Session of 2014

## HOUSE BILL No. 2614

## By Committee on Taxation

## 2-11

1 AN ACT concerning property taxation; relating to the valuation of 2 property; the state court of tax appeals, renaming the court to the state 3 board of tax appeals, removal of members, timing of decisions, public 4 policy determinations, filing fees, salaries; property tax delinquencies, 5 interest; amending K.S.A. 79-505 and K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 2-131e, 9-6 1402, 12-110a, 12-631, 12-1664, 12-16,109, 12-1737, 12-1742, 12-7 1744a, 12-1744b, 12-1744c, 12-1744d, 12-1755, 12-1934, 12-3206, 12-8 3805, 14-1060, 17-1374, 19-236, 19-431, 19-15,103, 19-15,106, 19-9 15,116, 19-15,123, 19-2106f, 19-2653, 19-2752a, 19-3554, 19-4420, 10 19-4442, 20-356, 20-363, 20-626, 24-133, 24-665, 24-1219, 31-144, 38-549, 68-151n, 72-4142, 72-6441, 72-6443, 72-6451, 72-8203b, 74-11 12 2426, 74-2433, 74-2433a, 74-2433b, 74-2433c, 74-2433d, 74-2433e, 74-2433f, 74-2433g, 74-2434, 74-2435, 74-2436, 74-2437, 74-2437a, 13 14 74-2437b, 74-2438, 74-2438a, 74-2439, 74-2442, 74-2447, 74-4911f, 15 75-430, 75-37,121, 75-4201, 75-5104, 75-5107, 75-5121, 75-5161, 77-514, 77-529, 79-210, 79-213, 79-213a, 79-213d, 79-332a, 79-425a, 79-16 17 5a27, 79-6a14, 79-1404a, 79-1409, 79-1410, 79-1413a, 79-1422, 79-18 1426, 79-1427a, 79-1437f, 79-1448, 79-1476, 79-1478, 79-1478a, 79-19 1479, 79-1481, 79-1489, 79-1609, 79-1611, 79-1701, 79-1702, 79-1703, 79-1704, 79-1964a, 79-1964b, 79-2004, 79-2004a, 79-2005, 79-20 21 2416d. 79-2925a, 79-2938, 79-2939, 79-2940, 79-2941, 79-2951, 79-2977, 79-3107c, 79-3221, 79-3226, 79-3233g, 79-32,193, 79-3694, 79-22 23 5205, 80-119, 80-808, 80-1920 and 82a-1030 and repealing the existing 24 sections.

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26 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary and except as otherwise provided by subsection (b), the valuation established for property for utilization as the basis for ad valorem taxation in the first year of a biennium the first of which shall commence on January 1, 2015, shall be utilized for ad valorem taxation purposes for each year during the applicable biennium.

(b) (1) For any improvement to existing property or any other property for which a valuation has not been established for utilization as the basis for ad valorem taxation as of the first year of a biennium, there shall be established a valuation or increased valuation for such property, which shall be utilized for ad valorem taxation purposes for the year of
 valuation and the remaining portion of the applicable biennium.

3 (2) In the event a valuation of property is reduced pursuant to law 4 during a biennium, such reduced valuation shall be utilized for ad valorem 5 taxation purposes for the year in which such valuation is reduced and the 6 remaining portion of the applicable biennium.

(c) The provisions of this section shall not be construed to conflict
with any other provision of law relating to the appraisal of property for
taxation purposes or the appeals process associated therewith.

10 (d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to property 11 classified and valued pursuant to subclass (5) of class (2) of section 1 of 12 article 11 of the Kansas constitution.

(e) The provisions of this act shall be applicable to all taxable yearscommencing after December 31, 2014.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2426 is hereby amended to read as 15 16 follows: 74-2426. (a) Orders of the state eourt board of tax appeals on any 17 appeal, in any proceeding under the tax protest, tax grievance or tax 18 exemption statutes or in any other original proceeding before the court 19 board shall be rendered and served in accordance with the provisions of 20 the Kansas administrative procedure act. Notwithstanding the provisions 21 of subsection (g) of K.S.A. 77-526, and amendments thereto, a final order 22 of the eourt board shall be rendered in writing and served within 120 days 23 after the matter was fully submitted to the court board unless this period is 24 waived or extended with the written consent of all parties or for good 25 cause shown. If the board has not rendered a final order within 120 days, and such period has not been waived by the parties nor can the board 26 27 show good cause for the delay, then the board shall refund any filing fees 28 paid by the taxpaver.

(b) No final order *Final orders* of the eourt board shall be subject to review pursuant to subsection (c)-unless the except that the aggrieved party *may* first-files *file* a petition for reconsideration of that order with the eourt *board* in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 77-529, and amendments thereto.

(c) Any action of the court *board* pursuant to this section is subject to
 review in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act, except that:

(1) The parties to the action for judicial review shall be the same
parties as appeared before the court board in the administrative
proceedings before the court board. The court board shall not be a party to
any action for judicial review of an action of the court board.

40 (2) There is no right to review of any order issued by the eourt *board* 41 in a no-fund warrant proceeding pursuant to K.S.A. 12-110a, 12-1662 et 42 seq., 19-2752a, 79-2938, 79-2939 and 79-2951, and amendments thereto, 43 and statutes of a similar character. The court of appeals has jurisdiction for 1 review of all final orders issued after June 30, 2008, in all other cases.

2 (3) In addition to the cost of the preparation of the transcript, the 3 appellant shall pay to the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals the other costs of 4 certifying the record to the reviewing court. Such payment shall be made 5 prior to the transmission of the agency record to the reviewing court.

6 (4) Review of final orders of the board may be conducted by the 7 district court or the court of appeals, whichever the appellant chooses, 8 including any final orders issued on or after December 1, 2013, and 9 including any denial of a motion to reconsider issued on or after January 10 1, 2014, in all other cases.

(5) Review of orders issued by the board of tax appeals relating to the valuation or assessment of property for ad valorem tax purposes or relating to the tax protest for which the appellant chooses to be reviewed in district court, shall be conducted by the district court of the county in which the property is located or, if located in more than one county, the district court of any county in which any portion of the property is located.

17 (d) If review of an order of the state eourt board of tax appeals 18 relating to excise, income or estate taxes, is sought by a person other than 19 the director of taxation, such person shall give bond for costs at the time 20 the petition is filed. The bond shall be in the amount of 125% of the 21 amount of taxes assessed or a lesser amount approved by the court of 22 appeals and shall be conditioned on the petitioner's prosecution of the 23 review without delay and payment of all costs assessed against the 24 petitioner.

25 (e) If review of an order is sought by a party other than the director of property valuation or a taxing subdivision and the order determines, 26 27 approves, modifies or equalizes the amount of valuation which isassessable and for which the tax has not been paid, a bond shall be given 28 29 in the amount of 125% of the amount of the taxes assessed or a lesser 30 amount approved by the reviewing court. The bond shall be conditioned on 31 the petitioner's prosecution of the review without delay and payment of all 32 costs assessed against the petitioner.

33 Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2433 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2433. (a) There is hereby created a state eourt board of tax 34 35 appeals, referred to in this act as the court board. The court board shall be 36 composed of three tax law judges members who shall be appointed by the 37 governor, subject to confirmation by the senate as provided in K.S.A. 75-38 4315b, and amendments thereto. After the effective date of this act, one of 39 such-judges members shall have been regularly admitted to practice law in the state of Kansas and for a period of at least five years, have engaged in 40 the active practice of law as a lawyer, judge of a court of record or any 41 other court in this state; and one of such-judges members shall have 42 43 engaged in active practice as a certified public accountant for a period of at

1 least five years. In addition, the governor shall also appoint a chief hearing 2 officer, subject to confirmation by the senate as provided in K.S.A. 75-3 4315b, and amendments thereto, who, in addition to other duties 4 prescribed by this act, shall serve as a-judge *member* pro tempore of the 5 court board. No successor shall be appointed for any-member judge of the 6 board-court of tax appeals appointed before July 1, 2008 2014. Such 7 persons shall continue to serve as-judges members on the court board of 8 tax appeals until their terms expire. Except as provided by K.S.A. 46-9 2601, and amendments thereto, no person appointed to the eourt board, 10 including the chief hearing officer, shall exercise any power, duty or function as a judge member of the eourt board until confirmed by the 11 12 senate. Not more than two-judges members of the court board shall be of the same political party. Judges Members of the court board, including the 13 14 chief hearing officer, shall be residents of the state. Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4315c, and amendments thereto, no more than one 15 16 member shall be appointed from any one of the congressional districts of 17 Kansas unless, after having exercised due diligence, the governor is unable 18 to find a qualified replacement within 90 days after any vacancy on the 19 <del>court</del> board occurs. The judges members of the court board, including the 20 chief hearing officer, shall be selected with special reference to training 21 and experience for duties imposed by this act and shall be individuals with 22 legal, tax, accounting or appraisal training and experience. State eourt 23 *board* of tax appeals judges *members* shall be subject to the supreme court 24 rules of judicial conduct applicable to all judges of the district court. The 25 court board shall be bound by the doctrine of stare decisis limited to 26 published decisions of an appellate court other than a district court. Judges 27 Members of the court board, including the chief hearing officer, shall hold 28 office for terms of four years-and until their successors are appointed and confirmed. A member may continue to serve for a period of 90 days after 29 30 the expiration of the member's term, or until a successor has been 31 appointed and confirmed, whichever is shorter. Except as otherwise 32 provided, such terms of office shall expire on January 15 of the last year of 33 such term. If a vacancy occurs on the court board, or in the position for 34 chief hearing officer, the governor shall appoint a successor to fill the 35 vacancy for the unexpired term. Nothing in this section shall be construed 36 to prohibit the governor from reappointing any judge member of the court 37 board, including the chief hearing officer, for additional four-year terms. 38 The governor shall select one of its judges members to serve as chief judge 39 chairperson. The votes of two-judges members shall be required for any 40 final order to be issued by the court board. Meetings may be called by the 41 chief judge chairperson and shall be called on request of a majority of the 42 judges members of the court board and when otherwise prescribed by 43 statute.

1 (b) Any-judge member appointed to the state court board of tax 2 appeals and the chief hearing officer may be removed by the governor for 3 cause, after public hearing conducted in accordance with the provisions of 4 the Kansas administrative procedure act for cause by filing a petition in 5 the district court of Shawnee county. For the purposes of this section, 6 cause includes, but is not limited to, failure of a member to meet the 7 requirements of subsection (e) of this section or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8 74-2426. and amendments thereto.

9 (c) The state eourt board of tax appeals shall appoint, subject to 10 approval by the governor, an executive director of the eourt board, to serve 11 at the pleasure of the eourt board. The executive director shall: (1) Be in 12 the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act; (2) devote full 13 time to the executive director's assigned duties; (3) receive such compensation as determined by the court board, subject to the limitations 14 15 of appropriations thereof; and (4) have familiarity with the tax appeals 16 process sufficient to fulfill the duties of the office of executive director. 17 The executive director shall perform such other duties as directed by the 18 court board.

19 (d) Appeals decided by the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals <del>which are</del> 20 deemed of sufficient importance to be published shall be made available 21 to the public and shall be published by the court board on the board's 22 website within 30 days after the decision has been rendered. The board 23 shall also publish a monthly report that includes all appeals decided that 24 month as well as all appeals which have not yet been decided and are 25 bevond the 120 day limit as set forth in K.S.A. 74-2426, and amendments 26 thereto. Such report shall be made available to the public and transmitted 27 by the board to the members of the Kansas legislature.

28 (e) After appointment, judges *members* of the state court board of tax 29 appeals shall complete the following course requirements: (1) A tested appraisal course of not less than 30 clock hours of instruction consisting of 30 31 the fundamentals of real property appraisal with an emphasis on the cost 32 and sales approaches to value; (2) a tested appraisal course of not less than 33 30 clock hours of instruction consisting of the fundamentals of real 34 property appraisal with an emphasis on the income approach to value; (3) 35 a tested appraisal course of not less than 30 clock hours of instruction with 36 an emphasis on mass appraisal; (4) an appraisal course with an emphasis 37 on Kansas property tax laws and; (5) an appraisal course on the techniques 38 and procedures for the valuation of state assessed properties with an 39 emphasis on unit valuation; and (6) a tested appraisal course on the 40 techniques and procedures for the valuation of land devoted to agricultural 41 use pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1476, and amendments thereto. The executive 42 director shall adopt rules and regulations prescribing a timetable for the 43 completion of the course requirements and prescribing continued

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1 education requirements for judges members of the court board.

2 (f) The state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals shall have no capacity or 3 power to sue or be sued.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2433f is hereby amended to read as
follows: 74-2433f. (a) There shall be a division of the state court *board* of
tax appeals known as the small claims and expedited hearings division.
Hearing officers appointed by the chief hearing officer shall have authority
to hear and decide cases heard in the small claims and expedited hearings
division.

10 The small claims and expedited hearings division shall have (b) jurisdiction over hearing and deciding applications for the refund of 11 12 protested taxes under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2005, and amendments 13 thereto, and hearing and deciding appeals from decisions rendered pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-1448, and amendments thereto, 14 15 and of article 16 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and 16 amendments thereto, with regard to single-family residential property. The 17 filing of an appeal with the small claims and expedited hearings division shall be a prerequisite for filing an appeal with the state <del>court</del> board of tax 18 appeals for appeals involving single-family residential property. 19

20 (c) At the election of the taxpayer, the small claims and expedited 21 hearings division shall have jurisdiction over: (1) Any appeal of a decision, 22 finding, order or ruling of the director of taxation, except an appeal, 23 finding, order or ruling relating to an assessment issued pursuant to K.S.A. 24 79-5201 et seq., and amendments thereto, in which the amount of tax in 25 controversy does not exceed \$15,000; (2) hearing and deciding applications for the refund of protested taxes under the provisions of 26 27 K.S.A. 79-2005, and amendments thereto, where the value of the property, 28 other than property devoted to agricultural use, is less than \$2,000,000 29 \$5,000,000 as reflected on the valuation notice; and (3) hearing and deciding appeals from decisions rendered pursuant to the provisions of 30 31 K.S.A. 79-1448, and amendments thereto, and of article 16 of chapter 79 32 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, other than 33 those relating to land devoted to agricultural use, wherein the value of the 34 property is less than \$2,000,000 \$5,000,000 as reflected on the valuation 35 notice.

36 (d) In accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 74-2438, and 37 amendments thereto, any party may elect to appeal any application or 38 decision referenced in subsection (b) to the state eourt board of tax 39 appeals. Except as provided in subsection (b) regarding single-family 40 residential property, the filing of an appeal with the small claims and expedited hearings division shall not be a prerequisite for filing an appeal 41 with the state eourt board of tax appeals under this section. Final decisions 42 43 of the small claims and expedited hearings division may be appealed to the

state court board of tax appeals. An appeal of a decision of the small
 claims and expedited hearings division to the state court board of tax
 appeals shall be de novo. The county bears the burden of proof in any
 appeal filed by the county pursuant to this section.

5 (e) A taxpayer shall commence a proceeding in the small claims and 6 expedited hearings division by filing a notice of appeal in the form 7 prescribed by the rules of the state eourt board of tax appeals which shall 8 state the nature of the taxpayer's claim. The notice of appeal may be signed 9 by the taxpayer or any person authorized in (f) below. An unsigned or incorrectly signed notice of appeal form will be docketed and will not be 10 grounds for dismissal. Notice of appeal shall be provided to the 11 12 appropriate unit of government named in the notice of appeal by the taxpayer. In any valuation appeal or tax protest commenced pursuant to 13 articles 14 and 20 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and 14 15 amendments thereto, the hearing shall be conducted in the county where 16 the property is located or a county adjacent thereto. In any appeal from a final determination by the secretary of revenue, the hearing shall be 17 18 conducted in the county in which the taxpayer resides or a county adjacent 19 thereto.

20 (f) The hearing in the small claims and expedited hearings division 21 shall be informal. The hearing officer may hear any testimony and receive 22 any evidence the hearing officer deems necessary or desirable for a just 23 determination of the case. A hearing officer shall have the authority to 24 administer oaths in all matters before the hearing officer. All testimony 25 shall be given under oath. A party may appear personally or may be 26 represented by an attorney, a certified public accountant, a certified general 27 appraiser, a tax representative or agent, a member of the taxpayer's 28 immediate family or an authorized employee of the taxpaver. A county or 29 unified government may be represented by the county appraiser, designee 30 of the county appraiser, county attorney or counselor or other 31 representatives so designated. No transcript of the proceedings shall be 32 kept.

33 (g) The hearing in the small claims and expedited hearings division 34 shall be conducted within 60 days after the appeal is filed in the small 35 claims and expedited hearings division unless such time period is waived 36 by the taxpayer. A decision shall be rendered by the hearing officer within 37 30 days after the hearing is concluded and, in cases arising from appeals 38 described by subsections (b) and (c)(2) and (3), shall be accompanied by a 39 written explanation of the reasoning upon which such decision is based. 40 Documents provided by a taxpayer or county or district appraiser shall be 41 returned to the taxpayer or the county or district appraiser by the hearing 42 officer and shall not become a part of the court's board's permanent 43 records. Documents provided to the hearing officer shall be confidential

1 and may not be disclosed, except as otherwise specifically provided.

2 (h) With regard to any matter properly submitted to the division relating to the determination of valuation of property for taxation purposes, 3 it shall be the duty of the county appraiser to initiate the production of 4 5 evidence to demonstrate, by a preponderance of the evidence, the validity 6 and correctness of such determination. No presumption shall exist in favor 7 of the county appraiser with respect to the validity and correctness of such 8 determination. With regard to leased commercial and industrial property, 9 the presumption of validity and correctness of such determination shallexist in favor of the county appraiser burden of proof shall be on the 10 taxpayer unless the taxpayer has furnished the county or district appraiser, 11 12 within 30 calendar days following the informal meeting required by-K.S.A. 79-1448, and amendments thereto, or within 30 calendar days-13 following the informal meeting required by K.S.A. 79-2005, and 14 15 amendments thereto, a complete income and expense statement for the 16 property for the three years next preceding the year of appeal. Such 17 income and expense statement shall be in such format acceptable to the 18 board and shall be provided to the county after filing the notice of appeal 19 to the division.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2434 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2434. (a) Each-judge *member* of the-court *board*, including the chief hearing officer, shall receive an annual salary as provided in this section. Each of the judges *members* of the court *board*, including the chief hearing officer, shall devote full time to the duties of such office.

(b) (1) The annual salary of the chief-judge hearing officer shall be an
 amount equal to the annual salary paid by the state to a district judge
 designated as chief judge entry level administrative hearing officer; and

(2) the annual salary of each-judge member other than the chief judge,
including the chief hearing officer, shall be an amount which is \$2,465 less
than the annual salary of the chief judge equal to the annual salary paid by
the state to an administrative law judge under the provisions of K.S.A. 44551, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2437 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2437. The state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals shall have the following powers and duties:

(a) To hear appeals from the director of taxation and the director of
 property valuation on rulings and interpretations by said directors, except
 where different provision is made by law;

(b) to hear appeals from the director of property valuation on theassessment of state assessed property;

41 (c) to adopt rules and regulations relating to the performance of its
42 duties and particularly with reference to procedure before it on hearings
43 and appeals; and

(d) such other powers as may be prescribed by law.

2 The powers and duties of the state board of tax appeals shall not (e) 3 include: 4

(1) Determining who may sign appeals forms;

5 (2) determining who may represent taxpayers in any matter before 6 the board:

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(3) deciding what constitutes the unauthorized practice of law; and

8 (4) deciding whether or not a contingent fee agreement is a violation 9 of public policy.

10 The board shall not take any action which would impede any sort *(f)* of settlement or agreement between the county and the taxpayer or 11 12 otherwise act or fail to act in such a way as to restrain the county and the taxpayer from reaching a settlement or agreement. 13

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2438 is hereby amended to read as 14 follows: 74-2438. (a) An appeal may be taken to the state eourt board of 15 16 tax appeals from any finding, ruling, order, decision, final determination or 17 other final action, including action relating to abatement or reduction of 18 penalty and interest, on any case of the secretary of revenue or the 19 secretary's designee by any person aggrieved thereby. Notice of such 20 appeal shall be filed with the secretary of the court board within 30 days 21 after such finding, ruling, order, decision, final determination or other 22 action on a case, and a copy served upon the secretary of revenue or the 23 secretary's designee. An appeal may also be taken to the state court board of tax appeals at any time when no final determination has been made by 24 25 the secretary of revenue or the secretary's designee after 270 days has passed since the date of the request for informal conference pursuant to 26 27 K.S.A. 79-3226, and amendments thereto, and no written agreement by the 28 parties to further extend the time for making such final determination is in 29 effect

30 (b) Upon receipt of a timely appeal, the court board shall conduct a 31 hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative 32 procedure act. The hearing before the court board shall be a de novo 33 hearing unless the parties agree to submit the case on the record made 34 before the secretary of revenue or the secretary's designee.

35 (c) (1) With regard to any matter properly submitted to the court 36 board relating to the determination of valuation of residential property or 37 real property used for commercial and industrial purposes for taxation 38 purposes, it shall be the duty of the county or district appraiser to initiate 39 the production of evidence to demonstrate, by a preponderance of the evidence, the validity and correctness of such determination, except that 40 41 no such duty shall accrue with regard to leased commercial and industrial property unless the property owner has furnished to the county or district 42 43 appraiser a complete income and expense statement for the property for

1 the three years next preceding the year of appeal. Any appraisal made by

2 the county or district appraiser must be released through the discovery 3 process to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's attorney or the taxpayer's representative. No presumption shall exist in favor of the county or district 4 5 appraiser with respect to the validity and correctness of such 6 determination. If a taxpayer presents a property-specific appraisal 7 conducted by a certified general appraiser which determines the subject 8 property's valuation to be less than that determined by a mass real estate 9 appraisal conducted by the county or district appraiser, then the taxpayer's property-specific appraisal shall be accepted by the board. No 10 interest shall accrue on the amount of the assessment of tax subject to any 11 such appeal beyond 120 days after the date the matter was fully submitted, 12 except that, if a final order is issued within such time period, interest shall 13 14 continue to accrue until such time as the tax liability is fully satisfied, and 15 if a final order is issued beyond such time period, interest shall 16 recommence to accrue from the date of such order until such time as the 17 tax liability is fully satisfied.

18 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2438a is hereby amended to read as 19 follows: 74-2438a. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), the executive 20 director of the state court board of tax appeals shall charge and collect a 21 filing fee, established by rules and regulations adopted by the state court 22 *board* of tax appeals, for any appeal in any proceeding under the tax protest, tax grievance or tax exemption statutes or in any other original 23 proceeding for such court board to recover all or part of the costs of 24 25 processing such actions incurred by the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals. 26 With regard to single-family residential property, the filing fee charged for 27 applications by taxpayers for refunds of protested taxes under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2005, and amendments thereto, and appeals from 28 29 decisions rendered pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1448, and amendments thereto, shall not exceed \$35; Provided, however, that no filing fee shall be-30 imposed on any such application or appeal of residential property filed-31 32 with the small claims and expedited hearings division. Not-for-profit-33 organizations shall not be charged a filing fee exceeding \$10 for anyappeal if the valuation of the property that is the subject of the controversy 34 35 does not exceed \$100,000.

(b) The-BOTA COTA filing fee fund is hereby renamed the-COTA
 BOTA filing fee fund.

(c) The executive director of the court board of tax appeals shall remit to the state treasurer at least monthly all tax appeal filing fees received by the state court board of tax appeals. Upon receipt of any such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the amount in the state treasury to the credit of the COTA BOTA filing fee fund.

43 (d) All expenditures from the COTA BOTA filing fee fund shall be

made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director
 of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the
 executive director of the state eourt *board* of tax appeals or a person or
 persons designated by such executive director.

5 (e) No filing fee of any kind shall be charged by the executive director 6 to:

*A taxpayer who has filed an appeal for a previous year that has not been decided by the board and is beyond the time period prescribed by K.S.A.* 74-2426, and amendments thereto;

10 (2) any taxpayer filing in regard to single-family residential property 11 for a refund of protested taxes under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2005, and 12 amendments thereto, or an appeal from a decision rendered pursuant to 13 K.S.A. 79-1448, and amendments thereto; or

(3) any not-for-profit organization if the valuation of the property
that is the subject of the controversy does not exceed \$100,000.

16 Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 77-529 is hereby amended to read as 17 follows: 77-529. (a) (1) Except as otherwise provided by paragraph (2), any party, within 15 days after service of a final order, may file a petition 18 19 for reconsideration with the agency head, stating the specific grounds upon which relief is requested. The filing of the petition is not a prerequisite for 20 21 seeking administrative or judicial review except as provided in K.S.A. 44-22 1010 and 44-1115, and amendments thereto, concerning orders of the 23 Kansas human rights commission, K.S.A. 55-606 and 66-118b, and 24 amendments thereto, concerning orders of the corporation commission and 25 K.S.A. 74-2426, and amendments thereto, concerning orders of the state 26 court of tax appeals.

27 (2) Any party applying for an exemption under: (A) Section 13, of 28 article 11 of the Kansas Constitution, or (B) K.S.A. 79-201a *Second*, and 29 amendments thereto, for property constructed or purchased, in whole or in 30 part, with the proceeds of revenue bonds under the authority of K.S.A. 12-31 1740 to 12-1749, inclusive, and amendments thereto, may file a petition 32 for reconsideration with the state court *board* of tax appeals within 30 days 33 after service of a final order.

34 (b) Within 20 days after the filing of the petition, the agency head 35 shall render a written order denying the petition, granting the petition and 36 dissolving or modifying the final order, or granting the petition and setting 37 the matter for further proceedings. An order on reconsideration altering a 38 prior order shall be in writing and shall include findings of fact, 39 conclusions of law and policy reasons for the decision. In proceedings 40 before the Kansas corporation commission, the petition is deemed to have been denied if the agency head does not dispose of it within 30 days after 41 the filing of the petition. 42

43 An order under this section shall be served on the parties in the manner

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1 prescribed by K.S.A. 77-531, and amendments thereto.

2 (c) If there are multiple parties to an agency adjudication and one 3 party files a petition for judicial review, the agency retains jurisdiction to 4 act on a timely petition for reconsideration filed by another party.

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(d) Any order rendered upon reconsideration or any order denying a 6 petition for reconsideration shall state the agency officer to receive service 7 of a petition for judicial review on behalf of the agency.

8 (e) For the purposes of this section, "agency head" shall include a 9 presiding officer designated in accordance with subsection (g) of K.S.A. 10 77-514, and amendments thereto.

K.S.A. 79-505 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-505. 11 Sec. 10. 12 (a) The director of property valuation shall adopt rules and regulations or appraiser directives prescribing appropriate standards for the performance 13 14 of appraisals in connection with ad valorem taxation in this state. Such 15 rules and regulations or appraiser directives shall require, at a minimum:

16 (1) That all appraisals be performed in accordance with generally accepted appraisal standards as evidenced by the appraisal standards 17 18 promulgated by the appraisal standards board of the appraisal foundation 19 which are in effect on March 1, 1992; and

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(2) that such appraisals shall be written appraisals.

21 (b) The director of property valuation or a county appraiser may 22 require compliance with additional standards if a determination is made in 23 writing that such additional standards are required in order to properly 24 carry out statutory responsibilities.

Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1448 is hereby amended to read as 25 follows: 79-1448. Any taxpayer may complain or appeal to the county 26 appraiser from the classification or appraisal of the taxpayer's property by 27 28 giving notice to the county appraiser within 30 days subsequent to the date 29 of mailing of the valuation notice required by K.S.A. 79-1460, and amendments thereto, for real property, and on or before May 15 for 30 31 personal property. The county appraiser or the appraiser's designee shall 32 arrange to hold an informal meeting with the aggrieved taxpayer with 33 reference to the property in question. At such meeting it shall be the duty 34 of the county appraiser or the county appraiser's designee to initiate 35 production of evidence to substantiate the valuation of such property, 36 including the affording to the taxpayer of the opportunity to review the 37 data sheet of comparable sales utilized in the determination of such 38 valuation. In any appeal from the appraisal of leased commercial and-39 industrial property, the county or district appraiser's appraised value shall be presumed to be valid and correct and may only be rebutted by a 40 41 preponderance of the evidence, unless the property owner furnishes the 42 county or district appraiser a complete income and expense statement for 43 the property for the three years next preceding the year of appeal within 30

ealendar days following the informal meeting. The county appraiser may 1 2 extend the time in which the taxpayer may informally appeal from the 3 classification or appraisal of the taxpayer's property for just and adequate 4 reasons. Except as provided in K.S.A. 79-1404, and amendments thereto, 5 no informal meeting regarding real property shall be scheduled to take 6 place after May 15, nor shall a final determination be given by the 7 appraiser after May 20. Any final determination shall be accompanied by a 8 written explanation of the reasoning upon which such determination is 9 based when such determination is not in favor of the taxpayer. Any taxpayer who is aggrieved by the final determination of the county 10 appraiser may appeal to the hearing officer or panel appointed pursuant to 11 12 K.S.A. 79-1611, and amendments thereto, and such hearing officer, or panel, for just cause shown and recorded, is authorized to change the 13 14 classification or valuation of specific tracts or individual items of real or 15 personal property in the same manner provided for in K.S.A. 79-1606, and amendments thereto. In lieu of appealing to a hearing officer or panel 16 appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1611, and amendments thereto, any 17 18 taxpayer aggrieved by the final determination of the county appraiser, 19 except with regard to land devoted to agricultural use, wherein the value of 20 the property, is less than \$2,000,000 \$5,000,000, as reflected on the 21 valuation notice, or the property constitutes single family residential 22 property, may appeal to the small claims and expedited hearings division 23 of the state *court board* of tax appeals within the time period prescribed by 24 K.S.A. 79-1606, and amendments thereto. Any taxpayer who is aggrieved 25 by the final determination of a hearing officer or panel may appeal to the 26 state eourt board of tax appeals as provided in K.S.A. 79-1609, and 27 amendments thereto. An informal meeting with the county appraiser or the 28 appraiser's designee shall be a condition precedent to an appeal to the 29 county or district hearing panel.

