## **House Concurrent Resolution No. 5013**

By Committee on Judiciary

2-10

1 A PROPOSITION to amend the constitution of the state of Kansas by 2 revising article 3 thereof, relating to the judiciary.

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6 7 Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Kansas, two-thirds of the members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the House of Representatives and two-thirds of the members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the Senate concurring therein:

8 Section 1. The following proposition to amend the constitution of 9 the state of Kansas shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state 10 for their approval or rejection: Article 3 of the constitution of the state of 11 Kansas is hereby amended to read as follows:

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## "Article 3.—JUDICIAL

"§ 1. Judicial power; seals; rules. The judicial power of
this state shall be vested exclusively in one court of justice,
which shall be divided into one supreme court, one court of
appeals, district courts, and such other courts as are provided by
law; and all courts of record shall have a seal. The supreme
court shall have general administrative authority over all courts
in this state.

20 "§ 2. Supreme court. The supreme court shall consist of not less than seven justices who shall be selected as provided by 21 22 this article. All cases shall be heard with not fewer than four 23 justices sitting and the concurrence of a majority of the justices 24 sitting and of not fewer than four justices shall be necessary for 25 a decision. The term of office of the justices shall be six years except as hereinafter provided. The justice who is senior in 26 27 continuous term of service shall be chief justice, and in case 28 two or more have continuously served during the same period the senior in age of these shall be chief justice. A justice may 29 decline or resign from the office of chief justice without 30 31 resigning from the court. Upon such declination or resignation, 32 the justice who is next senior in continuous term of service shall 33 become chief justice. During incapacity of a chief justice, the duties, powers and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon 34 35 the justice who is next senior in continuous service.

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"§3. Jurisdiction and terms. The supreme court shall

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have original jurisdiction in proceedings in quo warranto, mandamus, and habeas corpus; and such appellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law. It shall hold one term each year at the seat of government and such other terms at such places as may be provided by law, and its jurisdiction shall be coextensive with the state.

7 "§ 4. Reporter; clerk. There shall be appointed, by the
8 justices of the supreme court, a reporter and clerk of such court,
9 who shall hold their offices two years, and whose duties shall be
10 prescribed by law.

" 5. Selection of justices of the supreme court. (a) (1) 11 Any vacancy occurring in the office of any justice of the 12 supreme court and any position to be open thereon as a result of 13 enlargement of the court, or the retirement or failure of an 14 incumbent to file such justice's declaration of candidacy to be 15 16 retained in office as hereinafter required, or failure of a justice 17 to be elected to be retained in office, shall be filled by 18 appointment by the governor of one of three persons possessing 19 the qualifications of office who shall be nominated and whose 20 names shall be submitted to the governor by the supreme court 21 nominating commission established as hereinafter provided.

(2) Whenever a vacancy occurs, will occur or position
opens on the supreme court, the clerk of the supreme court shall
promptly give notice to the governor.

(3) In event of the failure of the governor to make the
appointment within 60 days from the time the names of the
nominees are submitted to the governor, the chief justice of the
supreme court shall make the appointment from such nominees.

(4) Whenever a vacancy in the office of justice of the
supreme court exists at the time the appointment to fill such
vacancy is made pursuant to this section, the appointment shall
be effective at the time it is made, but where an appointment is
made pursuant to this section to fill a vacancy which will occur
at a future date, such appointment shall not take effect until
such date.

(b) (1) Each justice of the supreme court appointed
pursuant to subsection (a) shall hold office for an initial term
ending on the second Monday in January following the first
general election that occurs after the expiration of 12 months in
office.

41 (2) Not less than 60 days prior to the holding of the general
42 election next preceding the expiration of such justice's term of
43 office, any justice of the supreme court may file in the office of

the secretary of state a declaration of candidacy for election to be retained in office. If a declaration is not so filed, the position held by such justice shall be open from the expiration of such justice's term of office. If such declaration is filed, such justice's name shall be submitted at the next general election to the electors of the state on a separate judicial ballot, without party designation, reading substantially as follows:

8 "Shall (<u>Here insert name of justice.</u>), Justice of the Supreme
9 Court, be retained in office?"

