# HOUSE BILL No. 2743 

By Committee on Taxation

2-28


#### Abstract

AN ACT concerning retirement and pensions; relating to the Kansas public employees retirement system and systems related thereto; retirement benefit options; amending K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 20-2610a, 74-4918, 744964, 74-4964a, 74-49,209, 74-49,311 and 74-49,313 and repealing the existing sections.


Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:
Section 1. On January 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 20-2610a is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-2610a. (a) A judge may elect to have such judge's retirement annuity paid under one of the options provided in this section in lieu of having it paid in the form stated in K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto. Such election shall be made before the date of actual retirement. A specific person shall be designated as joint annuitant at the time of election of the joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor option, joint and survivor option and the joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor option. Except as specifically provided in this subsection, an option elected by a member as provided in this section shall not be changed or canceled nor shall the named joint annuitant be changed after the date of actual retirement of the judge. If a retirant is divorced after the retirant's date of actual retirement, and the retirant has named the retirant's ex-spouse as a joint annuitant under subsection (c), the joint annuitant option may be canceled and the retirant's benefit returned to the maximum amount of such retirant's retirement benefit commencing the first month following the date such cancellation is ordered by the district court of the county where the divorce action was filed. The retirant shall not receive a refund or interest of any amounts already paid to fund the original joint annuitant benefit. The retirant may not name a subsequent joint annuitant once the original joint annuitant option has been canceled.
(b) The amount of retirement annuity payable under an option shall be based on the age of the judge and, if applicable, the age of the joint annuitant, and shall be such amount as to be the actuarial equivalent of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto, as prescribed in subsection (c). Whenever the amount of any benefit is to be determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions, the assumptions shall be specified in a way that precludes employer discretion. In no case shall the total amount of retirement annuity payable
under any option provided in this section be more than $100 \%$ of the retirement annuity which would have been otherwise payable if no option had been elected under this section.
(c) The following retirement options, which are subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 74-49,123, and amendments thereto, are available:
(1) Joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor. A reduced retirement annuity payable to the judge during the judge's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of (A) the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto, and (B) the percentage equal to $91 \%$ minus $0.4 \%$ for each year by which the age of the judge's joint annuitant is less than the judge's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $0.4 \%$ for each year by which the age of the judge's joint annuitant is more than the judge's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with $1 / 2$ of that monthly amount continued to the judge's joint annuitant during such joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of the judge. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retired judge, the amount of the retirement annuity otherwise payable to the judge under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement annuity which the judge would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(2) Joint and survivor. A reduced retirement annuity payable to the judge during the judge's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of (A) the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto, and (B) the percentage equal to $83 \%$ minus $0.6 \%$ for each year by which the age of the judge's joint annuitant is less than the judge's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $0.6 \%$ for each year by which the age of the judge's joint annuitant is more than the judge's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with that monthly amount continued to the joint annuitant during the joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of judge. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retired judge, the amount of the retirement annuity otherwise payable to the judge under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement annuity which the judge would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(3) Joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor. A reduced retirement annuity payable to the judge during the judge's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of (A) the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto, and (B) the percentage equal to $87 \%$ minus $0.5 \%$ for each year by which the age of the judge's joint annuitant is less than the judge's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $0.5 \%$ for each year by which
the age of the judge's joint annuitant is more than the judge's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with $3 / 4$ of that monthly amount continued to the judge's joint annuitant during such joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of the judge. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retired judge, the amount of the retirement annuity otherwise payable to the judge under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement annuity which the judge would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(4) Life with 5 years certain. A reduced retirement annuity payable to the judge during the judge's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $98 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto, and if the judge dies within the five-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement annuity payments, such monthly payments shall be continued to such judge's beneficiary during the balance of the five-year certain period.
(5) Life with 10 years certain. A reduced retirement annuity payable to the judge during the judge's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $95 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto, and if the judge dies within the ten-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement annuity payments, such monthly payments shall be continued to such judge's beneficiary during the balance of the ten-year certain period.
(6) Life with 15 years certain. A reduced retirement annuity payable to the judge during the judge's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $88 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto, and if the judge dies within the fifteen-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement annuity payments, such monthly payments shall be continued to such judge's beneficiary during the balance of the fifteen-year certain period.
