HOUSE BILL No. 2635

By Committee on K-12 Education Budget

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1 AN ACT concerning education; relating to the instruction and financing 2 thereof; relating to the Kansas school equity and enhancement act; 3 relating to the tax credit for low income students program act; 4 amending K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4352, 72-4354, 72-4357, 72-5131, 72-5132, 72-5133, 72-5143, 72-5144, 72-5145, 72-5148, 72-5149, 72-5 6 5150, 72-5151, 72-5153, 72-5155, 72-5171, 72-53,113, 72-53,116, 72-7 5461, 72-5462 and 79-32,117 and repealing the existing sections; also 8 repealing K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 72-99a02, as amended by section 96 of 9 chapter 95 of the 2017 Session Laws of Kansas and K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 10 72-1171, 72-5172, 72-5176, 72-6463, 72-6464, 72-6465, 72-6466, 72-6467, 72-6468, 72-6469, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-11 6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6478, 72-6479, 72-6480, 72-6481 and 79-12 13 32,117o.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4352 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-4352. As used in the tax credit for low income students scholarship program act:

- (a) "Contributions" means monetary gifts or donations and in-kind contributions, gifts or donations that have an established market value.
 - (b) "Department" means the Kansas department of revenue.
- (c) "Educational scholarship" means an amount not to exceed \$8,000 per school year provided to an eligible student, or to a qualified school with respect to an eligible student, to cover all or a portion of the costs of education including tuition, fees and expenses of a qualified school and, if applicable, the costs of transportation to a qualified school if provided by such qualified school.
 - (d) "Eligible student" means a child who:
- (1) (A) Qualifies as an at-risk pupil as defined in K.S.A. 72-6407, prior to its repeal, Is an at-risk student, as defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5132, and amendments thereto, and who is attending a public school; or (B) has been eligible to receive an educational scholarship under this program and has not graduated from high school or reached 21 years of age;
- (2) resides in Kansas while eligible for an educational scholarship; and

 (3) (A) was enrolled in any public school in the previous school year in which an educational scholarship is first sought for the child; or (B) is eligible to be enrolled in any public school in the school year in which an educational scholarship is first sought for the child and the child is under the age of six years.

- (e) "Parent" includes a guardian, custodian or other person with authority to act on behalf of the child.
- (f) "Program" means the tax credit for low income students scholarship program established in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4351 through 72-4357, and amendments thereto.
- (g) "Public school" means a school that would qualify as either a title I focus school or a title I priority school as described by the state board under the elementary and secondary education act flexibility waiver as amended in January 2013, and is operated by a school district, and identified by the state board as one of the lowest 100 performing schools with respect to student achievement among all schools operated by school districts for the current school year.
- (h) "Qualified school" means—any nonpublic school that provides-education to elementary or secondary students, has notified the state board of its intention to participate in the program and complies with the requirements of the program.
- (1) A nonpublic school that does not offer any of the grades nine through 12, and is accredited by the state board;
- (2) a nonpublic school that offers any of the grades nine through 12, and:
- (A) Whose postsecondary effective rate exceeds the trend line for such rate among all school districts and accredited nonpublic schools as determined by the state board; or
- (B) whose composite ACT score exceeds the statewide average composite ACT score for all school districts and accredited nonpublic schools; or
- (3) a nonpublic school that was a participating qualified school prior to July 1, 2018, or that has been a qualified school participating in the program in any preceding school year. Each qualified school shall provide education to elementary or secondary students, notify the state board of its intention to participate in the program and comply with the requirements of the program.
- (i) "Scholarship granting organization" means an organization that complies with the requirements of this program and provides educational scholarships to eligible students or to qualified schools in which parents have enrolled eligible students.
- (j) "School district" or "district" means any unified school district organized and operating under the laws of this state.

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 (k) "School year" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5132, and amendments thereto.

- (l) "Secretary" means the secretary of revenue.
- (m) "State board" means the state board of education.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4354 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-4354. (a) To be eligible to participate in the program, a scholarship granting organization shall comply with the following:
- (1) The scholarship granting organization shall notify the secretary and the state board of the scholarship granting organization's intent to provide educational scholarships;
- (2) upon granting an educational scholarship, the scholarship granting organization shall report such information to the state board;
- (3) the scholarship granting organization shall provide verification to the secretary that the scholarship granting organization is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986;
- (4) upon receipt of contributions in an aggregate amount or value in excess of \$50,000 during a school year, a scholarship granting organization shall file with the state board either:
- (A) A surety bond payable to the state in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of contributions expected to be received during the school year; or
- (B) financial information demonstrating the scholarship granting organization's ability to pay an aggregate amount equal to the amount of the contributions expected to be received during the school year, which must be reviewed and approved of in writing by the state board;
- (5) scholarship granting organizations that provide other nonprofit services in addition to providing educational scholarships shall not commingle contributions made under the program with other contributions made to such organization. A scholarship granting organization under this subsection shall also file with the state board, prior to the commencement of each school year, either:
- (A) A surety bond payable to the state in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of contributions expected to be received during the school year; or
- (B) financial information demonstrating the nonprofit organization's ability to pay an aggregate amount equal to the amount of the contributions expected to be received during the school year, which must be reviewed and approved of in writing by the state board;
- (6) each qualified school receiving educational scholarships from the scholarship granting organization shall annually certify to the scholarship granting organization its compliance with the requirements of the program;
 - (7) at the end of the calendar year, the scholarship granting

 organization shall have its accounts examined and audited by a certified public accountant. Such audit shall include, but not be limited to, information verifying that the educational scholarships awarded by the scholarship granting organization were distributed to qualified schools with respect to eligible students determined by the state board under K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4353(c), and amendments thereto, and information specified in this section. Prior to filing a copy of the audit with the state board, such audit shall be duly verified and certified by a certified public accountant; and

- (8) if a scholarship granting organization decides to limit the number or type of qualified schools who will receive educational scholarships, the scholarship granting organization shall provide, in writing, the name or names of those qualified schools to any contributor and the state board.
- (b) A scholarship granting organization shall award at least 50% of all education scholarships in a school year to eligible students who are certified by the department for children and families as a member of a family whose household income does not exceed 130% of the federal poverty level established under the most recent poverty income guidelines published in the calendar year by the United States department of health and human services.
- (b) (c) No scholarship granting organization shall provide an educational scholarship with respect to any eligible student to attend any qualified school with paid staff or paid board members, or relatives thereof, in common with the scholarship granting organization.
- (e) (d) The scholarship granting organization shall disburse not less than 90% of contributions received pursuant to the program in the form of educational scholarships within 36 months of receipt of such contributions. If such contributions have not been disbursed within the applicable 36-month time period, then the scholarship granting organization shall not accept new contributions until 90% of the received contributions have been disbursed in the form of educational scholarships. Any income earned from contributions must be disbursed in the form of educational scholarships.
- (d) (e) A scholarship granting organization may continue to provide an educational scholarship with respect to a student who was an eligible student in the year immediately preceding the current school year.
- (e) (f) A scholarship granting organization shall direct payments of educational scholarships to the qualified school attended by the eligible student or in which the eligible student is enrolled. Payment may be made by check made payable to both the parent and the qualified school or to only the qualified school. If an eligible student transfers to a new qualified school during a school year, the scholarship granting organization shall direct payment in a prorated amount to the original qualified school and

the new qualified school based on the eligible student's attendance. If the eligible student transfers to a public school and enrolls in such public school after September 20 of the current school year, the scholarship granting organization shall direct payment in a prorated amount to the original qualified school and the public school based on the eligible student's attendance. The prorated amount to the public school shall be considered a donation and shall be paid to the school district of such public school in accordance with K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-1142, and amendments thereto

- (f) (g) By June 1 of each year, a scholarship granting organization shall submit a report to the state board for the educational scholarships provided in the immediately preceding 12 months. Such report shall be in a form and manner as prescribed by the state board, approved and signed by a certified public accountant, and shall contain the following information:
 - (1) The name and address of the scholarship granting organization;
- (2) the name and address of each eligible student with respect to whom an educational scholarship was awarded by the scholarship granting organization;
- (3) the total number and total dollar amount of contributions received during the 12-month reporting period; and
- (4) the total number and total dollar amount of educational scholarships awarded during the 12-month reporting period and the total number and total dollar amount of educational scholarships awarded during the 12-month reporting period with respect to eligible students who qualified under K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4352(d), and amendments thereto.
 - (g) (h) No scholarship granting organization shall:
- (1) Provide an educational scholarship with respect to an eligible student that is established by funding from any contributions made by any relative of such eligible student; or
- (2) accept a contribution from any source with the express or implied condition that such contribution be directed toward an educational scholarship for a particular eligible student.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4357 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-4357. (a)—(1) There shall be allowed a credit against the corporate income tax liability imposed upon a taxpayer pursuant to the Kansas income tax act, the privilege tax liability imposed upon a taxpayer pursuant to the privilege tax imposed upon any national banking association, state bank, trust company or savings and loan association pursuant to article 11 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and the premium tax liability imposed upon a taxpayer pursuant to the premiums tax and privilege fees imposed upon an insurance company pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto,

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for tax years commencing after December 31, 2014, and ending before January 1, 2017, an amount equal to 70% of the amount contributed to a scholarship granting organization authorized pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4351 et seq., and amendments thereto.

