HOUSE BILL No. 2419

By Committee on Taxation

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AN ACT concerning taxation; relating to the taxation of moneys, notes and other evidences of indebtedness; providing for the administration, collection and enforcement of the tax thereon.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. As used in this act, unless the context provides otherwise:

- (a) "Moneys" means gold and silver coin, United States treasury notes and other forms of currency in common use;
- (b) "notes and other evidences of debt" means certificates evidencing shares of stock otherwise taxable to the owner or holder, notes, bonds, debentures, claims secured by deed, liquidated claims and demands for moneys, accounts receivable, and all written instruments, contracts or other writings evidencing, calling for, fixing or showing a fixed obligation, determined or determinable, at present or in the future, in favor of the holder thereof. Notes and other evidence of debt shall not mean oil or gas leases or any interests created or arising therefrom or any royalty interests in oil or gas; and
- (c) "taxable year" means the taxable year described in K.S.A. 79-32,114, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 2. (a) Moneys, notes and other evidences of debt as defined in section 1, and amendments thereto, are hereby separately classified for taxation purposes as authorized by section 1 of article 11 of the constitution of the state of Kansas and shall be taxed annually as hereinafter provided.
- (b) Any person owning moneys, notes and other evidence of debt at any time during the taxable year ending during the last preceding calendar year shall, as of January 1 of the current year, be subject to a tax equivalent to 3% upon the total gross earnings received from such moneys, notes and other evidences of debt during such taxable year and such moneys, notes and other evidences of debt shall be exempt from all other property or ad valorem taxation.
- Sec. 3. Except for distributions made from earnings or profits of any small business corporation, as defined by section 1361 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, accumulated by that corporation prior to the time it has made the election under section 1362 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, all earnings or

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profits distributed by any such small business corporation having such an election in effect to a person who was a shareholder of such corporation at the time of the distribution shall not be considered to be gross earnings from moneys, notes or other evidence of debt for the purpose of section 2, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. The tax situs of all accounts receivable and secured or unsecured debts owned by persons, firms and corporations or subsidiaries or parent corporations of such firms or corporations, arising out of, or acquired in the conduct of, business transacted by such person, firm or corporation or subsidiary or parent corporation thereof in the state of Kansas, shall be at the principal office of such person, firm or corporation or subsidiary or parent corporation of such firm or corporation located within the state, or if there is no such office within the state, at the place or places at which the business operations of such person, firm or corporation or subsidiary or parent corporation of such firm or corporation is carried on.

Sec. 5. Except as otherwise specifically exempted by law, every person of full age and sound mind, accounting officer or other person designated by any person, partnership, association, company or corporation shall, on or before April 15 of each year, file a return in duplicate with the officer hereinafter designated, upon which such person shall list the gross amount in dividends, interest or other gross earnings received during the taxable year or years ending during the next preceding 12-month period ending December 31 from moneys, notes and other evidence of debt, as defined and provided in section 1, and amendments thereto, which such person may have owned, held, had in such person's possession on January 1 of the current year, or at any time during such taxable year or years, or which were during such period or periods, subject to such person's control or to payment upon order, check or draft from persons, partnerships, associations, companies or corporations located either within or without the taxing district or such person's residence. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, no person, partnership, association, company or corporation which did not receive earnings from taxable intangibles during the last preceding calendar year in excess of an amount which would incur a tax liability of \$5 or more under this act shall be required to file a return hereunder.

The return for a person, partnership, association, company or corporation whose property is assessed by the director of property valuation shall be made to such director; all other returns shall be made to the director of taxation. Returns made to the director of taxation listing the gross amount in dividends, interest or other gross earnings from moneys, notes and other evidences of debt by a person, partnership, association, company or corporation filing an income tax return shall accompany such

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42 43 income tax return. The return need show only the gross earnings received by type or class except that in listing corporate dividends, the return shall show the name of the corporation paying the dividends.

The director of taxation, or the director of property valuation, shall prepare and furnish with each income tax return, forms for making the return required by this section.

Upon receipt of such returns, the director of taxation, or the director of property valuation, as the case may be, shall certify to the county clerk of each county on or before June 30 of each year the tax payable under section 2, and amendments thereto, by each taxpayer of such county.

The director of taxation or the director of property valuation may extend the time for the filing of any return required to be filed with such director for a reasonable period of time.

Sec. 6. A return listing the gross earnings from moneys, notes and other evidence of debt and the property of every resident conservatee shall be filed by such person's conservator; of every resident minor by such minor's parent or guardian.

