## **HOUSE BILL No. 2671**

## By Committee on Health and Human Services

2-13

AN ACT concerning the pharmacy audit integrity act; amending K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 65-16,123, 65-16,124 and 65-16,126 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 65-16,123 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-16,123. (a) The An entity conducting the audit an on-site audit of a pharmacy shall follow the following procedures:

- (1) An entity conducting an on-site audit must Give the pharmacy at least seven days written notice before conducting an initial audit;
- (2) *conduct* an audit that involves clinical or professional judgment must be conducted by or in consultation with a licensed pharmacist;
- (3) the period covered cover a period by the audit—may of not to exceed two years from the date that the claim was submitted to or adjudicated by the entity;
- (4) the pharmacy may request grant to a pharmacy an extension not to exceed seven days from the date of an originally scheduled on-site audit if requested;
- (5) the pharmacy may authorize the pharmacy to use the records of a hospital, physician or other authorized practitioner to validate the pharmacy record;
- (6) *use* any legal prescription, in compliance with the requirements of the state board of pharmacy, may be used to validate claims in connection with prescriptions, refills or changes in prescriptions;
- (7) audit each pharmacy-shall be audited under the same standards and parameters as other similarly situated pharmacies in this state and apply no standard greater than that required by the laws of the state and the state board of pharmacy; and
- (8) the entity conducting the audit must establish a written appeals process.
- (b) The entity conducting the audit shall also comply with the following requirements:
- (1) Base a finding of overpayment or underpayment must be based on the actual overpayment or underpayment and not a projection based on the number of patients served having a similar diagnosis or on the number of similar orders or refills for similar drugs;

HB 2671 2

1 2

 (2) the entity conducting the audit shall—not use extrapolation in calculating the recoupments or penalties for audits, unless required by state or federal contracts;

- (3) the auditing company or agent may not receive payment based on a percentage of the amount recovered, unless required by contracts; and
  - (4) interest may not accrue interest during the audit period.; and
- (5) (A) deliver any preliminary audit report to the pharmacy within 60 days after the conclusion of the audit;
- (B) allow any pharmacy at least 30 days following receipt of the preliminary audit to provide documentation to address any discrepancy found in the audit; and
- (C) deliver any final audit report to the pharmacy within 120 days after receipt of the preliminary audit report or final appeal, whichever is later
- (c) This section shall take effect on and after July 1, 2011 Any party aggreived by a violation of the provisions of this section may maintain in the appropriate district court a civil action for damages or for injuctive relief, or both an action for damages and for injunctive relief, against a person violating the provisions of this section.
  - (d) A violation of this section shall constitute a class C misdemeanor.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 65-16,124 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-16,124. (a) Any preliminary audit report must be delivered to the pharmacy within 60 days after the conclusion of the audit. Any pharmacy shall be allowed at least 30 days following receipt of the preliminary audit to provide documentation to address any discrepancy found in the audit. Any final audit report shall be delivered to the pharmacy within 120 days after receipt of the preliminary audit report or final appeal, whichever is later.
- (b)—Recoupment of any disputed funds or repayment of funds to the entity by the pharmacy, if permitted pursuant to contracts, shall occur, to the extent demonstrated or documented in the pharmacy audit findings, after final internal disposition of the audit including the appeals process. If the identified discrepancy for an individual audit exceeds \$20,000, any future payments to the pharmacy may be withheld pending finalization of the audit. Unless otherwise required by—the federal or state law,—any audit information may not be shared. Auditors shall only have access to previous audit reports on a particular pharmacy conducted by that same entity.
  - (e) This section shall take effect on and after July 1, 2011.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 65-16,126 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-16,126. (a) This act shall apply to contracts between an auditing entity and a pharmacy entered into, extended or renewed on or after the effective date of this act.
  - (b) The provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 65-

HB 2671 3

6 7

8

1 16,123, and amendments thereto, shall be incorporated into and made a
2 part of all contracts between an auditing entity and a pharmacy entered
3 into, extended or renewed on or after July 1, 2014. This act shall not apply
4 to any audit, review or investigation that is initiated based upon suspected
5 or alleged fraud, willful misrepresentation or abuse.

- (b) This section shall take effect on and after July 1, 2011.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 65-16,123, 65-16,124 and 65-16,126 are hereby repealed.
- 9 Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.