- (2) There shall be allowed a credit against the tax liability imposed upon a taxpayer pursuant to the Kansas income tax act, the privilege tax liability imposed upon a taxpayer pursuant to the privilege tax imposed upon any national banking association, state bank, trust company or savings and loan association pursuant to article 11 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and the premium tax liability imposed upon a taxpayer pursuant to the premiums tax and privilege fees imposed upon an insurance company pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, for tax years commencing after December 31, 2016, and ending before January 1, 2018, an amount equal to 70% of the amount contributed to a scholarship granting organization authorized pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4351 et seq., and amendments thereto. In no event shall the total amount of contributions for any taxpayer allowed under this subsection exceed \$500,000 for any tax year.
 - (b) The credit shall be claimed and deducted from the taxpayer's tax liability during the tax year in which the contribution was made to any such scholarship granting organization.
 - (c) For each tax year, in no event shall the total amount of credits allowed under this section exceed \$10,000,000 for any one tax year. Except as otherwise provided, the allocation of such tax credits for each scholarship granting organization shall be determined by the scholarship granting organization in consultation with the secretary, and such determination shall be completed prior to the issuance of any tax credits pursuant to this section.
 - (d) If the amount of any such tax credit claimed by a taxpayer exceeds the taxpayer's income, privilege or premium tax liability, such excess amount may be carried over for deduction from the taxpayer's income, privilege or premium tax liability in the next succeeding year or years until the total amount of the credit has been deducted from tax liability.
 - (e) The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations regarding filing of documents that support the amount of credit claimed pursuant to this section.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5131 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5131. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5131 through 72-5176 72-5175, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the Kansas school equity and enhancement act.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5132 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5132. As used in the Kansas school equity and enhancement

 act, K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5131 et seq., and amendments thereto:

- (a) "Adjusted enrollment" means the enrollment of a school district adjusted by adding the following weightings, if any, to the enrollment of a school district: At-risk student weighting; bilingual weighting; career technical education weighting; declining enrollment weighting; high-density at-risk student weighting; high-enrollment weighting; low-enrollment weighting; school facilities weighting; ancillary school facilities weighting; cost-of-living weighting; special education and related services weighting; and transportation weighting.
- (b) "Ancillary school facilities weighting" means an addend component assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5158, and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to commencing operation of one or more new school facilities by such school districts.
- (c) (1) "At-risk student" means a student who is eligible for free meals under the national school lunch act, and who is enrolled in a school district that maintains an approved at-risk student assistance program.
- (2) The term "at-risk student" shall not include any student enrolled in any of the grades one through 12 who is in attendance less than full time, or any student who is over 19 years of age. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any student who has an individualized education program.
- (d) "At-risk student weighting" means an addend component assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5151(a), and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to the maintenance of at-risk educational programs by such school districts.
- (e) "Base aid for student excellence" or "BASE aid" means an amount appropriated by the legislature in a fiscal year for the designated year. The amount of BASE aid shall be as follows:
 - (1) For school year 2017-2018, \$4,006 *2018-2019, \$4,425*;
 - (2) for school year 2018-2019, \$4,128 *2019-2020, \$4,781*;
 - (3) for school year 2020-2021, \$5,135; and
- (3) (4) for school year 2019-2020 2021-2022, and each school year thereafter, the BASE aid shall be the BASE aid amount for the immediately preceding school year plus an amount equal to the average percentage increase in the consumer price index for all urban consumers in the midwest region as published by the bureau of labor statistics of the United States department of labor during the three immediately preceding school years
- (f) "Bilingual weighting" means an addend component assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5150, and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to the maintenance of bilingual educational programs by such school districts.

 (g) "Board" means the board of education of a school district.

(h) "Budget per student" means the general fund budget of a school district divided by the enrollment of the school district.

- (i) "Categorical fund" means and includes the following funds of a school district: Adult education fund; adult supplementary education fund; at-risk education fund; bilingual education fund; career and postsecondary education fund; driver training fund; educational excellence grant program fund; extraordinary school program fund; food service fund; parent education program fund; preschool-aged at-risk education fund; professional development fund; special education fund; and summer program fund.
- (j) "Cost-of-living weighting" means an addend component assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5159, and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to the cost of living in such school districts.
- (k) "Current school year" means the school year during which state foundation aid is determined by the state board under K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5134, and amendments thereto.
- (l) "Declining enrollment weighting" means an addend component assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017-Supp. 72-5160, and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to the declining enrollment of such school districts.
 - (m) (l) "Enrollment" means:
- (1) The number of students regularly enrolled in kindergarten and grades one through 12-in the school district on September 20 of the preceding school year plus the number of preschool-aged at-risk students regularly enrolled in the school district on September 20 of the eurrent school year, except a student who is a foreign exchange student shall not be counted unless such student is regularly enrolled in the school district on September 20 and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the school district for at least one semester or two quarters, or the equivalent thereof.
- (2) If the enrollment in a school district in the preceding school year has decreased from enrollment in the second preceding school year, the enrollment of the school district in the current school year means the sum of:
- (A) The enrollment in the second preceding school year, excluding students under paragraph (2)(B), minus enrollment in the preceding school year of preschool-aged at-risk students, if any, plus enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk students, if any; and
- (B) the adjusted enrollment in the second preceding school year of any students participating in the tax credit for low income students scholarship program pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4351 et seq., and

amendments thereto, in the preceding school year, if any, plus the adjusted enrollment in the preceding school year of preschool-aged at-risk students who are participating in the tax credit for low income students scholarship program pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4351 et seq., and amendments thereto, in the current school year, if any.

- (3) For any school district that has a military student, as that term is defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5139, and amendments thereto, enrolled in such district, and that received federal impact aid for the preceding school year, if the enrollment in such school district in the preceding school year has decreased from enrollment in the second preceding school year, the enrollment of the school district in the current school year means whichever is the greater of:
 - (A) The enrollment determined under subsection $\frac{(m)(2)}{(l)(2)}$; or
- (B) the sum of the enrollment in the preceding school year of preschool-aged at-risk students, if any, and the arithmetic mean of the sum of:
- (i) The enrollment of the school district in the preceding school year minus the enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk students, if any;
- (ii) the enrollment in the second preceding school year minus the enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk students, if any; and
- (iii) the enrollment in the third preceding school year minus the enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk students, if any.
- (4) (A) For school year 2017-2018, the enrollment determined under paragraph (1), (2) or (3), except if the school district offers kindergarten on a full-time basis in such school year, students regularly enrolled in-kindergarten in the school district in the preceding school year shall be counted as one student regardless of actual attendance during such preceding school year.
- (B) For school year 2018-2019 and each school year thereafter, the enrollment determined under paragraph (1), (2) or (3), except if the school district begins to offer kindergarten on a full-time basis in such school year, students regularly enrolled in kindergarten in the school district in the preceding school year shall be counted as one student regardless of actual attendance during such preceding school year.
- (n) (m) "February 20" has its usual meaning, except that in any year in which February 20 is not a day on which school is maintained, it means the first day after February 20 on which school is maintained.
- (o) (n) "Federal impact aid" means an amount equal to the federally qualified percentage of the amount of moneys a school district receives in the current school year under the provisions of title I of public law 874 and congressional appropriations therefor, excluding amounts received for

 assistance in cases of major disaster and amounts received under the lowrent housing program. The amount of federal impact aid shall be determined by the state board in accordance with terms and conditions imposed under the provisions of the public law and rules and regulations thereunder

- (p) (o) "General fund" means the fund of a school district from which operating expenses are paid and in which is deposited all amounts of state foundation aid provided under this act, payments under K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-528, and amendments thereto, payments of federal funds made available under the provisions of title I of public law 874, except amounts received for assistance in cases of major disaster and amounts received under the low-rent housing program and such other moneys as are provided by law.
- (q) (p) "General fund budget" means the amount budgeted for operating expenses in the general fund of a school district.
- (q) "Enrollment weighting" means an addend component assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5149, and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by such school districts.
- (r) "High-density at-risk student weighting" means an addend component assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5151(b), and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to the maintenance of at-risk educational programs by such school districts.
- (s) "High enrollment weighting" means an addend component-assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017-Supp. 72-5149(b), and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs-attributable to maintenance of educational programs by such school-districts.
- (t) (s) "Juvenile detention facility" means the same as such term is defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-1173, and amendments thereto.
 - (u) (t) "Local foundation aid" means the sum of the following amounts:
 - (1) An amount equal to any unexpended and unencumbered balance remaining in the general fund of the school district, except moneys received by the school district and authorized to be expended for the purposes specified in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5168, and amendments thereto;
- (2) an amount equal to any remaining proceeds from taxes levied under authority of K.S.A. 72-7056 and 72-7072, and amendments thereto, prior to their repeal;
- (3) an amount equal to the amount deposited in the general fund in the current school year from moneys received in such school year by the

school district under the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-3123(a), and amendments thereto;

- (4) an amount equal to the amount deposited in the general fund in the current school year from moneys received in such school year by the school district pursuant to contracts made and entered into under authority of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-3125, and amendments thereto;
- (5) an amount equal to the amount credited to the general fund in the current school year from moneys distributed in such school year to the school district under the provisions of articles 17 and 34 of chapter 12 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and under the provisions of articles 42 and 51 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;
- (6) an amount equal to the amount of payments received by the school district under the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-3423, and amendments thereto;
- (7) an amount equal to the amount of any grant received by the school district under the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-3425, and amendments thereto; and
- (8) an amount equal to 70% of the federal impact aid of the school district.
- (v) "Low enrollment weighting" means an addend component-assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017-Supp. 72-5149(a), and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs-attributable to maintenance of educational programs by such school-districts.
- (w) (u) "Operating expenses" means the total expenditures and lawful transfers from the general fund of a school district during a school year for all purposes, except expenditures for the purposes specified in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5168, and amendments thereto.
- (x) (v) "Preceding school year" means the school year immediately before the current school year.
- (y) (w) "Preschool-aged at-risk student" means an at-risk student who has attained the age of four years, is under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten, and has been selected by the state board in accordance with guidelines governing the selection of students for participation in head start programs.
- (z) (x) "Preschool-aged exceptional children" means exceptional children, except gifted children, who have attained the age of three years but are under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten. The terms "exceptional children" and "gifted children" have the same meaning as those terms are defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-3404, and amendments thereto.
 - (aa) (y) "Psychiatric residential treatment facility" means the same as

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such term is defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-1173, and amendments thereto.