(3) If a majority of those voting on the question vote 10 against retaining such justice in office, the position or office 11 which such justice holds shall be open upon the expiration of 12 13 such justice's term of office; otherwise such justice shall, unless removed for cause, remain in office for the regular term of six 14 15 years from the second Monday in January following such election. At the expiration of each term such justice shall, unless 16 17 by law such justice is compelled to retire, be eligible for 18 retention in office by election in the manner prescribed in this 19 section

20 (4) If a majority of those voting on the question vote 21 against the justice's retention, the secretary of state, following 22 the final canvass of votes on the question, shall certify the 23 results to the clerk of the supreme court. Any such justice who 24 has not been retained in office pursuant to this section shall not be eligible for nomination or appointment to the office of justice 25 26 of the supreme court prior to the expiration of six years after the 27 expiration of the justice's term of office.

(d) A nonpartisan nominating commission whose duty it
shall be to nominate and submit to the governor the names of
persons for appointment to fill vacancies in the office of any
justice of the supreme court and any judge of the court of
appeals is hereby established, and shall be known as the
"supreme court nominating commission." The commission shall
be organized as hereinafter provided.

(e) The supreme court nominating commission shall becomposed as follows:

37 (1) One member from each congressional district who is an
38 attorney, chosen from among their number by the resident
39 members of the bar in each such district;

40 (2) five members appointed by the governor as follows:
41 One member from each congressional district; and one member
42 from the state as a whole who shall serve as the non-voting
43 chairperson of the commission; and

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(3) six members appointed by the legislature as follows: Two by the president of the senate; two by the speaker of the house of representatives; one by the minority leader of the senate; and one by the minority leader of the house of representatives.

(f) The terms of office, the procedure for selection and certification of the members of the commission and provision for their compensation or expenses shall be as provided by the 9 legislature.

10 (g) No member of the supreme court nominating commission shall, while a member, hold any other public office 11 by appointment or any official position in a political party or for 12 six months thereafter be eligible for nomination for the office of 13 justice of the supreme court or judge of the court of appeals. 14 15 The commission may act only by the concurrence of a majority 16 of its members.

17 "§ 6. Court of appeals. (a) (1) The court of appeals shall 18 consist of not less than 14 judges. Any vacancy occurring in the 19 office of any judge of the court of appeals and any position to 20 be open on the court of appeals as a result of enlargement of such court, or the retirement or failure of an incumbent to file 21 such judge's declaration of candidacy to be retained in office as 22 23 hereinafter required, or failure of a judge to be elected to be 24 retained in office, shall be filled by appointment by the governor of one of three persons possessing the qualifications 25 26 of office who shall be nominated and whose names shall be 27 submitted to the governor by the supreme court nominating 28 commission established by section 5 of this article.

29 (2) Whenever a vacancy occurs, will occur or position 30 opens on the court of appeals, the clerk of the supreme court 31 shall promptly give notice to the governor.

32 (3) In event of the failure of the governor to make the 33 appointment within 60 days from the time the names of the nominees are submitted to the governor, the chief justice of the 34 35 supreme court shall make the appointment from such nominees.

(4) Whenever a vacancy in the office of judge of the court 36 37 of appeals exists at the time the appointment to fill such vacancy is made pursuant to this section, the appointment shall 38 39 be effective at the time it is made, but where an appointment is 40 made pursuant to this section to fill a vacancy which will occur 41 at a future date, such appointment shall not take effect until 42 such date

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(b) (1) Each judge of the court of appeals appointed

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pursuant to subsection (a) shall hold office for an initial term 2 ending on the second Monday in January following the first general election that occurs after the expiration of 12 months in 4 office.

5 (2) Not less than 60 days prior to the holding of the general election next preceding the expiration of such judge's term of 6 7 office, any judge of the court of appeals may file in the office of 8 the secretary of state a declaration of candidacy for election to 9 be retained in office. If a declaration is not so filed, the position 10 held by such judge shall be open from the expiration of such judge's term of office. If such declaration is filed, such judge's 11 name shall be submitted at the next general election to the 12 13 electors of the state on a separate judicial ballot, without party 14 designation, reading substantially as follows:

15 "Shall (Here insert name of judge.), Judge of the Court of 16 Appeals, be retained in office?"