A return listing the gross earnings from any such property held by a resident trustee or cotrustee of a revocable trust created by a resident settlor shall be filed by the resident settlor. A return listing the gross earnings from any such property held by a resident trustee or cotrustee of an irrevocable or testamentary trust created by a resident settlor or a resident decedent shall be filed by any beneficiary residing in this state who receives earnings on taxable intangibles from such trust, to the extent of such earnings, under section 2, and amendments thereto, otherwise a return listing the gross earnings from such property shall be filed by the resident trustee to the extent that earnings from such taxable intangibles are not distributed. A nonresident beneficiary shall not be obligated to file a return listing earnings on such taxable intangibles nor shall the trustee be obligated to file a return listing the same to the extent they were distributed to a nonresident beneficiary. Where a resident trustee is acting under a revocable, irrevocable or testamentary trust of a nonresident settlor or nonresident decedent, the trustee shall not be required to file a return listing the earnings from any such property, but any beneficiary of such trust, residing in this state, who receives or is entitled to receive, earnings on taxable intangibles from such trust shall be required to file a return listing such earnings under section 2, and amendments thereto. Any resident of this state including the settlor of a revocable trust who receives or is entitled to receive earnings on taxable intangibles from a trust, not having a situs in this state, shall file a return listing such resident's share of the earnings from any such property under section 2, and amendments

For the purposes of this act, a settlor of a revocable trust shall be

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deemed to be entitled to the gross earnings on taxable intangibles of such trust whether or not the settlor actually receives the same and a beneficiary 3 shall be deemed to be entitled to a share of earnings on taxable intangibles 4 if all or a specific part or percentage of the net income of the trust must be distributed to the beneficiary or if the beneficiary may withdraw all or a specific part of the net income. If such beneficiary may receive earnings only on the exercise of discretion by the trustee or on the occurrence of an event outside the beneficiary's sole control, then such beneficiary shall not 9 be deemed to have received the earnings and shall file a return listing only 10 earnings on taxable intangibles actually received. If earnings on any taxable intangibles of a trust are accumulated and subsequently distributed in a different calendar year than the year in which received by the trust and 13 if the same are reported as income under the tax laws of Kansas and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and if a return listing such 14 15 earnings has not been filed by the trustees in the year in which earned, then 16 a return listing such earnings on any taxable intangibles shall be filed by 17 such beneficiary in the year in which the same are reported under the tax 18 laws of Kansas, but otherwise a return listing the same shall not be filed. Where the beneficiary of any trust is required to file a return listing the 19 20 earnings from taxable intangibles held in trust, such beneficiary for purposes of this act shall be deemed to have received or to be entitled to 22 receive the prorata share of the earnings from such taxable intangibles 23 without specific allocation, unless the trust provides otherwise, and based 24 upon the proportion which such beneficiary's share of the earnings bears to 25 the total earnings of the trust. A return listing the gross earnings from any 26 such property belonging to the estate of a resident decedent shall be filed by the executor or administrator. If the decedent is a nonresident, such executor or administrator shall not be required to file a return listing the 28 29 gross earnings from any such property. 30

A return listing the gross earnings from any such property of persons, companies or corporations whose assets are in the hands of receivers shall be filed by such receivers and a return listing the gross earnings from such property belonging to a corporation, and subject to this act, shall be filed by some person designated for that purpose by such corporation.

A return listing the gross earnings from such property belonging to a corporation, association or a partnership shall be listed by an agent or partner. Unless subject to tax under the provisions of section 4, and amendments thereto, no return listing the gross earnings from moneys, notes and other evidence of debt collected or received by any agent or representative of any person, company or corporation, shall be filed by such agent or representative, but such agent or representative shall, upon request, state under oath the amount of such moneys or credits and to whom the same has been or is to be transmitted.

The tax on property, a return listing the gross earnings of which is filed pursuant to this section, shall be paid by the person or fiduciary required to file such returns. No return shall be filed listing the gross earnings from moneys, notes and other evidence of debt which is not subject to taxation under the provisions of section 2, and amendments thereto.