- (bb) (z) "School district" means a school district organized under the laws of this state that is maintaining public school for a school term in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-3115, and amendments thereto.
- (ee) (aa) "School facilities weighting" means an added component assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5156, and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to commencing operation of one or more new school facilities by such school districts
 - (dd) (bb) "School year" means the 12-month period ending June 30.
- (ee) (cc) "September 20" has its usual meaning, except that in any year in which September 20 is not a day on which school is maintained, it means the first day after September 20 on which school is maintained.
- (ff) (dd) "Special education and related services weighting" means an addend component assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5157, and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to the maintenance of special education and related services by such school districts.
 - (gg) (ee) "State board" means the state board of education.
- (hh) (ff) "State foundation aid" means the amount of aid distributed to [a] school district as determined by the state board pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5134, and amendments thereto.
- (ii) (gg) (1) "Student" means any person who is regularly enrolled in a school district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the school district or who is regularly enrolled in a school district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 in another school district in accordance with an agreement entered into under authority of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-13,101, and amendments thereto, or who is regularly enrolled in a school district and attending special education services provided for preschool-aged exceptional children by the school district.
- (2) (A) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the following shall be counted as one student:
 - (i) A student in attendance full-time; and
- (ii) a student enrolled in a school district and attending special education and related services, provided for by the school district.
 - (B) The following shall be counted as $\frac{1}{2}$ student:
- (i) A student enrolled in a school district and attending special education and related services for preschool-aged exceptional children provided for by the school district; and
 - (ii) a preschool-aged at-risk student enrolled in a school district and

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receiving services under an approved at-risk student assistance plan maintained by the school district.

- (C) A student in attendance part-time shall be counted as that proportion of one student (to the nearest $^{1}/_{10}$) that the student's attendance bears to full-time attendance.
- (D) A student enrolled in and attending an institution of postsecondary education that is authorized under the laws of this state to award academic degrees shall be counted as one student if the student's postsecondary education enrollment and attendance together with the student's attendance in either of the grades 11 or 12 is at least $^{5}/_{6}$ time, otherwise the student shall be counted as that proportion of one student (to the nearest $^{1}/_{10}$) that the total time of the student's postsecondary education attendance and attendance in grades 11 or 12, as applicable, bears to full-time attendance
- (E) A student enrolled in and attending a technical college, a career technical education program of a community college or other approved career technical education program shall be counted as one student, if the student's career technical education attendance together with the student's attendance in any of grades nine through 12 is at least $^{5}/_{6}$ time, otherwise the student shall be counted as that proportion of one student (to the nearest $^{1}/_{10}$) that the total time of the student's career technical education attendance and attendance in any of grades nine through 12 bears to full-time attendance.
- (F) A student enrolled in a school district and attending a non-virtual school and also attending a virtual school shall be counted as that proportion of one student (to the nearest $^{1}/_{10}$) that the student's attendance at the non-virtual school bears to full-time attendance.
- (G) A student enrolled in a school district and attending special education and related services provided for by the school district and also attending a virtual school shall be counted as that proportion of one student (to the nearest $^{1}/_{10}$) that the student's attendance at the non-virtual school bears to full-time attendance.
- (H) (i) Except as provided in clause (ii), a student enrolled in a school district who is not a resident of Kansas shall be counted as follows:
 - (a) For school years 2017-2018 and 2018-2019, one student;
 - (b) for school year 2019-2020 and 2020-2021, ³/₄ of a student; and
- (e) for school year 2021-2022 and each school year thereafter, ¹/₂ of a student.
 - (ii) This subparagraph (H) shall not apply to:
- (a) A student whose parent or legal guardian is an employee of the school district where such student is enrolled; or
- (b) a student who attended public school in Kansas during school year 2016-2017 and who attended public school in Kansas during the

immediately preceding school year.

- (3) The following shall not be counted as a student:
- (A) An individual residing at the Flint Hills job corps center;
- (B) except as provided in subsection—(ii)(2) (gg)(2), an individual confined in and receiving educational services provided for by a school district at a juvenile detention facility; and
- (C) an individual enrolled in a school district but housed, maintained and receiving educational services at a state institution or a psychiatric residential treatment facility.
- (4) A student enrolled in virtual school pursuant to K.S.A. 72-3711 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall be counted in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-3715, and amendments thereto.
- (jj) (hh) "Total foundation aid" means an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying the BASE aid by the adjusted enrollment of a school district.
- (kk) (ii) "Transportation weighting" means an addend component assigned to the enrollment of school districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5148, and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to the provision or furnishing of transportation.
- (II) (jj) "Virtual school" means the same as such term is defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-3712, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5133 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5133. (a) The state school district finance fund, established by K.S.A. 1991 Supp. 72-7081, prior to its repeal, is hereby continued in existence and shall consist of: (1) All moneys credited to such fund under K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-6463 through 72-6481, prior to their expiration *July 1, 2017*; and (2) all amounts transferred to such fund under K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5136, 72-5142, 72-5143, 72-5158, 72-5159 and 72-5160, and amendments thereto.
- (b) The state school district finance fund shall be used for the purpose of school district finance and for no other governmental purpose. It is the intent of the legislature that the fund shall remain intact and inviolate for such purpose, and moneys in the fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-3722, 75-3725a and 75-3726a, and amendments thereto.
- (c) Amounts in the state school district finance fund shall be allocated and distributed to school districts as a portion of state foundation aid provided for under this act.
- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5143 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5143. (a) In each school year, the board of education of a school district may adopt, by resolution, a local option budget that does not exceed the state prescribed percentage.
- (b) Subject to the limitations of subsection (a), in each school year, the board of education of a school district may adopt, by resolution, a local

option budget in an amount that does not exceed:

- (1) The amount that the board was authorized to adopt under any resolution adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-6471, prior to its-expiration *July 1, 2017*; or
- (2) the state-wide average for the preceding school year as determined by the state board pursuant to subsection (i).

The adoption of a resolution pursuant to this section shall require a majority vote of the members of the board. Such resolution shall be effective upon adoption and shall require no other procedure, authorization or approval.

(c) If the board of a school district desires to increase its local option budget authority above the amount authorized under subsection (b), the board may adopt, by resolution, such budget in an amount not to exceed the state prescribed percentage. The adoption of a resolution pursuant to this subsection shall require a majority vote of the members of the board. The resolution shall be published at least once in a newspaper having-general circulation in the school district. The resolution shall be published in substantial compliance with the following form:

Unified School District No,	
	County, Kansas.
RESOLUTION	

Be It Resolved that:

The board of education of the above-named school district shall beauthorized to adopt a local option budget in each school year in an amount not to exceed _____% of the amount of total foundation aid. The local option budget authorized by this resolution may be adopted, unless a petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 5% of the qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of the home county of the school district within 30 days after publication of this resolution. If a petition is filed, the county election officer shall submit the question of whether adoption of the local option budget shall be authorized to the electors of the school district at an election called for the purpose or at the next general election, as is specified by the board of education of the school district.

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the above	e resolution was	duly adopted by the
•		
board of education of unified school	al district No	County, County, Count
	or district 140	,county,
Kansas, on the day of		
uay or	_,·	

Clerk of the board of education.

All of the blanks in the resolution shall be filled appropriately. If a sufficient petition is not filed, the board may adopt a local option budget. If a sufficient petition is filed, the board may notify the county election

officer of the date of an election to be held to submit the question of whether adoption of a local option budget shall be authorized. Any such election shall be noticed, called and held in the manner provided by K.S.A. 10-120, and amendments thereto. If the board fails to notify the county election officer within 30 days after a sufficient petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed abandoned and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months following publication of the resolution:

- (d) Unless specifically stated otherwise in the resolution, the authority to adopt a local option budget shall be continuous and permanent. The board of any school district that is authorized to adopt a local option budget may choose not to adopt such a budget or may adopt a budget in an amount less than the amount authorized. If the board of any school district whose authority to adopt a local option budget is not continuous and permanent refrains from adopting a local option budget, the authority of such school district to adopt a local option budget shall not be extended by such refrainment beyond the period specified in the resolution authorizing adoption of such budget.
- (e) The board of any school district may initiate procedures to renew or increase the authority to adopt a local option budget at any time during a school year after the tax levied pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5147, and amendments thereto, is certified to the county clerk under any existing authorization.
- (f) The board of any school district authorized to adopt a local option budget prior to July 1, 2017, under a resolution that authorized the adoption of such budget in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-6471, prior to its expiration July 1, 2017, may continue to operate under such resolution for the period of time specified in the resolution or may abandon the resolution and operate under the provisions of this section. Any such school district shall operate under the provisions of this section after the period of time specified in any previously adopted resolution has expired.
- (g) Any resolution adopted pursuant to this section may revoke or repeal any resolution previously adopted by the board. If the resolution does not revoke or repeal previously adopted resolutions, all resolutions that are in effect shall expire on the same date. The maximum amount of the local option budget of a school district under all resolutions in effect shall not exceed the state prescribed percentage in any school year.
- (h) (1) There is hereby established in each school district that adopts a local option budget a supplemental general fund, which shall consist of all amounts deposited therein or credited thereto according to law.
- (2) Subject to the limitations imposed under subsection (h)(3), amounts in the supplemental general fund may be expended for any

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purpose for which expenditures from the general fund are authorized or may be transferred to any categorical fund of the school district. Amounts in the supplemental general fund attributable to any percentage over 25% of total foundation aid determined for the current school year may be transferred to the capital improvements fund of the school district and the capital outlay fund of the school district if such transfers are specified in the resolution authorizing the adoption of a local option budget in excess of 25%.