(7) Lump sum payment at retirement. (A) Pursuant to this option, the judge must specify a lump sum amount to be paid to the judge upon the judge's retirement. The lump sum amount will be based on the actuarial present value of the benefit as provided in K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto. The lump sum amount designated by the judge-mest be in $10 \%$ inerements and shall not exceed ${ }^{+} t_{2}$ shall be equal to $10 \%, 20 \%$, $30 \%, 40 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of the benefit provided in K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto. If the judge's spouse elects a lump sum payment as provided in this section pursuant to the provisions of subsection (d), the lump sum payment will be based on the present value of the retirement option selected by the spouse. The lump sum amount designated by the spouse-must be in $10 \%$ inerements and
shall not exeeed ${ }^{+} t_{z}$ shall be equal to $10 \%, 20 \%, 30 \%, 40 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of the option selected in this section.
(B) Pursuant to this option, unless the member designates a lump sum amount of $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of such benefit, the judge must elect to have the remaining actuarial present value paid in a monthly amount under the provisions of K.S.A. 20-2610, and amendments thereto, or subsections (c)(1) through (c)(6) of this section.
(C) In the event that the designated joint annuitant pursuant to subsection (c)(1), (c)(2) or (c)(3), under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under the option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(D) The provisions of this subsection shall be effective on and after fuly 1, 2001 January 1, 2015.
(d) If a judge, who is eligible to retire, dies without having actually retired, the judge's spouse, if the spouse is the sole beneficiary for the judge's accumulated contributions, may elect to receive benefits as a joint annuitant under one of the options provided in this section in lieu of receiving the judge's accumulated contributions.
(e) On and after May 1, 2004, if a judge with 10 or more years of credited service dies before attaining retirement age, the judge's spouse, if the spouse is the sole beneficiary for the judge's accumulated contributions, may elect to receive benefits under one of the options provided in this section in lieu of receiving the judge's accumulated contributions. Payments under one of the options provided in this section to the judge's spouse if so elected, shall commence on the date that the judge would have been eligible for normal retirement pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 20-2608, and amendments thereto, or would have been eligible for early retirement pursuant to subsection (b) or (c) of K.S.A. 20-2608, and amendments thereto, if such early retirement date occurs earlier.
(f) Benefits payable to a joint annuitant shall accrue from the first day of the month following the death of a member or retirant and, in the case of the joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor option, the joint and survivor option and the joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor option, shall end on the last day of the month in which the joint annuitant dies.
(g) The provisions of the law in effect on the retirement date of a judge under the retirement system for judges shall govern the retirement annuity payable to the retired judge and any joint annuitant, except, for retirement benefits payable after July 1, 1993, for judges who retired prior to July 1, 1982, in the event that the designated joint annuitant under the option provided in subsection (c)(1), (2) or (3), as applicable, predeceased
the judge, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the judge under the option provided in subsection (c)(1), (2) or (3), as applicable, shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the judge would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(h) Upon the death of a joint annuitant who is receiving a retirement benefit under the provisions of this section, there shall be paid to such joint annuitant's beneficiary an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the accumulated contributions of the retired judge over the sum of all retirement benefit payments made to such retired judge and such joint annuitant. Such joint annuitant shall designate a beneficiary by filing in the office of the retirement system such designation at the time of death of the retired judge. If there is no named beneficiary of such joint annuitant living at the time of death of such joint annuitant, any amount provided for by this section shall be paid to, in order of preference as follows:
(1) The joint annuitant's surviving spouse;
(2) the joint annuitant's dependent child or children;
(3) the joint annuitant's dependent parent or parents;
(4) the joint annuitant's nondependent child or children;
(5) the joint annuitant's nondependent parent or parents; or
(6) the estate of the deceased joint annuitant.
(i) In any event, benefits shall be adjusted as necessary to satisfy the incidental death benefits regulations under the federal internal revenue code.

Sec. 2. On January 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-4918 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-4918. (1) A member may elect to have such member's retirement benefit paid under one of the options provided in this section in lieu of having it paid in the form stated in K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto. Such election must be made before the date of actual retirement. A specific person must be designated as joint annuitant at the time of election of the joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor option, the joint and survivor option and the joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor option. Except as specifically provided in this subsection, an option elected by a member as provided in this section shall not be changed or canceled nor shall the named joint annuitant be changed after the date of actual retirement of the member. If a retirant is divorced after the retirant's date of actual retirement, and the retirant has named the retirant's ex-spouse as a joint annuitant under subsection (3), the joint annuitant option may be canceled and retirant's benefit returned to the maximum amount of such retirant's retirement benefit commencing the first month following the date such cancellation is ordered by the district court of the county where the divorce action was filed. The retirant shall not receive a refund or interest of any amounts already paid to fund the
original joint annuitant benefit. The retirant may not name a subsequent joint annuitant once the original joint annuitant option has been cancelled.