- Sec. 7. In every case where any person or corporation shall fail or refuse to make the return required by this act, the director of taxation or the director of property valuation, as the case may be, shall proceed to ascertain the gross earnings produced from notes and other evidence of debt and assess the same as prescribed in this act and determine the tax due upon the intangible property and add 50% of the tax so determined, as a penalty for such failure to make such return.
- Sec. 8. The secretary of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations for the administration of this act.
- Sec. 9. The county clerk of each county shall each year levy such taxes against each individual, copartnership, company, association or corporation from the returns which are filed in the office of the county clerk and upon receipt of the certification of the intangible taxes payable, as computed by the secretary of revenue or the director of property valuation, as the case may be, the county clerk shall include the amount of tax computed on the personal property list with the personal property tax levied against each individual, copartnership, company, association or corporation. When the amount of intangibles tax computed is less than \$5, such tax shall be canceled and the amount shall not be included on the personal property list. The tax levied under this act shall be collected by the county treasurer and the sheriff the same as other personal property taxes are collected.
- Sec. 10. The tax collected from section 2, and amendments thereto, shall be apportioned as follows: 82% to the county general fund and 18% to the state general fund.
- Sec. 11. Any list or statement herein provided for shall only be open to inspection by the assessor, county clerk and board of review of the county wherein the same is filed, and the state director of property valuation and director of taxation and their respective assistants and clerks, except upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction, and it is hereby made unlawful to exhibit, disclose or publish any such list or statement or any part of the same or any of the items of the same.
- Sec. 12. Any person violating section 11, and amendments thereto, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined in a sum of not less than \$100 and not more than \$500 and shall be adjudged to have forfeited such person's office or appointment.
- Sec. 13. Any person, firm, association, company or corporation who shall knowingly make a false or fraudulent list, statement or report of

moneys, notes or other evidences of debt as a part of the return required by this act, or who shall willfully fail or refuse to make such return, for the purpose of evading the payment of taxes upon such property, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than \$50 nor more than \$500. Prosecutions under this section shall be brought and maintained in the same manner and under the same terms and conditions as provided in K.S.A. 79-1420, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 14. If the director of taxation or the director of property valuation shall discover that any moneys, notes or other evidences of debt which were subject to taxation under the provisions of this act have escaped taxation in any year, the director, at any time within five years from the date the tax became payable, may compute the amount of tax which should have been levied and certify such amount, plus 50% thereof as a penalty to the proper county clerk, designating it as "escaped taxation," and indicating the year or years for which such escaped tax is levied, except that if such escaped tax was due to error of the director of taxation or director of property valuation, or to any cause not the fault of the taxpayer, the tax shall be computed and certified without penalty.

At the time of certifying such tax, the director shall send the taxpayer a copy of the certificate by certified mail, addressed to the taxpayer's last known address, but failure to receive such certificate shall not invalidate the tax or penalty. If the person is deceased who owned such property at the time the same escaped taxation, the county treasurer shall file a claim against the estate of such deceased person for the amount of taxes and penalties for not to exceed three years preceding such person's death, which claim, when allowed, shall be classified as a claim of the fourth class.

- Sec. 15. The following shall be and are hereby exempt from taxes levied under the provisions of section 2, and amendments thereto, and from all other property or ad valorem taxes levied under the laws of the state of Kansas:
- (a) Notes secured by mortgages on real estate, which mortgages have been recorded in this state and the registration fee or tax thereon paid, as otherwise provided by law;
- (b) all moneys, notes and other evidences of indebtedness held by the trustee of a qualified trust described in section 401, 408 or 501(c)(4), (5), (9), (17) or (18) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, which is part of a stock bonus, pension or profit-sharing plan of an employer for the exclusive benefit of employees or their beneficiaries or health and welfare plan; and
- (c) moneys, notes and other evidences of debt, to the extent of the tax liability hereinafter provided, which is owned by a person who has a disability or was 60 years of age or older on January 1 of the year in which

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an exemption is claimed. The exemption allowable under this subsection 1 shall be in an amount equal to the lesser of the following: (1) The amount of the tax liability on the first \$3,000 of gross earnings from the moneys, 3 notes and other evidences of debt; or (2) the amount of the tax liability on 4 the first \$3,000 of gross earnings from the moneys, notes and other 5 6 evidences of debt reduced by the amount that the owner's income exceeds 7 \$12,500, including in such owner's income the income of such person's 8 spouse, in the year next preceding that in which the exemption is claimed 9 under this subsection. No person shall be eligible to claim an exemption hereunder in the same year in which such person's spouse has claimed an 10 exemption hereunder. As used in this subsection, the terms "income" and 11 12 "disability" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in K.S.A. 79-4502, and amendments thereto. 13

Sec. 16. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after January 1, 2016, and its publication in the statute book.