HOUSE BILL No. 2769

By Committee on Taxation

3-18

AN ACT concerning property taxation; providing for a property tax averaging payment plan.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. (a) Subject to the provisions of this act, a person may elect to enter into a property tax averaging payment plan. To exercise such person's option, the taxpayer shall file an application for such a payment plan with the county treasurer of the county in which the subject property is located on or before June 15. Once approved by the county treasurer, the property shall continue to participate in the plan until such time as the taxpayer notifies the county treasurer to remove the property from the plan or whenever any of the circumstances in section 5, and amendments thereto, occurs. The county treasurer shall notify any lienholder of record on a property on which a property tax averaging payment plan has been approved on or before July 1 of the first year in which such person participates in the plan.

- (b) When the taxpayer is approved for participation in the property tax averaging payment plan under subsection (a), it shall have the effect of:
- (1) Substituting the taxpayer's real property taxes due with an amount as calculated under the provisions of this section;
- (2) deferring the payment of part of such person's real property taxes for the years in which the taxpayer participates in the plan if the taxes calculated under subsection (c) are less than the taxpayer's real property taxes due on the property in the current year; and
 - (3) creating a lien for such deferred taxes under paragraph (2).
- (c) Property taxes under the property tax averaging payment plan shall be calculated as follows:
- (1) In the taxable year after the application for participating in the plan has been filed and approved, the property taxes due on the subject property shall be taxes as levied in that year;
- (2) in the second taxable year after the application for participating in the plan has been filed and approved, the property taxes due on the subject property shall be the average of the taxes levied in the current year and the next preceding year;
 - (3) in the third taxable year after the application for participating in

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the plan has been filed and approved, the property taxes due on the subject property shall be the average of the taxes levied in that year and the next two preceding years;

- (4) in the fourth taxable year after the application for participating in the plan has been filed and approved, the property taxes due on the subject property shall be the average of the taxes levied in that year and the next three preceding years; and
- (5) in the fifth taxable year after the application for participating in the plan has been filed and approved, the property taxes due on the subject property shall be the average of the taxes levied in that year and the next four preceding years.
- (d) A person who elects to participate in the property tax payment plan and subsequently finds that such payment plan will result in a higher real property tax payment for the year shall pay the amount calculated in subsection (c). Upon receipt of such excess payment, the county shall first apply any excess to remove any liens placed on the property for underpayment of taxes in prior years due to participation in the plan. Any remaining excess shall be remitted to the property tax averaging stabilization fund.
- (e) If a guardian, conservator or attorney-in-fact has been appointed for a person otherwise qualified to participate in the property tax averaging payment plan under this act, the guardian, conservator or attorney-in-fact may act for such person in participating in the plan.
- Sec. 2. In order to qualify for the property tax averaging payment plan under this act, the property shall meet all of the following requirements at the time the claim is filed and so long thereafter as payment is deferred.
- (a) The property shall be the homestead of the taxpayer prior to claiming the deferral;
- (b) the taxpayer claiming the deferral shall own or jointly own with another person residing in the homestead the fee simple estate except that nonresidence of the joint owner in the homestead because of ill health of the joint owner shall not prevent the taxpayer from meeting the requirement of this subsection;
- (c) the property for which the deferral is claimed shall not be income producing;
- (d) all real property taxes for years prior to the year for which the election is made have been paid; and
- 39 (e) the property is insured by a property and casualty insurance 40 policy.
- 41 Sec. 3. Interest shall accrue on deferred taxes at a rate as provided pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments thereto. 42 43
 - Sec. 4. The lien for deferred taxes under subsection (b)(3) of section

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1, and amendments thereto, and accrued interest under section 3, and amendments thereto, shall be filed in the county of residence of the taxpayer who is participating in the property tax averaging payment plan. A separate lien shall be filed for each year in which there is a deferral under subsection (b)(3) of section 1, and amendments thereto. Such lien shall attach on the date of recordation of the certificate for deferral, shall be junior to any mortgage or deed of trust recorded prior to the date of recording of such certificate and shall have priority over all liens attaching subsequent to the date of recording such certificate. There shall be no filing fee for any lien filed as required pursuant to the provisions of this act

- Sec. 5. (a) All deferred real property taxes, including accrued interest, become payable subject to sections 6 and 7, and amendments thereto, when:
- (1) The taxpayer who entered into the property tax averaging payment plan and received the tax deferral dies;
- (2) the property on which the taxes were deferred is sold or becomes subject to a contract of sale or title to the property is transferred to a person other than the taxpayer who entered into the property tax averaging payment plan;
- (3) the property is no longer the homestead of the taxpayer who entered into the property tax averaging payment plan and who received the deferral, except in the case of a taxpayer required to be absent from such tax-deferred property by reasons of ill-health; or
- (4) the tax-deferred property no longer meets the requirements of subsection (c) of section 2, and amendments thereto.
- (b) When the county appraiser or county treasurer has reason to believe any of the circumstances enumerated in this section have occurred, the county appraiser or the county treasurer shall promptly notify the department of revenue.
- Sec. 6. (a) Whenever any of the circumstances listed in section 5, and amendments thereto, occurs:
- (1) No further participation in the property tax averaging payment plan may be allowed on the property until all unpaid taxes thereon, including previously deferred taxes and accrued interest, have been paid; and
- (2) all deferred taxes and accrued interest shall be due and payable 90 days after the circumstance occurs, except as provided in subsection (b) and in section 7, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, when the taxpayer dies, the deferred taxes and accrued interest shall be due and payable 180 days after the taxpayer's death.
 - Sec. 7. (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of section 5, and

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amendments thereto, when either of the circumstances listed in paragraphs (1) or (3) of subsection (a) of section 5, and amendments thereto, occurs, the spouse of the taxpayer may elect to continue the property in its tax deferred status if the property is the homestead of the spouse of the taxpayer and meets the requirements of subsection (b) of section 2, and amendments thereto.

(b) The election granted under subsection (a) shall be filed in the same manner as an application to participate in the payment plan filed under section 1, and amendments thereto, not later than 90 days from the date the circumstance occurs. Thereafter, the property shall continue to be treated as participating in the payment plan and the county treasurer and state treasurer shall withdraw any action taken under section 8, and amendments thereto. When the property has been continued in its tax-deferred status by the spouse of the taxpayer, the spouse may continue the property in its tax-deferred status in subsequent years by filing a claim, as provided in this act, and amendments thereto, annually if the property continues to be eligible for tax-deferred status.

Sec. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.