(2) The amount of retirement benefit payable under an option shall be based on the age of the member and, if applicable, the age of the joint annuitant, and shall be such amount as to be the actuarial equivalent of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto, as prescribed in subsection (3). In no case shall the total amount of retirement benefit paid under any option provided in this section be more than $100 \%$ of the retirement benefit which would have been otherwise payable if no option had been elected under this section.
(3) The following retirement options, which are subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 74-49,123, and amendments thereto, are available:
(A) Joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of (i) the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto, and (ii) the percentage equal to $91 \%$ minus $.4 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is less than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $.4 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is more than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with $1 / 2$ of that monthly amount continued to the retirant's joint annuitant during such joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of the retirant. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(B) Joint and survivor. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of (i) the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto, and (ii) the percentage equal to $83 \%$ minus $.6 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is less than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $.6 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is more than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with that amount continued to the joint annuitant during the joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of the retirant. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(C) Joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor. A reduced retirement
benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of (i) the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto, and (ii) the percentage equal to $87 \%$ minus $.5 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is less than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $.5 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is more than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with $3 / 4$ of that monthly amount continued to the retirant's joint annuitant during such joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of the retirant. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(D) Life with 5 years certain. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $98 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto, and if the retirant dies within the five-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement benefit payments, such payments shall be continued to the retirant's beneficiary during the balance of the five-year certain period.
(E) Life with 10 years certain. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $95 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto, and if the retirant dies within the ten-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement benefit payments, such payments shall be continued to the retirant's beneficiary during the balance of the ten-year certain period.
(F) Life with 15 years certain. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $88 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto, and if the retirant dies within the fifteen-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement benefit payments, such payments shall be continued to the retirant's beneficiary during the balance of the fifteen-year certain period.
(G) Lump sum payment at retirement. (i) Pursuant to this option, the member must specify a lump sum amount to be paid to the member upon the member's retirement. The lump sum amount will be based on the actuarial present value of the benefit as provided in K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto. The lump sum amount designated by the member must be in $10 \%$ inerements and shall not exceed ${ }^{+} t_{z}$ shall be equal to $10 \%$, $20 \%, 30 \%, 40 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of the benefit provided in K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto. If the
member's spouse elects a lump sum payment as provided in this section pursuant to the provisions of subsection (4), the lump sum payment will be based on the present value of the retirement option selected by the spouse. The lump sum amount designated by the spouse must be in 10\% increments and shall not exceed- ${ }^{+} t_{z}$ shall be equal to $10 \%, 20 \%, 30 \%$, $40 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of the option selected in this section.
(ii) Pursuant to this option, unless the member designates a lump sum amount of $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of such benefit, the member must elect to have the remaining actuarial present value paid in a monthly amount under the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto, or subsections (3)(A) through (3)(F) of this section.
(iii) In the event that the designated joint annuitant pursuant to subsection (3)(A), (3)(B) or (3)(C) under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(iv) The provisions of this subsection shall be effective on and after flly 1, 2001 January 1, 2015.
(4) If a member, who is eligible to retire in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4914, and amendments thereto, dies without having actually retired, the member's spouse, if the spouse is the sole beneficiary for the member's accumulated contributions, may elect to receive benefits under one of the options provided in this section in lieu of receiving the member's accumulated contributions.
(5) The benefits of subsection (4) shall be available in the case of death within the first six months after the entry date of the member's participating employer.
(6) On and after May 1, 2004, if a member with 10 or more years of credited service dies before attaining retirement age, the member's spouse, if the spouse is the sole beneficiary for the member's accumulated contributions, may elect to receive benefits under one of the options provided in this section in lieu of receiving the member's accumulated contributions. Payments under one of the options provided in this section to the member's spouse if so elected, shall commence on the date that the member would have been eligible for normal retirement pursuant to subsection (1) of K.S.A. 74-4914, and amendments thereto, or would have been eligible for early retirement pursuant to subsection (4) of K.S.A. 744914, and amendments thereto, if such early retirement date occurs earlier.