- (3) Amounts in the supplemental general fund may not be expended for the purpose of making payments under any lease-purchase agreement involving the acquisition of land or buildings that is entered into pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-1149, and amendments thereto.
- (4) (A) Except as provided in subsection (h)(4)(B), any unexpended moneys remaining in the supplemental general fund of a school district at the conclusion of any school year in which a local option budget is adopted shall be maintained in such fund.
- (B) If the school district received supplemental state aid in the school year, the state board shall determine the ratio of the amount of supplemental general state aid received to the amount of the local option budget of the school district for the school year and multiply the total amount of the unexpended moneys remaining by such ratio. An amount equal to the amount of the product shall be transferred to the general fund of the school district or remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of any such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the same in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.
- (i) Each year, the state board shall determine the statewide average percentage of local option budgets legally adopted by school districts for the preceding school year.
- 30 (i) The provisions of this section shall be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5144, and amendments thereto. 32
 - (k) As used in this section:
 - (1) "Authorized to adopt a local option budget" means that a school district has adopted a resolution pursuant to subsection (c).
 - (2) "State prescribed percentage" means 33% of the total foundation aid of the school district in the current school year.
 - "Total foundation aid" means the same as such term is defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5132, and amendments thereto.
- 39 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5144 is hereby amended to read as 40 follows: 72-5144. (a) (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (e), the provisions of this subsection shall apply in any school year in which the 41 42 amount of BASE aid is \$4,490 or less.
 - (2) The board of education of a school district may adopt a local

option budget that does not exceed the local option budget calculated as if the BASE aid was \$4,490, or that does not exceed the local option budget as calculated pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5143, and amendments thereto, whichever is greater.

- (b) The board of education of a school district may adopt a local option budget that does not exceed the local option budget calculated as if the school district received state aid for special education and related services equal to the amount of state aid for special education and related services received in school year 2008-2009, or that does not exceed the local option budget as calculated pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5143, and amendments thereto, whichever is greater.
- (c) The board of any school district may exercise the authority granted under subsection (a) or (b) or both subsections (a) and (b).
- (d) To the extent that the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5143, and amendments thereto, conflict with this section, this section shall control.
- (e) For school year 2019-2020, and each school year thereafter, the specified dollar amount used in subsection (a) for purposes of determining the local option budget of a school district shall be the specified dollar amount used for the immediately preceding school year plus an amount equal to the average percentage increase in the consumer price index for all urban consumers in the midwest region as published by the bureau of labor statistics of the United States department of labor during the three immediately preceding school years.
- Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5145 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5145. (a) In each school year, each school district that has adopted a local option budget is eligible to receive supplemental state aid. Except as provided by K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5146, and amendments thereto, supplemental state aid shall be determined by the state board as provided in subsection (b).
 - (b) The state board shall:
- (1) (A) For school year 2017-2018, determine the amount of the assessed valuation per student in the preceding school year of each school district; and
- (B) For school year 2018-2019 and each school year thereafter, determine the average assessed valuation per student of each school district by adding the assessed valuation per student for each of the three immediately preceding school years and dividing the resulting sum by three;
- (2) rank the school districts from low to high on the basis of the amounts of assessed valuation per student determined under subsection (b) (1);
 - (3) identify the amount of the assessed valuation per student located

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 at the 81.2 percentile of the amounts ranked under subsection (b)(2);

- (4) divide the assessed valuation per student of the school district as determined under subsection (b)(1) by the amount identified under subsection (b)(3); and
- (5) (A) if the quotient obtained under subsection (b)(4) equals or exceeds one, the school district shall not receive supplemental state aid; or
- (B) if the quotient obtained under subsection (b)(4) is less than one, subtract the quotient obtained under subsection (b)(4) from one, and multiply the difference by the amount of the local option budget of the school district for the immediately preceding school year. The resulting product is the amount of supplemental state aid the school district is to receive for the school year.
- (c) Payments of supplemental state aid shall be distributed to school districts on the dates prescribed by the state board. The state board shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each school district, and the director of accounts and reports shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of the school district. Upon receipt of the warrant, the treasurer of the school district shall credit the amount thereof to the supplemental general fund of the school district to be used for the purposes of such fund.
- (d) For the purposes of determining the total amount of state moneys paid to school districts, all moneys appropriated as supplemental state aid shall be deemed to be state moneys for educational and support services for school districts.
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5148 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5148. (a) The transportation weighting of each school district shall be determined by the state board as follows:
- (1) Determine the total expenditures of the school district during the preceding school year from all funds for transporting students of public and nonpublic schools on regular school routes;
- (2) determine the sum of: (A) The number of students who were included in the enrollment of the school district in the preceding school year who resided less than $2^{1}/_{2}$ miles by the usually traveled road from the school building such students attended and for whom transportation was made available by the school district; and (B) the number of nonresident students who were included in the enrollment of the school district for the preceding school year and for whom transportation was made available by the school district;
- (3) determine the number of students who were included in the enrollment of the district in the preceding school year who resided $2^{1}/_{2}$ miles or more by the usually traveled road from the school building such students attended and for whom transportation was made available by the school district;

(4) multiply the number of students determined under subsection (a) (3) by 2.8;

- (5) divide the amount determined under subsection (a)(2) by the product obtained under subsection (a)(4);
 - (6) add one to the quotient obtained under subsection (a)(5);
- (7) multiply the sum obtained under subsection (a)(6) by the amount determined under subsection (a)(3);
- (8) divide the amount determined under subsection (a)(1) by the product obtained under subsection (a)(7). The resulting quotient is the perstudent cost of transportation;
- (9) on a density-cost graph, plot the per-student cost of transportation for each school district;
 - (10) construct a curve of best fit for the points so plotted;
 - (11) adjust the curve of best fit as follows:
- (A) Identify the 10 school districts on the density-cost graph with the highest indices of density;
- (B) determine the median per-student cost of transportation for those 10 school districts, excluding the highest per-student cost of transportation and the lowest per-student cost of transportation for the school districts identified under subsection (a)(11)(A); and
- (C) beginning at the point on the curve of best fit that corresponds to the median per-student cost of transportation determined under subsection (a)(11)(B), the curve of best fit shall be adjusted such that it presents a horizontal line with a value on the vertical axis equal to such median per-student cost of transportation;
- (11) (12) locate the index of density for the school district on the base line of the density-cost graph and from the point on the *adjusted* curve of best fit directly above this point of index of density follow a line parallel to the base line to the point of intersection with the vertical line, which point is the formula per-student cost of transportation of the school district;
- (12) (13) divide the formula per-student cost of transportation of the school district by the BASE aid; and
- (13) (14) multiply the quotient obtained under subsection (a)(12) (a) (13) by the number of students who are included in the enrollment of the school district, are residing $2^{1}/_{2}$ miles or more by the usually traveled road to the school building they attend, and for whom transportation is being made available by, and at the expense of, the district.
- (b) (1) For school years 2017-2018 through 2020-2021, the transportation weighting of the school district shall be either the product determined under subsection $\frac{(a)(13)}{(a)(14)}$, or that portion of such school district's general state aid for school year 2016-2017 that was attributable to the school district's transportation weighting, whichever is greater.
 - (2) For school year 2021-2022, and each school year thereafter, the

transportation weighting of the school district shall be the product determined under subsection $\frac{(a)(13)}{(a)(14)}$.

- (c) For the purpose of providing accurate and reliable data on student transportation, the state board is authorized to adopt rules and regulations prescribing procedures that school districts shall follow in reporting pertinent information, including uniform reporting of expenditures for transportation.
 - (d) As used in this section:
- (1) "Curve of best fit" means the curve on a density-cost graph drawn so the sum of the distances squared from such line to each of the points plotted on the graph is the least possible.
- (2) "Density-cost graph" means a drawing having: (A) A horizontal or base line divided into equal intervals of density, beginning with zero on the left; and (B) a scale for per-student cost of transportation to be shown on a line perpendicular to the base line at the left end thereof, such scale to begin with zero dollars at the base line ascending by equal per-student cost intervals.
- (3) "Index of density" means the number of students who are included in the enrollment of a school district in the current school year, are residing the designated distance or more by the usually traveled road from the school building they attend, and for whom transportation is being made available on regular school routes by the school district, divided by the number of square miles of territory in the school district.
- Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5149 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5149. (a) The low enrollment weighting of each school district shall be determined by the state board as follows:
- (1) (a) For school districts with an enrollment of fewer than 100 students, multiply the enrollment of the school district by 1.014331. The resulting product is the low enrollment weighting of the school district;
- (2) (b) for school districts with an enrollment of at least 100 students, but fewer than 300 students:
 - (A) (1) Subtract 100 from the enrollment of the school district;
- (B) (2) multiply the difference obtained under subsection $\frac{(a)(2)(A)}{(b)(1)}$ by 9.655;
- (C) (3) subtract the product obtained under subsection $\frac{(a)(2)(B)}{(b)}$ (b) (2) from 7,337;
- (D) (4) divide the difference obtained under subsection (a)(2)(C) (b) 38 (3) by 3,642.4;
- $\frac{\text{(E)}}{\text{(5)}}$ subtract one from the quotient obtained under subsection (a) 40 $\frac{\text{(2)}(\text{D)}}{\text{(b)}}$ (b)(4); and
- 41 (F) (6) multiply the difference obtained under subsection (a)(2)(E) (b)
 42 (5) by the enrollment of the school district. The resulting product is the
 43 low enrollment weighting of the school district;

