moneys in the Kansas attorney general's medicaid fraud 6 forfeiture fund shall defray costs of the attorney general in connection with 7 the duties of investigating and prosecuting medicaid fraud and abuse.

8 (g)(h) (1) If the law enforcement agency is a state agency, such 9 agency shall compile and submit a forfeiture fund report to the legislature 10 on or before February 1 of each year. Such report shall include, but not be 11 limited to: (A) The fund balance on December 1; and (B) the deposits and 12 expenditures for the previous 12-month period ending December 1.

(2) If the law enforcement agency is a city or county agency, such agency shall compile and submit annually a special law enforcement trust fund report to the entity that has budgetary authority over such agency and such report shall specify, for such period, the type and approximate value of the forfeited property received, the amount of any forfeiture proceeds received and how any of those proceeds were expended.

19

(3) The provisions of this subsection shall expire on July 1, 2019.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 65-7014 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-7014. (a) All regulated chemicals which have been or are intended to be manufactured, provided, sold, furnished, transferred, delivered, or possessed in violation of this act shall be deemed contraband, and may be seized and summarily forfeited to the state.

25 (b) A violation of this act shall constitute conduct giving rise to forfeiture pursuant to the Kansas standard asset forfeiture act K.S.A. 60-26 27 4101 et seq. and amendments thereto. When property is forfeited pursuant 28 to a violation of the Kansas chemical control act, the department shall sell 29 all property not destroyed pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 60-30 4117(b)(2), and amendments thereto, at public sale to the highest bidder 31 for cash without appraisal. The proceeds of any sale shall be credited to the 32 cleanup account which is hereby created in the chemical control fund. 33 Moneys in such account can only be expended directly or through 34 contracts for the costs of drug manufacturing site clean ups.

35 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 65-7014 and K.S.A. 2018 Supp. 60-4112 and 60-4117
36 are hereby repealed.

37 Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its38 publication in the statute book.

he provisions of this subsection s K.S.A. 65-7014 is hereby am