(7) Benefits payable to a joint annuitant shall accrue from the first day of the month following the death of a member or retirant and, in the case of the joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor option, the joint and
survivor option and the joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor option, shall end on the last day of the month in which the joint annuitant dies.
(8) The provisions of the law in effect on the retirement date of a member under the system shall govern the retirement benefit payable to the retirant and any joint annuitant, except, for retirement benefits payable after July 1, 1993, for retirants who retired prior to July 1, 1982, in the event that the designated joint annuitant under the option provided in subsection (3)(A), (B) or (C), as applicable, predeceased the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under the option provided in subsection (3)(A), (B) or (C), as applicable, shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(9) Upon the death of a joint annuitant who is receiving a retirement benefit under the provisions of this section, there shall be paid to such joint annuitant's beneficiary an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the accumulated contributions of the retirant over the sum of all retirement benefit payments made to such retirant and such joint annuitant. Such joint annuitant shall designate a beneficiary by filing in the office of the retirement system such designation at the time of death of the retirant. If there is no named beneficiary of such joint annuitant living at the time of death of such joint annuitant, any amount provided for by this section shall be paid to, in order of preference as follows:
(A) The joint annuitant's surviving spouse;
(B) the joint annuitant's dependent child or children;
(C) the joint annuitant's dependent parent or parents;
(D) the joint annuitant's nondependent child or children;
(E) the joint annuitant's nondependent parent or parents; or
(F) the estate of the deceased joint annuitant.

Sec. 3. On January 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-4964 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-4964. (1) A member may elect to have such member's retirement benefit paid under one of the options provided in this section in lieu of having it paid in the form stated in subsections (1) and (2) of K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto. Such election must be made before the date of actual retirement. Only a specific individual person may be designated as a joint annuitant at the time of election of the joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor option, the joint and survivor option and the joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor option. Except as specifically provided in this subsection, an option elected by a member as provided in this section shall not be changed or canceled nor shall the named joint annuitant be changed after the date of actual retirement of the member. If a retirant is divorced after the retirant's date of actual retirement, and the retirant has named the retirant's ex-spouse as a joint annuitant under subsection (5), the joint annuitant option may be canceled
and the retirant's benefit returned to the maximum amount of such retirant's retirement benefit commencing the first month following the date such cancellation is ordered by the district court of the county where the divorce action was filed. The retirant shall not receive a refund or interest of any amounts already paid to fund the original joint annuitant benefit. The retirant may not name a subsequent joint annuitant once the original joint annuitant option has been canceled.
(2) The amount of a retirement benefit payable under an option shall be based on the age of the member and, if applicable, the age of the joint annuitant, and shall be such amount as to be the actuarial equivalent of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under subsections (1) or (2) of K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, as prescribed under subsection (5). In no case shall the total amount of retirement benefit paid under any option provided in this section be more than $100 \%$ of the retirement benefit which would have been otherwise payable if no option had been elected under this section.
(3) If a member who was, up to the entry date of such member's employer, covered by a pension system under the provisions of K.S.A. 1314 a 01 to $13-14 \mathrm{a} 14$, inclusive, or $14-10 \mathrm{a} 01$ to $14-10 \mathrm{a} 15$, inclusive, and amendments thereto, so elects one of the options under this section, payment of such option shall be in lieu of any payments provided in subsection (3) of K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto.
(4) Such election of an option shall become null and void upon the death of a member prior to such member's retirement, except that if a member, who is eligible to retire in accordance with the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, dies without having actually retired the member's spouse, if the spouse is beneficiary for the member's accumulated contributions, and no benefits are payable under subsections (1) and (2) of K.S.A. 74-4959, and amendments thereto, may elect to receive benefits under one of the options provided in this section, in lieu of receiving the member's accumulated contributions.
(5) The following retirement options which are subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 74-49,123, and amendments thereto, are available:
(A) Joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of $(\mathrm{A})$ the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, and (B) the percentage equal to $94.5 \%$ minus $0.2 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is less than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $0.2 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is more than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with $1 / 2$ of that monthly amount
continued to the retirant's joint annuitant during such joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of the retirant. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(B) Joint and survivor. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of (A) the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, and (B) the percentage equal to $88 \%$ minus $0.4 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is less than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $0.4 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is more than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with that monthly amount continued to the joint annuitant during the joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of retirant. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(C) Joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of (A) the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, and (B) the percentage equal to $91 \%$ minus $0.3 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is less than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $0.3 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is more than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with $3 / 4$ of that monthly amount continued to the retirant's joint annuitant during such joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of the retirant. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(D) Life with 5 years certain. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $99 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, and if the retirant dies within the five-year certain period, measured from the commencement of
retirement benefit payments, such payments will be continued to the retirant's beneficiary during the balance of the five-year certain period.