- 1 (3) (c) for school districts with an enrollment of at least 300 students, but fewer than 1,622 students:
 - (A) (1) Subtract 300 from the enrollment of the school district;
 - (B) (2) multiply the difference obtained under subsection (a)(3)(A) (c)(1) by 1.2375;
 - (C) (3) subtract the product obtained under subsection $\frac{(a)(3)(B)}{(c)}$ (c) from 5,406;
 - (D) (4) divide the difference obtained under subsection (a)(3)(C) (c) (3) by 3,642.4;
- 10 (E) (5) subtract one from the quotient obtained under subsection (e) 11 (D) (c)(4); and
 - (F) (6) multiply the difference obtained under subsection $\frac{(a)(3)(E)}{(5)}$ (c) (5) by the enrollment of the school district. The resulting product is the low enrollment weighting of the school district.
 - (b) (d) For school districts with an enrollment of at least 1,622 students, multiply the enrollment of the school district by 0.03504. The resulting product is the high enrollment weighting of the school district.
 - Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5150 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5150. The bilingual weighting of each school district shall be determined by the state board as follows:
 - (a) Determine the full-time equivalent enrollment in approved programs of bilingual education during the preceding school year and multiply such enrollment by 0.395 0.361;
 - (b) determine the number of students enrolled in approved programs of bilingual education during the preceding school year and multiply such enrollment by 0.185; and
 - (c) the bilingual weighting shall be either the amount determined under subsection (a) or (b), whichever is greater.
 - Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5151 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5151. (a) The at-risk student weighting of each school district shall be determined by the state board as follows:
 - (1) Determine the number of at-risk students included in the enrollment of the school district: and
 - (2) for a school district with an enrollment that consists of 10% or more at-risk students, multiply the number determined under subsection (a)(1) by 0.484. The resulting sum is the at-risk student weighting of the school district; or
 - (3) for a school district with an enrollment that consists of less than 10% at-risk students, multiply the number of students equal to 10% of such school district's enrollment by 0.484. The resulting sum is the at-risk student weighting of the school district. A school district whose at-risk student weighting is determined pursuant to this paragraph shall submit a report to the state board in such form and manner as required by the state

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 board that identifies those students enrolled in such school district who are receiving at-risk program services and the criteria each such student-satisfies in order to receive at-risk program services. The state board shall adopt rules and regulations that establish the criteria for eligibility for at-risk program services. The provisions of this paragraph shall only apply to those school districts that offer instruction in kindergarten and grades one through 12.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (b)(4), The high-density at-risk student weighting of each school district shall be determined by the state board as follows:
- (1)-(A) If the enrollment of the school district is at least 35% at-risk students, but less than 50% at-risk students:
- (i) (A) Subtract 35% from the percentage of at-risk students included in the enrollment of the school district;
- $\frac{\text{(ii)}}{\text{(i)}}$ (B) multiply the difference determined under subsection (b)(1)(A) $\frac{\text{(i)}}{\text{(i)}}$ by 0.7; and
- (iii) (C) multiply the product determined under subsection (b)(1)(A) (ii) (b)(1)(B) by the number of at-risk students included in the enrollment of the school district. The resulting product is the high-density at-risk student weighting of the school district; or
- (B) (2) if the enrollment of the school district is 50% or more at-risk students, multiply the number of at-risk students included in the enrollment of the school district by 0.105; or
- (2) (A) if the enrollment of a school in the school district is at least 35% at-risk students, but less than 50% at-risk students:
- (i) Subtract 35% from the percentage of at-risk students included in the enrollment of such school;
- (ii) multiply the difference determined under subsection (b)(2)(A)(i) by 0.7; and
- (iii) multiply the product determined under subsection (b)(2)(A)(ii) by the number of at-risk students included in the enrollment of such-school: or
- (B) if the enrollment of a school in the school district is 50% or more at-risk students, multiply the number of at-risk students included in the enrollment of such school by 0.105; and
- (C) add the products determined under subsections (b)(2)(A)(iii) and (b)(2)(B) for each such school in the school district, respectively.
- (3) The high-density at-risk weighting of the school district shall be the greater of the product determined under subsection (b)(1) or the sum determined under subsection (b)(2)(C).
- (4) Commencing in school year 2018-2019, school districts that qualify to receive the high-density at-risk weighting pursuant to this section shall spend any money attributable to the school district's high-

density at-risk weighting on the at-risk best practices developed by the state board pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5153(d), and amendments thereto. If a sehool district that qualifies for the high-density at-risk-weighting does not spend such money on such best practices, the state-board shall notify the school district that it shall either spend such money on such best practices or shall show improvement within five years of notification. Improvement shall include, but not be limited to, the-following: (A) The percentage of students at grade level on state math and English language arts assessments; (B) the percentage of students that are college and career ready on state math and English language arts assessments; (C) the average composite ACT score; or (D) the four-year graduation rate. If a school district does not spend such money on such best practices and does not show improvement within five years, the school district shall not qualify to receive the high-density at-risk weighting in the succeeding school year.

- (5) The provisions of this subsection shall expire on July 1, 2019. The resulting product is the high-density at-risk student weighting of the school district.
- Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5153 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5153. (a) There is hereby established in every school district an at-risk education fund, which shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. The expenses of a school district directly attributable to providing at-risk student assistance or programs shall be paid from the at-risk education fund.
- (b) Any balance remaining in the at-risk education fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into the at-risk education fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the at-risk education fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.
- (c) Commencing in school year 2018-2019, Expenditures from the atrisk education fund of a school district shall only be made for the following purposes:
- (1) At-risk educational programs based on best practices identified pursuant to subsection (d) approved by the state board;
- (2) personnel providing educational services in conjunction with such programs; or
 - (3) services contracted for by the school district to provide at-risk educational programs—based on best practices identified pursuant to-subsection (d); or

(4) assistance or programs provided for students who are identified as at-risk pursuant to policies and procedures adopted by the state board.

- (d) On or before July 1, 2018, the state board shall identify and approve evidence-based best practices for at-risk programs and instruction of students receiving at-risk program services. The state board shall review and update such best practices as part of its five-year accreditation system review process.
- (e)—Each year the board of education of each school district shall prepare and submit to the state board a report on the assistance or programs provided by the school district for students identified as at-risk. Such report shall include the number of students identified as at-risk who were served or provided assistance, the type of service provided, the research upon which the school district relied in determining that a need for service or assistance existed, the results of providing such service or assistance and any other information required by the state board.
- (f) (e) In order to achieve uniform reporting of the number of students provided service or assistance by school districts in at-risk student programs, school districts shall report the number of students served or assisted in the manner required by the state board.
- Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5155 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5155. (a) The career technical education weighting of each school district shall be determined by the state board by multiplying the full-time equivalent enrollment in approved career technical education programs during the preceding school year by 0.5. The resulting product is the career technical education weighting of the school district.
 - (b) The provisions of this section shall expire on July 1, 2019 2018.
- Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5171 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5171. (a) On or before January 15 of each year, the state department of education shall prepare and submit reports on school district funding for each school district to the governor and the legislature.
- (b) Each report shall contain the information described in subsection (c) for the school district in terms of actual dollar amounts for the second current and immediately preceding school years and budgeted dollar amounts for the eurrent immediately preceding school year.
- (c) Each report shall contain the following information for the school district:
 - (1) Full-time equivalent enrollment;
- (2) demographic information, including, but not limited to, gender, race, ethnicity, students who are economically disadvantaged, migrants, English language learners and students with disabilities;
- (3)—total general and supplemental general funds, including a showing of funding provided by federal sources, state sources and local sources, and total funds per student;

(4) (3) total capital outlay funds, including a showing of such funding provided by federal sources, state sources and local sources, and capital outlay funds per student;

- (5) (4) total bond and interest funds, including a showing of such funding provided by federal sources, state sources and local sources, and bond and interest funds per student;
- (6) (5) total of all other funds not described in paragraphs (3), (4) and (5) (2), (3) and (4), excluding fund transfers, including a showing of such funding provided by federal sources, state sources and local sources, and total funds per student;
- (7) total funds per student of all funds described in paragraphs (3) through (6);
 - (8) (6) general fund moneys attributable to the following:
 - (A) BASE aid:

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- 15 (B) high-enrollment weighting;
 - (C) low enrollment weighting;
- 17 (D) (C) school facilities weighting;
 - (E) (D) transportation weighting;
- 19 (F) (E) at-risk student weighting;
- 20 (G) (F) preschool-aged at-risk student weighting;
- 21 $\frac{\text{(H)}}{\text{(G)}}$ high-density at-risk student weighting;
- 22 (H) (H) career technical education weighting;
 - (J) (I) special education and related services weighting;
- 24 $\frac{K}{J}$ bilingual weighting;
- 25 (L)(K) ancillary school facilities weighting;
- 26 (M) (L) cost-of-living weighting;
- (N) (M) declining enrollment weighting; and
- 28 (O) (N) virtual school state aid; and
- 29 (9) total expenditures on the following from each of the following 30 funds:
- 31 (A) At-risk education-programs and services fund;
 - (B) preschool-aged at-risk education-programs and services fund;
 - (C) bilingual education programs and services fund;
 - (D) career and technical education programs and services fund;
- 35 (E) special education-and related services fund; and
 - (F) virtual school-programs and services fund; and
- 37 (10) (G) total expenditures from the special retirement contributions fund.
- 39 (d) The state board shall provide uniform guidelines for what-40 constitutes total expenditures for the programs and services listed under 41 subsection (e)(9).
- Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-53,113 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-53,113. (a) The board of education of any school district may

1 make an annual tax levy at a mill rate not to exceed the statutorily 2 prescribed mill rate upon the taxable tangible property in the school 3 district for the purposes specified in this act and, with respect to any 4 redevelopment district established prior to July 1, 2017, pursuant to K.S.A. 5 12-1771, and amendments thereto, for the purpose of paying a portion of 6 the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under the authority of 7 K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing of 8 redevelopment projects upon property located within the school district. 9 No levy shall be made under this act until a resolution is adopted by the 10 board of education in the following form: Unified School District No. , 11 12 County, Kansas. 13 RESOLUTION 14 Be It Resolved that: 15 The above-named school board shall be authorized to make an annual 16 tax levy in an amount not to exceed _____ mills upon the taxable tangible property in the school district for the purpose of acquisition, construction, 17 18 reconstruction, repair, remodeling, additions to, furnishing, maintaining 19 and equipping of school district property and equipment necessary for school district purposes, including: (1) Computer software; (2) 20 21 performance uniforms; (3) housing and boarding pupils enrolled in an area 22 vocational school operated under the board; (4) architectural expenses; (5) 23 building sites; (6) undertaking and maintenance of asbestos control 24 projects; (7) school buses; and (8) utility expenses; (9) property and 25 easualty insurance; and (10) other fixed assets, and with respect to any 26 redevelopment district established prior to July 1, 2017, pursuant to K.S.A. 27 12-1771, and amendments thereto, for the purpose of paying a portion of 28 the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under the authority of 29 K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing of 30 redevelopment projects upon property located within the school district. 31 The tax levy authorized by this resolution may be made, unless a petition 32 in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 10% of the qualified 33 electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of 34 the home county of the school district within 40 calendar days after the last 35 publication of this resolution. In the event a petition is filed, the county 36 election officer shall submit the question of whether the tax levy shall be 37 authorized to the electors in the school district at an election called for that 38 purpose or at the next general election, as is specified by the board of 39 education of the above school district. 40 CERTIFICATE 41 This is to certify that the above resolution was duly adopted by the board of education of Unified School District No. _____, ____ 42

County, Kansas, on the ____ day of _____, ____.