30 Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1609 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1609. Any person aggrieved by any order of the hearing 31 32 officer or panel may appeal to the state court board of tax appeals by filing 33 a written notice of appeal, on forms approved by the state eourt board of 34 tax appeals and provided by the county clerk for such purpose, stating the 35 grounds thereof and a description of any comparable property or properties 36 and the appraisal thereof upon which they rely as evidence of inequality of 37 the appraisal of their property, if that be a ground of the appeal, with the 38 state eourt board of tax appeals and by filing a copy thereof with the 39 county clerk within 30 days after the date of the order from which the 40 appeal is taken. The notice of appeal may be signed by the taxpayer or any 41 person authorized in subsection (f) of K.S.A. 74-2433f, and amendments 42 thereto. An unsigned or incorrectly signed notice of appeal form will be 43 docketed and will not be grounds for dismissal. A county or district

1 appraiser may appeal to the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals from any order 2 of the hearing officer or panel. With regard to any matter properly 3 submitted to the eourt board relating to the determination of valuation of 4 residential property or real property used for commercial and industrial 5 purposes for taxation purposes, it shall be the duty of the county appraiser 6 to initiate the production of evidence to demonstrate, by a preponderance 7 of the evidence, the validity and correctness of such determination. With 8 regard to leased commercial and industrial property, the presumption of 9 validity and correctness of such determination shall exist in favor of the 10 county or district appraiser the burden of proof shall be on the taxpayer unless, within 30 calendar days following the informal meeting required 11 12 by K.S.A. 79-1448, and amendments thereto, the taxpayer furnished to the 13 county or district appraiser the taxpayer has furnished a complete income 14 and expense statements for the property for the three years next preceding the year of appeal. Such income and expense statement shall be in such 15 16 format acceptable to the board and shall be provided to the county after 17 filing the notice of appeal to the state board of tax appeals.

18 Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2004 is hereby amended to read as 19 follows: 79-2004. (a) Except as provided by K.S.A. 79-4521, and 20 amendments thereto, any person charged with real property taxes on the 21 tax books in the hands of the county treasurer may pay, at such person's 22 option, the full amount thereof on or before December 20 of each year, or 23  $\frac{1}{2}$  thereof on or before December 20 and the remaining  $\frac{1}{2}$  on or before 24 May 10 next ensuing. If the full amount of the real property taxes listed 25 upon any tax statement is \$10 or less the entire amount of such tax shall be 26 due and pavable on or before December 20.

27 In case the first half of the real property taxes remains unpaid after 28 December 20, the first half of the tax shall draw interest at the rate 29 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments thereto, plus minus two 30 percentage points, per annum and may be paid at any time prior to May 10 following by paying  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the tax together with interest at such rate from 31 32 December 20 to date of payment. Subject to the provisions of subsection 33 (d), all real property taxes of the preceding year and accrued interest 34 thereon which remain due and unpaid on May 11 shall accrue interest at 35 the rate prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments thereto, plus-36 minus two percentage points, per annum from May 10 until paid, or until 37 the real property is sold for taxes by foreclosure as provided by law. 38 Except as provided by subsection (c), all interest herein provided shall be 39 credited to the county general fund, and whenever any such interest is paid 40 the county treasurer shall enter the amount of interest so paid on the tax 41 rolls in the proper column and account for such sum.

42 (b) Whenever any date prescribed in subsection (a) for the payment 43 of real property taxes occurs on a Saturday or Sunday, such date for payment shall be extended until the next-following regular business day of
 the office of the county treasurer.

3 (c) The board of county commissioners may enter into an agreement 4 with the governing body of any city located in the county for the 5 distribution of part or all of the interest paid on special assessments levied 6 by the city which remain unpaid.

7 (d) All real property taxes of any year past due and unpaid on the 8 effective date of this section and interest accrued thereon pursuant to this 9 section prior to its amendment by this act shall draw interest at the rate 10 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments thereto,-<u>plus minus</u> two 11 percentage points, per annum from the effective date of this section until 12 paid or until the real property is sold for taxes by foreclosure as provided 13 by law.

14 Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2004a is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-2004a. (a) Any taxpayer charged with personal property taxes 15 16 on the tax books in the hands of the county treasurer may at such 17 taxpayer's option pay the full amount thereof on or before December 20 of each year, or  $\frac{1}{2}$  thereof on or before December 20 and the remaining  $\frac{1}{2}$ 18 19 thereof on or before May 10 next ensuing, except that: (1) All unpaid 20 personal property taxes of the preceding year must first be paid; and (2) if 21 the full amount of the personal property taxes listed upon any tax 22 statement shall be \$10 or less the entire amount of such taxes shall be due 23 and pavable on or before December 20.

In the event anyone charged with personal property taxes shall fail to pay the first half thereof on or before December 20, the full amount thereof shall become immediately due and payable.

In case the first half of the taxes remains unpaid after December 20, the 27 28 entire and full amount of personal property taxes charged shall draw interest at the rate prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments thereto, 29 plus minus two percentage points, per annum from December 20 to date of 30 31 payment. Subject to the provisions of subsection (c) all personal property 32 taxes of the preceding year and interest thereon which shall remain due 33 and unpaid on May 11 shall draw interest at the rate prescribed by K.S.A. 34 79-2968, and amendments thereto, plus minus two percentage points, per 35 annum from May 10 until paid. All interest herein provided for shall be 36 credited to the county general fund and retained by the county, and 37 whenever any such interest is paid, the county treasurer shall enter the 38 amount of interest so paid on the tax rolls in the proper column and 39 account for such sum.

(b) Whenever any date prescribed in subsection (a) for the payment
of personal property taxes occurs on a Saturday or Sunday, such date for
payment shall be extended until the next-following regular business day of
the office of the county treasurer.

1 (c) All personal property taxes of any year past due and unpaid on the 2 effective date of this section and interest accrued thereon pursuant to this 3 section prior to its amendment by this act shall draw interest at the rate 4 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments thereto, <u>plus minus</u> two 5 percentage points, per annum from the effective date of this section until 6 paid.

7 K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 2-131e is hereby amended to read as Sec. 15. 8 follows: 2-131e. Whenever the board of county commissioners of any 9 county in which there is an officially recognized county fair association, 10 and having a population of not less than 35,000 nor more than 45,000, and having an assessed tangible valuation of not less than \$50,000,000 and not 11 12 more than \$80,000,000, shall determine, upon the request of such fair 13 association, that it is in the best interest of the county to raise funds for the 14 purchase of grounds or the erection and maintenance of buildings for such 15 fair association, such board of commissioners is hereby authorized and 16 empowered to issue no-fund warrants in an amount not to exceed, in the 17 aggregate, \$5,000 for the purposes stated hereinbefore. No-fund warrants 18 issued hereunder shall be issued in the manner and form and bear interest 19 and be redeemed as prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments 20 thereto, except that they may be issued without the approval of the state 21 eourt board of tax appeals, and without the notation required by K.S.A. 22 79-2940, and amendments thereto. The authority to issue no-fund 23 warrants, as provided herein, shall not be exercised by the board of county 24 commissioners more than once in any ten-year period. Such warrants shall 25 mature serially in approximately equal annual installments at such yearly 26 dates as to be payable by not more than five tax levies, and the board of 27 county commissioners issuing such warrants shall make a tax levy at the 28 first tax levving period after such warrants are issued, and at such of the 29 next succeeding tax levying periods as may be required, sufficient to pay 30 such warrants as they mature and the interest thereon as the same becomes 31 due. The money collected from issuance of such warrants shall be paid to 32 such fair associations for the purposes herein specified. Such tax levy or 33 levies shall be in addition to all other tax levies authorized or limited by 34 law and shall not be subject to or within the aggregate tax levy limit 35 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-1947, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 9-1402 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1402. (a) Before any deposit of public moneys or funds shall be made by any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas with any bank, savings and loan association or savings bank, such municipal or quasi-municipal corporation shall obtain security for such deposit in one of the following manners prescribed by this section.

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(b) Such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may give

1 to the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation a personal 2 bond in double the amount which may be on deposit at any given time.

3 (c) Such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may give 4 a corporate surety bond of some surety corporation authorized to do 5 business in this state, which bond shall be in an amount equal to the public 6 moneys or funds on deposit at any given time less the amount of such 7 public moneys or funds which is insured by the federal deposit insurance 8 corporation or its successor and such bond shall be conditioned that such 9 deposit shall be paid promptly on the order of the municipal corporation or 10 quasi-municipal corporation making such deposits.

11 (d) Such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may 12 deposit, maintain, pledge, assign, and grant a security interest in, or cause its agent, trustee, wholly-owned subsidiary or affiliate having identical 13 14 ownership to deposit, maintain, pledge, assign, and grant a security interest 15 in, for the benefit of the governing body of the municipal corporation or 16 quasi-municipal corporation in the manner provided in this act, securities, 17 security entitlements, financial assets and securities accounts owned by the depository institution directly or indirectly through its agent or trustee 18 19 holding securities on its behalf, or owned by the depository institutions 20 wholly-owned subsidiary or by such affiliate, the market value of which is 21 equal to 100% of the total deposits at any given time, and such securities, 22 security entitlements, financial assets and securities accounts, may be 23 accepted or rejected by the governing body of the municipal corporation or 24 guasi-municipal corporation and shall consist of the following and security 25 entitlements thereto:

(1) Direct obligations of, or obligations that are insured as to principal
and interest by, the United States of America or any agency thereof and
obligations, including but not limited to letters of credit, and securities of
United States sponsored corporations which under federal law may be
accepted as security for public funds;

(2) bonds of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas which have been refunded in advance of their maturity and are fully secured as to payment of principal and interest thereon by deposit in trust, under escrow agreement with a bank, of direct obligations of, or obligations the principal of and the interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America;

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(3) bonds of the state of Kansas;

(4) general obligation bonds of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas;

40 (5) revenue bonds of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal
41 corporation of the state of Kansas if approved by the state bank
42 commissioner in the case of banks and by the savings and loan
43 commissioner in the case of savings and loan associations or federally

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1 chartered savings banks;

2 (6) temporary notes of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal
3 corporation of the state of Kansas which are general obligations of the
4 municipal or quasi-municipal corporation issuing the same;

5 (7) warrants of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal 6 corporation of the state of Kansas the issuance of which is authorized by 7 the state <u>court</u> *board* of tax appeals and which are payable from the 8 proceeds of a mandatory tax levy;

9 (8) bonds of either a Kansas not-for-profit corporation or of a local 10 housing authority that are rated at least Aa by Moody's Investors Service 11 or AA by Standard & Poor's Corp.;

(9) bonds issued pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1740 et seq., and amendments
thereto, that are rated at least MIG-1 or Aa by Moody's Investors Service
or AA by Standard & Poor's Corp.;

(10) notes of a Kansas not-for-profit corporation that are issued to
 provide only the interim funds for a mortgage loan that is insured by the
 federal housing administration;

(11) bonds issued pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8901 through 74-8916, andamendments thereto;

20 (12) bonds issued pursuant to K.S.A. 68-2319 through 68-2330, and 21 amendments thereto;

(13) commercial paper that does not exceed 270 days to maturity and
which has received one of the two highest commercial paper credit ratings
by a nationally recognized investment rating firm; or

(14) (A) negotiable promissory notes together with first lien
 mortgages on one to four family residential real estate located in Kansas
 securing payment of such notes when such notes or mortgages:

28 (i) Are underwritten by the federal national mortgage association, the 29 mortgage corporation, the federal housing federal home loan administration or the veterans administration standards; or are valued 30 31 pursuant to rules and regulations which shall be adopted by both the state 32 bank commissioner and the savings and loan commissioner after having 33 first being submitted to and approved by both the state banking board under K.S.A. 9-1713, and amendments thereto, and the savings and loan 34 35 board. Such rules and regulations shall be published in only one place in 36 the Kansas administrative regulations as directed by the state rules and 37 regulations board;

(ii) have been in existence with the same borrower for at least two
 years and with no history of any installment being unpaid for 30 days or
 more; and

(iii) are valued at not to exceed 50% of the lesser of the following
three values: Outstanding mortgage balance; current appraised value of the
real estate; or discounted present value based upon current federal national

1 mortgage association or government national mortgage association interest 2 rates quoted for conventional, federal housing administration or veterans 3 administration mortgage loans.

4 (B) Securities under (A) shall be taken at their value for not more 5 than 50% of the security required under the provisions of this section.

6 (C) Securities under (A) shall be withdrawn immediately from the 7 collateral pool if any installment is unpaid for 30 days or more.

8 (D) A status report on all such loans shall be provided to the investing 9 governmental entity by the financial institution on a quarterly basis.

(e) No such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may 10 deposit and maintain for the benefit of the governing body of a municipal 11 or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas, any securities which 12 13 consist of:

14 (1) Bonds secured by revenues of a utility which has been in 15 operation for less than three years; or

16 (2) bonds issued under K.S.A. 12-1740 et seq., and amendments 17 thereto, unless such bonds have been refunded in advance of their maturity 18 as provided in subsection (d) or such bonds are rated at least Aa by 19 Moody's Investors Service or AA by Standard & Poor's Corp.

(f) Any expense incurred in connection with granting approval of 21 revenue bonds shall be paid by the applicant for approval.

22 Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-110a is hereby amended to read as 23 follows: 12-110a. (a) Whenever the governing body of any city, the board 24 of county commissioners of any county or any township board shall deem 25 that an emergency exists and that in order properly to protect and service 26 or insure and provide for the health and convenience of the public it is 27 necessary to purchase, repair or replace equipment, apparatus or 28 machinery necessary for the operation of law enforcement, for the disposal 29 of refuse, for fire protection, for street, road and bridge construction, repair or maintenance, for sewer treatment, for water service or for ambulance 30 31 service, and such city, county or township is without funds for the purchase, repair or replacement of such equipment, apparatus or 32 33 machinery, the governing body of the city, the board of county 34 commissioners of the county or the township board shall have power to 35 issue and sell no-fund warrants or general obligation bonds to raise 36 revenue for such purchase or replacement in the manner as hereinafter 37 provided and as provided by law and to levy taxes to pay such warrants or 38 bonds. The governing body of such city shall by ordinance and the board 39 of county commissioners or the township board shall by resolution declare 40 that such emergency exists and that such purchase, repair or replacement 41 of equipment, apparatus or machinery is necessary, and stating the 42 maximum amount to be expended for such purchase, repair or 43 replacement. Upon the passage and publication of such ordinance or

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1 resolution the governing body of the city, the board of county 2 commissioners or the township board shall file an application with the 3 state eourt board of tax appeals, asking for permission to make such 4 expenditure and issue warrants or bonds in payment thereof. Such 5 application shall be in writing and shall contain a copy of the ordinance or 6 resolution published and such other information as the governing body or 7 board shall deem necessary adequately to inform the state eourt board of 8 tax appeals of the emergency existing.

9 If, upon hearing being had in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, the state eourt board of tax appeals 10 shall determine that such expenditure is necessary properly to protect and 11 12 service or insure and provide for the health and convenience of the public 13 the board shall issue its order in writing and under its seal authorizing the 14 city, county or township to make such expenditure, and to issue warrants 15 or bonds for the purpose of financing the same. The warrants may mature serially at such yearly dates as to be payable by not more than five tax 16 17 levies. Bonds issued under the authority of this act shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of the general bond law and shall be in 18 19 addition to and not subject to any bonded debt limitation prescribed by any other law of this state. Thereupon, the governing body of the city, the 20 21 board of county commissioners or the township board shall have power to 22 make such purchase, repair or replacement and to issue warrants or bonds 23 and levy taxes to pay the same. All tax levies authorized by this section 24 shall be in addition to all other tax levies authorized or limited by law and 25 shall not be subject to, or within the aggregate tax levy prescribed by 26 article 19 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, or acts-27 amendatory thereof or supplemental and amendments thereto.

(b) As used in this section, the phrase "township board" means the
township trustee, the township clerk, and the township treasurer acting as a
board.

31 K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-631 is hereby amended to read as Sec. 18. 32 follows: 12-631. Any city may in the manner hereinafter provided by 33 ordinance require persons and property owners owning buildings within 34 such city, which buildings are, or shall be located near a sewer, or in a block within any sewer district in said city through which a sewer extends, 35 36 to make such connections with the sewer system, as may be necessary in 37 the judgment of the board of health or in the event such city does not have 38 a board of health, in the judgment of the governing body for the protection 39 of the health of the public, for the purpose of disposing of all substances 40 from any such building affecting the public health which may be lawfully 41 and properly disposed of by means of such sewer, and if any person or 42 persons, shall fail, neglect or refuse to so connect any building or buildings 43 with the sewer system as herein provided for, for more than 10 days after

being notified in writing by the board of health or governing body of such 1 2 city to do so, such city may cause such buildings to be connected with said 3 sewer system, or may advertise for bids for the construction and making of 4 such sewer connections, and contract therefor with the lowest responsible 5 bidder or bidders, and may assess the costs and expense thereof against the 6 property and premises so connected in the manner provided by law. All 7 costs incurred by the city under the provisions of this section may be 8 financed, until the assessment is paid, out of the general fund or by the 9 issuance of no-fund warrants. Whenever no-fund warrants are issued under 10 the authority of this act the governing body of such city shall make a tax 11 levy at the first tax levying period for the purpose of paying such warrants 12 and the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall be in addition to all other 13 levies authorized or limited by law and shall not be subject to the 14 aggregate tax levy prescribed in article 19 of chapter 79 of the Kansas 15 Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. Such warrants shall be 16 issued, registered, redeemed and bear interest in the manner and in the 17 form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except they 18 shall not bear the notation required by said section and may be issued without the approval of the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals. All moneys 19 20 received from special assessments levied under the provisions of this 21 section shall, when paid, be placed in the general fund of the city.

22 Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-1664 is hereby amended to read as 23 follows: 12-1664. Where any federal agency has agreed that federal aid 24 shall bear a percentage of the total cost of or fixed or estimated amount of 25 any local program by a public agency but the funds therefor will not be made available until the local program is partly or wholly completed and 26 27 the public agency must finance all of the costs of the local program until 28 the federal aid is received and the public agency is authorized by law to 29 use current funds or bond or usual temporary note proceeds or a fund built 30 up by levies over a period of years for such local program, such public 31 agency may, to finance the portion to be paid by federal aid, issue 32 temporary notes or no-fund warrants as provided herein. If an election is 33 required to authorize the issuance of bonds by the public agency for the 34 whole or its share of the local program, no temporary notes or no-fund 35 warrants shall be issued under this act until the public agency has held an 36 election and been authorized to issue bonds and if bonds may be issued 37 without an election for the whole or the public agency's share of a local 38 program, no temporary notes or no-fund warrants shall be issued until the 39 proper proceedings have been taken to initiate and authorize the local 40 program. In no case shall temporary notes or no-fund warrants be issued 41 under the authority of this section until there is a written commitment as to 42 the amount of federal aid by an authorized federal agency. Nothing in this 43 act shall prohibit any public agency from the temporary financing of the

federal share of a local program from current funds if available or 1 2 proceeds of bonds or usual temporary notes where the bond issue has been 3 or may be for the entire cost as if no federal aid were to be received. The 4 purpose of this act as to the issuance of temporary notes or no-fund 5 warrants is to make unnecessary the tying up of current funds of a public 6 agency or the issuance of bonds or the usual temporary notes, where 7 authorized, in excess of the public agency's share of the cost of the 8 program. The governing body of the public agency shall have full 9 authority to determine if temporary notes or no-fund warrants shall be issued. No limitations by statutes relating to bonded debt shall apply to 10 such temporary notes and no-fund warrants or use of the money received 11 therefrom. No temporary notes or no-fund warrants shall be issued 12 pursuant to this act unless approved by the state eourt board of tax appeals, 13 which shall grant such approval only to the amount of the federal aid 14 15 committed.

16 Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-16,109 is hereby amended to read as 17 follows: 12-16,109. (a) Any municipality which has entered into a written 18 agreement with a state agency providing for a state grant or loan to the 19 municipality for the performance of any public service or the construction of any public improvement, where such grant or loan constitutes a 20 21 reimbursement for expenditures or obligations incurred by the 22 municipality in undertaking such service or improvement, is hereby 23 authorized to borrow money to temporarily finance such service or 24 improvement. The amount borrowed under the provisions of this act shall 25 not exceed the amount of the loan or grant to be received by the 26 municipality under the terms of the agreement.

27 (b) Such borrowing in anticipation of a state grant or loan may be in 28 the form of temporary notes or no-fund warrants, and shall be issued in 29 substantially the same manner provided by law for the issuance of other 30 temporary notes or no-fund warrants, but the approval of the state court 31 *board* of tax appeals shall not be required. The terms of such notes or 32 warrants shall not exceed the scheduled date the municipality is to be 33 reimbursed by the state loan or grant, as determined by the agreement.

34 Sec. 21. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-1737 is hereby amended to read as 35 follows: 12-1737. The governing body of any city may, for the purposes 36 hereinbefore authorized and provided: 37

- (a) Receive and expend gifts;
- 38 39
- (b) receive and expend grants-in-aid of state or federal funds; (c) issue bonds of the city;

40 (d) levy an annual tax of not more than one mill for any city of the first class and not more than two mills for any city of the second or third 41 class, which tax levy may be made for a period not exceeding 10 years 42 43 upon all taxable tangible property in such city for the purpose of creating a

building fund to be used for the purposes herein provided and to pay a
 portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by such city under the
 authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto;

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(e) issue no-fund warrants;

5 (f) use moneys from the general operating fund or other appropriate 6 budgeted fund when available;

7 (g) use moneys received from the sale of public buildings or 8 buildings and sites; or

9 (h) combine any two or more of such methods of financing for the 10 purposes herein authorized except that cities shall first use funds received 11 from the payment of insurance claims for damages sustained by any such 12 public building before resorting to methods of financing herein authorized.

An election upon the issuance of bonds under the authority of this act
 shall be required for the purpose of acquiring or constructing city offices,
 public libraries, auditoriums, community or recreational buildings.

16 When an election upon the issuance of bonds is required, the question 17 of the issuance of such bonds shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified 18 electors of the city at a regular city election or at a special election called 19 for that purpose. No such bonds shall be issued unless a majority of those 20 voting on the question vote in favor of the issuance of the bonds. The bond 21 election shall be called and held and the bonds shall be issued in 22 accordance with the provisions of the general bond law. No levies shall be 23 made for the purpose of creating a building fund under the provisions of 24 this act until a resolution authorizing the making of such levies is adopted 25 by the governing body of the city. Such resolution shall state the specific purpose for which the tax levy is made, the total amount proposed to be 26 27 raised and the number of years the tax levy shall be made. The resolution 28 shall be published once each week for two consecutive weeks in the 29 official city paper. After publication, the levies may be made unless a 30 petition requesting an election upon the question of whether to make the 31 levies is filed in accordance with this section. Such petition shall be signed 32 by electors equal in number to not less than 10% of the electors who voted 33 at the last preceding regular city election as shown by the poll books, is 34 filed with the city clerk of such city within 60 days following the last 35 publication of the resolution. If a valid petition is filed, the governing body 36 shall submit the question to the voters at an election called for that purpose 37 or at the next regular city election.

The levy authorized by this section shall be in addition to and not limited by any other act authorizing or limiting the tax levies of the city. The building fund may be used for the purposes provided by this act at any time after the second levy has been made. If there are insufficient moneys in the building fund for expenditures for such purposes, the governing body of the city may issue bonds of the city in the manner provided by the

1 general bond law of the state and in an amount which, together with the 2 amount raised by the tax levy authorized by this act, will not exceed the 3 total amount stated in the resolution creating such fund. Cities are hereby 4 authorized to invest any portion of the special building fund which is not 5 currently needed in investments authorized by K.S.A. 12-1675, and 6 amendments thereto, in the manner prescribed therein or in direct 7 obligations of the United States government maturing or redeemable at par 8 and accrued interest within three years from date of purchase, the principal 9 and interest whereof is guaranteed by the government of the United States. 10 All interest received on any such investment shall upon receipt thereof be 11 credited to the special building fund.

12 No-fund warrants issued under the authority of this act shall be issued 13 in the manner and form and bear interest and be redeemed as prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except that they may be issued 14 15 without the approval of the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals and without 16 the notation required by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto. The 17 governing body of the city issuing such warrants shall levy a tax for the 18 first tax levying period after such warrants are issued, sufficient to pay 19 such warrants and the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall be in 20 addition to all other levies authorized or limited by law, and none of the 21 tax limitations provided by article 19 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes 22 Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall apply to such levies.

23 Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-1742 is hereby amended to read as 24 follows: 12-1742. Such agreements shall provide for a rental sufficient to 25 repay the principal of and the interest on the revenue bonds. Such 26 agreements also may provide that the lessee shall reimburse the city or 27 county for its actual costs of administering and supervising the issue. The 28 city or county may charge an origination fee. Such fee shall not be deemed 29 a payment in lieu of taxes hereunder. Such fee shall be used exclusively 30 for local economic development activities but shall not be used to pay any 31 administrative costs of the city or county. Except for the origination fee, all other fees paid in excess of such actual costs and any other obligation 32 33 assumed under the contract shall be deemed payments in lieu of taxes and 34 distributed as provided herein. If the agreement provides for a payment in 35 lieu of taxes to the city or county, such payment, immediately upon receipt 36 of same, shall be transmitted by the city or county to the county treasurer 37 of the county in which the city is located. Payments in lieu of taxes 38 received pursuant to agreements entered into after the effective date of this 39 act shall include all fees or charges paid for services normally and 40 customarily paid from the proceeds of general property tax levies, except 41 for extraordinary services provided for the facility or an extraordinary level of services required by a facility. Payments in lieu of taxes may be 42 43 required only upon property for which an exemption from ad valorem

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1 property taxes has been granted by the state eourt *board* of tax appeals. 2 The county treasurer shall apportion such payment among the taxing subdivisions of this state in the territory in which the facility is located. 3 4 Any payment in lieu of taxes shall be divided by the county treasurer 5 among such taxing subdivisions in the same proportion that the amount of 6 the total mill levy of each individual taxing subdivision bears to the 7 aggregate of such levies of all the taxing subdivisions among which the 8 division is to be made. The county treasurer shall pay such amounts to the taxing subdivisions at the same time or times as their regular operating tax 9 rate mill levy is paid to them. Based upon the assessed valuation which 10 such facility would have if it were upon the tax rolls of the county, the 11 county clerk shall compute the total of the property taxes which would be 12 levied upon such facility by all taxing subdivisions within which the 13 14 facility is located if such property were taxable.

Sec. 23. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-1744a is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1744a. (a) At least seven days prior to the issuance of any revenue bonds, the city or county shall file a statement with the state eourt *board* of tax appeals of such proposed issuance containing the following information:

(1) The name of the city or county proposing to issue the revenue
bonds, the lessee, the guarantor, if any, the paying or fiscal agent, the
underwriter, if any, and all attorneys retained to render an opinion on the
issue;

24 (2) a legal description of any property to be exempted from ad
25 valorem taxes, including the city or county in which the facility will be
26 located;

(3) the appraised valuation of the property to be exempted from ad
valorem taxes as shown on the records of the county as of the next
preceding January 1;

30 (4) the estimated total cost of the facility showing a division of such31 total cost between real and personal property;

(5) if the facility to be financed is an addition to or further improvement of an existing facility the cost of which was financed by revenue bonds issued under the provisions of this act, the date of issuance of such revenue bonds, and if such facility or any portion thereof is presently exempt from property taxation, the period for which the same is exempt;

38 39 (6) the principal amount of the revenue bonds to be issued;

(7) the amount of any payment to be made in lieu of taxes;

40 (8) an itemized list of service fees or charges to be paid by the lessee 41 together with a detailed description of the services to be rendered therefor;

42 (9) a reasonably detailed description of the use of bond proceeds, 43 including whether they will be used to purchase, acquire, construct,

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1 reconstruct, improve, equip, furnish, enlarge or remodel the facility in 2 question; *and* 

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(10) the proposed date of issuance of such revenue bonds.

4 (b) Any change in the information or documents required to be filed 5 pursuant to subsection (a) which does not materially adversely affect the 6 security for the revenue bond issue may be made within the fifteen-day 7 period prior to issuance of the revenue bonds by filing the amended 8 information or document with the state <u>eourt</u> *board* of tax appeals.

9 (c) Any notice required to be filed pursuant to the provisions of 10 subsection (a) shall be accompanied by a filing fee, which shall be fixed 11 by rules and regulations of the state *court board* of tax appeals, in an 12 amount sufficient to defray the cost of reviewing the information and 13 documents required to be contained in the notice.