(E) Life with 10 years certain. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $98 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, and if the retirant dies within the ten-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement benefit payments, such payments will be continued to the retirant's beneficiary during the balance of the ten-year certain period.
(F) Life with 15 years certain. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $92 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, and if the retirant dies within the fifteen-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement benefit payments, such payments will be continued to the retirant's beneficiary during the balance of the fifteen-year certain period.
(G) Lump sum payment at retirement. (i) Pursuant to this option, the member must specify a lump sum amount to be paid to the member upon the member's retirement. The lump sum amount will be based on the actuarial present value of the benefit as provided in K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto. The lump sum amount designated by the member must be in $10 \%$ inerements and shall not exceed ${ }^{+} t_{2}$ shall be equal to $10 \%$, $20 \%, 30 \%, 40 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of the benefit provided in K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto. If the member's spouse elects a lump sum payment as provided in this section pursuant to the provisions of subsection (6), the lump sum payment will be based on the present value of the retirement option selected by the spouse. The lump sum amount designated by the spouse must be in $10 \%$ inerements and shall not exeeed ${ }^{+}{ }^{+} \neq$shall be equal to $10 \%, 20 \%, 30 \%$, $40 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of the option selected in this section.
(ii) Pursuant to this option, unless the member designates a lump sum amount of $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of such benefit, the member must elect to have the remaining actuarial present value paid in a monthly amount under the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, or subsections (5)(A) through (5)(F) of this section.
(iii) In the event that the designated joint annuitant pursuant to subsection (5)(A), (5)(B) or (5)(C) under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(iv) The provisions of this subsection shall be effective on and after
fuly 1, 2001 January 1, 2015.
(6) On and after July 1, 1996, if a member with 20 or more years of credited service dies before attaining retirement age, the member's spouse, if the spouse is the sole beneficiary for the member's accumulated contributions, may elect to receive benefits under one of the options provided in this section in lieu of receiving the member's accumulated contributions or in lieu of receiving benefits as provided in K.S.A. 744959, and amendments thereto. Payments under one of the options provided in this section to the member's spouse if so elected, shall commence on the date that the member would have attained retirement age.
(7) Benefits payable to a joint annuitant shall accrue from the first day of the month following the death of a member or retirant and, in the case of the joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor option, the joint and survivor option and the joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor option, shall end on the last day of the month in which the joint annuitant dies.
(8) The provisions of the law in effect on the retirement date of a member under the system shall govern the retirement benefit payable to the retirant and any joint annuitant, except, for retirement benefits payable after July 1, 1993, for retirants who retired prior to July 1, 1982, in the event that the designated joint annuitant under the option provided in subsection (5)(A), (B) or (C), as applicable, predeceased the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under the option provided in subsection (5)(A), (B) or (C), as applicable, shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(9) Upon the death of a joint annuitant who is receiving a retirement benefit under the provisions of this section, there shall be paid to such joint annuitant's beneficiary an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the accumulated contributions of the retirant over the sum of all retirement benefit payments made to such retirant and such joint annuitant. Such joint annuitant shall designate a beneficiary by filing in the office of the retirement system such designation at the time of death of the retirant. If there is no named beneficiary of such joint annuitant living at the time of death of such joint annuitant, any amount provided for by this section shall be paid to, in order of preference as follows:
(A) The joint annuitant's surviving spouse;
(B) the joint annuitant's dependent child or children;
(C) the joint annuitant's dependent parent or parents;
(D) the joint annuitant's nondependent child or children;
(E) the joint annuitant's nondependent parent or parents; or
(F) the estate of the deceased joint annuitant.