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Clerk of the board of education.

All of the blanks in the above resolution shall be appropriately filled. The blank preceding the word "mills" shall be filled with a specific number. The resolution shall be published once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper having general circulation in the school district. If no petition as specified above is filed in accordance with the provisions of the resolution, the board of education may make the tax levy specified in the resolution. If a petition is filed as provided in the resolution, the board of education may notify the county election officer of the date of an election to be held to submit the question of whether the tax levy shall be authorized. If the board of education fails to notify the county election officer within 60 calendar days after a petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed abandoned and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board of education within the nine months following the first publication of the resolution.

- As used in this act:
- "Unconditionally authorized to make a capital outlay tax levy" means that the school district has adopted a resolution under this section, has published the same, and either that the resolution was not protested or that it was protested and an election has been held by which the tax levy specified in the resolution was approved;
- (2) "statutorily prescribed mill rate" means: (A) Eight mills; (B) the mill levy rate in excess of eight mills if the resolution fixing such rate was approved at an election prior to the effective date of this act; or (C) the mill levy rate in excess of eight mills if no petition or no sufficient petition was filed in protest to a resolution fixing such rate in excess of eight mills and the protest period for filing such petition has expired;
- (3) "asbestos control project" means any activity which is necessary or incidental to the control of asbestos-containing material in buildings of school districts and includes, but not by way of limitation, any activity undertaken for the removal or encapsulation of asbestos-containing material, for any remodeling, renovation, replacement, rehabilitation or other restoration necessitated by such removal or encapsulation, for conducting inspections, reinspections and periodic surveillance of buildings, performing response actions, and developing, implementing and updating operations and maintenance programs and management plans;
- (4) "asbestos" means the asbestiform varieties of chrysotile (serpentine), crocidolite (riebeckite), amosite (cummingtonitegrunerite), anthophyllite, tremolite, and actinolite; and
- (5) "asbestos-containing material" means any material or product which contains more than 1% asbestos.
 - Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-53,116 is hereby amended to read as

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follows: 72-53,116. (a) Any moneys in the capital outlay fund of any school district and any moneys received from issuance of bonds under K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-53,117 or 72-53,122, and amendments thereto, may be used for the purpose of the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, repair, remodeling, additions to, furnishing, maintaining and equipping of school district property and equipment necessary for school district purposes, including: (1) Computer software; (2) performance uniforms; (3) housing and boarding pupils enrolled in an area vocational school operated under the board of education; (4) architectural expenses; (5) building sites; (6) undertaking and maintenance of asbestos control projects; (7) school buses; and (8) utility expenses; (9) property and easualty insurance; and (10) other fixed assets.

- (b) The board of education of any school district is hereby authorized to invest any portion of the capital outlay fund of the school district which is not currently needed in investments authorized by K.S.A. 12-1675, and amendments thereto, in the manner prescribed therein, or may invest the same in direct obligations of the United States government maturing or redeemable at par and accrued interest within three years from date of purchase, the principal and interest whereof is guaranteed by the government of the United States. All interest received on any such investment shall upon receipt thereof be credited to the capital outlay fund.
- Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5461 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5461. (a) Upon receiving an application under K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5460, and amendments thereto, the state board of education shall review the application and examine the evidence furnished in support of the application.
- (b) (1) Commencing in school year 2017-2018, the state board of education shall not approve any application submitted during the current school year if such approval would result in the aggregate amount of all general obligation bonds approved by the state board for such school year exceeding the aggregate principal amount of all general obligation bonds retired in the immediately preceding school year. In determining whether to approve an application, the state board shall prioritize applications in accordance with the priorities set forth as follows in order of highest-priority to lowest priority:
- (A) Safety of the current facility and disability access to such facility as demonstrated by a state fire marshal report, an inspection under the Americans with disabilities act, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq., or other similar evaluation;
- (B) enrollment growth and imminent overcrowding as demonstrated by successive increases in enrollment of the school district in the immediately preceding three school years;
 - (C) impact on the delivery of educational services as demonstrated by

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restrictive inflexible design or limitations on installation of technology; and

- (D) energy usage and other operational inefficiencies as demonstrated by a district-wide energy usage analysis, district-wide architectural analysis or other similar evaluation.
- (2) The state board shall not consider a school district's eligibility for eapital improvement state aid, or the amount of capital improvement state aid a school district would be eligible to receive, in determining whether to approve such district's application.
- (3) The provisions of subsection (b)(1) shall not apply to schooldistricts that have not issued any general obligation bonds in the 25 years prior to the current school year.
- (e) (b) After reviewing the application and examining the supportive evidence, the state board of education shall issue an order either granting or denying the application. If the application is approved, the applicant board of education shall request the county election officer to hold an election to vote upon the question of issuing the increased amount of bonds in the manner provided by law.
- (d) Any application that is denied pursuant to subsection (b) may be tentatively approved by the state board of education for the immediately succeeding school year. The amount of general obligation bonds approved in any such application shall be counted first towards the aggregateamount of all general obligation bonds approved by the state board for such school year.
- (e) Commencing in school year 2017-2018, the state board of education shall determine the aggregate principal amount of generalobligation bonds retired in the immediately preceding school year.
- (f) The provisions of subsections (b), (d) and (e) shall expire on June 30, 2022.
- Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5462 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-5462. (a) There is hereby established in the state treasury the school district capital improvements fund. The fund shall consist of all amounts transferred thereto under the provisions of subsection (c).
- (b) In each school year, each school district which is obligated to make payments from its capital improvements fund shall be entitled to receive payment from the school district capital improvements fund in an amount determined by the state board of education as provided in this subsection.
- (1) For general obligation bonds approved for issuance at an election held prior to July 1, 2015, the state board of education shall:
- (A) Determine the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil (AVPP) of each school district in the state for the preceding school year and round such amount to the nearest \$1,000. The rounded amount is the AVPP of a

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school district for the purposes of this subsection (b)(1);

- (B) determine the median AVPP of all school districts;
- (C) prepare a schedule of dollar amounts using the amount of the median AVPP of all school districts as the point of beginning. The schedule of dollar amounts shall range upward in equal \$1,000 intervals from the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district with the highest AVPP of all school districts and shall range downward in equal \$1,000 intervals from the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district with the lowest AVPP of all school districts:
- (D) determine a state aid percentage factor for each school district by assigning a state aid computation percentage to the amount of the median AVPP shown on the schedule, decreasing the state aid computation percentage assigned to the amount of the median AVPP by one percentage point for each \$1,000 interval above the amount of the median AVPP, and increasing the state aid computation percentage assigned to the amount of the median AVPP by one percentage point for each \$1,000 interval below the amount of the median AVPP. Except as provided by K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5463, and amendments thereto, the state aid percentage factor of a school district is the percentage assigned to the schedule amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district. The state aid percentage factor of a school district shall not exceed 100%. The state aid computation percentage is 25%;
- (E) determine the amount of payments that a school district is obligated to make from its bond and interest fund attributable to general obligation bonds approved for issuance at an election held prior to July 1, 2015; and
- (F) multiply the amount determined under subsection (b)(1)(E) by the applicable state aid percentage factor.
- (2) For general obligation bonds approved for issuance at an election held on or after July 1, 2015, the state board of education shall:
- (A) Determine the amount of the AVPP of each school district in the state for the preceding school year and round such amount to the nearest \$1,000. The rounded amount is the AVPP of a school district for the purposes of this subsection (b)(2);
- (B) prepare a schedule of dollar amounts using the amount of the AVPP of the school district with the lowest AVPP of all school districts as the point of beginning. The schedule of dollar amounts shall range upward in equal \$1,000 intervals from the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district with the highest AVPP of all school districts;
 - (C) determine a state aid percentage factor for each school district by

assigning a state aid computation percentage to the amount of the lowest AVPP shown on the schedule and decreasing the state aid computation percentage assigned to the amount of the lowest AVPP by one percentage point for each \$1,000 interval above the amount of the lowest AVPP. Except as provided by K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-5463, and amendments thereto, the state aid percentage factor of a school district is the percentage assigned to the schedule amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district. The state aid computation percentage is 75%;