14 (d) Information required to be filed by subsection (a) of this section 15 shall be in addition to any filing required by K.S.A. 79-210, and 16 amendments thereto.

17 (e) The state eourt *board* of tax appeals may require any information 18 listed under subsection (a) deemed necessary, to be filed by a city or 19 county concerning agreements entered into prior to the effective date of 20 this act.

(f) The state eourt board of tax appeals shall prepare and compile
annually a report containing the information required to be filed pursuant
to subsection (a) for each issuance of revenue bonds made pursuant to
K.S.A. 12-1740 et seq., and amendments thereto. Such report shall be
published in convenient form for the use and information of the
legislature, taxpayers, public officers and other interested parties, and shall
be available on January 10 of each year.

28 Sec. 24. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-1744b is hereby amended to read as 29 follows: 12-1744b. Revenue bonds for which notice is required to be filed 30 pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1744a, and amendments thereto, shall not be issued 31 unless the chief judge chairperson of the state court board of tax appeals 32 finds all information and documents required to be contained in such 33 notice are complete and timely filed. The state court board of tax appeals 34 shall establish, by rules and regulations, procedures for the filing of the 35 required information and documents in the event that the information and 36 documents originally filed are not found to be complete and timely filed, 37 and such bonds may be issued upon compliance therewith.

Sec. 25. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-1744c is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1744c. Upon the issuance of revenue bonds for which notice is required to be filed pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1744a, and amendments thereto, a certificate evidencing such issuance shall be filed with the <u>chief judge</u> *chairperson* of the state <u>court</u> *board* of tax appeals, along with verification thereof by the appropriate bond counsel within 15 days after the date of 1 such issuance.

Sec. 26. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-1744d is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1744d. Failure to comply with the notice filing requirements of this act shall subject all members of the governing body of the issuing city or county who participated in the issuance of the revenue bonds to ouster from office upon complaint filed by the state <u>court</u> board of tax appeals in the office of the attorney general.

8 Sec. 27. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-1755 is hereby amended to read as 9 follows: 12-1755. (a) If the owner of any structure has failed to commence 10 the repair or removal of such structure within the time stated in the resolution or has failed to diligently prosecute the same thereafter, the city 11 may proceed to raze and remove such structure, make the premises safe 12 13 and secure, or let the same to contract. The city shall keep an account of 14 the cost of such work and may sell the salvage from such structure and 15 apply the proceeds or any necessary portion thereof to pay the cost of 16 removing such structure and making the premises safe and secure. All 17 moneys in excess of that necessary to pay such costs and the cost of publications of notice and any postage for mailing of notice, after the 18 19 payment of all costs, shall be paid to the owner of the premises upon 20 which the structure was located.

21 (b) The city shall give notice to the owner of such structure by 22 restricted mail of the total cost incurred by the city in removing such 23 structure and making the premises safe and secure and the cost of 24 providing notice. Such notice also shall state that payment of such cost is 25 due and payable within 30 days following receipt of such notice. If the 26 cost is not paid within the thirty-day period and if there is no salvageable 27 material or if moneys received from the sale of salvage or from the 28 proceeds of any insurance policy in which the city has created a lien pursuant to K.S.A. 40-3901 et seq., and amendments thereto, are 29 30 insufficient to pay the cost of such work, the balance shall be collected in 31 the manner provided by K.S.A. 12-1,115, and amendments thereto, or shall 32 be assessed as a special assessment against the lot or parcel of land on 33 which the structure was located and the city clerk at the time of certifying 34 other city taxes, shall certify the unpaid portion of the costs and the county 35 clerk shall extend the same on the tax rolls of the county against such lot 36 or parcel of land. The city may pursue collection both by levying a special 37 assessment and in the manner provided by K.S.A. 12-1,115, and 38 amendments thereto, but only until the full cost and any applicable interest 39 has been paid in full.

40 Whenever any structure is removed from any premises under the 41 provisions of this act, the city clerk shall certify to the county appraiser 42 that such structure, describing the same, has been removed.

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(c) If there is no salvageable material, or if the moneys received from

1 the sale of salvage or from the proceeds of any insurance policy in which 2 the city has created a lien pursuant to K.S.A. 40-3901 et seq., and 3 amendments thereto, are insufficient to pay the costs of the work and the 4 cost of providing notice, such costs or any portion thereof in excess of that 5 received from the sale of salvage or any insurance proceeds may be 6 financed, until the costs are paid, out of the general fund or by the issuance 7 of no-fund warrants. Whenever no-fund warrants are issued under the 8 authority of this act the governing body of such city shall make a tax levy 9 at the first tax levying period for the purpose of paying such warrants and 10 the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall be in addition to all other levies authorized or limited by law and shall not be subject to the 11 12 aggregate tax levy prescribed in article 19 of chapter 79 of the Kansas 13 Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. Such warrants shall be issued, registered, redeemed and bear interest in the manner and in the 14 15 form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except they 16 shall not bear the notation required by that section and may be issued 17 without the approval of the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals. All moneys 18 received from special assessments levied under the provisions of this 19 section or from an action under K.S.A. 12-1,115, and amendments thereto, 20 when and if paid, shall be placed in the general fund of the city.

21 Sec. 28. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-1934 is hereby amended to read as 22 follows: 12-1934. The board of education of any unified school district 23 previously authorized and making an annual tax levy pursuant to K.S.A. 24 12-1925, and amendments thereto, for the purpose of establishing, 25 maintaining and conducting a joint recreation system which as a result of a clerical error of a county clerk will not receive the proceeds from such 26 27 levy for the calendar year 1993, is hereby authorized to issue no-fund 28 warrants in an amount not to exceed the amount which would have been 29 raised from such levy. Such no-fund warrants shall be issued by the board 30 in the manner and form and shall bear interest and be redeemable in the 31 manner prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except 32 that they may be issued without the approval of the state eourt board of tax 33 appeals, and without the notation required by such section. The board shall 34 make a tax levy at the first tax levying period after such warrants are 35 issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest thereon.

36 Sec. 29. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-3206 is hereby amended to read as 37 follows: 12-3206. The governing body of any city, in the exercise of the 38 power and authority herein granted for the purposes of carrying out the 39 provisions of K.S.A. 12-3204 and 12-3205, and amendments thereto, from 40 and after the effective date of this act and prior to the time that moneys 41 may be available from the levy authorized by K.S.A. 12-3203, and 42 amendments thereto, may issue no-fund warrants in an amount not to 43 exceed the total amount such city could levy in one year under the 1 provisions of K.S.A. 12-3203, and amendments thereto.

2 Whenever no-fund warrants are issued under the authority of this act 3 the governing body of such city shall make a tax levy at the first tax 4 levving period for the purpose of paving such warrants and the interest 5 thereon. All such tax levies shall be in addition to all other levies 6 authorized or limited by law and shall not be subject to the aggregate tax 7 levy prescribed in article 19 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes 8 Annotated, and amendments thereto. Such warrants shall be issued, 9 registered, redeemed and bear interest in the manner and in the form 10 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except they shall not bear the notation required by said section and may be issued without 11 12 the approval of the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals.

Sec. 30. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 12-3805 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-3805. (a) Except to the extent that they are in conflict with this act, the provisions of chapter 10 of *the* Kansas Statutes Annotated, *and amendments thereto*, shall apply to the authorization, and issuance and sale of industrial development bonds by the local units of general government.

18 (b) The principal and interest of all bonds issued under the provisions 19 of this act shall be payable from revenue derived from the leasing or rental 20 of buildings and facilities acquired or constructed with the proceeds 21 received from the sale of such bonds. Whenever by reason of the failure of 22 any lessee to make payment under any contract for the leasing or rental of 23 any such building or facility, it becomes necessary for the local unit of 24 general government to assume the responsibility for the payment of 25 principal and interest upon bonds issued under the provisions of this act. 26 such local unit of general government may issue no-fund warrants in an 27 amount necessary to make such payment. Such warrants shall be issued, 28 registered, redeemed and bear interest in the manner and be in the form 29 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except they shall 30 not bear the notation required by such section and may be issued without 31 approval of the state court board of tax appeals. The governing body of 32 such unit of government shall make a tax levy at the time fixed for the 33 certification of tax levies to the county clerk next following the issuance of 34 such warrants sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest thereon. All 35 such tax levies shall be in addition to all other levies authorized or limited 36 by law.

(c) Property acquired or improved under the provisions of this actshall be subject to ad valorem taxation as other property.

Sec. 31. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 14-1060 is hereby amended to read as follows: 14-1060. The provisions of this act shall apply to any city of the second class having a population of more than 4,800 and less than 5,500 operating under the manager form of government and located in a county having a population of more than 8,000 and less than 15,000. Whenever 1

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the title to any real property, upon which taxes may be due and delinguent, may be vested in any such city, then the state eourt board of tax appeals is 3 hereby authorized upon application of such city, and for good reasons

4 shown, to compromise, abate or cancel all such taxes or any part thereof.

5 Sec. 32. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 17-1374 is hereby amended to read as 6 follows: 17-1374. (a) Whenever the board of trustees of any cemetery 7 organized pursuant to K.S.A. 17-1342, and amendments thereto, 8 determines it is necessary to acquire land to enlarge the cemetery and 9 revenues are insufficient to finance the cost of acquisition of such land, the 10 board shall adopt a resolution of intent to make application to the state court board of tax appeals for authority to issue no-fund warrants to pay 11 12 for the cost of such land and to have such land surveyed, platted into burial 13 lots and otherwise prepared for burial purposes. The notice of intent shall 14 be approved by a majority of the board of trustees. The notice of intent shall state the following: (1) A copy of the budget adopted for the current 15 16 budget year; (2) the tax rate currently imposed; (3) the statutory tax levy 17 authority of the district; (4) the proposed cost of acquisition of such land; 18 and (5) a detailed explanation for the need of such land and why there are 19 insufficient revenues to finance the cost of acquisition of such land.

20 Such resolution of intent shall be published once each week for two 21 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the 22 cemetery district. If within 30 days after the last publication of the 23 resolution, a petition signed by at least 5% of the qualified voters of the 24 cemetery district requesting an election upon such question, an election 25 shall be called and held thereon. Such election shall be called and held in 26 the manner provided by the general bond law, and the cost of the election 27 shall be borne by the cemetery district. If no protest or no sufficient protest 28 is filed or if an election is held and the proposition carries by a majority of 29 those voting thereon, the board of directors may submit an application which conforms to the resolution of intent to the state court board of tax 30 31 appeals.

32 (b) If the state eourt board of tax appeals finds that the evidence 33 submitted in support of the application shows:

34 (1) The need for the acquisition of such land; (2) that there are insufficient revenues to pay for the cost of such acquisition and 35 36 preparation of such land for burial purposes; and (3) the tax levying 37 authority is insufficient to generate the revenues necessary to pay for the 38 cost of acquisition and preparation of such land for burial purposes, the 39 board may authorize the issuance of no-fund warrants for the payment of 40 the cost of acquisition of such land and preparation of such land for burial 41 purposes. The amount of such warrants shall not exceed \$35,000.

42 (c) No order for the issuance of such no-fund warrants shall be made 43 without a public hearing before the state eourt board of tax appeals

1 conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative 2 procedure act. Notice of such hearing shall be published at least twice in a 3 newspaper of general circulation within the cemetery district applying for 4 such authority at least 10 days prior to such hearing. The notice shall be in 5 a form prescribed by the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals. The cost of such 6 publication shall be paid by the cemetery district. Any taxpayer of the 7 cemetery district may file a written protest against such application. Any 8 member of the board of trustees of the cemetery district may appear and be 9 heard in person at such hearing in support of the application. All records 10 and findings of such hearings shall be subject to public inspection. Warrants issued pursuant to this section shall be paid no later than 15 years 11 12 after issuance. The board of trustees may levy a tax sufficient to pay such 13 warrants. Such tax levies may be levied outside of the aggregate tax levy 14 limit prescribed by law.

15 Sec. 33. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-236 is hereby amended to read as follows: 19-236. That in addition to the powers already given by law, the 16 17 board of county commissioners of each county shall have power at any 18 meeting, in case of great loss or damage to life or property, to assist in 19 burying the dead, caring for the wounded, rendering temporary aid to the 20 distressed, preventing disease and pestilence, and cleaning up debris, and 21 to issue no-fund warrants of the county therefor not exceeding 1% of the 22 taxable property of the county, and to levy a tax at the first tax levying 23 period thereafter to pay such warrants. Such warrants shall be issued, 24 registered, redeemed and bear interest in the manner and in the form 25 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except they shall 26 not bear the notation required by such section and shall be issued without 27 the approval of the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals.

28 Sec. 34. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-431 is hereby amended to read as follows: 19-431. (a) Whenever it shall be made to appear to the board of 29 30 county commissioners of any county or the district board of an appraisal 31 district by evidence satisfactory to such board that the appraiser of such 32 county or district has failed or neglected to properly perform the duties of 33 office, by reasons of incompetency or for any other cause, the board shall 34 enter upon its journal an order suspending or terminating the county or 35 district appraiser from office. Such order shall state the reasons for such 36 suspension or termination, and upon the service of any such order upon the 37 appraiser suspended or terminated such appraiser shall at once be divested 38 of all power as county or district appraiser and shall immediately deliver to 39 the person appointed to discharge the duties of the office of such appraiser, 40 all books, records and papers pertaining to the office. The board of county 41 commissioners or district board shall appoint a temporary appraiser to 42 discharge the duties of the office until the suspension is removed or the 43 vacancy filled, and the person so appointed shall take the oath of office

required by law and thereupon such person shall be invested with all of the
 powers and duties of the office.

3 Within 15 days after service of an order of suspension or termination, 4 the appraiser may request a hearing on the order before the director of 5 property valuation. Upon receipt of a timely request, the director of 6 property valuation shall conduct a hearing in accordance with the 7 provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. If the appraiser is a 8 county appraiser, the hearing shall be held at the county seat of such 9 county or if such appraiser is a district appraiser at the county seat of the 10 county within the district having the greater population. At the hearing the director of property valuation shall make inquiry as to all facts connected 11 12 with such suspension or termination, and if after such inquiry is made the 13 director of property valuation shall determine that the appraiser suspended 14 should be removed permanently and such appraiser's office declared vacated or should be terminated, then the director of property valuation 15 16 shall render an order removing such appraiser. A copy of such order, duly 17 certified and under the seal of the director of property valuation, shall be 18 sent to the board of county commissioners or district board employing 19 such appraiser who shall cause the same to be recorded in full upon the 20 journal of the board. Immediately upon the service of such order by the 21 director of property valuation such office of appraiser shall be vacant, and 22 the board of county commissioners or district board shall appoint an 23 eligible Kansas appraiser as appraiser to fill such vacancy, who shall 24 qualify as provided by law in such cases. Should the person appointed be 25 other than the person appointed to discharge the duties of the office 26 temporarily, the person discharging the duties of the office temporarily 27 shall immediately transfer to the person appointed to fill the vacancy all 28 the books, records and files of the office.

(b) Whenever the director of property valuation shall on such 29 30 director's own motion conclude, after inquiry, that the appraiser of any 31 county or district has failed or neglected to discharge such appraiser's 32 duties as required by law and that the interest of the public service will be 33 promoted by the removal of such appraiser, the director of property 34 valuation shall enter upon the record of proceeding in such director's office 35 an order suspending or terminating such appraiser from office. Such order 36 shall state the reason for such suspension or termination and from and after 37 the date of service of such order upon such appraiser and the board of 38 county commissioners or district board employing such appraiser, the 39 person suspended or terminated shall be divested of all power as appraiser 40 and shall immediately deliver to the person appointed to discharge the 41 duties of the office of such appraiser, all books, records and papers 42 pertaining to the office. Upon receipt of an order by the director of 43 property valuation suspending or terminating the appraiser of the county or

district, the board of county commissioners or district board shall appoint a
 temporary appraiser to discharge the duties of the office until the
 suspension is removed or the vacancy filled, and the person appointed
 shall take the oath of office required by law and thereupon such person
 shall be invested with all of the powers and duties of the office.

6 Within 15 days after service of an order of suspension or termination by 7 the director of property valuation under this subsection, the appraiser may 8 request a hearing on the order before the state court board of tax appeals. 9 Upon receipt of a timely request, the state court board of tax appeals shall 10 conduct a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. If the appraiser is a county appraiser, the 11 12 hearing shall be held at the county seat of such county or if such appraiser 13 is a district appraiser such hearing shall be held at the county seat of the 14 county within such district having the greatest population. At the hearing, 15 the state eourt board of tax appeals shall make inquiry as to all facts 16 connected with such suspension or termination, and if after such inquiry is 17 made the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals determines that the appraiser 18 suspended should be removed permanently and such appraiser's office 19 declared vacated or should be terminated, then the state *court board* of tax 20 appeals shall render an order removing such appraiser. A copy of such 21 order, duly certified by the secretary under the seal of the court board, 22 shall be sent to the board of county commissioners or district board, who 23 shall cause the same to be recorded in full upon the journal of the board. 24 Immediately upon the service of such order by the state court board of tax 25 appeals such office of county appraiser shall be vacant, and the board of 26 county commissioners or district board shall appoint an eligible Kansas 27 appraiser as appraiser to fill such vacancy, who shall qualify as provided 28 by law in such cases. Should the person appointed be other than the person 29 appointed to discharge the duties of the office temporarily, the person 30 discharging the duties of the office temporarily shall immediately transfer 31 to the person appointed to fill the vacancy all the books, records and files 32 of the office.

33 Sec. 35. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-15,103 is hereby amended to read as 34 follows: 19-15,103. Whenever no-fund warrants are issued under the 35 authority provided by this act, the board of county commissioners shall 36 make a tax levy at the first tax levying period after such warrants are 37 issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest thereon, except that 38 in lieu of making only one tax levy, such board of county commissioners, 39 if it deems it advisable, may make a tax levy each year for not to exceed 40 five years in approximately equal installments for the purpose of paying 41 said warrants and the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall be in 42 addition to all other levies authorized or limited by law and shall not be 43 subject to the aggregate tax levy limit prescribed by K.S.A. 79-1947, and

amendments thereto. Such warrants shall be issued, registered, redeemed
 and bear interest in the manner and in the form prescribed by K.S.A. 79 2940, and amendments thereto, except they shall not bear the notation
 required by such section and may be issued without the approval of the
 state court board of tax appeals.

6 Any surplus existing after the redemption of such warrants shall be 7 handled in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments 8 thereto. None of the provisions of the cash basis and budget laws of this 9 state shall apply to any expenditures made, the payment of which has been 10 provided for by the issuance of warrants under this act.

Sec. 36. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-15,106 is hereby amended to read as 11 follows: 19-15,106. Whenever no-fund warrants are issued under the 12 authority provided by this act, the board of county commissioners shall 13 make a tax levy at the first tax levying period after such warrants are 14 15 issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest thereon, except that 16 in lieu of making only one tax levy, such board of county commissioners, 17 if it deems it advisable, may make a tax levy each year for not to exceed 18 five years in approximately equal installments for the purpose of paying 19 said warrants and the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall be in 20 addition to all other levies authorized or limited by law and shall not be 21 subject to the aggregate tax levy limit prescribed by K.S.A. 79-1947, and 22 amendments thereto.

23 Such warrants shall be issued, registered, redeemed and bear interest in 24 the manner and in the form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and 25 amendments thereto, except they shall not bear the notation required by such section and may be issued without the approval of the state court 26 27 *board* of tax appeals. Any surplus existing after the redemption of such 28 warrants shall be handled in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, 29 and amendments thereto. None of the provisions of the cash basis and 30 budget laws of this state shall apply to any expenditures made, the 31 payment of which has been provided for by the issuance of warrants under 32 this act

Sec. 37. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-15,116 is hereby amended to read as
 follows: 19-15,116. The board of county commissioners of any county
 may for the purposes hereinbefore authorized and provided:

36

- (a) Receive and expend gifts;
- 37

(b) receive and expend grants-in-aid of state or federal funds;

(c) issue general obligation bonds of the county. If it is determined that it is necessary to issue more than \$300,000 in general obligation bonds for the purposes hereinbefore authorized, such bonds shall not be issued until the question of their issuance has been submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the county and has been approved by a majority of those voting thereon at a general election or at a special election called for that purpose. Such election shall be called and held and bonds issued in the
 manner provided by the general bond law;

3 (d) make an annual tax levy of not to exceed one mill for a period of 4 not to exceed 10 years upon all taxable tangible property in the county for 5 the purpose of creating a building fund to be used for the purposes herein 6 provided and to pay a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued 7 under the authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, by cities 8 located in the county, except that no such levies shall be made until a 9 resolution authorizing the same shall be adopted by the board of county 10 commissioners stating the specific purpose for which such fund is created, the total amount proposed to be raised, the number of years such tax levy 11 12 shall be made and shall be published once each week for three consecutive 13 weeks in the official county newspaper. Whereupon such levies may be made unless a petition requesting an election upon the proposition, signed 14 by electors equal in number to not less than 10% of the electors of the 15 16 county who voted for the secretary of state at the last preceding general 17 election, is filed with the county clerk within 30 days following the last 18 publication of such resolution. In the event such petition is filed, the board 19 of county commissioners shall submit the question to the voters at an 20 election called for that purpose and held within 90 days after the last 21 publication of the resolution or at the next general election if held within 22 that time and no such levies shall be made unless such proposition shall 23 receive the approval of a majority of the votes cast thereon. Such election 24 shall be called and held in the manner provided in the general bond law. 25 Such building fund may be used for the purposes stated in the resolution 26 establishing the same at any time after the making of the second levy and 27 if there are insufficient moneys in the building fund for such purpose the 28 board of county commissioners may, in the manner provided by the 29 general bond law of the state issue general obligation bonds of the county 30 in an amount which together with the amount raised by the tax levies will 31 not exceed the total amount stated in the resolution creating such fund. All 32 levies authorized under the provisions of this section shall be in addition to 33 and not limited by any other act authorizing or limiting the tax levies of 34 such counties. Counties are hereby authorized to invest any portion of the 35 special building fund which is not currently needed in investments 36 authorized by K.S.A. 12-1675, and amendments thereto, in the manner 37 prescribed therein or in direct obligations of the United States government 38 maturing or redeemable at par and accrued interest within three years from 39 date of purchase, the principal and interest whereof is guaranteed by the 40 government of the United States. All interest received on any such 41 investment shall upon receipt thereof be credited to the special building 42 fund, except that the board of county commissioners of any county which 43 has heretofore established a building fund under the provisions of this act

1 may, if it shall find that the amount of the fund as originally established is 2 insufficient for such purposes, by resolution redetermine and increase the 3 amount necessary to be raised for the purpose for which such fund was 4 originally created and may make or continue to make an annual tax levy of 5 not to exceed one mill upon all of the taxable tangible property of the 6 county for the purpose of providing the additional funds contemplated by 7 the supplemental resolution and to pay a portion of the principal and 8 interest on bonds issued under the authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and 9 amendments thereto, by cities located in the county. Such supplemental 10 resolution shall be published and shall be subject to petition for election and become effective in like manner as that provided for the original 11 12 resolution:

13 (e) issue no-fund warrants in the manner and form and bearing interest and redeemable as prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments 14 thereto, except that they may be issued without the approval of the state 15 16 eourt board of tax appeals, and without the notation required by such 17 section. The board of county commissioners shall make a tax levy at the 18 first tax levying period after such warrants are issued, sufficient to pay 19 such warrants and the interest thereon. All such levies shall be in addition 20 to all other levies authorized or limited by law and the tax limitations 21 provided by article 19 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and 22 amendments thereto, shall not apply to such levies;

(f) use moneys from the general operating fund or other appropriated
 budgeted fund when such is available;

(g) use moneys received from the sale of public buildings or
 buildings and sites without regard to limitations prescribed by the budget
 law;

(h) or may combine any two or more of such methods of financing
for the purposes herein authorized, except that counties shall first use
funds received from the payment of insurance claims for damages
sustained by any such public building before resorting to methods of
financing herein authorized;

(i) authorize the county engineer to supervise the work necessary for
 the purposes herein provided, including the right of such county engineer
 to have such work done by force account as well as by contract.

Sec. 38. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-15,123 is hereby amended to read as 36 37 follows: 19-15,123. The board of county commissioners of any county in 38 this state having a population of more than 300,000 may provide 39 additional courtrooms, offices and other facilities as are required by the 40 district court judge to carry out probate and juvenile matters. The quarters and facilities shall be constructed and furnished in available space of the 41 courthouse. The board of county commissioners is hereby authorized to 42 43 issue no-fund warrants or general obligation bonds for the purpose of

1 paying all costs incurred in providing additional quarters and facilities. 2 Before such warrants shall be issued the board of county commissioners 3 shall have received from the chief judge of the district court a resolution 4 certifying to the necessity of additional guarters. Such no-fund warrants 5 shall be issued in the manner and form, bear interest and be redeemed as 6 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except that 7 warrants may be issued without approval of the state eourt board of tax 8 appeals, and without the notation required by K.S.A. 79-2940, and 9 amendments thereto. The board of county commissioners shall make a tax 10 levy at the first tax levying period after such warrants are issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest thereon. In lieu of making only one 11 12 tax levy, the board of county commissioners may, if it deems it advisable, 13 make a tax levy each year for not to exceed five years in approximately 14 equal installments for the purpose of paying the warrants and the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall be in addition to all other levies 15 16 authorized or limited by law and shall not be subject to or within the 17 aggregate tax levy limitation prescribed by article 19 of chapter 79 of the 18 Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. None of the provisions of the state budget law shall apply to any expenditure which has 19 20 been provided for by the issuance of warrants under this act. General 21 obligation bonds issued under the authority of this act shall be issued in the 22 manner prescribed by the general bond law but shall not be subject to or 23 within any bonded debt limitation prescribed by any other law of this state 24 and shall not be considered or included in applying any other law limiting 25 bonded indebtedness.

26 Sec. 39. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-2106f is hereby amended to read as 27 follows: 19-2106f. The board of county commissioners of any county 28 previously authorized and making an annual tax levy under the authority of K.S.A. 19-2106e, and amendments thereto, for the operation of a home 29 30 for the aged, which as the result of an increase in the population of the 31 county was not authorized to levy a tax under the provisions of such act 32 for the operation of such home for the year 1972, is hereby authorized to 33 issue no-fund warrants in an amount not to exceed the amount which could 34 have been raised by the levy of a tax under the provisions of K.S.A. 19-35 2106e, and amendments thereto, had the same remained applicable to such 36 county. Such no-fund warrants shall be issued by the county in the manner 37 and form and shall bear interest and be redeemable in the manner 38 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except that they 39 may be issued without the approval of the state court board of tax appeals, 40 and without the notation required by such section. The board of county 41 commissioners shall make a tax levy at the first tax levying period after 42 such warrants are issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest 43 thereon. All such tax levies shall be in addition to all other tax levies

authorized or limited by law and such tax levies shall not be limited by or
 subject to the limitation upon the levy of taxes prescribed by article 44 of
 chapter 79 of the 1971 supplement of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, or
 and amendments thereto.

5 Sec. 40. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-2653 is hereby amended to read as 6 follows: 19-2653. Whenever no-fund warrants are issued under the 7 authority provided by this act, the board of county commissioners shall 8 make a tax levy at the first tax levying period after such warrants are 9 issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest thereon, except that 10 in lieu of making only one tax levy, such board of county commissioners, if it deems it advisable, may make a tax levy each year for not to exceed 11 12 five years in approximately equal installments for the purpose of paying 13 said warrants and the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall be in 14 addition to all other levies authorized or limited by law and shall not be 15 subject to the aggregate tax levy prescribed by K.S.A. 79-1947, and 16 amendments thereto. Such warrants shall be issued, registered, redeemed 17 and bear interest in the manner and in the form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-18 2940, and amendments thereto, except they shall not bear the notation 19 required by such section and may be issued without the approval of the 20 state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals. Any surplus existing after the redemption 21 of such warrants shall be handled in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 79-22 2940, and amendments thereto. None of the provisions of the cash basis 23 and budget laws of this state shall apply to any expenditures made, the 24 payment of which has been provided for by the issuance of warrants under 25 this act.

26 Sec. 41. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-2752a is hereby amended to read as 27 follows: 19-2752a. That whenever a main sewer district has been 28 established under the provisions of K.S.A. 19-2731 to 19-2752, both 29 sections inclusive, and amendments thereto, and the question of the 30 issuance of bonds for the purpose of providing revenue to be used to 31 construct a main trunk sewer system with sewage disposal plant and all 32 appurtenances thereto has been submitted to the qualified electors of such 33 main sewer district and at least 65% of the persons voting on-said such 34 question shall have voted in favor of the issuance of said bonds in the 35 amount stated on the ballot, and after such election the governing body of 36 such main sewer district was unable to immediately commence work on 37 the construction of-said the main trunk sewer system and sewage disposal 38 plant and appurtenances because of a shortage of necessary materials and 39 labor and, as a result of such delay, the prices of materials and labor 40 needed for such construction and appurtenances have increased to such an 41 extent that the original amount of bonds voted will not provide sufficient 42 revenue to meet the total cost of such improvements and appurtenances, 43 and the governing body of such main sewer district shall have adopted a

1 resolution declaring such conditions to exist, then the governing body of 2 such main sewer district is hereby authorized and empowered to issue no-3 fund warrants of such main sewer district in an amount not exceeding six 4 percent of the total amount of bonds authorized by the vote of the electors 5 of such main sewer district, and the revenue derived from the issuance of 6 said such warrants may be used by the governing body of-said such main 7 sewer district to provide additional funds to be used in paying the cost of 8 constructing a main trunk sewer system with sewage disposal plant and all 9 appurtenances thereto, except that no warrants shall be issued under the 10 authority conferred by this act unless, and until, an application shall have been filed with the state court board of tax appeals requesting such court 11 12 board to authorize the issuance of such warrants and the court board shall 13 enter its order under its seal authorizing the issuance of the same.