(10) The provisions of this section shall apply only to members who
were appointed or employed prior to July 1, 1989, and who did not make an election pursuant to K.S.A. 74-4955a, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. On January 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-4964a is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-4964a. (1) A member may elect to have such member's retirement benefit paid under one of the options provided in this section in lieu of having it paid in the form stated in subsections (1) and (2) of K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto. Such election must be made before the date of actual retirement. Only a specific individual person may be designated as a joint annuitant at the time of election of the joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor option, the joint and survivor option and the joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor option. Under no circumstances may an option be changed or canceled nor the named joint annuitant changed after the date of actual retirement of the member.
(2) The amount of a retirement benefit payable under an option shall be based on the age of the member and, if applicable, the age of the joint annuitant, and shall be such amount as to be the actuarial equivalent of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under subsections (1) or (2) of K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, as prescribed under subsection (5). In no case shall the total amount of retirement benefit paid under any option provided in this section be more than $100 \%$ of the retirement benefit which would have been otherwise payable if no option had been elected under this section.
(3) If a member who was, up to the entry date of such member's employer, covered by a pension system under the provisions of K.S.A. 1314 a 01 through 13-14a14, inclusive or 14-10a01 through 14-10a15, inclusive, and amendments thereto, so elects one of the options under this section, payment of such option shall be in lieu of any payments provided in subsection (3) of K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto.
(4) Such election of an option shall become null and void upon the death of a member prior to such member's retirement, except that if a member, who is eligible to retire in accordance with the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, dies without having actually retired the member's spouse, if the spouse is beneficiary for the member's accumulated contributions, and no benefits are payable under subsections (1) and (2) of K.S.A. 74-4959, and amendments thereto, may elect to receive benefits under one of the options provided in this section, in lieu of receiving the member's accumulated contributions.
(5) The following retirement options which are subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 74-49,123, and amendments thereto, are available:
(A) Joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of $(\mathrm{A})$ the monthly payment of the retirement
annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto and (B) the percentage equal to $94.5 \%$ minus $.2 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is less than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $.2 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is more than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with $1 / 2$ of that monthly amount continued to the retirant's joint annuitant during such joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of the retirant. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(B) Joint and survivor. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of (A) the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto and (B) the percentage equal to $88 \%$ minus $.4 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is less than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $.4 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is more than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with that monthly amount continued to the joint annuitant during the joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of retirant. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(C) Joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to the product of $(\mathrm{A})$ the monthly payment of the retirement annuity otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto and (B) the percentage equal to $91 \%$ minus $.3 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is less than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, or plus $.3 \%$ for each year by which the age of the retirant's joint annuitant is more than the retirant's age, computed to the nearest whole year, with $3 / 4$ of that monthly amount continued to the retirant's joint annuitant during such joint annuitant's remaining lifetime, if any, after the death of the retirant. In the event that the designated joint annuitant under this option predeceases the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(D) Life with 5 years certain. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $99 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, and if the retirant dies within the five-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement benefit payments, such payments will be continued to the retirant's beneficiary during the balance of the five-year certain period.
(E) Life with 10 years certain. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $98 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, and if the retirant dies within the ten-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement benefit payments, such payments will be continued to the retirant's beneficiary during the balance of the ten-year certain period.
(F) Life with 15 years certain. A reduced retirement benefit is payable to the retirant during the retirant's lifetime in a monthly amount equal to $92 \%$ of the monthly payment of the retirement benefit otherwise payable under K.S.A. 74-4958, and amendments thereto, and if the retirant dies within the fifteen-year certain period, measured from the commencement of retirement benefit payments, such payments will be continued to the retirant's beneficiary during the balance of the fifteen-year certain period.
(G) Lump sum payment at retirement. (i) Pursuant to this option, the member must specify a lump sum amount to be paid to the member upon the member's retirement. The lump sum amount will be based on the actuarial present value of the benefit as provided in K.S.A. 74-4958a, and amendments thereto. The lump sum amount designated by the member must be in $10 \%$ inerements and shall not exeeed ${ }^{+} t_{z}$ shall be equal to $10 \%$, $20 \%, 30 \%, 40 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of the benefit provided in K.S.A. 74-4958a, and amendments thereto. If the member's spouse elects a lump sum payment as provided in this section pursuant to the provisions of subsection (6), the lump sum payment will be based on the present value of the retirement option selected by the spouse. The lump sum amount designated by the spouse must be in 10\% inerements and shall not exceed ${ }^{+} t_{z}$ shall be equal to $10 \%, 20 \%, 30 \%$, $40 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of the option selected in this section.