17 (3) If a majority of those voting on the question vote 18 against retaining such judge in office, the position or office 19 which such judge holds shall be open upon the expiration of 20 such judge's term of office; otherwise such judge shall, unless 21 removed for cause, remain in office for the regular term of four 22 years from the second Monday in January following such 23 election. At the expiration of each term such judge shall, unless 24 by law such judge is compelled to retire, be eligible for 25 retention in office by election in the manner prescribed in this 26 section.

27 (4) If a majority of those voting on the question vote 28 against the judge's retention, the secretary of state, following the 29 final canvass of votes on the question, shall certify the results to the clerk of the supreme court. Any such judge who has not 30 31 been retained in office pursuant to this section shall not be 32 eligible for nomination or appointment to the office of judge of 33 the court of appeals prior to the expiration of four years after the expiration of the judge's term of office. 34

(c) The supreme court may assign a judge of the court of 35 36 appeals to serve temporarily on the supreme court.

37 (d) The supreme court or the court of appeals may assign a district judge to serve temporarily on the court of appeals. 38

"§7. District courts. (a) The state shall be divided into 39 judicial districts as provided by law. Each judicial district shall 40 have at least one district judge. The term of office of each judge 41 42 of the district court shall be four years. District court shall be 43 held at such times and places as may be provided by law. The

district judges shall be elected by the electors of the respective 1 2 judicial districts unless the electors of a judicial district have 3 adopted and not subsequently rejected a method of nonpartisan selection. The legislature shall provide a method of nonpartisan 4 selection of district judges and for the manner of submission 5 6 and resubmission thereof to the electors of a judicial district. A 7 nonpartisan method of selection of district judges may be 8 adopted, and once adopted may be rejected, only by a majority 9 of electors of a judicial district voting on the question at an election in which the proposition is submitted. Whenever a 10 vacancy occurs in the office of district judge, it shall be filled 11 by appointment by the governor until the next general election 12 that occurs more than 30 days after such vacancy, or as may be 13 provided by such nonpartisan method of selection. 14

(b) The district courts shall have such jurisdiction in theirrespective districts as may be provided by law.

17 (c) The legislature shall provide for clerks of the district18 courts.

(d) Provision may be made by law for judges pro tem ofthe district court.

(e) The supreme court or any justice thereof shall have the
 power to assign judges of district courts temporarily to other
 districts.

(f) The supreme court may assign a district judge to servetemporarily on the supreme court.

26 (g) The supreme court or the court of appeals may assign a
27 district judge to serve temporarily on the court of appeals.

28 "§8. Qualifications of justices and judges. Justices of the
29 supreme court, judges of the court of appeals and judges of the
30 district courts shall be at least 30 years of age and shall be duly
31 authorized by the supreme court of Kansas to practice law in the
32 courts of this state and shall possess such other qualifications as
33 may be prescribed by law.

34 "§9. Prohibition of political activity by justices and certain judges. No justice of the supreme court who is 35 appointed or retained under the procedure of section 5 of this 36 37 article, nor any judge of the court of appeals who is appointed or retained under the procedure of section 6 of this article, nor 38 any judge of the district court holding office under a 39 nonpartisan method authorized in subsection (a) of section 7 of 40 this article, shall directly or indirectly make any contribution to 41 or hold any office in a political party or organization or take 42 43 part in any political campaign.

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"**§ 10.** Extension of terms until successor qualified. All judicial officers shall hold their offices until their successors shall have qualified.

4 "§11. Compensation of justices and judges; certain 5 limitation. The justices of the supreme court, judges of the court of appeals and judges of the district courts shall receive 6 7 for their services such compensation as may be provided by 8 law, which shall not be diminished during their terms of office, 9 unless by general law applicable to all salaried officers of the state. Such justices or judges shall receive no fees or perquisites 10 nor hold any other office of profit or trust under the authority of 11 the state, or the United States, except as may be provided by 12 13 law, or practice law during their continuance in office.