14 The application to such court board shall be signed and sworn to by the 15 governing body of the main sewer district and shall reveal the following: 16 (1) Circumstances which caused the shortage in revenues; (2) a detailed 17 statement showing why the original estimates of necessary expenditures for the improvements to be made are now insufficient; and (3) such other 18 19 information as the court board shall deem necessary. If the court board 20 shall find the evidence submitted in writing in support of the application 21 shows: (a) That the cost of labor and materials needed for the construction 22 of such main trunk sewer system and sewage disposal plant and all 23 appurtenances has increased since the bonds were originally voted for said 24 construction and improvements; and (b) that the governing body of such 25 main sewer district does not have sufficient funds available to pay the costs of necessary construction and improvements, the court board is 26 27 empowered to authorize the issuance of warrants in an amount not in excess of the amount hereinbefore authorized. No order for the issuance of 28 such warrants shall be made without a public hearing before the court 29 30 board and notice of such hearing shall be published in two issues of a 31 paper of general circulation within the main sewer district applying for 32 such authority at least ten days prior to such hearing. The notice shall be in 33 such form as the court board shall prescribe, and the expense of such 34 publication shall be borne by the main sewer district.

35 Any taxpayer interested may file a written protest against such 36 application. When the authority to issue warrants under this section is 37 granted to a main sewer district, the governing body of such main sewer 38 district shall make a tax levy, at the first tax-levying period after such 39 warrants are issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest 40 thereon, except that in lieu of making only one tax levy, the governing 41 body, if it deems it advisable, may make a tax levy once each year for not 42 to exceed three years, in approximately equal installments, sufficient to 43 pay such warrants and the interest thereon. Such tax levies shall be in

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addition to all other tax levies authorized or limited by law. All warrants issued under the authority conferred by this act shall be issued, bear interest, be in the form, registered and redeemed in the manner prescribed in K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, and any surplus existing after the redemption of such warrants shall be handled in the manner prescribed in K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto.

7 Sec. 42. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-3554 is hereby amended to read as 8 follows: 19-3554. The governing body of any district created pursuant to 9 K.S.A. 19-3545 et seq., and amendments thereto, may issue no-fund 10 warrants in amounts sufficient to pay preliminary engineering, financial and legal services to determine the advisability of proceeding with the 11 12 acquisition or construction of a water supply system. Such warrants shall 13 be authorized, issued, registered and redeemed as prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, and shall bear interest at a rate not to 14 15 exceed the maximum rate prescribed by K.S.A. 10-1009, and amendments 16 thereto. Any surplus existing after the redemption of such warrants shall be 17 handled in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments 18 thereto.

The governing body of the district shall make not more than five equal annual tax levies, as determined by the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals, at the next succeeding tax-levying periods after such warrants are issued in an amount sufficient to pay such warrants and interest thereon.

23 Sec. 43. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-4420 is hereby amended to read as 24 follows: 19-4420. The board of county commissioners of any county 25 adopting the provisions of this act, for the purposes of carrying out the 26 provisions of this act from and after the date of the adoption of the 27 provisions thereof by such county and prior to the time that moneys are 28 available from the tax levy authorized by K.S.A. 19-4421, and 29 amendments thereto, is hereby authorized to issue no-fund warrants in an 30 amount not to exceed the amount which would be raised by the levy of a 31 tax of one mill upon all taxable tangible property in the county, deemed 32 necessary and fixed by resolution of the agency, for such purpose. Such 33 no-fund warrants shall be issued by the county in the manner and form and 34 shall bear interest and be redeemable in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except that they may be issued without 35 36 the approval of the state eourt board of tax appeals, and without the 37 notation required by such section. The board of county commissioners 38 shall make a tax levy at the first tax levying period after such warrants are 39 issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest thereon. All such 40 tax levies shall be in addition to all other levies authorized or limited by 41 law and the tax limitations provided by article 19 of chapter 79 of the 42 Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall not apply to 43 such levies.

Sec. 44. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 19-4442 is hereby amended to read as 1 2 follows: 19-4442. The board of county commissioners of any county 3 adopting the provisions of this act, for the purposes of carrying out the 4 provisions of this act from and after the date of the adoption of the 5 provisions thereof by such county, and prior to the time that moneys are 6 available from the tax levy authorized by K.S.A. 19-4443, and 7 amendments thereto, is hereby authorized for such purpose, whenever 8 deemed necessary and fixed by resolution of the agency, to issue no-fund 9 warrants in an amount not to exceed the amount which would be raised by 10 the levy of a tax of one mill upon all taxable tangible property in the county. Such no-fund warrants shall be issued by the county in the manner 11 12 and form and shall bear interest and be redeemable in the manner 13 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except that they 14 may be issued without the approval of the state eourt board of tax appeals, 15 and without the notation required by said section. The board of county 16 commissioners shall make a tax levy at the first levying period after such 17 warrants are issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall be in addition to all other levies 18 19 authorized or limited by law.

20 Sec. 45. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 20-356 is hereby amended to read as 21 follows: 20-356. Any county in which additional divisions of the district 22 court are established or in which additional district magistrate judge 23 positions are established, may pay all of the costs and expenses incidental 24 to or arising out of the establishment, operation and maintenance of the 25 facilities for such additional divisions or positions during the year in which 26 they are established, out of the general fund of the county or if it does not 27 have sufficient moneys available in its general fund for such purpose, such 28 county is hereby authorized and empowered to issue during such year, no-29 fund warrants for the purpose of providing funds to pay all expenses, costs, salaries payable by any such county and costs incidental to or arising 30 31 out of the establishment, maintenance and operation of such division or 32 position, including the providing and equipping of courtrooms and other 33 necessary offices and costs incidental thereto or arising therefrom or 34 whenever the board of county commissioners considers it advisable, such 35 board may issue general obligation bonds of the county to pay all of the 36 costs and expenses incidental to or arising out of the establishment, 37 operation and maintenance of facilities for such additional divisions or 38 positions other than costs incurred for payment of salaries, and for the 39 purpose of redeeming no-fund warrants issued under the authority of this 40 section except no-fund warrants issued for payment of salaries. Such no-41 fund warrants shall be issued in the manner and form, bear interest and be 42 redeemed as prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, 43 except they may be issued without the approval of the state eourt board of

1 tax appeals and without the notation required by K.S.A. 79-2940, and2 amendments thereto.

3 If such no-fund warrants are issued under the provisions of this act, the 4 county issuing the same shall make a tax levy at the first tax levying 5 period after such warrants are issued sufficient to pay the same and the 6 interest thereon. Any such county may make expenditures from its general 7 fund during the year in which the said-divisions or positions of the court 8 board are created for any of the purposes hereinbefore described, even 9 though such expenditures were not included in the county budget for that 10 vear.

General obligation bonds issued under the authority of this section shall be issued in the manner prescribed by the general bond law but shall not be subject to or within any bonded debt limitation prescribed by any other law of this state and shall not be considered or included in applying any other law limiting bonded indebtedness.

16 K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 20-363 is hereby amended to read as Sec. 46. 17 follows: 20-363. (a) On and after June 18, 1979, job positions for district 18 court employees whose principal duties involved service of process for the 19 district court of the county immediately prior to such date shall be 20 abolished. Except as provided in subsection (b), on and after such date the 21 office of sheriff in such county shall assume the duties of service of 22 process for the district court of the county and there is hereby created job 23 positions in such sheriff's office in a number equal to the number of job 24 positions abolished in the district court of such county by this section.

(b) On and after June 18, 1979, in Wyandotte county the county shall assume the duties of service of process for the district court of such county and there is hereby created job positions in such county, under the supervision of the board of county commissioners, in a number equal to the number of job positions abolished in the district court of such county by this section.

31 (c) In appointing persons to fill the job positions created by this 32 section, due consideration shall be given to appointing those persons 33 whose job positions are abolished by this act. On and after such date the 34 county shall pay the compensation and employer's contributions of such 35 employees and amounts therefor may be paid during the budget year even 36 though the same were not included in the budget of expenditures for such 37 year. On and after June 18, 1979, district court employees shall not 38 perform the function of serving process for the district courts. A county 39 may issue no-fund warrants to cover costs imposed upon the county for 40 calendar year 1979 pursuant to this section and such warrants may be 41 issued without the approval of the state court board of tax appeals.

42 Sec. 47. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 20-626 is hereby amended to read as 43 follows: 20-626. The board of county commissioners of any county in this

1 state having a population of more than 300,000 is hereby authorized to 2 issue no-fund warrants for the purpose of paying all costs incurred in 3 providing additional quarters in any available space of the courthouse for 4 the holding of court and jury and retiring rooms, except that before such 5 warrants shall be issued the board of county commissioners shall have 6 received from all of the judges of the appropriate court a resolution 7 certifying to necessity of additional quarters. Such no-fund warrants shall 8 be issued in the manner and form, bear interest and be redeemed as 9 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except that they 10 may be issued without the approval of the state eourt board of tax appeals, and without the notation required by said section. The board of county 11 12 commissioners shall make a tax levy at the first tax levying period after 13 such warrants are issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest 14 thereon, except that in lieu of making only one tax levy, the county 15 commissioners may, if it deems it advisable, make a tax levy each year for 16 not to exceed five years in approximately equal installments for the 17 purpose of paying said warrants and the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall be in addition to all other levies authorized or limited by law 18 19 and shall not be subject to or within the aggregate tax levy limitation 20 prescribed by article 19 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, 21 and acts amendatory thereof amendments thereto. None of the provisions 22 of the state budget law shall apply to any expenditure which has been 23 provided for by the issuance of warrants under this act.

24 Sec. 48. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 24-133 is hereby amended to read as 25 follows: 24-133. (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b), the governing body of any drainage district may issue emergency no-fund 26 27 warrants of the drainage district to pay the costs and expenses resulting 28 from an emergency within the district. An emergency within the district 29 exists by reason of current injuries to persons or property, or imminent 30 danger thereof, from floods or other injurious action of water in any 31 watercourse within the district. In case of an emergency, the governing 32 body of the district may build new dikes and levees, and repair, expand 33 and strengthen old ones, dig ditches, build jetties, or make any other 34 changes, alterations and additions in existing improvements. The 35 governing body also may build any other new structure or other 36 improvement it deems necessary to solve the problems created by the 37 emergency.

The governing body shall levy a tax at the first tax levying period after the issuance to pay the emergency no-fund warrants and interest thereon. The levy shall be in addition to all other levies authorized or limited by law. Emergency no-fund warrants shall be issued, registered, redeemed and bear interest in the manner and in the form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except that such no-fund warrants shall be issued without the approval of the state court board of tax appeals and
 shall not bear the notation required thereby.

3 (b) Except as provided by subsection (c), the authorized and 4 outstanding no-fund warrant indebtedness of any drainage district shall not 5 exceed 5% of the assessed valuation of the drainage district.

6 (c) If the governing body of a drainage district determines it is 7 necessary to issue no-fund warrants and the amount of such no-fund 8 warrants together with any outstanding no-fund warrants exceed 5% of the 9 assessed valuation of the drainage district prior to issuing any such no-10 fund warrants under the authority of this section, the governing body shall publish once in a newspaper of general circulation within the district a 11 12 notice of the intention of the governing body to issue such no-fund 13 warrants. If within 60 days after the publication of such notice, a petition requesting an election on the question of the issuance of the no-fund 14 15 warrants signed by not less than 5% of the owners of land within the 16 district is filed with the county election officer of the county in which the 17 greater portion of the district is located, the governing body shall submit 18 the question of the issuance of such no-fund warrants at an election held 19 under the provisions of the general bond law.

(d) For the purpose of this section, assessed valuation means the
value of all taxable tangible property within the drainage district as
certified to the county clerk on the preceding August 25 which includes the
assessed valuation of motor vehicles as provided by K.S.A. 10-310, and
amendments thereto.

25 Sec. 49. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 24-665 is hereby amended to read as follows: 24-665. The district board may issue no-fund warrants to pay for 26 27 initial organizational, engineering, legal and administrative expenses of the 28 district, except that the amount so issued shall not exceed the product of 29 two mills times the assessed valuation of the taxable tangible property 30 within the district, which warrants shall be issued, bear interest and be 31 retired in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2940, and 32 amendments thereto, except that the approval of the state court board of 33 tax appeals shall not be required. Whenever warrants have been issued 34 under this section, the board shall make a tax levy at the first tax levying 35 period, after such warrants are issued sufficient to pay such warrants and 36 interest

Annually, after the assessment of property for the purpose of taxation has been made in any county in which a part of the joint drainage district lies, the county clerk of such county shall thereupon ascertain the total assessed valuation of all taxable tangible property in his county within the joint drainage district and certify the same to the county clerk of the official county of the joint drainage district designated as authorized by K.S.A. 24-664, and amendments thereto.

1 Sec. 50. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 24-1219 is hereby amended to read as 2 follows: 24-1219. (a) The district board may issue no-fund warrants to pay 3 for initial organizational, engineering, legal and administrative expenses of 4 the district except that the amount so issued shall not exceed the product of 5 two mills times the assessed valuation of the taxable tangible property 6 within the district. Such warrants shall be issued, bear interest and be 7 retired in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2940, and 8 amendments thereto, except that the approval of the state eourt board of 9 tax appeals shall not be required. Whenever warrants have been issued 10 under this section, the board shall make a tax levy at the first tax levying period, after such warrants are issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and 11 12 interest

13 (b) Following incorporation of the district by the secretary of state, the board shall have authority to levy annually a tax of not to exceed two 14 15 mills to create a general fund for the payment of engineering, legal, 16 clerical, land and interests in land, installation maintenance, operation and 17 other administrative expenses and such tax may be against all of the 18 taxable, tangible property of the district. Whenever the board desires to 19 increase the mill levy for such purposes above two mills, it may adopt a 20 resolution declaring it necessary to increase such annual levy in an amount 21 which together with the current levy shall not exceed a total of four mills. 22 Any such resolution shall state the total amount of the tax to be levied and 23 shall be published once each week for two consecutive weeks in a 24 newspaper of general circulation in the district. Whereupon such annual 25 levy in an amount not to exceed the amount stated in the resolution may be 26 made for the ensuing budget year and each successive budget year unless a 27 petition requesting an election upon the proposition to increase the tax levy 28 in excess of the current tax levy, signed by not less than 5% of the 29 qualified electors in the district is filed with the county election officer 30 within 60 days following the date of the last publication of the resolution. 31 In the event a valid petition is filed, no such increased levy shall be made 32 without such proposition having been submitted to and having been 33 approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting at an election called 34 and held thereon. All such elections shall be called and held in the manner 35 prescribed for the calling and holding of elections upon the question of the 36 issuance of bonds under the general bond law.

(c) There is hereby authorized to be established in the watershed districts of the state a fund which shall be called the structure maintenance fund. The fund shall consist of moneys deposited therein from funds received according to provisions of the watershed district law. The amount of funds that may be deposited annually shall be a maximum of .35% of the construction cost of the structure. Moneys in the structure maintenance fund may be used for the purpose of engineering, reconstruction and other

required maintenance and other expenses relating to the maintenance of a
 structure. The watershed board of directors is hereby authorized to invest
 any portion of the structure maintenance fund, which is not currently
 needed, in investments authorized by K.S.A. 12-1675, and amendments
 thereto. All interest received on any such investment shall be credited to
 the structure maintenance fund.

7 (d) The district board shall have authority to levy a tax, after 8 improvement bonds have been issued in accordance with K.S.A. 24-1214, 9 24-1215 and 24-1220, and amendments thereto, sufficient to pay such 10 bonds and interest.

11 Sec. 51. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 31-144 is hereby amended to read as 12 follows: 31-144. (a) As used in this act, "school building" means any 13 building or structure operated or used for any purpose by, or located upon the land of, any school district, community college district, area vocational 14 school, area vocational-technical school, institution under the state board 15 16 of regents or any private or nonpublic school, college or university, whether or not operated for profit. The term school building does not 17 18 include within its meaning any single-family dwelling or duplex 19 constructed as part of a vocational education program or construction 20 trades class if such single-family dwelling or duplex is to be sold, after its 21 construction, for private use.

(b) All school buildings shall be inspected at least once each year. In all cities of the first and second class in which there is a full-time fire chief or full-time fire inspector, the inspection of the school buildings shall be conducted by such chief or inspector. The chief or inspector shall report the findings from the inspection to the state fire marshal within 30 days after such inspection. In all other cases, school buildings shall be inspected by the state fire marshal or the fire marshal's authorized assistants.

29 (c) The state fire marshal shall order the governing body having 30 control of any school building or facility thereof to correct any condition 31 in such building or facility which is in violation of this act, or any 32 condition which the fire marshal deems dangerous, or which in any way 33 prevents a speedy exit from such building. After any such order is 34 rendered, such governing body shall make the changes required to comply 35 therewith. A board of education of any school district is hereby authorized 36 to make expenditures from its general fund or capital outlay fund to 37 comply with such order, or the board may issue no-fund warrants in such 38 amounts as are necessary to pay expenses incurred in complying with such 39 order. Such no-fund warrants shall be issued, registered, paid and 40 redeemed and bear interest as provided by K.S.A. 79-2940, and 41 amendments thereto, except that the approval of the state court board of 42 tax appeals shall not be required. Such warrants shall recite that they are 43 issued by the board of education of the school district under authority of this act. Any board of education issuing warrants hereunder shall make a
 tax levy at the same time as other tax levies are made, after such warrants
 are issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest thereon.

4 (d) Whenever a board of education receives an order from the state 5 fire marshal pursuant to subsection (c), the board, in lieu of repairing or 6 remodeling the school building or facility as ordered by the state fire 7 marshal, may close such building or facility as an attendance center. 8 Whenever any board of education finds that any such order of the state fire 9 marshal involves a cost in excess of that which the board of education 10 finds the school district can afford, or that the changes ordered are unwarranted or unnecessary, the board may petition for review of such 11 12 order in the district court of the home county of such school district. Upon 13 receiving such petition, the district court shall appoint three disinterested commissioners, one of whom shall be a licensed architect. The 14 commissioners shall inspect the building or facility affected by the order 15 16 and report to the court its findings of fact as to the necessity for the 17 improvements or changes ordered by the state fire marshal, together with 18 the estimated cost of each such improvement or change and such other 19 recommendations as the commissioners deem advisable. Upon receiving 20 such findings of fact and recommendations, or any other evidence relating 21 to the petition for review, the court shall enter its order affirming, reversing 22 or modifying the order of the state fire marshal. Such order of the court 23 may be reviewed by the appellate courts in the same manner as other 24 orders and judgments of the district court may be reviewed.

(e) Except as provided in subsection (d), any action of the state fire
 marshal pursuant to this section is subject to review in accordance with the
 Kansas judicial review act.

28 K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 38-549 is hereby amended to read as Sec. 52. 29 follows: 38-549. The board of directors of any youth camp or home may 30 adopt a resolution at any time before tax moneys are available under 31 authority of this act, and such resolution may provide for the issuance of 32 no-fund warrants in an amount not to exceed the amount which would be 33 produced by a one mill levy on the assessed taxable tangible property in 34 the contracting counties. Such no-fund warrants may be issued without the 35 approval of the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals, and in all other respects 36 shall be issued in accordance to statutes related to no-fund warrants.

Sec. 53. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 68-151n is hereby amended to read as follows: 68-151n. The board of any such county may issue no-fund warrants without the approval of the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals, to provide additional funds to be used to pay a part of the cost of the relocation, construction, reconstruction and improvement of or the acquisition of a site or right-of-way for any road or bridge which is necessitated by the construction of any dam or reservoir by the federal

1 government and part of the total cost of which is to be paid or reimbursed 2 by the federal government. The total amount of such warrants shall not 3 exceed the sum of one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000). Such 4 warrants shall be in the form and be issued, registered, bear interest and 5 may be sold in the manner provided and all other things relating thereto 6 done as prescribed in K.S.A. 79-2940, or acts amendatory thereof and 7 amendments thereto, except as herein otherwise expressly provided and 8 except that they shall not bear the notation required by said section, but in 9 lieu thereof they shall bear the notation "issued pursuant to authority 10 granted by (giving a citation of this act)."

At the next tax levying time after the issuance of such warrants such 11 board shall make a tax levy sufficient to pay the warrants and the interest 12 13 thereon, except that if the board determines it to be advisable, said warrants may be issued to mature in two approximately equal annual 14 15 installments and in such cases, such tax levy may be made each year for a 16 period of not to exceed two years. The tax levies herein authorized shall be 17 in addition to all other tax levies authorized or limited by law and shall not 18 be subject to the aggregate tax levy limit prescribed by K.S.A. 79-1947, 19 and amendments thereto, or that may be fixed by any other law of this 20 state.

21 Sec. 54. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 72-4142 is hereby amended to read as 22 follows: 72-4142. To provide revenue for the initial purchase of textbooks 23 for use in the textbook rental plan, the board of education of any school 24 district is authorized to issue no-fund warrants in an amount necessary to 25 make such purchase. Such no-fund warrants shall be issued in the manner 26 and form, bear interest and be redeemed as prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, 27 and amendments thereto, except that they may be issued without the 28 approval of the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals.

29 Whenever no-fund warrants are issued under the authority of this act, 30 the board of education shall make a tax levy at the first tax levying period 31 after such warrants are issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and the 32 interest thereon, except that in lieu of making only one tax levy, such 33 board, if it deems it advisable, may make a tax levy each year for not to 34 exceed three years in approximately equal installments for the purpose of 35 paying-said such warrants and the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall 36 be in addition to all other levies authorized or limited by law and none of 37 the tax limitations provided by law shall apply to such levy.

Sec. 55. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 72-6441 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6441. (a) (1) The board of any district to which the provisions of this subsection apply may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the district each year for a period of time not to exceed two years in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by the state <u>eourt</u> *board* of tax appeals under this subsection for the purpose of

1 financing the costs incurred by the state that are directly attributable to 2 assignment of ancillary school facilities weighting to enrollment of the 3 district. The state eourt board of tax appeals may authorize the district to 4 make a levy which will produce an amount that is not greater than the difference between the amount of costs directly attributable to 5 6 commencing operation of one or more new school facilities and the 7 amount that is financed from any other source provided by law for such 8 purpose, including any amount attributable to assignment of school 9 facilities weighting to enrollment of the district for each school year in 10 which the district is eligible for such weighting. If the district is not eligible, or will be ineligible, for school facilities weighting in any one or 11 12 more years during the two-year period for which the district is authorized 13 to levy a tax under this subsection, the state eourt board of tax appeals 14 may authorize the district to make a levy, in such year or years of ineligibility, which will produce an amount that is not greater than the 15 16 actual amount of costs attributable to commencing operation of the facility 17 or facilities

18 (2) The state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals shall certify to the state board 19 of education the amount authorized to be produced by the levy of a tax 20 under subsection (a).

(3) The state court board of tax appeals may adopt rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the provisions of this subsection, including rules and regulations relating to the evidence required in support of a district's claim that the costs attributable to commencing operation of one or more new school facilities are in excess of the amount that is financed from any other source provided by law for such purpose.

27 (4) The provisions of this subsection apply to any district that: (A) 28 Commenced operation of one or more new school facilities in the school year preceding the current school year or has commenced or will 29 30 commence operation of one or more new school facilities in the current 31 school year or any or all of the foregoing; (B) is authorized to adopt and has adopted a local option budget which is at least equal to that amount 32 33 required to qualify for school facilities weighting under K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 34 72-6415b, and amendments thereto; and (C) is experiencing extraordinary 35 enrollment growth as determined by the state board of education.

36 (b) The board of any district that has levied an ad valorem tax on the 37 taxable tangible property of the district each year for a period of two years 38 under authority of subsection (a) may continue to levy such tax under 39 authority of this subsection each year for an additional period of time not 40 to exceed six years in an amount not to exceed the amount computed by the state board of education as provided in this subsection if the board of 41 42 the district determines that the costs attributable to commencing operation 43 of one or more new school facilities are significantly greater than the costs

attributable to the operation of other school facilities in the district. The tax
 authorized under this subsection may be levied at a rate which will
 produce an amount that is not greater than the amount computed by the
 state board of education as provided in this subsection. In computing such
 amount, the state board shall:

6 (1) Determine the amount produced by the tax levied by the district 7 under authority of subsection (a) in the second year for which such tax was 8 levied and add to such amount the amount of general state aid directly 9 attributable to school facilities weighting that was received by the district 10 in the same year;

(2) compute 90% of the amount of the sum obtained under paragraph
(1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the first
year of the six-year period for which the district may levy a tax under
authority of this subsection;

(3) compute 75% of the amount of the sum obtained under paragraph
(1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the
second year of the six-year period for which the district may levy a tax
under authority of this subsection;

(4) compute 60% of the amount of the sum obtained under paragraph
(1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the
third year of the six-year period for which the district may levy a tax under
authority of this subsection;

(5) compute 45% of the amount of the sum obtained under paragraph
(1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the
fourth year of the six-year period for which the district may levy a tax
under authority of this subsection;

(6) compute 30% of the amount of the sum obtained under paragraph
(1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the
fifth year of the six-year period for which the district may levy a tax under
authority of this subsection; and

(7) compute 15% of the amount of the sum obtained under paragraph
(1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the
sixth year of the six-year period for which the district may levy a tax under
authority of this subsection.

In determining the amount produced by the tax levied by the district under authority of subsection (a), the state board shall include any moneys which have been apportioned to the ancillary facilities fund of the district from taxes levied under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-5101 et seq. and 79-5118 et seq., and amendments thereto.

40 (c) The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of 41 this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the 42 provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of 43 each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in 1 the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

Sec. 56. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 72-6443 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6443. (a) The ancillary school facilities weighting of each
district shall be determined in each school year in which such weighting
may be assigned to enrollment of the district as follows:

6 (1) Add the amount authorized under subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-7 6441, and amendments thereto, to be produced by a tax levy and certified 8 to the state board by the state <u>court</u> *board* of tax appeals to the amount, if 9 any, computed under subsection (b) of K.S.A. 72-6441, and amendments 10 thereto, to be produced by a tax levy;

(2) divide the sum obtained under (1) by base state aid per pupil. Thequotient is the ancillary school facilities weighting of the district.

(b) The provisions of this section shall take effect and be in forcefrom and after July 1, 1997.

15 Sec. 57. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 72-6451 is hereby amended to read as 16 follows: 72-6451. (a) As used in this section:

17 (1) "School district" or "district" means a school district which: (A) 18 Has a declining enrollment; and (B) has adopted a local option budget in 19 an amount which equals at least 31% of the state financial aid for the 20 school district at the time the district applies to the state <u>court</u> board of tax 21 appeals for authority to make a levy pursuant to this section.

(2) "Declining enrollment" means an enrollment which has declinedin amount from that of the preceding school year.

24 (b) (1) (A) A school district may levy an ad valorem tax on the 25 taxable tangible property of the district each year for a period of time not 26 to exceed two years in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by 27 the state court board of tax appeals under this subsection for the purpose 28 of financing the costs incurred by the state that are directly attributable to 29 assignment of declining enrollment weighting to enrollment of the district. 30 The state eourt board of tax appeals may authorize the district to make a 31 levy which will produce an amount that is not greater than the amount of 32 revenues lost as a result of the declining enrollment of the district. Such 33 amount shall not exceed 5% of the general fund budget of the district in 34 the school year in which the district applies to the state <del>court</del> board of tax 35 appeals for authority to make a levy pursuant to this section.

(B) As an alternative to the authority provided in paragraph (1)(A), if a district was authorized to make a levy pursuant to this section in school year 2006-2007, such district shall remain authorized to make a levy at a rate necessary to generate revenue in the same amount that was generated in school year 2007-2008 if the district adopts a local option budget in an amount equal to the state prescribed percentage in effect in school year 2006-2007.

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(2) The state *court board* of tax appeals shall certify to the state board

1 the amount authorized to be produced by the levy of a tax under this 2 section.

3 (3) The state board shall prescribe guidelines for the data that school 4 districts shall include in cases before the state *eourt board* of tax appeals 5 pursuant to this section.

6 (c) A district may levy the tax authorized pursuant to this section for a 7 period of time not to exceed two years unless authority to make such levy 8 is renewed by the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals. The state <del>court</del> *board* of 9 tax appeals may renew the authority to make such levy for periods of time 10 not to exceed two years.

(d) The state board shall provide to the state court board of tax
appeals such school data and information requested by the state court *board* of tax appeals and any other information deemed necessary by the
state board.