(ii) Pursuant to this option, unless the member designates a lump sum amount of $100 \%$ of the actuarial present value of such benefit, the member must elect to have the remaining actuarial present value paid in a monthly amount under the provisions of K.S.A. 74-4958a, and amendments thereto, or subsections (5)(A) through (5)(F) of this section.
(iii) In the event that the designated joint annuitant pursuant to subsection (5)(A), (5)(B) or (5)(C) under this option predeceases the
retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under this option shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(iv) The provisions of this subsection shall be effective on and after July 1, 2001 January 1, 2015.
(6) On and after July 1, 1996, if a member with 20 or more years of credited service dies before attaining retirement age, the member's spouse, if the spouse is the sole beneficiary for the member's accumulated contributions, may elect to receive benefits under one of the options provided in this section in lieu of receiving the member's accumulated contributions or in lieu of receiving benefits as provided in K.S.A. 744959, and amendments thereto. Payments under one of the options provided in this section to the member's spouse if so elected, shall commence on the date that the member would have attained retirement age.
(7) Benefits payable to a joint annuitant shall accrue from the first day of the month following the death of a member or retirant and, in the case of the joint and $1 / 2$ to joint annuitant survivor option, the joint and survivor option and the joint and $3 / 4$ to joint annuitant survivor option, shall end on the last day of the month in which the joint annuitant dies.
(8) The provisions of the law in effect on the retirement date of a member under the system shall govern the retirement benefit payable to the retirant and any joint annuitant, except, for retirement benefits payable after July 1, 1993, for retirants who retired prior to July 1, 1982, in the event that the designated joint annuitant under the option provided in subsection (5)(A), (B) or (C), as applicable, predeceased the retirant, the amount of the retirement benefit otherwise payable to the retirant under the option provided in subsection (5)(A), (B) or (C), as applicable, shall be adjusted automatically to the retirement benefit which the retirant would have received if no option had been elected under this section.
(9) Upon the death of a joint annuitant who is receiving a retirement benefit under the provisions of this section, there shall be paid to such joint annuitant's beneficiary an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the accumulated contributions of the retirant over the sum of all retirement benefit payments made to such retirant and such joint annuitant. Such joint annuitant shall designate a beneficiary by filing in the office of the retirement system such designation at the time of death of the retirant. If there is no named beneficiary of such joint annuitant living at the time of death of such joint annuitant, any amount provided for by this section shall be paid to, in order of preference as follows:
(A) The joint annuitant's surviving spouse;
(B) the joint annuitant's dependent child or children;
(C) the joint annuitant's dependent parent or parents;
(D) the joint annuitant's nondependent child or children;
(E) the joint annuitant's nondependent parent or parents; or
(F) the estate of the deceased joint annuitant.
(10) The provisions of this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 1989, and shall apply only to members who were appointed or employed prior to July 1, 1989, and who made an election pursuant to K.S.A. 74-4955a, and amendments thereto; and persons appointed or employed on or after July 1, 1989.

Sec. 5. On January 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49,209 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-49,209. Any member who is first employed by a participating employer on or after July 1, 2009, may elect to have such member's retirement benefit paid under one of the options provided in K.S.A. 74-4918, and amendments thereto, in lieu of having it paid in the form stated in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49,205 and K.S.A. 744915, and amendments thereto, except that any stich member or steh member's spouse that elects to be paid a lump sum amount to be paid to the member upon retirement as provided purstant to K.S.A. 74-4918, and amendments thereto, shall be paid in $10 \%$ increments and shall not exeeed $30 \%$ of the actuarial present value of the benefit provided in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49,205 and K.S.A. 74-4915, and amendments thereto; and. For any such member who elects any joint and survivor options provided in K.S.A. 74-4918, and amendments thereto, such member shall have such member's annual retirement benefit determined and then reduced by an amount recommended by the actuary employed by the system and approved by the board.

Sec. 6. On January 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49,311 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-49,311. (a) A member who is eligible for a benefit under subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49,313, and amendments thereto, shall be entitled to a distribution of such member's annuity savings account. Such distribution shall be made using mortality rates and interest rates as provided in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. $74-49,313$, and amendments thereto, and may be made in any of the annuity options described in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 7449,313 , and amendments thereto. In lieu of an annuity, a member entitled to a benefit under subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49,313, and amendments thereto, may elect to receive a lump-sum of such member's annuity savings account-of any fixed dollar amount or percent, but in noevent may the lump-stm option elected under this section and the lumpsum option eleeted under subsection (e) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49,313, and amendments thereto, exeeed $30 \%$ which such lump sum amount shall be equal to $10 \%, 20 \%, 30 \%, 40 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ of the total value of such member's annuity savings account and retirement annuity account.
