SESSION OF 2016

SUPPLEMENTAL NOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 2469

As Amended by House Committee of the Whole

Brief*

HB 2469 would increase the amount of beer that could be manufactured with a microbrewery license, allowing production of between 100 and 60,000 barrels of domestic beer in a calendar year for each microbrewery license issued in the state. The bill also would specify that if a licensee has 10 percent or greater ownership interest in another entity that also holds a microbrewery license, the aggregate number of domestic barrels manufactured by licensees under such common ownership could not exceed 60,000 barrels. Under current law, each license allows the production of between 100 and 30,000 barrels of beer in a calendar year.

Background

At the hearing before the House Federal and State Affairs Committee, a representative of the Kansas Craft Brewers Guild appeared in support of the bill. He testified that increasing the cap on microbrewery production would allow the microbreweries in the state to continue growing as microbreweries, keeping jobs, production facilities, and income in the state. Written testimony in support of the bill was submitted by a representative of Tallgrass Brewing Company.

The Interim Director of the Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control, Department of Revenue, appeared as neutral on the bill. She requested, if the Legislature moves forward with the bill, production should not be increased

^{*}Supplemental notes are prepared by the Legislative Research Department and do not express legislative intent. The supplemental note and fiscal note for this bill may be accessed on the Internet at http://www.kslegislature.org

beyond 60,000 barrels per year under a microbrewery license in the future.

No testimony in opposition to the bill was presented at the hearing.

The House Committee of the Whole amended the bill by adding language specifying that if a licensee has 10 percent or greater ownership interest in another entity that also holds a microbrewery license, the aggregate number of domestic barrels manufactured by licensees under such common ownership could not exceed 60,000 barrels.

According to the fiscal note prepared by the Division of the Budget, the Department of Revenue estimates the bill could potentially raise liquor gallonage tax receipts. However, the Department of Revenue does not have data on the number of additional barrels above 30,000 that microbreweries might produce, so it cannot provide a precise estimate of the amount of additional tax receipts that may result from the changes proposed in the bill. Any fiscal effect associated with the bill is not reflected in *The FY 2017 Governor's Budget Report*.