15 (e) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall be 16 called the declining enrollment fund. Such fund shall consist of all moneys 17 deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. The proceeds 18 from the tax levied by a district under authority of this section shall be 19 credited to the declining enrollment fund of the district. The proceeds from 20 the tax levied by a district credited to the declining enrollment fund shall 21 be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of 22 K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such 23 remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state 24 treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

(f) In determining the amount produced by the tax levied by the district under authority of this section, the state board shall include any moneys which have been apportioned to the declining enrollment fund of the district from taxes levied under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-5101 et seq. and 79-5118 et seq., and amendments thereto.

30 Sec. 58. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 72-8203b is hereby amended to read as 31 follows: 72-8203b. Whenever the board of education of any school district 32 shall make a finding that such school district has a temporary cash deficit 33 in any school district fund, such school district may issue temporary notes 34 of the school district for the purpose of borrowing money to meet such 35 temporary cash deficit. The proceeds of any notes issued pursuant to this 36 section shall be credited to the fund found to have such deficit. Such notes 37 may be issued only with the approval of the state eourt board of tax 38 appeals. Temporary notes issued pursuant to this act shall mature, be 39 retired and paid during the fiscal year during which they are issued. Such 40 notes shall be retired from the proceeds of distributions to the fund in which the temporary cash deficit occurred. Such notes shall be in a form 41 prescribed by the state board of education and may bear interest at a rate 42 43 not to exceed 5% per annum. No such notes may be issued in an amount in

excess of anticipated receipts during the fiscal year of the fund in which

2 the temporary cash deficit occurred. If any such anticipated receipts are not received during the fiscal year in which such notes are issued, such notes shall be retired in the next succeeding fiscal year from the proceeds of later received distributions to such fund or shall be retired from a tax levy upon the taxable tangible property in the school district in an amount sufficient to retire such notes, which levy shall be made at the next tax levying period.

Sec. 59. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2433a is hereby amended to read as
follows: 74-2433a. The state court *board* of tax appeals created by K.S.A.
74-2433, and amendments thereto, is hereby transferred out of the
department of revenue and established as an independent agency andadministrative law court within the executive branch of state government.

Sec. 60. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2433b is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2433b. All budgeting, purchasing and related management functions of the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals shall be administered under the direction and supervision of the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals.

Sec. 61. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2433c is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2433c. All vouchers for expenditures from appropriations to or for the state eourt *board* of tax appeals shall be approved by the <u>chief</u> <u>judge chairperson</u> of the state <u>eourt board</u> of tax appeals or a person or persons designated by the <u>chief judge chairperson</u> for such purpose.

Sec. 62. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2433d is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2433d. All records of and appropriations for the state court of tax appeals shall be transferred to the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals on the effective date of this order July 1, 2014.

Sec. 63. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2433e is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2433e. The state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals created by K.S.A. 74-2433, and amendments thereto, is hereby specifically continued in existence, and it shall have the same powers, functions and duties as were vested by law in it immediately prior to the effective date of this order, except as is herein otherwise specifically provided.

Sec. 64. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2433g is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2433g. (a) The hearing officers of the small claims and expedited hearings division shall be appointed by the chief hearing officer of the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals.

(b) Each hearing officer of the small claims and expedited hearings
 division shall receive compensation in an amount determined by the chief
 judge chairperson and approved by the court board.

40 Sec. 65. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2435 is hereby amended to read as 41 follows: 74-2435. Within amounts budgeted for it, the state <del>court</del> *board* of 42 tax appeals may appoint such employees as may be necessary, which 43 employees shall be in the classified service of the Kansas civil service act, 1 and may appoint a secretary and attorneys, and such secretary and 2 attorneys shall be in the unclassified service of the Kansas civil service act.

3 Sec. 66. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2436 is hereby amended to read as 4 follows: 74-2436. The court board shall keep an accurate record of its 5 official proceedings, and shall keep a common seal of such design as shall 6 be determined by the eourt board. Copies of records of the eourt board, 7 certified by the secretary and attested with the seal of the eourt board, shall 8 be received in evidence with like effect as copies of other public records. 9 The secretary of the eourt board shall be the custodian of the seal and 10 records and be authorized to affix the seal in all proper cases. The secretary or any judge member of the court board shall have the power to 11 12 administer oaths in all matters before the court board. Two-judges-13 *members* of the <del>court</del> *board* shall constitute a quorum.

Sec. 67. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2437a is hereby amended to read as 14 follows: 74-2437a. The state eourt board of tax appeals shall have the 15 16 power to summon witnesses from any part of the state to appear and give 17 testimony, and to compel such witnesses to produce records, books, papers 18 and documents relating to any subject matter before the state court board 19 of tax appeals, subject to the restrictions of K.S.A. 79-1424, and 20 amendments thereto. Summons, subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum 21 may be directed to the sheriff of any county and may be made returnable at 22 such time as the <del>court</del> board of tax appeals shall determine. No fees shall 23 be charged by the sheriff for service thereof. Witness fees and mileage 24 shall be allowed and may be taxed as costs to either party in the discretion 25 of the court board.

Sec. 68. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2437b is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2437b. The state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals shall have power to issue an order directing depositions of witnesses residing within or without the state, to be taken, upon notice to the interested parties, if any, in like manner that depositions of witnesses are taken in civil actions pending in the district court, in any matter before the <del>court</del> *board*.

Sec. 69. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2439 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2439. Except as otherwise provided by law, the state eourt *board* of tax appeals shall have the following powers and duties:

(a) Constituting, sitting and acting as the state board of equalization
 as provided in K.S.A. 79-1409, and amendments thereto;

(b) authorizing the issuance of emergency warrants by taxing
districts, as provided in article 29 of chapter 79 of *the* Kansas Statutes
Annotated, and acts amendatory thereof or supplemental *amendments*thereto, and authorizing the issuance of warrants by cities or counties
under statutes of this state;

42 (c) authorizing increases in tax levies by taxing districts, as provided 43 in article 19 of chapter 79 of *the* Kansas Statutes Annotated, and-aets1 amendatory thereof or supplemental amendments thereto;

2 (d) correcting errors and irregularities under the provisions of article
 3 17 of chapter 79 of *the* Kansas Statutes Annotated, *and amendments* 4 *thereto*; and

5 (e) hearing and deciding applications for the refund of protested taxes 6 under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2005, and amendments thereto.

7 Sec. 70. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2442 is hereby amended to read as 8 follows: 74-2442. There are hereby transferred to, vested in, and imposed 9 upon, the director of property valuation to be executed and exercised by him, all the jurisdiction, rights, powers, duties and authority now vested in 10 or imposed upon the state commission of revenue and taxation with 11 12 respect to ad valorem tax administration and the assessment of state 13 assessed property, except such as are specifically transferred to, vested in, 14 and imposed upon, the state eourt board of tax appeals. The state 15 commission of revenue and taxation is hereby abolished.

Sec. 71. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-2447 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2447. On July 1,-2008 2014, there are hereby transferred to, vested in, and imposed upon, the state eourt *board* of tax appeals, all the jurisdiction, rights, powers, duties and authority now vested in or imposed upon the state-board *court* of tax appeals. The state-board *court* of tax appeals is hereby abolished.

22 Sec. 72. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-4911f is hereby amended to read as 23 follows: 74-4911f. (a) Subject to procedures or limitations prescribed by 24 the governor, any person who is not an employee and who becomes a state 25 officer may elect to not become a member of the system. The election to 26 not become a member of the system must be filed within 90 days of 27 assuming the position of state officer. Such election shall be irrevocable. If 28 such election is not filed by such state officer, such state officer shall be a 29 member of the system.

(b) Any such state officer who is a member of the Kansas public employees retirement system, on or after the effective date of this act, may elect to not be a member by filing an election with the office of the retirement system. The election to not become a member of the system must be filed within 90 days of assuming the position of state officer. If such election is not filed by such state officer, such state officer shall be a member of the system.

(c) Subject to limitations prescribed by the board, the state agency employing any employee who has filed an election as provided under subsection (a) or (b) and who has entered into an employee participation agreement, as provided in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 74-49b10, and amendments thereto, for deferred compensation pursuant to the Kansas public employees deferred compensation plan shall contribute to such plan on such employee's behalf an amount equal to 8% of the employee's salary, as such salary has been approved pursuant to K.S.A. 75-2935b, and
 amendments thereto, or as otherwise prescribed by law. With regard to a
 state officer who is a member of the legislature who has retired pursuant to
 the Kansas public employees retirement system and who files an election
 as provided in this section, employee's salary means per diem
 compensation as provided by law as a member of the legislature.

7 (d) As used in this section and K.S.A. 74-4927k, and amendments 8 thereto, "state officer" means the secretary of administration, secretary on aging, secretary of commerce, secretary of corrections, secretary of health 9 10 and environment, secretary of labor, secretary of revenue, secretary of social and rehabilitation services, secretary of transportation, secretary of 11 wildlife, parks and tourism, superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol, 12 13 secretary of agriculture, executive director of the Kansas lottery, executive director of the Kansas racing commission, president of the Kansas 14 development finance authority, state fire marshal, state librarian, securities 15 16 commissioner, adjutant general, judges members and chief hearing officer 17 of the state eourt board of tax appeals, members of the state corporation 18 commission, any unclassified employee on the staff of officers of both 19 houses of the legislature, any unclassified employee appointed to the 20 governor's or lieutenant governor's staff, any person employed by the 21 legislative branch of the state of Kansas, other than any such person 22 receiving service credited under the Kansas public employees retirement 23 system or any other retirement system of the state of Kansas therefor, who 24 elected to be covered by the provisions of this section as provided in 25 subsection (e) of K.S.A. 46-1302, and amendments thereto, or who is first employed on or after July 1, 1996, by the legislative branch of the state of 26 27 Kansas and any member of the legislature who has retired pursuant to the 28 Kansas public employees retirement system.

(e) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any state officer
who has elected to remain eligible for assistance by the state board of
regents as provided in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 74-4925, and amendments
thereto.

Sec. 73. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-430 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 75-430. (a) The secretary of state shall compile, index and publish
a publication to be known as the Kansas register. Such register shall
contain:

37 (1) All acts of the legislature required to be published in the Kansas38 register;

39 (2) all executive orders and directives of the governor which are40 required to be filed in the office of the secretary of state;

(3) summaries of all opinions of the attorney general interpreting actsof the legislature as prepared by the office of the attorney general;

43 (4) notice of any public comment period on contemplated

1 modification of an existing rule and regulation, and, in accordance with the 2 provisions of article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and 3 amendments thereto, all notices of hearings on proposed administrative 4 rules and regulations and the full text of all administrative rules and 5 regulations that have been adopted and filed with the secretary of state;

6 (5) the full text of all administrative rules and regulations which have 7 been adopted and filed in accordance with the provisions of article 4 of 8 chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, except that the secretary of state may publish a summary of any rule and 9 regulation together with the address of the state agency from which a copy 10 of the full text of the proposed rules and regulations may be received, if 11 such rule and regulation is lengthy and expensive to publish and otherwise 12 available in published form and a summary will, in the opinion of the 13 14 secretary, properly notify the public of the contents of such rule and 15 regulation:

(6) a cumulative index of all administrative rules and regulations
which have been adopted and filed in accordance with the provisions of
article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments
thereto;

(7) all notices of hearings of special legislative interim study
committees, descriptions of all prefiled bills and resolutions and
descriptions of all bills and resolutions introduced in the legislature during
any session of the legislature, and other legislative information which is
approved for publication by the legislative coordinating council;

(8) the hearings docket of the Kansas supreme court and the court ofappeals;

(9) summaries of all orders of the state court *board* of tax appealswhich have statewide application;

(10) all advertisements for contracts for construction, repairs,
 improvements or purchases by the state of Kansas or any agency thereof
 for which competitive bids are required; and

(11) any other information which the secretary of state deems to be of
 sufficient interest to the general public to merit its publication or which is
 required by law to be published in the Kansas register.

(b) The secretary of state shall publish such register at regularintervals, but not less than weekly.

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(c) Each issue of the register shall contain a table of contents.

(d) A cumulative index to all information required by K.S.A. 75-430
through 75-434, and amendments thereto, to be published during the
previous year shall be published at least once each year.

41 (e) The secretary of state may omit from the register any information
42 the publication of which the secretary deems cumbersome, expensive, or
43 otherwise inexpedient, if the information is made available in printed or

1 processed form by the adopting agency on application for it, and if the 2 register contains a notice stating the general subject matter of the 3 information and the manner in which a copy of it may be obtained.

4 (f) One copy of each issue of the register shall be made available 5 without charge on request to each officer, board, commission, and 6 department of the state having statewide jurisdiction, to each member of 7 the legislature, to each county clerk in the state, and to the supreme court, 8 court of appeals and each district court.

9 (g) The secretary of state shall make paper copies of the register 10 available upon payment of a fee to be fixed by the secretary of state under 11 K.S.A. 75-433, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 74. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-37,121 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-37,121. (a) There is created the office of administrative hearings within the department of administration, to be headed by a director appointed by the secretary of administration. The director shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act.

17 (b) The office may employ or contract with presiding officers, court reporters and other support personnel as necessary to conduct proceedings 18 19 required by the Kansas administrative procedure act for adjudicative 20 proceedings of the state agencies, boards and commissions specified in 21 subsection (h). The office shall conduct adjudicative proceedings of any 22 state agency which is specified in subsection (h) when requested by such 23 agency. Only a person admitted to practice law in this state or a person 24 directly supervised by a person admitted to practice law in this state may 25 be employed as a presiding officer. The office may employ regular parttime personnel. Persons employed by the office shall be under the 26 27 classified civil service.

(c) If the office cannot furnish one of its presiding officers within 60 days in response to a requesting agency's request, the director shall designate in writing a full-time employee of an agency other than the requesting agency to serve as presiding officer for the proceeding, but only with the consent of the employing agency. The designee must possess the same qualifications required of presiding officers employed by the office.

(d) The director may furnish presiding officers on a contract basis to
any governmental entity to conduct any proceeding other than a
proceeding as provided in subsection (h).

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(e) The secretary of administration may adopt rules and regulations:

(1) To establish procedures for agencies to request and for the
director to assign presiding officers. An agency may neither select nor
reject any individual presiding officer for any proceeding except in
accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act;

42 (2) to establish procedures and adopt forms, consistent with the 43 Kansas administrative procedure act, the model rules of procedure, and

1 other provisions of law, to govern presiding officers; and

2 (3) to facilitate the performance of the responsibilities conferred upon 3 the office by the Kansas administrative procedure act.

4 (f) The director may implement the provisions of this section and 5 rules and regulations adopted under its authority.

6 (g) The secretary of administration may adopt rules and regulations to 7 establish fees to charge a state agency for the cost of using a presiding 8 officer.

9 (h) The following state agencies, boards and commissions shall 10 utilize the office of administrative hearings for conducting adjudicative 11 hearings under the Kansas administrative procedures act in which the 12 presiding officer is not the agency head or one or more members of the 13 agency head:

(1) On and after July 1, 2005: Department of social and rehabilitation
services, juvenile justice authority, department on aging, department of
health and environment, Kansas public employees retirement system,
Kansas water office, Kansas department of agriculture division of animal
health and Kansas insurance department.

(2) On and after July 1, 2006: Emergency medical services board,
 emergency medical services council and Kansas human rights
 commission.

(3) On and after July 1, 2007: Kansas lottery, Kansas racing and
gaming commission, state treasurer, pooled money investment board,
Kansas department of wildlife, parks and tourism and state court board of
tax appeals.

(4) On and after July 1, 2008: Department of human resources, state
 corporation commission, Kansas department of agriculture division of
 conservation, agricultural labor relations board, department of
 administration, department of revenue, board of adult care home
 administrators, Kansas state grain inspection department, board of
 accountancy and Kansas wheat commission.

(5) On and after July 1, 2009, all other Kansas administrative
procedure act hearings not mentioned in subsections (1), (2), (3) and (4).

(i) (1) Effective July 1, 2005, any presiding officer in agencies 34 specified in subsection (h)(1) which conduct hearings pursuant to the 35 36 Kansas administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to 37 K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, and support personnel for such 38 presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of 39 the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of 40 this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the 41 effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to 42 43 have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified

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service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.

6 Effective July 1, 2006, any presiding officer in agencies specified (2)7 in subsection (h)(2) which conduct hearings pursuant to the Kansas 8 administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 9 77-551, and amendments thereto, and support personnel for such presiding 10 officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the 11 12 state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state 13 which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date 14 of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been 15 continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service 16 under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service 17 laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall 18 not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at 19 the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed 20 as though no transfer of employment had occurred.

21 (3) Effective July 1, 2007, any presiding officer in agencies specified 22 in subsection (h)(3) which conduct hearings pursuant to the Kansas 23 administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 24 77-551, and amendments thereto, and support personnel for such presiding 25 officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of the office 26 of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights under the 27 state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of this state 28 which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to have been 29 30 continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified service 31 under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil service 32 laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall 33 not affect any matter pending before an administrative hearing officer at 34 the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such matter shall proceed 35 as though no transfer of employment had occurred.

36 (4) Effective July 1, 2008, any full-time presiding officer in agencies 37 specified in subsection (h)(4) which conduct hearings pursuant to the 38 Kansas administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to 39 K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, and support personnel for such 40 presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of 41 the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights 42 under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of 43 this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the

effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to
 have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified
 service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil
 service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This
 section shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative
 hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such
 matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment had occurred.

8 (5) Effective July 1, 2009, any full-time presiding officer in agencies 9 specified in subsection (h)(5) which conduct hearings pursuant to the 10 Kansas administrative procedure act, except those exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 77-551, and amendments thereto, and support personnel for such 11 12 presiding officers, shall be transferred to and shall become employees of 13 the office of administrative hearings. Such personnel shall retain all rights 14 under the state personnel system and retirement benefits under the laws of 15 this state which had accrued to or vested in such personnel prior to the 16 effective date of this section. Such person's services shall be deemed to 17 have been continuous. All transfers of personnel positions in the classified 18 service under the Kansas civil service act shall be in accordance with civil 19 service laws and any rules and regulations adopted thereunder. This section shall not affect any matter pending before an administrative 20 21 hearing officer at the time of the effective date of the transfer, and such 22 matter shall proceed as though no transfer of employment occurred.

23 Sec. 75. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-4201 is hereby amended to read as 24 follows: 75-4201. As used in this act, unless the context otherwise 25 requires:

26 27 (a) "Treasurer" means state treasurer.

(b) "Controller" means director of accounts and reports.

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(c) "Board" means the pooled money investment board.

(d) "Bank" means a bank incorporated under the laws of this state, or
organized under the laws of the United States or another state and which
has a main or branch office in this state.

(e) "State moneys" means all moneys in the treasury of the state orcoming lawfully into the possession of the treasurer.

(f) "State bank account" means state moneys or fee agency accountmoneys deposited in accordance with the provisions of this act.

(g) "Operating account" means a state bank account which is payableor withdrawable, in whole or in part, on demand.

(h) "Investment account" means a state bank account which is notpayable on demand.

40 (i) "Fee agency account" means a state bank account of any state 41 agency consisting of moneys authorized by law prior to remittance to the 42 state treasurer.

(j) "Disbursement" means a payment of any kind whatsoever made

from the state treasury or from any operating account, except transfer of
 moneys between or among operating accounts and investment accounts or
 either or both of them.

4 (k) "Securities" means, for the purposes of this section and K.S.A. 5 75-4218, and amendments thereto, securities, security entitlements, 6 financial assets and securities account consisting of any one or more of the 7 following, and security entitlements thereto, which may be accepted or 8 rejected by the pooled money investment board:

9 (1) Direct obligations of, or obligations that are insured as to principal and interest by, the United States government or any agency thereof and obligations, letters of credit and securities of United States sponsored enterprises which under federal law may be accepted as security for public funds.

14 (2) Kansas municipal bonds which are general obligations of the 15 municipality issuing the same.

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(3) Revenue bonds of any agency or arm of the state of Kansas.

17 (4) Revenue bonds of any municipality, as defined by K.S.A. 10-101, and amendments thereto, within the state of Kansas or bonds issued by a 18 public building commission as authorized by K.S.A. 12-1761, and 19 20 amendments thereto, if approved by the state bank commissioner, except 21 (A) bonds issued under the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1740 et seq., and 22 amendments thereto, unless such bonds are rated at least MIG-1 or Aa by 23 Moody's Investors Service or AA by Standard & Poor's Corp. and (B) 24 bonds secured by revenues of a utility which has been in operation for less 25 than three years. Any expense incurred in connection with granting 26 approval of revenue bonds shall be paid by the applicant for approval.

(5) Temporary notes of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal
 corporation within the state of Kansas which are general obligations of the
 municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation issuing the same.

30 (6) Warrants of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal 31 corporation within the state of Kansas the issuance of which is authorized 32 by the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals and which are payable from the 33 proceeds of a mandatory tax levy.

(7) Bonds of any municipal or quasi-municipal corporation of the
state of Kansas which have been refunded in advance of their maturity and
are fully secured as to payment of principal and interest thereon by deposit
in trust, under escrow agreement with a bank, of direct obligations of, or
obligations the principal of and the interest on which are unconditionally
guaranteed by, the United States of America. A copy of such escrow
agreement shall be furnished to the treasurer.

41 (8) Securities listed in paragraph (14) of subsection (d) of K.S.A. 9-42 1402, and amendments thereto, within limitations of K.S.A. 9-1402, and 43 amendments thereto. 1 (9) A corporate surety bond guaranteeing deposits in a bank, savings 2 or savings and loan association in excess of federal deposit insurance corporation insurance, underwritten by an insurance company authorized 3 4 to do business in the state of Kansas.

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(10) Commercial paper that does not exceed 270 days to maturity and 6 which has received one of the two highest commercial paper credit ratings 7 by a nationally recognized investment rating firm.

8 (11) All of such securities shall be current as to interest according to 9 the terms thereof.

"Savings bank" means a savings bank organized under the laws of 10 (1)the United States or another state insured by the federal deposit insurance 11 corporation or its successor and having a main or branch office in the 12 county in which a state agency making collection of any fees, tuition, or 13 14 charges is located.

15 (m) "Savings and loan association" means a savings and loan 16 association incorporated under the laws of this state or organized under the 17 laws of the United States or another state, insured by the federal deposit 18 insurance corporation or its successor and having a main or branch office 19 in the county in which a state agency making collection of any fees, tuition 20 or charges is located.

21 (n) "Custodial bank" means a bank holding on deposit collateral 22 which is security for state bank accounts.

23 (o) "Centralized securities depository" means a clearing agency registered with the securities and exchange commission which provides 24 25 safekeeping and book-entry settlement services to its participants.

(p) "Depository bank" means a bank, savings bank or savings and 26 27 loan association authorized and eligible to receive state moneys.

(q) "Main office" means the place of business specified in the articles 28 29 of association, certificate of authority or similar document, where the business of the institution is carried on and which is not a branch. 30

31 (r) "Branch" means any office, agency or other place of business 32 within this state, other than the main office, at which deposits are received, 33 checks paid or money lent with approval of the appropriate regulatory 34 authorities. Branch does not include an automated teller machine, remote 35 service unit or similar device.

36 (s) "Securities," "security entitlements," "financial assets," "securities account," "security agreement," "security interest," "perfection" and 37 "control" shall have the meanings given such terms under the Kansas 38 39 uniform commercial code.

40 Sec. 76. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-5104 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-5104. Whenever, under any statute of this state, the director of 41 revenue is authorized to make, adopt or promulgate rules and regulations 42 43 or rules or regulations, or words of like effect, and whenever in any statute 1 of this state there is reference to any such rule or regulation, such authority

and such reference shall after the effective date of this act be deemed to so
authorize or refer to the secretary of revenue and not the director of
revenue, and no approval for adoption of any such rules and regulations
shall be required by the state court *board* of tax appeals.

6 Sec. 77. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-5107 is hereby amended to read as 7 follows: 75-5107. Whenever, under any statute of this state, the director of 8 property valuation is authorized to make, adopt or promulgate rules and 9 regulations or rules or regulations, or words of like effect, and whenever in 10 any statute of this state there is reference to any such rule or regulation, such authority and such reference shall after the effective date of this act 11 12 be deemed to so authorize or refer to the secretary of revenue and not the 13 director of property valuation, and no approval for adoption of any such rules and regulations shall be required by the state eourt board of tax 14 15 appeals.

16 K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-5121 is hereby amended to read as Sec. 78. 17 follows: 75-5121. The secretary of revenue may appoint attorneys for the 18 department of revenue and its divisions and officers, except attorneys for 19 the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals and the division and director of 20 alcoholic beverage control. All attorneys appointed under this section shall 21 be subject to assignment and reassignment of duty within the department 22 of revenue as may be determined by the attorney designated by the 23 secretary of revenue as chief attorney of the department of revenue. Not 24 more than three attorneys appointed under this section shall be in the 25 classified service under the Kansas civil service act. All other attorneys, 26 including the chief attorney of the department of revenue, appointed under 27 this section shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil 28 service act and shall receive annual salaries fixed by the secretary of 29 revenue and approved by the governor.

30 Sec. 79. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 75-5161 is hereby amended to read as 31 follows: 75-5161. In addition to other provisions and authority granted under law, the secretary of revenue shall have the authority to equitably 32 33 resolve any assessment resulting from an audit, or any portion of such 34 assessment, that is pending in the administrative appeals process before the 35 secretary or secretary's designee pursuant to K.S.A. 79-3226 or 79-3610, 36 and amendments thereto, or the state eourt board of tax appeals, or is 37 pending in the judicial review process before any state or federal district or 38 appellate court. Such settlement authority shall include the ability to 39 resolve the amount of tax, penalty or interest due in the settlement 40 agreement.

41 Sec. 80. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 77-514 is hereby amended to read as 42 follows: 77-514. (a) For all agencies, except for the state <del>court</del> *board* of 43 tax appeals, the agency head, one or more members of the agency head or

a presiding officer assigned by the office of administrative hearings shall
 be the presiding officer.

3 (b) Any person serving or designated to serve alone or with others as 4 presiding officer is subject to disqualification for administrative bias, 5 prejudice or interest.

6 (c) Any party may petition for the disqualification of a person 7 promptly after receipt of notice indicating that the person will preside or 8 promptly upon discovering facts establishing grounds for disqualification, 9 whichever is later.

10 (d) A person whose disqualification is requested shall determine 11 whether to grant the petition, stating facts and reasons for the 12 determination.

(e) If a substitute is required for a person who is disqualified or
becomes unavailable for any other reason, any action taken by a duly
appointed substitute for a disqualified or unavailable person is as effective
as if taken by the latter.

(f) If the office of administrative hearings cannot provide a presiding
officer, a state agency may enter into agreements with another state agency
to provide presiding officers to conduct proceedings under this act.

(g) Notwithstanding any quorum requirements, if the agency head of
a professional or occupational licensing agency is a body of individuals,
the agency head, unless prohibited by law, may designate one or more
members of the agency head to serve as presiding officer and to render a
final order in the proceeding.

(h) Except as otherwise provided by law, in any proceeding under this
act, a person shall not be eligible to act as presiding officer, and shall not
provide confidential legal or technical advice to a presiding officer in the
proceeding, if that person:

(1) Has served in an investigatory or prosecutorial capacity in theproceeding or a proceeding arising out of the same event or transaction; or

(2) is supervised or directed by a person who would be disqualifiedunder paragraph (1).

33 Sec. 81. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-210 is hereby amended to read as 34 follows: 79-210. The owner or owners of all property which is exempt 35 from the payment of property taxes under the laws of the state of Kansas 36 for a specified period of years, other than property exempt under K.S.A. 37 79-201d and 79-201g, and amendments thereto, shall in each year after 38 approval thereof by the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals claim such 39 exemption on or before March 1 of each year in which such exemption is 40 claimed in the manner hereinafter provided. All claims for exemption from the payment of property taxes shall be made upon forms prescribed by the 41 42 director of property valuation and shall identify the property sought to be 43 exempt, state the basis for the exemption claimed and shall be filed in the

office of the assessing officer of the county in which such property is 1 2 located. The assessing officers of the several counties shall list and value 3 for assessment, all property located within the county for which no claim 4 for exemption has been filed in the manner hereinbefore provided. The 5 secretary of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to 6 administer the provisions of this section. The provisions of this section 7 shall apply to property exempted pursuant to the provisions of section 13 8 of article 11 of the Kansas constitution. The claim for exemption annually 9 filed by the owner of such property with the assessing officer shall include a written statement, signed by the clerk of the city or county granting the 10 exemption, that the property continues to meet all the terms and conditions 11 12 established as a condition of granting the exemption.

Sec. 82. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-213 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-213. (a) Any property owner requesting an exemption from the payment of ad valorem property taxes assessed, or to be assessed, against their property shall be required to file an initial request for exemption, on forms approved by the state <u>court *board*</u> of tax appeals and provided by the county appraiser.

(b) The initial exemption request shall identify the property for which
the exemption is requested and state, in detail, the legal and factual basis
for the exemption claimed.

(c) The request for exemption shall be filed with the county appraiserof the county where such property is principally located.

(d) After a review of the exemption request, and after a preliminary
examination of the facts as alleged, the county appraiser shall recommend
that the exemption request either be granted or denied, and, if necessary,
that a hearing be held. If a denial is recommended, a statement of the
controlling facts and law relied upon shall be included on the form.

(e) The county appraiser, after making such written recommendation,
shall file the request for exemption and the recommendations of the county
appraiser with the state court board of tax appeals.