- (D) determine the amount of payments that a school district is obligated to make from its bond and interest fund attributable to general obligation bonds approved for issuance at an election held on or after July 1, 2015; and
- (E) multiply the amount determined under subsection (b)(2)(D) by the applicable state aid percentage factor.
- (3) For general obligation bonds approved for issuance at an election held on or before June 30, 2016, the sum of the amount determined under subsection (b)(1)(F) and the amount determined under subsection (b)(2)(E) is the amount of payment the school district is entitled to receive from the school district capital improvements fund in the school year.
- (4) For general obligation bonds approved for issuance at an election held on or after July 1, 2016, the amount determined under subsection (b) (2)(E) is the amount of payment the school district shall receive from the school district capital improvements fund in the school year, except the total amount of payments school districts receive from the school district capital improvements fund in the school year for such bonds shall not exceed the six-year average amount of capital improvement state aid as determined by the state board of education.
- (A) The state board of education shall determine the six-year average amount of capital improvement state aid by calculating the average of the total amount of moneys expended per year from the school district capital improvements fund in the immediately preceding six fiscal years, not to include the current fiscal year.
- (B) (i) Subject to clause (ii), the state board of education shall prioritize the allocations to school districts from the school district capital improvements fund in accordance with the priorities set forth as follows in order of highest priority to lowest priority:
- (a) Safety of the current facility and disability access to such facility as demonstrated by a state fire marshal report, an inspection under the Americans with disabilities act, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq., or other similar evaluation;
- (b) enrollment growth and imminent overcrowding as demonstrated by successive increases in enrollment of the school district in the immediately preceding three school years;

 (c) impact on the delivery of educational services as demonstrated by restrictive inflexible design or limitations on installation of technology;
 and

- (d) energy usage and other operational inefficiencies as demonstrated by a district-wide energy usage analysis, district-wide architectural analysis or other similar evaluation.
- (ii) In allocating capital improvement state aid, the state board shall give higher priority to those school districts with a lower AVPP compared to the other school districts that are to receive capital improvement state aid under this section.
- (C) On and after July 1, 2016, the state board of education shall approve the amount of state aid payments a school district shall receive from the school district capital improvements fund pursuant to subsection (b)(5) prior to an election to approve the issuance of general obligation bonds.
- (5) Except as provided in subsections subsection (b)(6) and (b)(7), the sum of the amounts determined under subsection (b)(3) and the amount determined or allocated to the district by the state board of education pursuant to subsection (b)(4), is the amount of payment the school district is entitled to receive from the school district capital improvements fund in the school year.
- (6) A school district that had an enrollment of less than 260 students in the school year immediately preceding the school year in which an election is held to approve the issuance of general obligation bonds shall not be entitled to receive payments from the school district capital improvements fund unless such school district applied for and received approval from the state board of education to issue such bonds prior to holding an election to approve such bond issuance. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to general obligation bonds approved for issuance at an election held on or after July 1, 2017, that are issued for the purpose of financing the construction of new school facilities.
- (7) For general obligation bonds approved for issuance at an election held on or after July 1, 2017, in determining the amount under subsection (b)(2)(D), the state board shall exclude payments for any capital-improvement project, or portion thereof, that proposes to construct, reconstruct or remodel a facility that would be used primarily for extracurricular activities, unless the construction, reconstruction or remodeling of such facility is necessary due to concerns relating to the safety of the current facility or disability access to such facility as demonstrated by a state fire marshal report, an inspection under the Americans with disabilities act, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq., or other similar evaluation.
 - (c) The state board of education shall certify to the director of

accounts and reports the entitlements of school districts determined under the provisions of subsection (b), and an amount equal thereto shall be transferred by the director from the state general fund to the school district capital improvements fund for distribution to school districts. All transfers made in accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall be considered to be demand transfers from the state general fund, except that all such transfers during the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017, June 30, 2018, and June 30, 2019, shall be considered to be revenue transfers from the state general fund.

- (d) Payments from the school district capital improvements fund shall be distributed to school districts at times determined by the state board of education to be necessary to assist school districts in making scheduled payments pursuant to contractual bond obligations. The state board of education shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each school district entitled to payment from the fund, and the director of accounts and reports shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of the school district. Upon receipt of the warrant, the treasurer of the school district shall credit the amount thereof to the bond and interest fund of the school district to be used for the purposes of such fund.
- (e) The provisions of this section apply only to contractual obligations incurred by school districts pursuant to general obligation bonds issued upon approval of a majority of the qualified electors of the school district voting at an election upon the question of the issuance of such bonds.
- (f) On or before the first day of the legislative session in 2017, and each year thereafter, the state board of education shall prepare and submit a report to the legislature that includes information on school district elections held on or after July 1, 2016, to approve the issuance of general obligation bonds and the amount of payments school districts were approved to receive from the school district capital improvements fund pursuant to subsection (b)(4)(C).
- Sec. 21. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 79-32,117 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,117. (a) The Kansas adjusted gross income of an individual means such individual's federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year, with the modifications specified in this section.
 - (b) There shall be added to federal adjusted gross income:
- (i) Interest income less any related expenses directly incurred in the purchase of state or political subdivision obligations, to the extent that the same is not included in federal adjusted gross income, on obligations of any state or political subdivision thereof, but to the extent that interest income on obligations of this state or a political subdivision thereof issued prior to January 1, 1988, is specifically exempt from income tax under the

 laws of this state authorizing the issuance of such obligations, it shall be excluded from computation of Kansas adjusted gross income whether or not included in federal adjusted gross income. Interest income on obligations of this state or a political subdivision thereof issued after December 31, 1987, shall be excluded from computation of Kansas adjusted gross income whether or not included in federal adjusted gross income.

- (ii) Taxes on or measured by income or fees or payments in lieu of income taxes imposed by this state or any other taxing jurisdiction to the extent deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income and not credited against federal income tax. This paragraph shall not apply to taxes imposed under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-1107 or 79-1108, and amendments thereto, for privilege tax year 1995, and all such years thereafter
- (iii) The federal net operating loss deduction, except that the federal net operating loss deduction shall not be added to an individual's federal adjusted gross income for tax years beginning after December 31, 2016.
- (iv) Federal income tax refunds received by the taxpayer if the deduction of the taxes being refunded resulted in a tax benefit for Kansas income tax purposes during a prior taxable year. Such refunds shall be included in income in the year actually received regardless of the method of accounting used by the taxpayer. For purposes hereof, a tax benefit shall be deemed to have resulted if the amount of the tax had been deducted in determining income subject to a Kansas income tax for a prior year regardless of the rate of taxation applied in such prior year to the Kansas taxable income, but only that portion of the refund shall be included as bears the same proportion to the total refund received as the federal taxes deducted in the year to which such refund is attributable bears to the total federal income taxes paid for such year. For purposes of the foregoing sentence, federal taxes shall be considered to have been deducted only to the extent such deduction does not reduce Kansas taxable income below zero.
- (v) The amount of any depreciation deduction or business expense deduction claimed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for any capital expenditure in making any building or facility accessible to the handicapped, for which expenditure the taxpayer claimed the credit allowed by K.S.A. 79-32,177, and amendments thereto.
- (vi) Any amount of designated employee contributions picked up by an employer pursuant to K.S.A. 12-5005, 20-2603, 74-4919 and 74-4965, and amendments thereto.
- (vii) The amount of any charitable contribution made to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for the credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,196, and amendments thereto.

(viii) The amount of any costs incurred for improvements to a swine facility, claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income, to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 79-32,204, and amendments thereto

- (ix) The amount of any ad valorem taxes and assessments paid and the amount of any costs incurred for habitat management or construction and maintenance of improvements on real property, claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income, to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,203, and amendments thereto
- (x) Amounts received as nonqualified withdrawals, as defined by K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 75-643, and amendments thereto, if, at the time of contribution to a family postsecondary education savings account, such amounts were subtracted from the federal adjusted gross income pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,117(c)(xv), and amendments thereto, or if such amounts are not already included in the federal adjusted gross income.
- (xi) The amount of any contribution made to the same extent the same is claimed as the basis for the credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 74-50,154, and amendments thereto.
- (xii) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2004, amounts received as withdrawals not in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 74-50,204, and amendments thereto, if, at the time of contribution to an individual development account, such amounts were subtracted from the federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subsection (c)(xiii), or if such amounts are not already included in the federal adjusted gross income.
- (xiii) The amount of any expenditures claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income, to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 79-32,217 through 79-32,220 or 79-32,222, and amendments thereto.
- (xiv) The amount of any amortization deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income to the extent the same is claimed for deduction pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 79-32,221, and amendments thereto.
- (xv) The amount of any expenditures claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income, to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 79-32,223 through 79-32,226, 79-32,228 through 79-32,231, 79-32,233 through 79-32,236, 79-32,238 through 79-32,241, 79-32,245 through 79-32,248 or 79-32,251 through 79-32,254, and amendments thereto.
- (xvi) The amount of any amortization deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income to the extent the same is

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claimed for deduction pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 79-32,227, 79-32,232, 79-32,237, 79-32,249, 79-32,250 or 79-32,255, and amendments thereto.

(xvii) The amount of any amortization deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income to the extent the same is claimed for deduction pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 79-32,256, and amendments thereto.

(xviii) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2006, the amount of any ad valorem or property taxes and assessments paid to a state other than Kansas or local government located in a state other than Kansas by a taxpayer who resides in a state other than Kansas, when the law of such state does not allow a resident of Kansas who earns income in such other state to claim a deduction for ad valorem or property taxes or assessments paid to a political subdivision of the state of Kansas in determining taxable income for income tax purposes in such other state, to the extent that such taxes and assessments are claimed as an itemized deduction for federal income tax purposes.

(xix) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any: (1) Loss from business as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule C and on line 12 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; (2) loss from rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, except those with wholly owned subsidiaries subject to the Kansas privilege tax, estates, trusts, residual interest in real estate mortgage investment conduits and net farm rental as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule E and on line 17 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; and (3) farm loss as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule F and on line 18 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal income tax return; all to the extent deducted or subtracted in determining the taxpaver's federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this subsection, references to the federal form 1040 and federal schedule C, schedule E, and schedule F, shall be to such form and schedules as they existed for tax year 2011, and as revised thereafter by the internal revenue service.

(xx) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for selfemployment taxes under section 164(f) of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer, to the extent the deduction is attributable to income reported on schedule C, E or F and on line 12, 17 or 18 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal income tax return.

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(xxi) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for pension, profit sharing, and annuity plans of self-employed individuals under section 62(a)(6) of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer.

(xxii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for health insurance under section 162(1) of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer.