(b) A member who is not eligible for a benefit under subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49,313, and amendments thereto, but who terminates employment in any covered position under the system, may elect to take a distribution of such member's entire annuity savings account balance, but the member shall then forfeit the entire balance in the member's retirement annuity account.
(c) In the case of an active or inactive member:
(1) Who is vested in the member's annuity savings account;
(2) who has five or more years of service at death; and
(3) who dies before attaining normal retirement age, with such member's spouse at time of death designated as such member's sole primary beneficiary, the member's surviving spouse on and after the date the member would have attained normal retirement age had such member not died, shall receive an annuity based upon such member's contributions and interest credits in the annuity savings account, using factors established by the board by official action as of the beneficiary's annuity start date. The form of benefit shall be a single life annuity with 10 -year certain.

Sec. 7. On January 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49,313 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-49,313. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), a member who has a nonforfeitable interest in the member's retirement annuity account, at any time after termination from service and the attainment of normal retirement age, shall receive an annuity based upon the balance in such member's retirement annuity account, using mortality rates established by the board by official action as of the member's annuity start date and interest rates established by the legislature as of the member's annuity start date, and such interest rate shall initially be $6 \%$. The legislature may from time to time prospectively change the interest rate and the board may from time to time prospectively change the mortality rates, and the legislature expressly reserves such rights to do so.
(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), a member who has a vested interest in the member's retirement annuity account, who terminates covered employment, without forfeiting such member's account, with the completion of at least 10 years of service, shall be eligible to receive, upon attainment of age 55, an annuity based upon employer credits and interest credits in such member's retirement annuity account, using mortality rates established by the board by official action as of the member's annuity start date and an interest rate established by the legislature as of the member's annuity start date, and such interest rate shall initially be $6 \%$. The legislature may from time to time prospectively change the interest rate and the board may from time to time prospectively change the mortality rates, and the legislature expressly reserves such rights to do so.
(c) The form of benefit payable under subsections (a) and (b) shall be
a single life annuity with 10-year certain. The member may elect any option described in K.S.A. 74-4918, and amendments thereto, except the partial lump-sum option, subject to actuarial factors established by the board from time to time. The benefit option selected may include a selffunded cost-of-living adjustment feature, in which the account value is converted to a benefit amount that increases by a fixed percentage over time. One or more fixed percentages shall be established by the board, which may be changed from time to time. In lieu of a part of an annuity, for a member entitled to a benefit under subsection (a), the member may elect to receive a lump-sum of such member's retirement annuity account of any fixed dollar amount or pereent, but in no event may the lump-stm option eleeted under this section and the lump-sum-option eleeted undersubsection (a) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49,311, and amendments thereto, exeeed $30 \%$ which such lump sum amount shall be equal to $10 \%, 20 \%$, $30 \%, 40 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ of the total value of such member's annuity savings account and retirement annuity account.
(d) Except as provided in subsection (e), in the case of an active or inactive member:
(1) Who is vested in the member's retirement annuity account;
(2) who has five or more years of service at death; and
(3) who dies before attaining normal retirement age, with such member's spouse at time of death designated as such member's sole primary beneficiary, the member's surviving spouse on and after the date the member would have attained normal retirement age had such member not died, shall receive an annuity based upon employer credits and interest credits in the retirement annuity account, using factors established by the board by official action as of the beneficiary's annuity start date. The form of benefit shall be a single life annuity with 10-year certain.
(e) If a member's vested retirement annuity account is less than $\$ 1,000$ upon separation from service, or the total of the member's vested retirement annuity account and annuity savings account balance is less than $\$ 1,000$, the account balance or balances shall be mandatorily distributed to the member in accordance with section 401(a)(31)(B) of the federal internal revenue code. If the member does not elect to have such distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the participant in a direct rollover or to receive the distribution directly, then the board will pay the distribution to the member directly.

Sec. 8. On January 1, 2015, K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 20-2610a, 74-4918, $74-4964,74-4964 a, 74-49,209,74-49,311$ and $74-49,313$ are hereby repealed.

Sec. 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after January 1, 2015, and its publication in the statute book.