(f) Upon receipt of the request for exemption, the court board shall
docket the same and notify the applicant and the county appraiser of such
fact.

35 (g) After examination of the request for exemption, and the county 36 appraiser's recommendation related thereto, the eourt board may fix a time 37 and place for hearing, and shall notify the applicant and the county 38 appraiser of the time and place so fixed. A request for exemption pursuant 39 to: (1) Section 13 of article 11 of the Kansas constitution; or (2) K.S.A. 79-40 201a Second, and amendments thereto, for property constructed or 41 purchased, in whole or in part, with the proceeds of revenue bonds under 42 the authority of K.S.A. 12-1740 to 12-1749, inclusive, and amendments 43 thereto, prepared in accordance with instructions and assistance which

1 shall be provided by the department of commerce, shall be deemed 2 approved unless scheduled for hearing within 30 days after the date of 3 receipt of all required information and data relating to the request for 4 exemption, and such hearing shall be conducted within 90 days after such 5 date. Such time periods shall be determined without regard to any 6 extension or continuance allowed to either party to such request. In any 7 case where a party to such request for exemption requests a hearing 8 thereon, the same shall be granted. Hearings shall be conducted in 9 accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. 10 In all instances where the eourt board sets a request for exemption for 11 hearing, the county shall be represented by its county attorney or county 12 counselor.

(h) Except as otherwise provided by subsection (g), in the event of a
hearing, the same shall be originally set not later than 90 days after the
filing of the request for exemption with the court board.

16 (i) During the pendency of a request for exemption, no person, firm, unincorporated association, company or corporation charged with real 17 18 estate or personal property taxes pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2004 and 79-19 2004a, and amendments thereto, on the tax books in the hands of the 20 county treasurer shall be required to pay the tax from the date the request 21 is filed with the county appraiser until the expiration of 30 days after the 22 <del>court</del> board issued its order thereon and the same becomes a final order. In 23 the event that taxes have been assessed against the subject property, no 24 interest shall accrue on any unpaid tax for the year or years in question nor 25 shall the unpaid tax be considered delinquent from the date the request is 26 filed with the county appraiser until the expiration of 30 days after the 27 eourt board issued its order thereon. In the event the eourt board 28 determines an application for exemption is without merit and filed in bad 29 faith to delay the due date of the tax, the tax shall be considered delinquent 30 as of the date the tax would have been due pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2004 and 31 79-2004a, and amendments thereto, and interest shall accrue as prescribed 32 therein.

(j) In the event the court board grants the initial request for exemption, the same shall be effective beginning with the date of first exempt use except that, with respect to property the construction of which commenced not to exceed 24 months prior to the date of first exempt use, the same shall be effective beginning with the date of commencement of construction.

(k) In conjunction with its authority to grant exemptions, the court *board* shall have the authority to abate all unpaid taxes that have accrued from and since the effective date of the exemption. In the event that taxes have been paid during the period where the subject property has been determined to be exempt, the court *board* shall have the authority to order 1 a refund of taxes for the year immediately preceding the year in which the 2 exemption application is filed in accordance with subsection (a).

3 (1) The provisions of this section shall not apply to: (1) Farm 4 machinery and equipment exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 5 79-201j, and amendments thereto; (2) personal property exempted from ad 6 valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-215, and amendments thereto; (3) wearing 7 apparel, household goods and personal effects exempted from ad valorem 8 taxation by K.S.A. 79-201c, and amendments thereto; (4) livestock; (5) all 9 property exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201d, and amendments thereto; (6) merchants' and manufacturers' inventories 10 exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201m, and amendments 11 12 thereto; (7) grain exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201n, 13 and amendments thereto; (8) property exempted from ad valorem taxation 14 by K.S.A. 79-201a Seventeenth, and amendments thereto, including all 15 property previously acquired by the secretary of transportation or a 16 predecessor in interest, which is used in the administration, construction, 17 maintenance or operation of the state system of highways. The secretary of 18 transportation shall at the time of acquisition of property notify the county 19 appraiser in the county in which the property is located that the acquisition 20 occurred and provide a legal description of the property acquired; (9) 21 property exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201a Ninth, 22 and amendments thereto, including all property previously acquired by the 23 Kansas turnpike authority which is used in the administration, 24 construction, maintenance or operation of the Kansas turnpike. The Kansas 25 turnpike authority shall at the time of acquisition of property notify the 26 county appraiser in the county in which the property is located that the 27 acquisition occurred and provide a legal description of the property 28 acquired; (10) aquaculture machinery and equipment exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201j, and amendments thereto. As used in 29 30 this section, "aquaculture" has the same meaning ascribed thereto by 31 K.S.A. 47-1901, and amendments thereto; (11) Christmas tree machinery and equipment exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201j, and 32 33 amendments thereto; (12) property used exclusively by the state or any 34 municipality or political subdivision of the state for right-of-way purposes. 35 The state agency or the governing body of the municipality or political 36 subdivision shall at the time of acquisition of property for right-of-way 37 purposes notify the county appraiser in the county in which the property is 38 located that the acquisition occurred and provide a legal description of the 39 property acquired; (13) machinery, equipment, materials and supplies 40 exempted from ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 79-201w, and amendments 41 thereto; (14) vehicles owned by the state or by any political or taxing 42 subdivision thereof and used exclusively for governmental purposes; (15) 43 property used for residential purposes which is exempted pursuant to

1 K.S.A. 79-201x from the property tax levied pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto; (16) from and after July 1, 1998, vehicles which 2 3 are owned by an organization having as one of its purposes the assistance 4 by the provision of transit services to the elderly and to disabled persons 5 and which are exempted pursuant to K.S.A. 79-201 Ninth, and 6 amendments thereto; (17) from and after July 1, 1998, motor vehicles 7 exempted from taxation by subsection (e) of K.S.A. 79-5107, and 8 amendments thereto; (18) commercial and industrial machinery and 9 equipment exempted from property or ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 2013 10 Supp. 79-223, and amendments thereto; (19) telecommunications machinery and equipment and railroad machinery and equipment 11 12 exempted from property or ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-13 224, and amendments thereto; and (20) property exempted from property or ad valorem taxation by K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-234, and amendments 14 15 thereto.

16 (m) The provisions of this section shall apply to property exempt 17 pursuant to the provisions of section 13 of article 11 of the Kansas 18 constitution.

(n) The provisions of subsection (k) as amended by this act shall be
 applicable to all exemption applications filed in accordance with
 subsection (a) after December 31, 2001.

22 Sec. 83. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-213a is hereby amended to read as 23 follows: 79-213a. Any group, association, corporation or individual who 24 has not been assessed or levied a tax on its personal or real property prior 25 to July 1, 1985, and who has applied for exemption from ad valorem 26 taxation on such property premised upon use for purposes described in 27 K.S.A. 79-201 Second, and amendments thereto, between July 1, 1986, 28 and January 1, 1990, shall not be liable for any taxes prior to January 1, 29 1987, if such group, association, corporation or individual had a 30 reasonable basis to believe that it would not be assessed or taxed under the 31 laws of the state of Kansas, and did not deceive or otherwise mislead, by 32 affirmative misrepresentation, the county appraiser or other taxing 33 authority in relationship to the use or ownership of such property. The 34 burden of proof shall rest with the party claiming exemption. Relief may 35 be granted under this section by a court in any pending tax appeal, by 36 remand to the state eourt board of tax appeals or upon the filing of an 37 initial application pursuant to K.S.A. 79-213, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 84. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-213d is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-213d. When any taxpayer has filed an application requesting an exemption from the payment of all or a portion of the ad valorem property taxes assessed, or to be assessed, against such taxpayer's property, the county appraiser shall notify the county clerk that the exemption application has been filed and the county clerk shall not be required to 1 include the assessed valuation of such property in the applicable taxing

2 districts until such time as the application is denied by the state <del>court</del>
3 *board* of tax appeals or, if judicial review of <del>court's</del> *board's* order is
4 sought, until such time as judicial review is finalized. The provisions of
5 this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 2008.

6 Sec. 85. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-332a is hereby amended to read as 7 follows: 79-332a. (a) Any person, corporation or association owning oil 8 and gas leases or engaged in operating for oil or gas who fails to make and 9 file a statement of assessment on or before April 1 shall be subject to a 10 penalty as follows:

(1) The appraiser shall, after having ascertained the assessed value of
the property of such taxpayer, add 5% thereto as a penalty for late filing if
the failure is not for more than one month, with an additional 5% for each
additional month or fraction thereof during which such failure continues,
not exceeding 25% in the aggregate.

16 (2) If the statement of assessment is filed more than one year from 17 April 1, the appraiser shall, after having ascertained the assessed value of 18 the property of such taxpayer, add 50% thereto as a penalty for late filing. 19 The county treasurer may not distribute any taxes assessed under this 20 section and paid under protest by the taxpayer pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2005, 21 and amendments thereto, until such time as the appeal is final.

(b) For good cause shown the county appraiser may extend the time
in which to make and file such statement. Such request for extension of
time shall be in writing and shall be received by the county appraiser prior
to the due date of the statement of assessment.

26 (c) Whenever any person, corporation or association owning oil and 27 gas leases or engaged in operating for oil or gas shall fail to make and 28 deliver to the county appraiser of every county wherein the property to be 29 assessed is located, a full and complete statement of assessment relative to 30 such property as required by blank forms prepared or approved for the 31 purpose by the director of property valuation to elicit the information 32 necessary to fix the valuation of the property, the appraiser shall ascertain 33 the assessed value of the property of such taxpayer, and shall add 50% 34 thereto as a penalty for failing to file such statement.

35 (d) The state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals shall have the authority to 36 abate any penalty imposed under the provisions of this section and order 37 the refund of the abated penalty, whenever excusable neglect on the part of 38 the person, corporation or association required to make and file the 39 statement of assessment is shown, or whenever the property for which a 40 statement of assessment was not filed as required by law is repossessed, 41 judicially or otherwise, by a secured creditor and such secured creditor 42 pays the taxes and interest due.

43 Sec. 86. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-425a is hereby amended to read as

follows: 79-425a. (a) Whenever a tract of land which has been assessed 1 2 shall thereafter be divided into tracts owned by different persons, any one 3 or more of such persons, after giving 10 days' written notice to the other 4 persons at their respective mailing addresses, may make application to the 5 county appraiser for an apportionment of the assessed valuation of such 6 tract among the several tracts, and the county appraiser is authorized to 7 apportion such valuation among the owners of such tracts according to the 8 value of their respective interests as shown by evidence available at a time 9 designated by the county appraiser. Upon the apportionment of the 10 assessed valuation among the several tracts and the levying of tax against each such tract, the county treasurer, upon payment of such tax on any 11 12 such tract, shall issue a receipt therefor and, in any case where such tax is 13 not paid on any of such tracts, it shall be sold for delinquent taxes in the 14 same manner prescribed by law for sale of real estate for delinquent taxes. 15 If taxes levied on a tract of land prior to its division are delinquent, the 16 owner of any divided portion of such tract may have that portion released 17 from the tax lien by paying to the county treasurer the share of the 18 delinquent tax attributable to such divided portion as shown by the apportionment made of the whole tract's assessed valuation among the 19 20 divided portions by the county appraiser.

(b) Any person aggrieved by the application of the provisions of subsection (a) may, within 10 days after the apportionment decision of the county appraiser, appeal to the state *court board* of tax appeals, and the *court board* shall have the power, upon a showing that such decision was erroneous, to substitute an apportionment of the assessed valuation of a tract of land for that of the county appraiser.

27 Sec. 87. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-5a27 is hereby amended to read as 28 follows: 79-5a27. On or before June 15, 1989, and on or before June 15 29 each year thereafter, the director of property valuation shall certify to the 30 county clerk of each county the amount of assessed valuation apportioned 31 to each taxing unit therein for properties valued and assessed under K.S.A. 32 79-5a01 et seq., and amendments thereto. The county clerk shall include 33 such assessed valuations in the applicable taxing districts with all other 34 assessed valuations in those taxing districts and on or before July 1 notify the appropriate officials of each taxing district within the county of the 35 36 assessed valuation estimates to be utilized in the preparation of budgets for 37 ad valorem tax purposes. If in any year the county clerk has not received 38 the applicable valuations from the director of property valuation, the 39 county clerk shall use the applicable assessed valuations of the preceding 40 year as an estimate for such notification. If the public utility has filed an 41 application for exemption of all or a portion of its property, the director 42 shall notify the county clerk that the exemption application has been filed 43 and the county clerk shall not be required to include such assessed

valuation in the applicable taxing districts until such time as the
 application is denied by the state court board of tax appeals or, if judicial
 review of the court's board's order is sought, until such time as judicial
 review is finalized.

5 Sec. 88. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-6a14 is hereby amended to read as 6 follows: 79-6a14. Whenever the director of property valuation shall 7 determine that it is advisable to abate motor carrier ad valorem tax 8 liabilities determined to be uncollectable accounts the director shall file a 9 petition with the state eourt board of tax appeals setting forth: (a) The 10 name of the debtor; (b) the year for which the tax is due; (c) the amount of the obligation; (d) a review or statement of actions taken to collect such 11 12 taxes; and (e) one or more of the grounds for abatement as hereinafter set 13 forth.

14 The state eourt board of tax appeals, within 60 days after the petition is 15 filed by the director of property valuation, may approve or disapprove of 16 the abatement of any motor carrier ad valorem tax liability submitted by 17 the director. The director shall prepare an order abating any tax liability, 18 the abatement of which has been approved by the state eourt board of tax 19 appeals, upon receiving notice of such approval. The director shall prepare 20 an order abating any tax liability submitted to and not specifically 21 disapproved by the state court board of tax appeals within 60 days of the 22 filing of the petition to abate said tax liability. A list of all tax liabilities 23 abated under the authority of this section shall be filed with the secretary 24 of state and thereafter preserved by the secretary as a public record.

25 Sec. 89. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1404a is hereby amended to read as 26 follows: 79-1404a. The director of property valuation shall have authority 27 to review any valuation change made by a county or district appraiser 28 pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1448 and 79-2005, and amendments thereto, or a 29 hearing officer or panel pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1606, and amendments 30 thereto, and may rescind such change upon written findings that such 31 change has caused property not to be valued according to law, provided 32 however, no valuation change shall be rescinded more than 60 days after 33 the date of such change. Any party aggrieved by an order of the director of 34 property valuation rescinding a valuation change may appeal such order to 35 the state eourt board of tax appeals as provided in K.S.A. 74-2438, and 36 amendments thereto

Sec. 90. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1409 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1409. The state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals shall constitute a state board of equalization, and shall equalize the valuation and assessment of property throughout the state; and shall have power to equalize the assessment of all property in this state between persons, firms or corporations of the same assessment district, between cities and townships of the same county, and between the different counties of the state, and the property assessed by the director of property valuation in the first instance.
 And any person feeling aggrieved by the action of the county board of
 equalization may, within 45 days after the decision of such board, appeal
 to the state board of equalization for a determination of such grievance.

5 It shall be the duty of the state board of equalization to meet in its 6 office, or such other place within any county of the state as the board shall 7 deem advisable, to perform the work of equalization as hereinbefore 8 provided. Such board may meet at any time on and after January 15 of 9 each year as it may deem necessary and shall meet from the 11th day of 10 July, or the next following business day if such date shall fall on a day other than a regular business day, until the 25<sup>th</sup> day of August as the 11 12 business of the board shall require. Whenever the valuation of any taxing 13 district, whether it be a county, township, city, school district, or otherwise, is changed by the state board of equalization, the officers of such taxing 14 15 district who have authority to levy taxes are required to use the valuation 16 so fixed by the state board as a basis for making their levies for all 17 purposes. In case a change is made in such valuation, the state court board 18 of tax appeals shall certify the equalized values to the director of property 19 valuation who shall forthwith certify the same to the county clerks of the 20 several counties of the state or to the counties affected by such 21 equalization; and such county clerks shall carry the real estate and tangible 22 personal property on the tax rolls of their respective counties at the 23 valuations so certified, and shall use such valuations as the basis of all tax 24 levies, except that any certification received by a county clerk after August 25 25 may be handled as an abatement, refund, or added tax as the 26 certification warrants.

The director of property valuation shall apportion the amount of tax for state purposes as required by law to be raised in the state among the several counties therein, in proportion to the valuation of the taxable property therein for the year as equalized by the state board of equalization.

Sec. 91. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1410 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1410. It shall be the duty of the director of property valuation to compile the abstracts of assessments received from county clerks into tabular statements convenient for the use of the state <u>court</u> *board* of tax appeals.

Sec. 92. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1413a is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1413a. Whenever upon complaint made to the state eourt *board* of tax appeals by the county or district appraiser, the director of property valuation, the board of county commissioners, any property taxpayer or any aggrieved party, and a summary proceeding in that behalf had, it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the eourt *board* that the appraisal of real property or tangible personal property in any county is

1 not in substantial compliance with law and the guidelines and timetables 2 prescribed by the director of property valuation, and that the interest of the 3 public will be promoted by a reappraisal of such property, the state court 4 *board* of tax appeals shall order a reappraisal of all or any part of the 5 property in such county to be made by one or more persons, to be 6 appointed by the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals for that purpose, the 7 expense of any such reappraisal to be borne by the county in which is 8 situated the property to be reappraised. The state eourt board of tax appeals shall, upon its own motion, after a hearing, order any such 9 10 reappraisal if it shall clearly appear that the public would be benefited thereby. Due notice of the time and place fixed for such summary 11 12 proceeding or hearing shall be mailed to the county clerk and the county 13 appraiser of the county involved, the director of property valuation, who 14 shall be made a party to the proceeding, and to the party filing any such 15 complaint. Upon ordering such a reappraisal the state <del>court</del> board of tax 16 appeals may order all or any part of the taxable real property and tangible personal property in such county to be reappraised, and shall either 17 18 designate the person or persons to make such reappraisal or permit the 19 board of county commissioners to designate such persons with the approval of the state court board of tax appeals. The cost of such 20 21 reappraisal shall be paid from the county general fund, the special 22 countywide reappraisal fund established by K.S.A. 79-1482, and 23 amendments thereto, the issuance of no-fund warrants, or from a special 24 assessment equalization fund in the same manner as provided in K.S.A. 25 79-1607 and 79-1608, and amendments thereto, for the payment of the 26 cost of appraisals.

27 The persons designated shall have access to all official records in the 28 office of the county clerk, county treasurer, county or district appraiser and 29 register of deeds pertaining to listing, assessment, and records of the 30 ownership of real property and tangible personal property in such county 31 and all powers of the assessing officials in the county pertaining to 32 discovery of taxable property in the county. They shall reappraise all such 33 taxable real property and tangible personal property in the county as shall 34 be ordered by the state eourt board of tax appeals, except that which is 35 state assessed. They shall make such reappraisals on forms approved by 36 the state director of property valuation, and shall deliver the same upon 37 completion to the county or district appraiser who shall retain the same for 38 use of the county or district appraisers, the county board of equalization 39 and the state court board of tax appeals.

No person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association, other than the
county or district appraiser, shall commence any contracted reappraisal in
any county until a written agreement has been entered into between the
board of county commissioners and such contractors. Such agreement

shall specifically set out the duties of the reappraisers, and shall contain a 1 2 stipulation that upon completion of the reappraisal and before final 3 payment to the reappraisers under the agreement, the reappraisers will 4 notify each taxpayer of its recommendations as to the valuation of such 5 taxpayer's property, by mailing such information to the taxpayer's last 6 known address. Pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1460, and amendments thereto, the 7 county or district appraiser shall not be authorized to use the valuations 8 submitted by the reappraisers in the year the reappraisal was completed 9 unless the reappraisal was completed and delivered to such appraiser on or 10 before March 1 of the year in which the valuations established are used as a basis for the levy of taxes. Before entering into any contracts with the 11 12 county commissioners for reappraisals of property, every reappraiser shall 13 give and file with the board of county commissioners a good and sufficient 14 surety bond by a surety company authorized to do business in this state, 15 approved by the county attorney, in such sum as the county commissioners 16 shall fix, but not less than the amount to be received by the reappraisers 17 under the terms of the contract and conditioned for the faithful 18 performance of all duties required of such reappraisers under the terms of 19 the contract entered into, and the execution and filing of such a bond shall 20 be a condition precedent to entering into such an agreement and to 21 commencing work on the contract of reappraisal. Such bond shall be 22 further conditioned to remain in full force and effect for one year 23 subsequent to the date of the printing of the change of value notices for the 24 reappraisal and the delivery thereof to the county or district appraiser.

Sec. 93. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1422 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1422. (a) Any person required to file a statement listing property for assessment and taxation purposes under the provisions of this act who fails to make and file such statement on or before the date prescribed by K.S.A. 79-306, and amendments thereto, shall be subject to a penalty as follows:

The appraiser shall, after having ascertained the assessed value of the property of such taxpayer, add 5% thereto as a penalty for late filing if the failure is not for more than one month, with an additional 5% for each additional month or fraction thereof during which such failure continues, not exceeding 25% in the aggregate.

For good cause shown the appraiser may extend the time in which to make and file such statement. Such request for extension of time must be in writing and shall state just and adequate reasons on which the request may be granted. The request must be received by the appraiser prior to the due date of the statement.

(b) If, within one year following the date prescribed by K.S.A. 79306, and amendments thereto, any person shall fail to make and file the
statement listing property for assessment and taxation purposes or shall

and complete statems

1 fail to make and file a full and complete statement listing property for such 2 purposes, the appraiser shall proceed to ascertain the assessed value of the 3 property of such taxpayer, and for this purpose the appraiser may examine 4 under oath any person or persons whom the appraiser deems to have 5 knowledge thereof. The appraiser shall, after having ascertained the 6 assessed value of such property, add 50% thereto as a penalty for failure to 7 file such statement or for failure to file a full and complete statement.

8 (c) The state eourt board of tax appeals shall have the authority to 9 abate any penalty imposed under the provisions of this section and order 10 the refund of the abated penalty, whenever excusable neglect on the part of the person required to make and file the statement listing property for 11 12 assessment and taxation purposes is shown, or whenever the property for 13 which a statement of assessment was not filed as required by law is 14 repossessed, judicially or otherwise, by a secured creditor and such 15 secured creditor pays the taxes and interest due.

16 Sec. 94. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1426 is hereby amended to read as 17 follows: 79-1426. Any county assessor, deputy assessor, member of the state court board of tax appeals, director of property valuation, or member 18 19 of any county board of equalization, and every other person whose duty it 20 is to list, value, assess or equalize real estate or tangible personal property 21 for taxation, who shall knowingly or willfully fail to list or return for 22 assessment or valuation any real estate or personal property, or who shall 23 knowingly or willfully list or return for assessment or valuation any real 24 estate or personal property at other than as provided for by law, or any 25 assessing officer who shall willfully or knowingly fail to appraise, assess 26 or to equalize the values of any real estate or tangible personal property, 27 which is subject to general property taxes as required in K.S.A. 79-1439, 28 and amendments thereto, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$500 or 29 30 imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding 90 days, and in 31 addition thereto shall forfeit his or her office if an officer mentioned 32 herein. A variance of 10% in the appraisal at fair market value in money 33 shall not be considered a violation of this section.

34 Sec. 95. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1427a is hereby amended to read as 35 follows: 79-1427a. (a) If, the county appraiser discovers, after the tax roll 36 has been certified to the county clerk, that any tangible personal property 37 subject to taxation has been omitted from the tax rolls, the county clerk 38 shall place such property on the tax roll as an added tax, or if, after one 39 year from the date prescribed by K.S.A. 79-306, and amendments thereto, 40 for the listing of tangible personal property, the county appraiser discovers 41 that any tangible personal property which was subject to taxation in any 42 year or years within two years next preceding January 1 of the calendar 43 year in which it was discovered has not been listed or has been

1 underreported for whatever reason, such property shall be deemed to have 2 escaped taxation. In the case of property which has not been listed, it shall 3 be the duty of the county appraiser to list and appraise such property and, 4 for an added tax, add penalties as prescribed in K.S.A. 79-1422, and 5 amendments thereto, and which shall be designated on the appraisal roll as 6 an added appraisal for that year. In the case of property which has escaped 7 taxation, it shall be the duty of the county appraiser to list and appraise 8 such property and add 50% thereto as a penalty for escaping taxation for 9 each such year during which such property was not listed, and it shall be designated on the appraisal roll as "escaped appraisal" for each such 10 preceding year or years. In the case of property which has been listed but 11 12 underreported, it shall be the duty of the county appraiser to list and 13 appraise the underreported portion of such property and add 50% thereto 14 as a penalty for escaping taxation for each such year during which such 15 property was underreported, and it shall be designated on the appraisal roll as "escaped appraisal" for each such preceding year or years. The county 16 17 clerk, upon receipt of the valuation for such property in either of the 18 aforementioned cases, shall place such property on the tax rolls and 19 compute the amount of tax due based upon the mill levy for the year or 20 years in which such tax should have been levied, and shall certify such 21 amount to the county treasurer as an added or escaped appraisal. The 22 amount of such tax shall be due immediately and payable within 45 days 23 after the issuance of an additional or escaped property tax bill by the 24 county treasurer. The county treasurer may not distribute any taxes 25 assessed under this section and paid under protest by the taxpayer pursuant 26 to K.S.A. 79-2005, and amendments thereto, until such time as the appeal 27 is final. No interest shall be imposed unless the tax remains unpaid after 28 such 45-day period. Taxes levied pursuant to this section which remain 29 unpaid after such 45-day period shall be deemed delinquent and the county 30 treasurer shall collect and distribute such tax in the same manner as 31 prescribed by law for the collection and distribution of other taxes levied 32 upon property which are delinquent. If the owner of such property is 33 deceased, taxes charged as herein provided shall be levied against the 34 estate of such deceased person for only two calendar years preceding death and shall be paid by the legal representative or representatives of such 35 36 estate. In the event that such escaped appraisal is due to any willful or 37 clerical error of the county appraiser, such property shall be appraised at its 38 fair market value and no penalty shall be added.

(b) A taxpayer with a grievance as to any penalty applied pursuant to the provisions of this section, may appeal to the state *court board* of tax appeals on forms prepared by the state *court board* of tax appeals and provided by the county appraiser. The state *court board* of tax appeals shall have the authority to abate any penalty imposed under the provisions of this section and order the refund of the abated penalty, whenever excusable neglect on the part of the person required to make and file the statement

3 listing property for assessment and taxation purposes is shown, or 4 whenever the property which has been deemed to have escaped taxation is 5 repossessed, judicially or otherwise, by a secured creditor and such 6 creditor pays the taxes and interest due. No interest shall be assessed 7 during the pendency of this appeal.

8 (c) The provisions of this section shall apply to any tangible personal 9 property discovered during the calendar years 1982, 1983, 1984 and any 10 year thereafter to have escaped appraisal and taxation during any such year 11 or any year within two years next preceding any such year.

Sec. 96. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1437f is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1437f. Except as otherwise provided by K.S.A. 79-1460, and amendments thereto, contents of the real estate sales validation questionnaire shall be made available only to the following people for the purposes listed hereafter:

(a) County officials for cooperating with and assisting the director of
property valuation in developing the information as provided for in K.S.A.
79-1487, and amendments thereto;

(b) any property owner, or the owner's representative, for prosecuting
an appeal of the valuation of such owner's property or for determining
whether to make such an appeal, but access shall be limited to the contents
of those questionnaires concerning the same constitutionally prescribed
subclass of property as that of such owner's property;

(c) the county appraiser and appraisers employed by the county forthe appraisal of property located within the county;

(d) appraisers licensed or certified pursuant to K.S.A. 58-4101 et seq.,
and amendments thereto, for appraisal of property and preparation of
appraisal reports;

(e) financial institutions for conducting appraisals and evaluations as
 required by federal and state regulators;

(f) the county appraiser or the appraiser's designee, hearing officers or
panels appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1602 or 79-1611, and amendments
thereto, and the state eourt *board* of tax appeals for conducting valuation
appeal proceedings;

36 (g) the board of county commissioners for conducting any of the37 board's statutorily prescribed duties;

(h) the director of property valuation for conducting any of thedirector's statutorily prescribed duties; and

40 (i) a person licensed pursuant to the real estate brokers' and
41 salespersons' act for purposes of fulfilling such person's statutory duties
42 and providing information on market value of property to clients and
43 customers.

1 Sec. 97. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1476 is hereby amended to read as 2 follows: 79-1476. The director of property valuation is hereby directed and 3 empowered to administer and supervise a statewide program of reappraisal 4 of all real property located within the state. Except as otherwise authorized 5 by K.S.A. 19-428, and amendments thereto, each county shall comprise a 6 separate appraisal district under such program, and the county appraiser 7 shall have the duty of reappraising all of the real property in the county 8 pursuant to guidelines and timetables prescribed by the director of 9 property valuation and of updating the same on an annual basis. In the case of multi-county appraisal districts, the district appraiser shall have the duty 10 11 of reappraising all of the real property in each of the counties comprising 12 the district pursuant to such guidelines and timetables and of updating the same on an annual basis. Commencing in 2000, every parcel of real 13 14 property shall be actually viewed and inspected by the county or district 15 appraiser once every six years. Any county or district appraiser shall be 16 deemed to be in compliance with the foregoing requirement in any year if 17 17% or more of the parcels in such county or district are actually viewed 18 and inspected.