(xxiii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for domestic production activities under section 199 of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer.

(xxiv) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013, that portion of the amount of any expenditure deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income for expenses paid for medical care of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or dependents when such expenses were paid or incurred for an abortion, or for a health benefit plan, as defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 65-6731, and amendments thereto, for the purchase of an optional rider for coverage of abortion in accordance with K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 40-2,190, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such taxes and assessments are claimed as an itemized deduction for federal income tax purposes.

(xxv) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013, that portion of the amount of any expenditure deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income for expenses paid by a taxpayer for health care when such expenses were paid or incurred for abortion coverage, a health benefit plan, as defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 65-6731, and amendments thereto, when such expenses were paid or incurred for abortion coverage or amounts contributed to health savings accounts for such taxpayer's employees for the purchase of an optional rider for coverage of abortion in accordance with K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 40-2,190, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such taxes and assessments are claimed as a deduction for federal income tax purposes.

(xxvi) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2016, and ending before January 1, 2018, the amount of any charitable contribution made to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for the credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-4357, and amendments thereto, and is also claimed as an itemized deduction for federal income tax purposes.

(c) There shall be subtracted from federal adjusted gross income:

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(i) Interest or dividend income on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States and its possessions less any related expenses directly incurred in the purchase of such obligations or securities, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States.

- (ii) Any amounts received which are included in federal adjusted gross income but which are specifically exempt from Kansas income taxation under the laws of the state of Kansas.
- (iii) The portion of any gain or loss from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis for Kansas income tax purposes than for federal income tax purposes on the date such property was sold or disposed of in a transaction in which gain or loss was recognized for purposes of federal income tax that does not exceed such difference in basis, but if a gain is considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification shall be limited to that portion of such gain which is included in federal adjusted gross income.
- (iv) The amount necessary to prevent the taxation under this act of any annuity or other amount of income or gain which was properly included in income or gain and was taxed under the laws of this state for a taxable year prior to the effective date of this act, as amended, to the taxpayer, or to a decedent by reason of whose death the taxpayer acquired the right to receive the income or gain, or to a trust or estate from which the taxpayer received the income or gain.
- (v) The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of taxes on or measured by income or fees or payments in lieu of income taxes imposed by this state, or any taxing jurisdiction, to the extent included in gross income for federal income tax purposes.
- (vi) Accumulation distributions received by a taxpayer as a beneficiary of a trust to the extent that the same are included in federal adjusted gross income.
- (vii) Amounts received as annuities under the federal civil service retirement system from the civil service retirement and disability fund and other amounts received as retirement benefits in whatever form which were earned for being employed by the federal government or for service in the armed forces of the United States.
- (viii) Amounts received by retired railroad employees as a supplemental annuity under the provisions of 45 U.S.C. §§ 228b (a) and 228c (a)(1) et seq.
- (ix) Amounts received by retired employees of a city and by retired employees of any board of such city as retirement allowances pursuant to K.S.A. 13-14,106, and amendments thereto, or pursuant to any charter ordinance exempting a city from the provisions of K.S.A. 13-14,106, and

amendments thereto.

- (x) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1976, the amount of the federal tentative jobs tax credit disallowance under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. § 280 C. For taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, the amount of the targeted jobs tax credit and work incentive credit disallowances under 26 U.S.C. § 280 C.
- (xi) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, dividend income on stock issued by Kansas venture capital, inc.
- (xii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989, amounts received by retired employees of a board of public utilities as pension and retirement benefits pursuant to K.S.A. 13-1246, 13-1246a and 13-1249, and amendments thereto.
- (xiii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, amounts contributed to and the amount of income earned on contributions deposited to an individual development account under K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 74-50,201 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (xiv) For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1996, that portion of any income of a bank organized under the laws of this state or any other state, a national banking association organized under the laws of the United States, an association organized under the savings and loan code of this state or any other state, or a federal savings association organized under the laws of the United States, for which an election as an S corporation under subchapter S of the federal internal revenue code is in effect, which accrues to the taxpayer who is a stockholder of such corporation and which is not distributed to the stockholders as dividends of the corporation. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of modification under this subsection shall exclude the portion of income or loss reported on schedule E and included on line 17 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return.
- (xv) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, amounts not exceeding \$3,000, or \$6,000 for a married couple filing a joint return, for each designated beneficiary which are contributed to a family postsecondary education savings account established under the Kansas postsecondary education savings program or a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state or agency or instrumentality thereof pursuant to section 529 of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, for the purpose of paying the qualified higher education expenses of a designated beneficiary at an institution of postsecondary education. The terms and phrases used in this paragraph shall have the meaning respectively ascribed thereto by the provisions of K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 75-643, and amendments thereto, and the provisions of such section are hereby incorporated by reference for all purposes thereof.

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(xvi) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, amounts received by taxpayers who are or were members of the armed forces of the United States, including service in the Kansas army and air national guard, as a recruitment, sign up or retention bonus received by such taxpayer as an incentive to join, enlist or remain in the armed services of the United States, including service in the Kansas army and air national guard, and amounts received for repayment of educational or student loans incurred by or obligated to such taxpayer and received by such taxpayer as a result of such taxpayer's service in the armed forces of the United States, including service in the Kansas army and air national guard.

(xvii) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, amounts received by taxpayers who are eligible members of the Kansas army and air national guard as a reimbursement pursuant to K.S.A. 48-281, and amendments thereto, and amounts received for death benefits pursuant to K.S.A. 48-282, and amendments thereto, or pursuant to section 1 or section 2 of chapter 207 of the 2005 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such death benefits are included in federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.

(xviii) For the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2006, amounts received as benefits under the federal social security act which are included in federal adjusted gross income of a taxpayer with federal adjusted gross income of \$50,000 or less, whether such taxpayer's filing status is single, head of household, married filing separate or married filing jointly; and for all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, amounts received as benefits under the federal social security act which are included in federal adjusted gross income of a taxpayer with federal adjusted gross income of \$75,000 or less, whether such taxpayer's filing status is single, head of household, married filing separate or married filing jointly.

(xix) Amounts received by retired employees of Washburn university as retirement and pension benefits under the university's retirement plan.

(xx) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any: (1) Net profit from business as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule C and on line 12 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; (2) net income, not including guaranteed payments as defined in section 707(c) of the federal internal revenue code and as reported to the taxpayer from federal schedule K-1, (form 1065-B), in box 9, code F or as reported to the taxpayer from federal schedule K-1, (form 1065) in box 4, from rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, estates, trusts, residual interest in real estate mortgage investment conduits and net farm rental as determined under the

federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule E and on line 17

of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; and (3) net farm profit as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule F and on line 18 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal income tax return; all to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this subsection, references to the federal form 1040 and federal schedule C, schedule E, and schedule F, shall be to such form and schedules as they existed for tax year 2011 and as revised thereafter by the internal revenue service.

For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013, amounts equal to the unreimbursed travel, lodging and medical expenditures directly incurred by a taxpayer while living, or a dependent of the taxpayer while living, for the donation of one or more human organs of the taxpayer, or a dependent of the taxpayer, to another person for human organ transplantation. The expenses may be claimed as a subtraction modification provided for in this section to the extent the expenses are not already subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. In no circumstances shall the subtraction modification provided for in this section for any individual, or a dependent, exceed \$5,000. As used in this section, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung or bone marrow. The provisions of this paragraph shall take effect on the day the secretary of revenue certifies to the director of the budget that the cost for the department of revenue of modifications to the automated tax system for the purpose of implementing this paragraph will not exceed \$20,000.

(xxii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of net gain from the sale of: (1) Cattle and horses, regardless of age, held by the taxpayer for draft, breeding, dairy or sporting purposes, and held by such taxpayer for 24 months or more from the date of acquisition; and (2) other livestock, regardless of age, held by the taxpayer for draft, breeding, dairy or sporting purposes, and held by such taxpayer for 12 months or more from the date of acquisition. The subtraction from federal adjusted gross income shall be limited to the amount of the additions recognized under the provisions of subsection (b)(xix) attributable to the business in which the livestock sold had been used. As used in this paragraph, the term "livestock" shall not include poultry.

(xxiii) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, amounts received under either the Overland Park, Kansas police department retirement plan or the Overland Park, Kansas fire department retirement plan, both as established by the city of Overland Park, pursuant to the city's home rule authority.

(xxiv) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013, and ending before January 1, 2017, the net gain from the sale from Christmas

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trees grown in Kansas and held by the taxpayer for six years or more.

- (d) There shall be added to or subtracted from federal adjusted gross income the taxpayer's share, as beneficiary of an estate or trust, of the Kansas fiduciary adjustment determined under K.S.A. 79-32,135, and amendments thereto
- (e) The amount of modifications required to be made under this section by a partner which relates to items of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit of a partnership shall be determined under K.S.A. 79-32,131, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such items affect federal adjusted gross income of the partner.
- (f) No taxpayer shall be assessed penalties and interest from the underpayment of taxes due to changes to this section that became law on July 1, 2017, so long as such underpayment is rectified on or before April 17, 2018.
- 14 17, 2018.

 Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 72-99a02, as amended by section 96 of chapter 95 of the 2017 Session Laws of Kansas and K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 72-1171, 72-4352, 72-4354, 72-4357, 72-5131, 72-5132, 72-5133, 72-5143, 72-5144, 72-5145, 72-5148, 72-5149, 72-5150, 72-5151, 72-5153, 72-5155, 72-5171, 72-5172, 72-5176, 72-53,113, 72-53,116, 72-5461, 72-5462, 72-6463, 72-6464, 72-6465, 72-6467, 72-6468, 72-6469, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-6470, 72-6471, 72-6472, 72-6473, 72-6474, 72-6475, 72-6477, 72-6470, 72-64
- 22 6478, 72-6479, 72-6480, 72-6481, 79-32,117 and 79-32,1170 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 23. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.