Senate Substitute for HOUSE BILL No. 2184

By Committee on Commerce

3-15

AN ACT concerning workers compensation death benefits; initial payments; legal heirs; dependents; funeral expenses; conservatorship; adequacy and equivalency with respect to other benefit limits; high school children over 18 years of age; amending K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 44-510b and repealing the existing section.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 44-510b is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-510b. Where death results from injury, compensation shall be paid as provided in K.S.A. 44-510h and 44-510i, and amendments thereto, and as follows:

- (a) If an employee leaves any dependents wholly dependent upon the employee's earnings at the time of the accident or injury, all compensation benefits under this section shall be paid to-such the dependent persons. There shall be an initial payment of \$40,000 \$60,000 to the surviving legal spouse or a wholly dependent child or children or both. The initial payment shall not be subject to the 8% discount as provided in K.S.A. 44-531, and amendments thereto. The initial payment shall be immediately due and payable and apportioned 50% to the surviving legal spouse and 50% to the dependent children. Thereafter, such the dependents shall be paid weekly compensation, except as otherwise provided in this section, in a total sum to all-such the dependents, equal to $66^2/_3\%$ of the average weekly wage of the employee at the time of the accident or injury, computed as provided in K.S.A. 44-511, and amendments thereto, but in no event shall-such the weekly benefits exceed the maximum weekly benefits provided in K.S.A. 44-510c, and amendments thereto, nor be less than a minimum weekly benefit of the dollar amount nearest to 50% of the state's average weekly wage as determined pursuant to K.S.A. 44-511, and amendments thereto, subject to the following:
- (1) If the employee leaves a surviving legal spouse or a wholly dependent child or children, or both, who are eligible for benefits under this section, then all death benefits shall be paid to—such the surviving spouse or children, or both, and no benefits shall be paid to any other wholly or partially dependent persons.
- (2) A surviving legal spouse shall be paid compensation benefits for life, except as otherwise provided in this section.

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- (3) Any wholly dependent child of the employee shall be paid compensation, except as otherwise provided in this section, until—such the dependent child becomes 18 years of age, unless the child is enrolled in high school. In that event, compensation shall continue until May 30th of the child's senior year in high school or until the child becomes 19 years of age, whichever is earlier. A wholly dependent child of the employee shall be paid compensation, except as otherwise provided in this section, until—such the dependent child becomes 23 years of age during any period of time that one of the following conditions is met:
- (A) The wholly dependent child is not physically or mentally capable of earning wages in any type of substantial and gainful employment; or
- (B) the wholly dependent child is a student enrolled full-time in an accredited institution of higher education or vocational education.
- (4) If the employee leaves no legal spouse or dependent children eligible for benefits under this section but leaves other dependents wholly dependent upon the employee's earnings, such the other dependents shall receive weekly compensation benefits as provided in this subsection until death, remarriage or so long as—such the other dependents do not receive more than 50% of their support from any other earnings or income or from any other source, except that the maximum benefits payable to all—such the other dependents, regardless of the number of—such the other dependents, shall not exceed a maximum amount of \$18,500 \$100,000.
- (b) Where the employee leaves a surviving legal spouse and dependent children who were wholly dependent upon the employee's earnings and are eligible for benefits under this section 50% of the maximum weekly benefits payable shall be apportioned to-such the spouse and 50% to-such the dependent children.
- (c) If an employee does not leave any dependents who were wholly dependent upon the employee's earnings at the time of the injury but leaves dependents, other than a spouse or children, in part dependent on the employee's earnings, such the percentage of a sum equal to three times the employee's average yearly earnings but not exceeding—\$18,500-\$100,000 but not less than-\$2,500 \$25,000, as such the employee's average annual contributions which the employee made to the support of such the dependents during the two years preceding the date of the injury, bears to the employee's average yearly earnings during the contemporaneous two-year period, shall be paid in compensation to—such the dependents, in weekly payments as provided in subsection (a), not to exceed—\$18,500-\$100,000 to all-such the dependents.
- (d) If an employee does not leave any dependents, either wholly or partially dependent upon the employee, a lump-sum payment of \$25,000 \$100,000 shall be made to the legal heirs of such the employee in accordance with Kansas law. If the employer procured a life insurance

 policy with beneficiaries designated by the employee and in an amount not less than \$50,000, then the amount paid to the legal heirs under this section shall be reduced by the amount of the life insurance policy up to a maximum deduction of \$100,000. However under no circumstances shall such the payment escheat to the state. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, no such payment shall be required if the employer has procured a life insurance policy, with beneficiaries designated by the employee, providing coverage in an amount not less than \$18,500.

- (e) The administrative law judge, except as otherwise provided in this section, shall have the power and authority to apportion and reapportion the compensation allowed under this section, either to wholly dependent persons or partially dependent persons, in accordance with the degree of dependency as of the date of the injury, except that the weekly payment of compensation to any and all dependents shall not exceed the maximum nor be less than the minimum weekly benefits provided in subsection (a).
- (f) In all cases of death compensable under this section, the employer shall pay the reasonable expense of burial not exceeding \$5,000 \$10,000. Where required, the employer shall pay the costs of a court-appointed conservator not to exceed \$1,000 \$2,500.
- (g) The marriage or death of any dependent shall terminate all compensation, under this section, to—such the dependent except the marriage of the surviving legal spouse shall not terminate benefits to—such the spouse. Upon the death of the surviving legal spouse or the marriage or death of a dependent child, the compensation payable to—such the spouse or child shall be reapportioned to those, among the surviving legal spouse and dependent children, who remain eligible to receive compensation under this section.
- (h) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section to the contrary, the maximum amount of compensation benefits payable under this section, including the initial payment in subsection (a) to any and all dependents by the employer shall not exceed a total amount of \$300,000 and when-such the total amount has been paid the liability of the employer for any further compensation under this section to dependents, other than minor children of the employee, shall cease except that the payment of compensation under this section to any minor child of the employee shall continue for the period of the child's minority at the weekly rate in effect when the employer's liability is otherwise terminated under this subsection and shall not be subject to termination under this subsection until-such the child becomes 18 years of age.
- (i) Persons receiving benefits under this section shall submit an annual statement to the insurance carrier, self-insured employer or groupfunded workers compensation pool paying the benefits, in-such the form and containing—such the information relating to eligibility for

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compensation under this section as may be required by rules and 1 2 regulations of the director. If the person receiving benefits under this 3 section is a surviving spouse or a dependent child who has reached the age 4 of majority, such the person shall personally submit an annual statement. If 5 the person receiving benefits under this section is a dependent child 6 subject to a conservator, the conservator of such the child shall submit the 7 annual statement. If-such the person fails to submit an annual statement, 8 the payer of benefits may notify the director of-such the failure and the 9 director shall notify the person of the failure by certified mail with return receipt. If-such the person fails to submit the annual statement or fails to 10 11 reasonably provide the required information within 30 days after receipt of 12 the notice from the director, all compensation benefits paid under this section to-such the person shall be suspended until the annual statement is 13 14 submitted in proper form to the payer of benefits.

- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 44-510b is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.