Compilation of data for the initial preparation or updating of inventories for each parcel of real property and entry thereof into the state computer system as provided for in K.S.A. 79-1477, and amendments thereto, shall be completed not later than January 1, 1989. Whenever the director determines that reappraisal of all real property within a county is complete, notification thereof shall be given to the governor and to the state <u>court board</u> of tax appeals.

Valuations shall be established for each parcel of real property at its fair
market value in money in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 79503a, and amendments thereto.

29 In addition thereto valuations shall be established for each parcel of 30 land devoted to agricultural use upon the basis of the agricultural income 31 or productivity attributable to the inherent capabilities of such land in its 32 current usage under a degree of management reflecting median production 33 levels in the manner hereinafter provided. A classification system for all 34 land devoted to agricultural use shall be adopted by the director of 35 property valuation using criteria established by the United States 36 department of agriculture soil conservation service. For all taxable years 37 commencing after December 31, 1989, all land devoted to agricultural use 38 which is subject to the federal conservation reserve program shall be 39 classified as cultivated dry land for the purpose of valuation for property 40 tax purposes pursuant to this section. For all taxable years commencing 41 after December 31, 1999, all land devoted to agricultural use which is 42 subject to the federal wetlands reserve program shall be classified as native 43 grassland for the purpose of valuation for property tax purposes pursuant

1 to this section. Productivity of land devoted to agricultural use shall be 2 determined for all land classes within each county or homogeneous region 3 based on an average of the eight calendar years immediately preceding the 4 calendar year which immediately precedes the year of valuation, at a 5 degree of management reflecting median production levels. The director of 6 property valuation shall determine median production levels based on 7 information available from state and federal crop and livestock reporting 8 services, the soil conservation service, and any other sources of data that 9 the director considers appropriate.

10 The share of net income from land in the various land classes within each county or homogeneous region which is normally received by the 11 12 landlord shall be used as the basis for determining agricultural income for 13 all land devoted to agricultural use except pasture or rangeland. The net income normally received by the landlord from such land shall be 14 15 determined by deducting expenses normally incurred by the landlord from 16 the share of the gross income normally received by the landlord. The net 17 rental income normally received by the landlord from pasture or rangeland 18 within each county or homogeneous region shall be used as the basis for 19 determining agricultural income from such land. The net rental income 20 from pasture and rangeland which is normally received by the landlord 21 shall be determined by deducting expenses normally incurred from the 22 gross income normally received by the landlord. Commodity prices, crop 23 yields and pasture and rangeland rental rates and expenses shall be based 24 on an average of the eight calendar years immediately preceding the 25 calendar year which immediately precedes the year of valuation. Net 26 income for every land class within each county or homogeneous region 27 shall be capitalized at a rate determined to be the sum of the contract rate 28 of interest on new federal land bank loans in Kansas on July 1 of each year 29 averaged over a five-year period which includes the five years immediately preceding the calendar year which immediately precedes the 30 31 vear of valuation, plus a percentage not less than 0.75% nor more than 32 2.75%, as determined by the director of property valuation, except that the 33 capitalization rate calculated for property tax year 2003, and all such years 34 thereafter, shall not be less than 11% nor more than 12%.

35 Based on the foregoing procedures the director of property valuation 36 shall make an annual determination of the value of land within each of the 37 various classes of land devoted to agricultural use within each county or 38 homogeneous region and furnish the same to the several county appraisers 39 who shall classify such land according to its current usage and apply the 40 value applicable to such class of land according to the valuation schedules prepared and adopted by the director of property valuation under the 41 provisions of this section. 42

43 It is the intent of the legislature that appraisal judgment and appraisal

standards be followed and incorporated throughout the process of data
 collection and analysis and establishment of values pursuant to this
 section.

4 For the purpose of the foregoing provisions of this section the phrase 5 "land devoted to agricultural use" shall mean and include land, regardless 6 of whether it is located in the unincorporated area of the county or within 7 the corporate limits of a city, which is devoted to the production of plants, 8 animals or horticultural products, including but not limited to: Forages; 9 grains and feed crops; dairy animals and dairy products; poultry and 10 poultry products; beef cattle, sheep, swine and horses; bees and apiary products; trees and forest products; fruits, nuts and berries; vegetables; 11 12 nursery, floral, ornamental and greenhouse products. Land devoted to 13 agricultural use shall not include those lands which are used for 14 recreational purposes, other than that land established as a controlled 15 shooting area pursuant to K.S.A. 32-943, and amendments thereto, which 16 shall be deemed to be land devoted to agricultural use, suburban 17 residential acreages, rural home sites or farm home sites and yard plots whose primary function is for residential or recreational purposes even 18 19 though such properties may produce or maintain some of those plants or 20 animals listed in the foregoing definition.

The term "expenses" shall mean those expenses typically incurred in producing the plants, animals and horticultural products described above including management fees, production costs, maintenance and depreciation of fences, irrigation wells, irrigation laterals and real estate taxes, but the term shall not include those expenses incurred in providing temporary or permanent buildings used in the production of such plants, animals and horticultural products.

The provisions of this act shall not be construed to conflict with any other provisions of law relating to the appraisal of tangible property for taxation purposes including the equalization processes of the county and state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals.

32 Sec. 98. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1478 is hereby amended to read as 33 follows: 79-1478. The state shall assume a portion of the costs incurred by 34 any county in complying with the provisions of this act. The portion of the 35 cost to be paid to each such county by the state shall be determined in 36 accordance with a statewide payment schedule adopted by the secretary of 37 revenue. Such schedule shall contain a specified amount according to class 38 or subclass of property as specified in K.S.A. 79-1459, and amendments 39 thereto, to be paid by the state to each county on a per parcel basis. 40 Payments shall be made to counties as authorized under the provisions of this section in accordance with appropriation acts of the legislature. No 41 42 county for which the state court board of tax appeals has issued an order 43 pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1479, and amendments thereto, shall be entitled to

receive any payment from the state under the provisions of this section for
 the period of time such an order is in effect.

3 The state division of property valuation shall make assistance available 4 to any county in the reappraisal of property located in such county upon 5 such county's request. Any county requesting such assistance shall make 6 reimbursement for the costs incurred by the state in providing the same. 7 Counties are hereby authorized to contract with private appraisal firms to 8 conduct the reappraisal of property within the county. Selection of a 9 private firm whose products or services are necessary to conduct a reappraisal must be made from a list of approved firms supplied by the 10 director of property valuation. Contracts executed between counties and 11 12 such firms must meet the specifications of the director of property 13 valuation.

14 Sec. 99. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1478a is hereby amended to read as 15 follows: 79-1478a. The director of property valuation shall order the state 16 treasurer to withhold all or a portion of funds appropriated by the legislature pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1478, and amendments thereto, upon a 17 18 finding by the director that a county is not in compliance with statutes, 19 rules and regulations or directives governing property taxation. The order 20 of the director shall be served on the county as provided in K.S.A. 60-304, 21 and amendments thereto. Any county aggrieved by such order may appeal 22 to the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals as provided in K.S.A. 74-2438, and 23 amendments thereto, which shall conduct a summary proceeding thereon 24 pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act.

Unless the funds withheld under this section are restored by the state court *board* of tax appeals, such funds shall be deposited in a special training fund to be utilized by the director of property valuation to correct the problem resulting in the withholding of the funds and to provide training for county officials.

30 Sec. 100. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1479 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1479. (a) On or before January 15, 1992, and quarterly 31 32 thereafter, the county or district appraiser shall submit to the director of 33 property valuation a progress report indicating actions taken during the 34 preceding quarter calendar year to implement the appraisal of property in 35 the county or district. Whenever the director of property valuation shall 36 determine that any county has failed, neglected or refused to properly 37 provide for the appraisal of property or the updating of the appraisals on an 38 annual basis in substantial compliance with the provisions of law and the 39 guidelines and timetables prescribed by the director, the director shall file 40 with the state eourt board of tax appeals a complaint stating the facts upon 41 which the director has made the determination of noncompliance as provided by K.S.A. 79-1413a, and amendments thereto. If, as a result of 42 43 such proceeding, the state eourt board of tax appeals finds that the county

1 is not in substantial compliance with the provisions of law and the 2 guidelines and timetables of the director of property valuation providing 3 for the appraisal of all property in the county or the updating of the 4 appraisals on an annual basis, it shall order the immediate assumption of 5 the duties of the office of county appraiser by the director of the division 6 of property valuation until such time as the director of property valuation 7 determines that the county is in substantial compliance with the provisions 8 of law. In addition, the eourt board shall order the state treasurer to 9 withhold all or a portion of the county's entitlement to moneys from either 10 or both of the local ad valorem tax reduction fund and the city and county revenue sharing fund for the year following the year in which the order is 11 12 issued. Upon service of any such order on the board of county 13 commissioners, the appraiser shall immediately deliver to the director of property valuation, or the director's designee, all books, records and papers 14 15 pertaining to the appraiser's office.

16 Any county for which the director of the division of property valuation 17 is ordered by the state eourt board of tax appeals to assume the 18 responsibility and duties of the office of county appraiser shall reimburse 19 the state for the actual costs incurred by the director of the division of 20 property valuation in the assumption and carrying out of such 21 responsibility and duties, including any contracting costs in the event it is 22 necessary for the director of property valuation to contract with private 23 appraisal firms to carry out such responsibilities and duties.

24 (b) On or before June 1 of each year, the director of property 25 valuation shall review the appraisal of property in each county or district to determine if property within the county or district is being appraised or 26 27 valued in accordance with the requirements of law. If the director 28 determines the property in any county or district is not being appraised in 29 accordance with the requirements of law, the director of property valuation 30 shall notify the county or district appraiser and the board of county 31 commissioners of any county or counties affected that the county has 30 32 days within which to submit to the director a plan for bringing the 33 appraisal of property within the county into compliance.

34 If a plan is submitted and approved by the director the county or district 35 shall proceed to implement the plan as submitted. The director shall 36 continue to monitor the program to insure that the plan is implemented as 37 submitted. If no plan is submitted or if the director does not approve the 38 plan, the director shall petition the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals for a 39 review of the plan or, if no plan is submitted, for authority for the division 40 of property valuation to assume control of the appraisal program of the 41 county and to proceed to bring the same into compliance with the 42 requirements of law.

43 If the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals approves the plan, the county or

1 district appraiser shall proceed to implement the plan as submitted. If no 2 plan has been submitted or the plan submitted is not approved, the court 3 board shall fix a time within which the county may submit a plan or an 4 amended plan for approval. If no plan is submitted and approved within 5 the time prescribed by the court board, the court board shall order the 6 division of property valuation to assume control of the appraisal program 7 of the county and shall certify its order to the state treasurer who shall 8 withhold distributions of the county's share of moneys from the county and 9 city revenue sharing fund and the local ad valorem tax reduction fund and 10 credit the same to the general fund of the state for the year following the year in which the court's board's order is made. The director of property 11 12 valuation shall certify the amount of the cost incurred by the division in 13 bringing the program in compliance to the state eourt board of tax appeals. 14 The eourt board shall order the county commissioners to reimburse the 15 state for such costs.

16 (c) The state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals shall within 60 days after the 17 publication of the Kansas assessment/sales ratio study review such publication to determine county compliance with K.S.A. 79-1439, and 18 19 amendments thereto. If in the determination of the eourt board one or 20 more counties are not in substantial compliance and the director of 21 property valuation has not acted under subsection (b)-above, the court 22 *board* shall order the director of property valuation to take such corrective 23 action as is necessary or to show cause for noncompliance.

24 Sec. 101. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1481 is hereby amended to read as 25 follows: 79-1481. No hearing officer or panel shall issue an order 26 applicable uniformly to all property in any class in any area or areas of the 27 county, which order changes the assessment of such class of property in 28 such area or areas, without the approval of the state <del>court</del> board of tax 29 appeals. Whenever any hearing officer or panel proposes to issue any such 30 order, it shall make written application to the state eourt board of tax 31 appeals for a hearing on such matter if such change constitutes the final 32 decision of the county. The state court board of tax appeals shall set a time 33 and place for a hearing thereon within five days of receipt of such 34 application. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the 35 provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. The time set for 36 hearing such matter shall in no event be more than 30 days following the 37 date of receipt of such application. The state eourt board of tax appeals 38 shall notify the hearing officer or panel, the county or district appraiser and 39 the director of property valuation, of the time and place set for hearing. 40 The director of property valuation shall be made a party to such hearing.

41 Sec. 102. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1489 is hereby amended to read as 42 follows: 79-1489. The director shall determine the mid-year ratios for each 43 county and notify the board of county commissioners thereof. When the

1 final ratios are determined, the director shall notify the board of county 2 commissioners of each county of the ratios determined for such county. If 3 the board of county commissioners disagrees with the ratios determined 4 for the county, such board, within 15 days after receipt of such notice, may 5 appeal such determination to the state eourt board of tax appeals. Written 6 notice of appeal shall be served on the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals and 7 the director by certified mail. The notice of appeal shall clearly and 8 specifically state the facts upon which the appeal is based. The state court 9 *board* of tax appeals shall conduct a summary proceeding in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act within 30 10 days of receipt of the written notice of appeal and shall issue findings and 11 a final order within 30 days after the conclusion of such summary 12 13 proceeding. If the state eourt board of tax appeals finds that corrections in 14 the ratios are necessary, it shall order the director to make necessary 15 corrections consistent with such findings prior to the publication of the 16 study.

17 Sec. 103. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1611 is hereby amended to read as 18 follows: 79-1611. The board of county commissioners of each county may 19 appoint at least one hearing officer or county hearing panel of not fewer 20 than three individuals to hear and determine appeals from the final 21 determination of classification and appraised valuation of real or personal 22 property by the county appraiser. The board of county commissioners, with 23 the approval of the director of property valuation, may unite with the board 24 of county commissioners of one or more counties to form a district for the 25 purpose of appointing at least one hearing officer or district hearing panel of not fewer than three individuals. In any county wherein a hearing 26 27 officer or county or district hearing panel is not appointed pursuant to this 28 section any appeal from the final determination of the county appraiser 29 shall be filed directly with the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals as provided 30 in K.S.A. 79-1609, and amendments thereto.

31 The board of county commissioners shall fix the salary to be paid the hearing officer or each member of the county hearing panel. In the case of 32 33 a district hearing officer or district hearing panel, the salary to be paid shall 34 be fixed by joint resolution by the boards of county commissioners 35 published in the official county newspaper of each county. The board of 36 county commissioners of each county is hereby authorized to levy a tax 37 upon all taxable tangible property in the county in an amount necessary to 38 pay all costs incurred in complying with this section and K.S.A. 79-1494, 39 and amendments thereto.

40 No person may serve as a hearing officer or on a county or district 41 hearing panel who is not qualified by virtue of experience and training in 42 the field of property appraisal and property tax administration, such 43 qualifications to be determined by the director of property valuation who

1 shall prescribe guidelines governing the duties of the hearing officers or 2 county and district hearing panels. Each hearing officer and member of a 3 county or district hearing panel shall attend and complete a training 4 program conducted by the director of property valuation or the director's 5 designee. Any person who has performed an appraisal of any property the 6 appraised valuation of which is appealed to a hearing officer or the county 7 or district hearing panel shall not hear such appeal and may not participate 8 in any deliberations on such appeal. The board of county commissioners, 9 or individual members thereof, may serve as a hearing officer or as 10 members of the county or district hearing panel provided they meet the 11 foregoing requirements.

12 Whenever the director of property valuation shall conclude that any person appointed as a hearing officer or to a county or district hearing 13 panel has failed or neglected to discharge such person's duties as required 14 by law and that the interest of the public will be promoted by the removal 15 16 of such person, the director of property valuation shall issue an order 17 suspending or terminating such person as a hearing officer or member of 18 the hearing panel in the same manner and subject to the same conditions 19 provided in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 19-431, and amendments thereto.

The provisions of this section shall apply to all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1997.

Sec. 104. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1701 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1701. The county clerk shall, prior to November 1, correct the following clerical errors in the assessment and tax rolls for the current year, which are discovered prior to such date:

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(a) Errors in the description or quantity of real estate listed;

(b) errors which have caused improvements to be assessed upon realestate when no such improvements were in existence;

(c) errors whereby improvements located upon one tract or lot of real
estate have been assessed as being upon another tract or lot;

(d) errors whereby taxes have been charged upon property which the
state court board of tax appeals has specifically declared to be exempt
from taxation under the constitution or laws of the state;

(e) errors whereby the taxpayer has been assessed twice in the sameyear for the same property in one or more taxing districts in the county;

(f) errors whereby the assessment of either real or personal property
has been assigned to a taxing district in which the property did not have its
taxable situs; and

(g) errors whereby the values or taxes are understated or overstated asa result of a mathematical miscomputation on the part of the county.

41 Sec. 105. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1702 is hereby amended to read as 42 follows: 79-1702.If any taxpayer, municipality or taxing district shall have 43 a grievance described under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-1701 or 79-

1 1701a, and amendments thereto, which is not remediable thereunder solely 2 because not reported within the time prescribed therein, or which was 3 remediable thereunder and reported to the proper official or officials 4 within the time prescribed but which has not been remedied by such 5 official or officials, such grievance may be presented to the state court 6 *board* of tax appeals and if it shall be satisfied from competent evidence 7 produced that there is a real grievance, it may direct that the same be 8 remedied either by canceling the tax, if uncollected, together with all 9 penalties charged thereon, or if the tax has been paid, by ordering a refund 10 of the amount found to have been unlawfully charged and collected and interest at the rate prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments thereto, 11 12 minus two percentage points.

13 In all cases where the identical property owned by any taxpayer has been assessed for the current tax year in more than one county in the state, 14 15 the court board is hereby given authority to determine which county is 16 entitled to the assessment of the property and to charge legal taxes thereon, 17 and if the taxes have been paid in a county not entitled thereto, the court 18 *board* is hereby empowered to direct the authorities of the county which has so unlawfully collected the taxes to refund the same to the taxpayer 19 20 with all penalties charged thereon.

21 No tax grievance shall be considered by the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax 22 appeals unless the same is filed within four years from the date the tax 23 would have become a lien on real estate.

24 In all cases where an error results in an understatement of values or 25 taxes as a result of the correction of the clerical errors listed in subsection (a), (c), (f) or (g) of K.S.A. 79-1701, and amendments thereto, the state 26 27 <del>court</del> board of tax appeals, if it shall be satisfied from competent evidence 28 produced that there is an understatement as a result of a clerical error, may 29 order an additional assessment or tax bill, or both, to be issued so that the 30 proper value of the property in question is reflected, except that, in no such 31 case shall the taxpayer be assessed interest or penalties on any tax which 32 may be assessed. No increase shall be ordered to correct such error that 33 extends back more than two years from the date of the most recent tax 34 year. If such error applies to property which has been sold or otherwise 35 transferred subsequent to the time the error was made, no such additional 36 assessment or tax bill shall be issued

Errors committed in the valuation and assessment process that are not specifically described in K.S.A. 79-1701, and amendments thereto, shall be remediable only under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2005, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 106. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1703 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 79-1703. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) or as otherwise
provided by law, no board of county commissioners or other officer of any

county shall have power to release, discharge, remit or commute any 1 2 portion of the taxes assessed or levied against any person or property 3 within their respective jurisdictions for any reason whatever. Any taxes so 4 discharged, released, remitted or commuted may be recovered by civil 5 action from the members of the board of county commissioners or such 6 other officer and the sureties of their official bonds at the suit of the 7 attorney general, the county attorney, or of any citizen of the county or the 8 board of education of any school district a part of the territory of which is 9 in such county, as the case may be, and when collected shall be paid into 10 the county treasury to be properly apportioned and paid to the county, municipalities, school districts and other taxing subdivisions entitled 11 12 thereto.

13 (b) In the event a person, partnership or corporation has failed to pay any portion of the taxes assessed or levied against its property located 14 within any county and such person, partnership or corporation is a debtor 15 16 in an action filed pursuant to the United States bankruptcy code, the 17 county commissioners of any such county may compromise, assign, 18 transfer or otherwise settle such tax claim in such fashion as the 19 commissioners deem to be in the best interest of the state and all taxing 20 subdivisions affected thereby, subject to approval by the state court board 21 of tax appeals; except that, the state and each other taxing subdivision 22 affected by any such settlement shall receive the same proportional share 23 of its respective tax claim. The state court board of tax appeals shall 24 respond to such settlement request within 30 days from the date of 25 receiving such request or such request shall be deemed approved.

Sec. 107. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1704 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1704. Whenever in any city of the first class having a population of more than 20,000 and less than 24,000 inhabitants, the title to any real property, upon which taxes may be due and delinquent, may be vested in such city, then the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals is hereby authorized upon application of such city, and for good reason shown, to compromise, abate or cancel all such taxes or any part thereof.

33 Sec. 108. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1964a is hereby amended to read as 34 follows: 79-1964a. When it is apparent to the governing body of any taxing district except cities, counties, community colleges, and school 35 36 districts at tax levying time that the rate of levy, for any individual fund for 37 which the board desires to make a levy, is so limited by the maximum levy 38 limit for the individual fund or by the aggregate limit, that it is impossible 39 to raise sufficient tax plus receipts from all other sources, to finance the 40 proposed budget of expenditures for such fund for the ensuing budget year, 41 the governing body may make application to the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax 42 appeals for authority to increase such rate of levy. The application shall be 43 signed and sworn to, and shall have a majority approval of any governing 1 body composed of three members or less, and a  ${}^{3}/_{4}$  majority of any 2 governing body composed of more than three members. The application 3 shall reveal the following:

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(1) A copy of the proposed budget for the ensuing budget year;

5 (2) a detailed statement showing why the proposed budget of 6 expenditures cannot be reduced so that the amount to be raised by taxation 7 for such fund will not exceed the individual fund limit of levy, or the 8 limitation placed upon such fund by reason of the aggregate limit; and

9 (3) the proposed rate of levy for each fund of such taxing district, 10 such rates to be computed so that the total, except those specifically 11 exempted, does not exceed the aggregate limit.

12 If the state eourt board of tax appeals finds that evidence submitted in 13 support of the application shows that the rate of levy for any fund is so limited that it will be impossible for the taxing district to pay for the 14 15 imperative governmental functions payable from such fund, the state court 16 board of tax appeals is empowered to authorize such taxing district to 17 increase the rate of levy for such fund for that particular year. The order of 18 the state eourt board of tax appeals shall state definitely the exact increase 19 (in mills) in the rate of levy authorized for such fund. The amount of 20 increases in the rate of levy for any fund of any taxing district shall not 21 exceed 25% of the maximum limit of levy for such fund. The amount of 22 increase in the rate of levy for any fund of any taxing district shall not 23 exceed 25% of the amount of levy for such fund which can be made within 24 the aggregate limit. Such tax levy may be levied outside of the aggregate 25 limit prescribed by this article or any amendments thereto.

26 No order for an increased levy for any fund of any taxing district shall 27 be made without a public hearing before the state eourt board of tax 28 appeals conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas 29 administrative procedure act. In addition to notice to the parties, notice of 30 such hearing shall be published in two issues of a paper of general 31 circulation within the district applying for such authority at least 10 days prior to such hearing. The notice shall be in such form as the state court 32 33 *board* of tax appeals prescribes, and the expense of such publication shall 34 be borne by the taxing district making application. Any taxpayer interested 35 may file a written protest against such application. All records and findings 36 of such hearings shall be subject to public inspection.

Sec. 109. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-1964b is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1964b. Whenever it shall be the opinion of the majority of the members of any body authorized to levy taxes in any taxing district other than a city, county or community college located in any county adjoining a regular army post or military reservation, or of any officer solely charged with that duty therein, that the rates of levy in the particular taxing district under consideration are so limited as to be insufficient for the raising of

the funds necessary to supply the needs of such taxing district for general 1 2 or maintenance expenses for the current tax year, such levying officers or 3 officer shall have authority to fix rates of levy in such district which will 4 raise an amount of money for such taxing district not exceeding by 50% 5 the amount of money which can be raised in such taxing district for the 6 current tax year by using the rates limited by law. No such authority shall 7 be exercised until an application for its exercise shall be made to the state 8 court board of tax appeals, which body, if the evidence submitted in 9 support of the application shall show an emergency need for the additional 10 amount hereby authorized or any part thereof, is hereby empowered to order such increase as may have been shown to be necessary, but no order 11 12 for the making of such increased levy shall be made without a public 13 hearing before the state court board of tax appeals conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. 14 15 In addition to notice to the parties, notice of such hearing shall be 16 published in two issues of a paper of general circulation within the district 17 applying for such authority at least 10 days prior to such hearing. The 18 notice shall be in such form as the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals may 19 prescribe, and the expense of such publication shall be borne by the district 20 making application. At no time shall any increase authorized by the state 21 <del>court</del> board of tax appeals in any such taxing district exceed by more than 22 50% the amount of money that can be raised by taxation in any such 23 district for the current tax year.

24 Sec. 110. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2005 is hereby amended to read as 25 follows: 79-2005. (a) Any taxpayer, before protesting the payment of such taxpayer's taxes, shall be required, either at the time of paying such taxes, 26 27 or, if the whole or part of the taxes are paid prior to December 20, no later 28 than December 20, or, with respect to taxes paid in whole or in part in an 29 amount equal to at least  $\frac{1}{2}$  of such taxes on or before December 20 by an 30 escrow or tax service agent, no later than January 31 of the next year, to 31 file a written statement with the county treasurer, on forms approved by 32 the state eourt board of tax appeals and provided by the county treasurer, 33 clearly stating the grounds on which the whole or any part of such taxes 34 are protested and citing any law, statute or facts on which such taxpayer 35 relies in protesting the whole or any part of such taxes. When the grounds 36 of such protest is an assessment of taxes made pursuant to K.S.A. 79-332a 37 and 79-1427a, and amendments thereto, the county treasurer may not 38 distribute the taxes paid under protest until such time as the appeal is final. 39 When the grounds of such protest is that the valuation or assessment of the 40 property upon which the taxes are levied is illegal or void, the county 41 treasurer shall forward a copy of the written statement of protest to the 42 county appraiser who shall within 15 days of the receipt thereof, schedule 43 an informal meeting with the taxpayer or such taxpayer's agent or attorney

with reference to the property in question. The county appraiser shall 1 review the appraisal of the taxpayer's property with the taxpayer or such 2 3 taxpayer's agent or attorney and may change the valuation of the taxpayer's 4 property, if in the county appraiser's opinion a change in the valuation of the taxpaver's property is required to assure that the taxpayer's property is 5 6 valued according to law, and shall, within 15 business days thereof, notify 7 the taxpayer in the event the valuation of the taxpayer's property is 8 changed, in writing of the results of the meeting. In the event the valuation 9 of the taxpayer's property is changed and such change requires a refund of 10 taxes and interest thereon, the county treasurer shall process the refund in the manner provided by subsection (1). 11

12 (b) No protest appealing the valuation or assessment of property shall be filed pertaining to any year's valuation or assessment when an appeal of 13 such valuation or assessment was commenced pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1448, 14 and amendments thereto, nor shall the second half payment of taxes be 15 protested when the first half payment of taxes has been protested. 16 17 Notwithstanding the foregoing, this provision shall not prevent any 18 subsequent owner from protesting taxes levied for the year in which such 19 property was acquired, nor shall it prevent any taxpayer from protesting 20 taxes when the valuation or assessment of such taxpayer's property has 21 been changed pursuant to an order of the director of property valuation.

(c) A protest shall not be necessary to protect the right to a refund of
 taxes in the event a refund is required because the final resolution of an
 appeal commenced pursuant to K.S.A. 79-1448, and amendments thereto,
 occurs after the final date prescribed for the protest of taxes.

(d) If the grounds of such protest shall be that the valuation or
assessment of the property upon which the taxes so protested are levied is
illegal or void, such statement shall further state the exact amount of
valuation or assessment which the taxpayer admits to be valid and the
exact portion of such taxes which is being protested.

(e) If the grounds of such protest shall be that any tax levy, or any
part thereof, is illegal, such statement shall further state the exact portion
of such tax which is being protested.

(f) Upon the filing of a written statement of protest, the grounds of
which shall be that any tax levied, or any part thereof, is illegal, the county
treasurer shall mail a copy of such written statement of protest to the state *court board* of tax appeals and the governing body of the taxing district
making the levy being protested.

(g) Within 30 days after notification of the results of the informal
meeting with the county appraiser pursuant to subsection (a), the
protesting taxpayer may, if aggrieved by the results of the informal
meeting with the county appraiser, appeal such results to the state court *board* of tax appeals.

(h) After examination of the copy of the written statement of protest

1 2 and a copy of the written notification of the results of the informal meeting with the county appraiser in cases where the grounds of such protest is that 3 4 the valuation or assessment of the property upon which the taxes are levied 5 is illegal or void, the court board shall conduct a hearing in accordance 6 with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, unless 7 waived by the interested parties in writing. If the grounds of such protest is 8 that the valuation or assessment of the property is illegal or void the court 9 board shall notify the county appraiser thereof.