"§ 12. Removal of justices and judges. Justices of the 14 15 supreme court may be removed from office by impeachment 16 and conviction as prescribed in article 2 of this constitution. In 17 addition to removal by impeachment and conviction, justices 18 may be retired after appropriate hearing, upon certification to 19 the governor, by the supreme court that such justice is so 20 incapacitated as to be unable to perform adequately such 21 justice's duties. Other judges shall be subject to retirement for 22 incapacity, and to discipline, suspension and removal for cause 23 by the supreme court after appropriate hearing.

24 "§13. Savings clause. Nothing contained in this 25 amendment to the constitution shall: (a) Shorten the term of 26 office or abolish the office of any justice of the supreme court, 27 any judge of the court of appeals, any judge of the district court, or any other judge of any other court who is holding office at 28 29 the time this amendment becomes effective, or who is holding 30 office at the time of adoption, rejection, or resubmission of a 31 nonpartisan method of selection of district judges as provided in 32 subsection (a) of section 7 of this article, and all such justices 33 and judges shall hold their respective offices for the terms for 34 which elected or appointed unless sooner removed in the manner provided by law; or (b) repeal any statute of this state 35 relating to the supreme court, the supreme court nominating 36 37 commission, the court of appeals, district courts, or any other court, or relating to the justices or judges of such courts, and 38 39 such statutes shall remain in force and effect until amended or 40 repealed by the legislature."

41 Sec. 2. The following statement shall be printed on the ballot with 42 the amendment as a whole:

43 "Explanatory statement. The purpose of this amendment is to

1 place the law concerning the court of appeals into the 2 constitution and to change the membership of the supreme 3 court nominating commission. This amendment would 4 continue in effect the current provision whereby the supreme 5 court nominating commission nominates three persons for the office of the supreme court or court of appeals and the 6 7 governor appoints one of such persons. Commission 8 membership would change to: Four attorney members, one 9 attorney selected from each congressional district by the resident members of the bar in each such district; five 10members appointed by the governor as follows: One 11 12 member from each congressional district; and one member 13 from the state as a whole who shall serve as the non-voting chairperson of the commission; and six members appointed 14 by the legislature as follows: Two by the president of the 15 16 senate; two by the speaker of the house of representatives; 17 one by the minority leader of the senate; and one by the 18 minority leader of the house of representatives.

- "A vote for this proposition would place the law concerning the 19 20 court of appeals into the constitution and continue in effect 21 the current provision whereby the supreme court nominating 22 commission nominates three persons for the office of the 23 supreme court or court of appeals and the governor appoints 24 one of such persons. Commission membership would 25 change to: Four attorney members, one attorney selected 26 from each congressional district by the resident members of 27 the bar in each such district; five members appointed by the 28 governor, one member from each congressional district and 29 one member from the state as a whole who shall serve as the 30 non-voting chairperson of the commission; and six members 31 appointed by the legislature.
- "A vote against this proposition would leave the law concerning 32 33 the court of appeals in the Kansas statutes and continue in effect the current system in which judges of the court of 34 35 appeals are appointed by the governor, with the consent of 36 the senate. It would also continue in effect the current 37 constitutional provision whereby the supreme court 38 nominating commission nominates three persons for the office of the supreme court or court of appeals and the 39 40 governor appoints one of such persons. Commission 41 membership would remain: One member, who shall be 42 chairman, chosen from among their number by the members 43 of the bar who are residents of and licensed in Kansas; one

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member from each congressional district chosen from among their number by the resident members of the bar in each such district; and one member, who is not a lawyer, from each congressional district, appointed by the governor from among the residents of each such district."

6 Sec. 3. This resolution, if approved by two-thirds of the members 7 elected (or appointed) and gualified to the House of Representatives, and 8 two-thirds of the members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the Senate shall be entered on the journals, together with the yeas and nays. 9 The secretary of state shall cause this resolution to be published as 10 provided by law and shall cause the proposed amendment to be submitted 11 to the electors of the state at the general election in November in the year 12 2016 unless a special election is called at a sooner date by concurrent 13 resolution of the legislature, in which case it shall be submitted to the 14 electors of the state at the special election. 15