10 In the event of a hearing, the same shall be originally set not later (i) than 90 days after the filing of the copy of the written statement of protest 11 and a copy, when applicable, of the written notification of the results of the 12 informal meeting with the county appraiser with the eourt board. With 13 regard to any matter properly submitted to the eourt board relating to the 14 15 determination of valuation of residential property or real property used for 16 commercial and industrial purposes for taxation purposes, it shall be the 17 duty of the county appraiser to initiate the production of evidence to 18 demonstrate, by a preponderance of the evidence, the validity and 19 correctness of such determination except that no such duty shall accrue to 20 the county or district appraiser with regard to leased commercial and 21 industrial property unless the property owner has furnished to the county 22 or district appraiser a complete income and expense statement for the 23 property for the three years next preceding the year of appeal. No 24 presumption shall exist in favor of the county appraiser with respect to the 25 validity and correctness of such determination. In all instances where the 26 <del>court</del> board sets a request for hearing and requires the representation of the 27 county by its attorney or counselor at such hearing, the county shall be 28 represented by its county attorney or counselor.

29 (i) When a determination is made as to the merits of the tax protest, 30 the court board shall render and serve its order thereon. The county 31 treasurer shall notify all affected taxing districts of the amount by which 32 tax revenues will be reduced as a result of a refund.

33 (k) If a protesting taxpayer fails to file a copy of the written statement 34 of protest and a copy, when applicable, of the written notification of the 35 results of the informal meeting with the county appraiser with the court 36 board within the time limit prescribed, such protest shall become null and 37 void and of no effect whatsoever.

38 (1) (1) In the event the court board orders that a refund be made 39 pursuant to this section or the provisions of K.S.A. 79-1609, and 40 amendments thereto, or a court of competent jurisdiction orders that a 41 refund be made, and no appeal is taken from such order, or in the event a 42 change in valuation which results in a refund pursuant to subsection (a), 43 the county treasurer shall, as soon thereafter as reasonably practicable,

refund to the taxpayer such protested taxes and, with respect to protests or

2 appeals commenced after the effective date of this act, interest computed at 3 the rate prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments thereto, minus 4 two percentage points, per annum from the date of payment of such taxes 5 from tax moneys collected but not distributed. Upon making such refund, 6 the county treasurer shall charge the fund or funds having received such 7 protested taxes, except that, with respect to that portion of any such refund 8 attributable to interest the county treasurer shall charge the county general 9 fund. In the event that the state event board of tax appeals or a court of 10 competent jurisdiction finds that any time delay in making its decision is unreasonable and is attributable to the taxpayer, it may order that no 11 12 interest or only a portion thereof be added to such refund of taxes.

(2) No interest shall be allowed pursuant to paragraph (1) in any casewhere the tax paid under protest was inclusive of delinquent taxes.

(m) Whenever, by reason of the refund of taxes previously received 15 16 or the reduction of taxes levied but not received as a result of decreases in 17 assessed valuation, it will be impossible to pay for imperative functions for 18 the current budget year, the governing body of the taxing district affected 19 may issue no-fund warrants in the amount necessary. Such warrants shall 20 conform to the requirements prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and 21 amendments thereto, except they shall not bear the notation required by 22 such section and may be issued without the approval of the state <del>court</del> 23 *board* of tax appeals. The governing body of such taxing district shall 24 make a tax levy at the time fixed for the certification of tax levies to the 25 county clerk next following the issuance of such warrants sufficient to pay 26 such warrants and the interest thereon. All such tax levies shall be in 27 addition to all other levies authorized by law.

28 (n) Whenever a taxpaver appeals to the <del>court</del> board of tax appeals 29 pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-1609, and amendments thereto, or 30 pays taxes under protest related to one property whereby the assessed 31 valuation of such property exceeds 5% of the total county assessed 32 valuation of all property located within such county and the taxpayer 33 receives a refund of such taxes paid under protest or a refund made 34 pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-1609, and amendments thereto, the 35 county treasurer or the governing body of any taxing subdivision within a 36 county may request the pooled money investment board to make a loan to 37 such county or taxing subdivision as provided in this section. The pooled 38 money investment board is authorized and directed to loan to such county 39 or taxing subdivision sufficient funds to enable the county or taxing 40 subdivision to refund such taxes to the taxpayer. The pooled money investment board is authorized and directed to use any moneys in the 41 42 operating accounts, investment accounts or other investments of the state 43 of Kansas to provide the funds for such loan. Each loan shall bear interest

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at a rate equal to the net earnings rate of the pooled money investment portfolio at the time of the making of such loan. The total aggregate amount of loans under this program shall not exceed \$50,000,000 of unencumbered funds pursuant to article 42 of chapter 75 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. Such loan shall not be deemed to be an indebtedness or debt of the state of Kansas within the

7 meaning of section 6 of article 11 of the constitution of the state of Kansas. 8 Upon certification to the pooled money investment board by the county 9 treasurer or governing body of the amount of each loan authorized 10 pursuant to this subsection, the pooled money investment board shall transfer each such amount certified by the county treasurer or governing 11 12 body from the state bank account or accounts prescribed in this subsection to the county treasurer who shall deposit such amount in the county 13 treasury. Any such loan authorized pursuant to this subsection shall be 14 15 repaid within four years. The county or taxing subdivision shall make not 16 more than four equal annual tax levies at the time fixed for the certification 17 of tax levies to the county clerk following the making of such loan 18 sufficient to pay such loan within the time period required under such loan. 19 All such tax levies shall be in addition to all other levies authorized by law.

(o) The county treasurer shall disburse to the proper funds all portions
of taxes paid under protest and shall maintain a record of all portions of
such taxes which are so protested and shall notify the governing body of
the taxing district levying such taxes thereof and the director of accounts
and reports if any tax protested was levied by the state.

(p) This statute shall not apply to the valuation and assessment of property assessed by the director of property valuation and it shall not be necessary for any owner of state assessed property, who has an appeal pending before the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals, to protest the payment of taxes under this statute solely for the purpose of protecting the right to a refund of taxes paid under protest should that owner be successful in that appeal.

Sec. 111. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2416d is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-2416d. The state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals shall have the authority, upon such application and proper showing as the <del>court</del> *board* may require, to cancel all penalties and accrued interest on real estate taxes where such real estate taxes were incurred prior to January 1, 1910.

Sec. 112. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2925a is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-2925a. On or before August 1, 1974, the board of county commissioners of Shawnee county shall prepare a budget for such county for the period commencing January 1, 1975, and ending December 31, 1975, and thereafter each budget prepared by said board for an ensuing budget year shall be prepared for a period commencing January 1 and ending December 31 of the succeeding calendar year. In order to provide

1 moneys sufficient for the operation of such county during the period 2 between November 1, 1974, and December 31, 1974, said board is hereby 3 authorized to issue no-fund warrants in an amount not to exceed  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the 4 amount of the budget of expenditures adopted for the 1975 budget year. 5 Such warrants shall be issued, registered, redeemed and bear interest in the 6 manner and in the form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments 7 thereto, except that they shall not bear the notation required by said section 8 and may be issued without the approval of the state eourt board of tax 9 appeals. Moneys received from the issuance of such warrants may be 10 expended during the period for which the warrants were issued, even though the same were not budgeted for, and any tax levied to redeem said 11 12 warrants shall be exempt from the limitations imposed under the 13 provisions of K.S.A. 79-5001 to 79-5016, inclusive, and amendments 14 thereto

15 Sec. 113. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2938 is hereby amended to read as 16 follows: 79-2938. Whenever during the current budget year it becomes 17 apparent to the governing body of any taxing district that because of unforeseen circumstances the revenues of the current budget year for any 18 19 fund are insufficient to finance the adopted budget of expenditures for 20 such fund for the current budget year, the governing body may make 21 application to the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals for authority to issue 22 warrants to pay for such budgeted expenditures. The application shall be 23 signed and sworn to, and shall have a majority approval of any governing 24 body composed of three members or less, and a  $\frac{3}{4}$  majority of any 25 governing body composed of more than three members. The application 26 shall reveal the following: (1) The circumstances which caused the 27 shortage in revenues; (2) a copy of the budget adopted for the current 28 budget year; and (3) a detailed statement showing why the budget of 29 expenditures cannot be reduced during the remainder of the current budget 30 year so that additional revenue will not be necessary. If the state court 31 *board* of tax appeals shall find that the evidence submitted in writing in 32 support of the application shows:

(a) That the adopted budget of revenues balanced with the adopted
 budget of expenditures;

(b) that the governing body exercised prudent judgment at the time ofpreparing the budget of revenues; and

(c) that the budget of expenditures cannot be reduced during the remainder of the current budget year so that additional revenue will not be necessary, the state eourt *board* of tax appeals is empowered to authorize the issuance of warrants for the payment of that portion (in dollars) of the unfinanced budget of expenditures which the state eourt *board* of tax appeals deems necessary. The amount of such warrants for any fund of any taxing district shall not exceed 25% of the amount of money that could

1 have been raised by levy for such fund under the individual fund limit for 2 the payment of expenses for the current budget year, nor shall the amount 3 of such warrants for any fund, of any taxing district exceed 25% of the 4 amount of money that could have been raised by levy for such fund under 5 the limitation placed upon such fund by reason of the aggregate limit, and 6 in no case shall the total amount of such warrants for all funds exceed 25% 7 of the amount of money that could have been raised by levy within the 8 aggregate limit prescribed by law for such taxing district for the payment 9 of expenses of the current budget year. The limitations of the foregoing 10 provision shall have no application to funds for payment of general obligation bonds and interest thereon. 11

12 No order for the issuance of such warrants shall be made without a public hearing before the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals conducted in 13 accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. 14 15 In addition to notice to the parties, notice of such hearing shall be 16 published in two issues of a paper of general circulation within the district 17 applying for such authority at least 10 days prior to such hearing. The 18 notice shall be in such form as the state court board of tax appeals 19 prescribes, and the expense of such publication shall be borne by the 20 taxing district making application. Any taxpayer interested may file a 21 written protest against such application. Any member of the governing 22 body of the taxing district making an application hereunder may appear 23 and be heard in person at such hearing in support of the application. All 24 records and findings of such hearings shall be subject to public inspection. 25 Whenever the authority to issue warrants under this section is granted, the 26 governing body of such taxing district shall make a tax levy, at the first 27 tax-levying period after such authority is granted, sufficient to pay such 28 warrants, and such tax levy may be levied outside of the aggregate tax levy 29 limit prescribed by law.

30 Sec. 114. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2939 is hereby amended to read as 31 follows: 79-2939. Whenever there is an unforeseen occurrence which 32 causes an expense in any fund of any municipality or other taxing district 33 which could not have been anticipated at the time the budget for the 34 current budget year was prepared, and by reason of such unforeseen 35 occurrence the governing body of any such municipality or taxing district 36 is of the opinion that it will be impossible to pay for such unforeseen 37 expense and pay for the imperative functions of the fund without incurring 38 indebtedness in excess of the adopted budget of expenditures for the 39 current budget year, the governing body may make application to the state 40 eourt board of tax appeals for authority to issue no-fund warrants to pay 41 for such unforeseen expense. The application shall be signed and sworn to, 42 and shall have a majority approval of any governing body composed of 43 three members or less, and a  $\frac{3}{4}$  majority of any governing body composed

1 of more than three members. The application shall reveal: (1) The nature 2 of the unforeseen occurrence; (2) a copy of the final budget adopted for the 3 current budget year; and (3) a detailed statement showing why the 4 budgeted expenditures for the current budget year cannot be reduced 5 during the remainder of the current budget year so that the total 6 expenditure for the current budget year, including the unforeseen expense, 7 will not exceed the adopted budget. If the state eourt board of tax appeals 8 shall find that the evidence submitted in writing in support of the 9 application shows:

(a) There was an occurrence which could not have been foreseen atthe time the budget for the current budget year was prepared; and

12 (b) that from the time of such unforeseen occurrence to the end of the 13 current budget year it will be impossible to reduce the expenditures of the adopted budget to the extent the total expenditure for the current budget 14 year, including the unforeseen expense, will not exceed the adopted 15 16 budget, the state eourt board of tax appeals is empowered to authorize the 17 issuance of warrants for the payment of that portion (in dollars) of such 18 unforeseen expense which must be in excess of the adopted budget. The amount of such warrants for a public utility fund shall not exceed the 19 20 amount of money on hand in the utility fund not required for budgeted 21 expenses. The amount of such warrants for any fund, excepting public 22 utility funds, of any municipality or other taxing district, other than a 23 township, shall not exceed the amount of money that could have been 24 raised by levy for such fund under the individual fund limit for the 25 payment of expenses of the current budget year, nor shall the amount of 26 such warrants for any fund, of any municipality or other taxing district, 27 other than a township, exceed the amount of money that could have been 28 raised by levy for such fund under the limitation placed upon such fund by 29 reason of the aggregate limit, and in no case shall the total amount of such 30 warrants for all such tax funds, other than warrants issued by a township, 31 exceed the amount of money that would have been raised by levy within 32 the aggregate limit prescribed by law for such municipality or other taxing 33 district for the payment of expenses of the current budget year.

34 No order for the issuance of such warrants shall be made without a 35 public hearing before the state court board of tax appeals conducted in 36 accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. 37 In addition to notice to the parties, notice of such hearing shall be 38 published in two issues of a paper of general circulation within the district 39 applying for such authority at least 10 days prior to such hearing. The 40 notice shall be in such form as the state eourt board of tax appeals 41 prescribes, and the expense of such application shall be borne by the 42 municipality or taxing district making application. Any taxpayer interested 43 may file a written protest against such application. Any member of the

governing body of the municipality or other taxing district making
 application hereunder may appear and be heard in person at such hearing
 in support of the application. All records and findings of such hearings
 shall be subject to public inspection.

5 Whenever the authority to issue warrants under this section is granted, 6 the governing body of such municipality or other taxing district shall make 7 not more than five equal annual tax levies, as determined by the state eourt 8 *board* of tax appeals, except as to any public utility funds, at the next 9 succeeding tax-levying periods after such authority is granted, sufficient to 10 pay such warrants, and such tax levy or levies may be levied outside of the aggregate tax levy limit prescribed by law. If there is money in the fund 11 12 over and above the amount needed for the adopted budget, such money 13 shall be used and the tax levy or levies shall be only for the difference, if 14 any, between the money available and the amount of warrants issued. Any 15 municipality having a surplus in any public utility fund may use such surplus to pay the warrants authorized by the state eourt board of tax 16 17 appeals under this section. When the money must be raised by a tax levy 18 the taxing unit may issue and sell at par no-fund warrants in multiples of 19 \$100 and place the money in the fund and issue regular warrants in the 20 usual manner. Whenever any municipality or taxing district receives 21 insurance money in payment of damage occasioned by the unforeseen 22 occurrence, and authority to issue warrants is authorized by the state court 23 board of tax appeals under this section, such insurance money shall be 24 deposited with the county treasurer immediately and used by the county 25 treasurer in lieu of ad valorem taxes as provided in K.S.A. 79-2940, and 26 amendments thereto. This section shall not require a deposit of insurance 27 money in excess of the total amount of such warrants and interest thereon.

28 K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2940 is hereby amended to read as Sec. 115. follows: 79-2940. A certified copy of orders issued by the state court 29 30 *board* of tax appeals authorizing the issuance of warrants in accordance 31 with the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2938 and 79-2939, and amendments 32 thereto, shall be delivered by the state court board of tax appeals to the 33 county treasurer, county clerk, and clerk of the municipality or other taxing 34 district. Warrants issued thereunder shall be issued in like manner as other warrants, or such warrants in multiples of \$100 not exceeding the amount 35 36 authorized and to be raised by tax levy may be issued and sold at par and 37 the money placed in the fund and paid out on regular warrants, and the 38 warrants or single warrant issued under this section shall bear interest at 39 the rate of not more than the maximum rate of interest prescribed by 40 K.S.A. 10-1009, and amendments thereto, except that such warrants shall 41 be made payable at the office of the county treasurer, shall be designated 42 on their face as "no-fund warrants," and shall also bear the notation "issued 43 pursuant to authority granted by order No. \_\_\_\_\_, dated \_\_

1 of the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals."

2 Such warrants, when presented to the county treasurer, shall be 3 registered in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 10-807 and 10-808, 4 and amendments thereto. No warrants shall be registered in excess of the 5 amount authorized by the state eourt board of tax appeals. The county 6 treasurer shall maintain a separate register for such warrants and all 7 warrants issued under a particular order of the state eourt board of tax 8 appeals shall be registered under the particular order number in the 9 register. When the tax levy to redeem warrants issued under K.S.A. 79-10 2938 and 79-2939, and amendments thereto, is made, the county treasurer shall keep the proceeds of such tax levy in a separate fund and charge the 11 12 warrants against such fund when paid. In the event a surplus exists in any such fund at any tax levying time, the county treasurer shall certify the 13 14 amount of such surplus to the county clerk and the county clerk shall 15 deduct the levy equivalent of such surplus from the general fund tax levy 16 of such district, and the maximum general fund levy and aggregate limit of 17 such taxing district shall be reduced accordingly, and that amount of surplus shall be considered and used as revenue in lieu of ad valorem taxes 18 19 for such taxing district.

20 On January 1 following such action by the county clerk, and in that 21 event only, the county treasurer shall transfer to the general fund of such 22 taxing district the amount of surplus as used by the county clerk in 23 reducing ad valorem taxes, except that the governing body of any city may 24 request, by resolution, that the county treasurer pay to the city treasurer all 25 money collected from the levy for the payment of emergency warrants. 26 Upon presentation of such resolution, the county treasurer shall pay to the 27 city treasurer all moneys collected from the levy for the payment of such 28 warrants and the city treasurer shall deposit the money in the bond and 29 interest fund and redeem the emergency warrants for which such levy was 30 made and shall forthwith exhibit such redeemed warrants to the county 31 treasurer who shall record such redemption in the warrant register. The 32 provisions of this act shall not apply to utilities managed, operated and 33 controlled by a board of public utilities as provided for by chapter 126 of 34 the Laws of Kansas for 1929.

35 Sec. 116. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2941 is hereby amended to read as 36 follows: 79-2941. Whenever it shall be apparent to a majority of the 37 members of any board authorized to levy taxes in any taxing district in any 38 county adjoining a United States army post or military reservation, or to 39 any officer solely charged with that duty therein, that the rates of levy in 40 the particular taxing district under consideration are so limited as to be 41 insufficient for the raising of funds necessary to supply the needs of such 42 taxing district for general maintenance expenses for the current tax year, 43 such officers or officer shall have the authority to issue warrants to meet

1 such general maintenance expenses for the current tax year to the amount 2 of money not exceeding 50% of the amount of money which can be raised 3 in such taxing district by using the rates limited by law. No such authority 4 to issue warrants shall be exercised until an application for such exercise shall be made to the state eourt board of tax appeals, which body, if the 5 6 evidence submitted in support of the application shall show an emergency 7 need for the issue of warrants for the additional amount hereby authorized 8 or any part thereof, is hereby empowered to order the issuance of such 9 warrants as may be shown to be necessary, but no order for the issuance of 10 such warrants shall be made without a public hearing before the state eourt board of tax appeals conducted in accordance with the provisions of the 11 12 Kansas administrative procedure act. In addition to notice to the parties, 13 notice of such hearing shall be published in two issues of a paper of general circulation within the district applying for such authority at least 14 15 10 days prior to such hearing.

The notice shall be in such form as the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals shall prescribe, and the expense of such publication shall be borne by the district making application. At no time shall the issuance of such warrants authorized by the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals in any such taxing district exceed in amount 50% of the amount of money that can be raised by taxation in any such district for the current tax year under the existing rates.

23 Sec. 117. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2951 is hereby amended to read as 24 follows: 79-2951. Whenever there is an unforeseen occurrence which 25 causes an expense in any fund of any city of the second class having a population over 3,000 and located in a county having a population of not 26 27 less than 14,000 nor more than 16,000 with a total assessed tangible 28 valuation under \$30,000,000 which could not have been anticipated at the 29 time the budget for the current budget year was prepared, and by reason of 30 such unforeseen occurrence the governing body of any such city is of the 31 opinion that it will be impossible to pay for such unforeseen expense and pay for the imperative functions of such fund without incurring 32 33 indebtedness in excess of the adopted budget of expenditures for the 34 current budget year, the governing body may make application to the state 35 <del>court</del> board of tax appeals for authority to issue warrants to pay for such 36 unforeseen expense. The application shall be signed and sworn to, and 37 shall have a majority approval of any governing body composed of three members or less, and a 3/4 majority of any governing body composed of 38 39 more than three members. The application shall reveal: (1) The nature of 40 the unforeseen occurrence; (2) a copy of the final budget adopted for the current budget year; and (3) a detailed statement showing why the 41 budgeted expenditures for the current budget year cannot be reduced 42 43 during the remainder of the current budget year so that the total

expenditure for the current budget year, including the unforeseen expense,
 will not exceed the adopted budget. If the court board shall find that the
 evidence submitted in writing in support of the application shows:

4 (a) There was an occurrence which could not have been foreseen at 5 the time the budget for the current budget year was prepared; and

6 (b) that from the time of such unforeseen occurrence to the end of the 7 current budget year it will be impossible to reduce the expenditures of the 8 adopted budget to the extent the total expenditure for the current budget 9 year, including the unforeseen expense, will not exceed the adopted 10 budget, the eourt board is empowered to authorize the issuance of warrants for the payment of that portion (in dollars) of such unforeseen expense 11 12 which must be in excess of the adopted budget. The amount of such 13 warrants for a public utility fund shall not exceed the amount of money on hand in the utility fund not required for budgeted expenses. The amount of 14 such warrants for any fund, excepting public utility funds, of any such city 15 16 shall not exceed 50% of the amount of money that could have been raised 17 by levy for such fund under the individual fund limit for the payment of 18 expenses of the current budget year nor shall the amount of such warrants 19 for any fund, of any such city exceed 50% of the amount of money that 20 could have been raised by levy for such fund under the limitation placed 21 upon such fund by reason of the aggregate limit. In no case shall the total 22 amount of such warrants for all such tax funds exceed 50% of the amount 23 of money that could have been raised by levy within the aggregate limit 24 prescribed by law for such city for the payment of expenses of the current 25 budget year.

26 No order for the issuance of such warrants shall be made without a 27 public hearing before the eourt board conducted in accordance with the 28 provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. In addition to notice 29 to the parties, notice of such hearing shall be published in two issues of a 30 paper of general circulation within the city applying for such authority at 31 least 10 days prior to such hearing. The notice shall be in such form as the 32 court board shall prescribe, and the expense of such application shall be 33 borne by the taxing district making application. Any taxpayer interested 34 may file a written protest against such application. All records and findings 35 of such hearings shall be subject to public inspection. That whenever the 36 authority to issue warrants under this section is granted, the governing 37 body of such city shall make a tax levy, except as to any public utility 38 funds, at the first tax levying period after such authority is granted, 39 sufficient to pay such warrants, and such tax levy may be levied outside of 40 the aggregate tax levy limit prescribed by law. If there is money in the 41 fund over and above the amount needed for the adopted budget such 42 money shall be used and the tax levy shall be only for the difference, if 43 any, between the money available and the amount of warrants issued. Any

1 such city having a surplus in any public utility fund may use such surplus 2 to pay the warrants authorized by the court board under this section. When 3 the money must be raised by a tax levy such city may issue and sell at par 4 no-fund warrants in multiples of \$100 as hereinafter provided and place 5 the money in the fund and issue regular warrants in the usual manner. 6 Whenever any such city receives insurance money in payment of damage 7 occasioned by the unforeseen occurrence, and authority to issue warrants 8 is authorized by the court board under this section, such insurance money 9 shall be deposited with the county treasurer immediately and used by the 10 county treasurer in lieu of ad valorem taxes as provided in K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto. This section shall not require a deposit of 11 12 insurance money in excess of the total amount of such warrants and 13 interest thereon.

14 Sec. 118. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-2977 is hereby amended to read as 15 follows: 79-2977.(a) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law 16 to the contrary, with respect to the following taxes administered by the 17 department of revenue, an amnesty from the assessment or payment of all 18 penalties and interest with respect to unpaid taxes or taxes due and owing 19 shall apply upon compliance with the provisions of this section and if such 20 tax liability is paid in full within the amnesty period, from October 1, 21 2003, to November 30, 2003: (A) Privilege tax under K.S.A. 79-1106 et 22 seq., and amendments thereto; (B) taxes under the Kansas estate tax act, 23 K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-15,100 et seq., and amendments thereto; (C) taxes 24 under the Kansas income tax act, K.S.A. 79-3201 et seq., and amendments 25 thereto; (D) taxes under the Kansas withholding and declaration of estimated tax act, K.S.A. 79-3294 et seq., and amendments thereto; (E) 26 27 taxes under the Kansas cigarette and tobacco products act, K.S.A. 79-3301 28 et seq., and amendments thereto; (F) taxes under the Kansas retailers' sales 29 tax act, K.S.A. 79-3601 et seq., and amendments thereto and the Kansas 30 compensating tax act, K.S.A. 79-3701 et seq., and amendments thereto; 31 (G) local sales and use taxes under K.S.A. 12-187 et seq., and amendments 32 thereto; (H) liquor enforcement tax under K.S.A. 79-4101 et seq., and 33 amendments thereto; (I) liquor drink tax under K.S.A. 79-41a01 et seq., 34 and amendments thereto; and (J) mineral severance tax under K.S.A. 79-35 4216 et seq., and amendments thereto.

36 (2) Except for the Kansas privilege tax and individual and corporate 37 income tax, amnesty shall apply only to tax liabilities due and unpaid for 38 tax periods ending on or before December 31, 2002. For the Kansas 39 privilege tax and individual and corporate income tax, amnesty shall apply 40 only to tax liabilities due and unpaid for tax periods ending on or before 41 December 31, 2001. For the eligible taxes and tax periods, amnesty shall 42 apply to the under-reporting of such tax liabilities, the nonpayment of such 43 taxes and the nonreporting of such tax liabilities.

1 (3) Amnesty shall not apply to any matter or matters for which, on or after February 6, 2003, any one of the following circumstances exist: (A) 2 The taxpayer has received notice of the commencement of an audit; (B) an 3 4 audit is in progress; (C) the taxpaver has received notice of an assessment 5 pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2971 or 79-3643, and amendments thereto; (D) as a 6 result of an audit, the taxpayer has received notice of a proposed or 7 estimated assessment or notice of an assessment; (E) the time to 8 administratively appeal an issued assessment has not yet expired; or (F) an 9 assessment resulting from an audit, or any portion of such assessment, is 10 pending in the administrative appeals process before the secretary or secretary's designee pursuant to K.S.A. 79-3226 or 79-3610, and 11 12 amendments thereto, or the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals, or is pending in the judicial review process before any state or federal district or 13 14 appellate court. Amnesty shall not apply to any matter that is the subject of 15 an assessment, or any portion of an assessment, which has been affirmed 16 by a reviewing state or federal district or appellate court. Amnesty shall 17 not apply to any party to any criminal investigation or to any civil or 18 criminal litigation that is pending in any court of the United States or this 19 state for nonpayment, delinquency or fraud in relation to any tax imposed 20 by the state of Kansas.

(b) Upon written application by the taxpayer, on forms prescribed by
the secretary of revenue, and upon compliance with the provisions of this
section, the department of revenue shall not seek to collect any penalty or
interest which may be applicable with respect to taxes eligible for amnesty.

(c) Amnesty for penalties and interest shall be granted only to those eligible taxpayers who, within the amnesty period of October 1, 2003, to November 30, 2003, and in accordance with rules and regulations established by the secretary of revenue, have properly filed a tax return for each taxable period for which amnesty is requested, paid the entire balance of tax due and obtained approval of such amnesty by the department of revenue.

32 (d) If a taxpayer elects to participate in the amnesty program 33 established pursuant to this section as evidenced by full payment of the tax 34 due as established by the secretary of revenue, that election shall constitute 35 an express and absolute relinquishment of all administrative and judicial 36 rights of appeal with respect to such tax liability. No tax payment received 37 pursuant to this section shall be eligible for refund or credit. No payment 38 of penalties or interest made prior to October 1, 2003, shall be eligible for 39 amnesty.

40 (e) For tax returns for which amnesty has been requested, nothing in
41 this section shall be interpreted to prohibit the department from adjusting
42 such tax return as a result of a federal, department or other state agency
43 audit.

1 (f) Fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact in 2 connection with an application for amnesty shall void such application and 3 any waiver of penalties and interest from amnesty.

4 5 (g) Discovery of fraud relating to the underlying tax liability shall void the abatement of any liability as a result of any amnesty.

6 (h) The department may promulgate such rules and regulations or 7 issue administrative guidelines as are necessary to administer the 8 provisions of this section.

9 (i) The provisions of this section shall be effective on and after July 1, 10 2003.

Sec. 119. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3107c is hereby amended to read as 11 follows: 79-3107c. (a) Any person, before protesting the payment of 12 mortgage registration fees, shall be required, within 30 days after the time 13 of paying such fees, to file a written protest statement with the register of 14 deeds, on forms approved by the director of property valuation and 15 16 provided by the register of deeds, clearly stating the grounds on which the 17 whole or any part of such fees are protested and citing any law, statute or facts upon which such person relies in protesting the whole or any part of 18 19 such fees. The register of deeds shall forward a copy of the written 20 statement of protest to the county treasurer and to the state eourt board of 21 tax appeals within 15 days of the receipt thereof.

(b) Upon receipt of the protest statement, the eourt *board* shall docket
the same and notify the protestant and the county register of deeds of such
fact.

(c) After examination of the protest statement, the eourt board shall
fix a time and place for hearing, unless waived by the interested parties in
writing, and shall notify the protestant and the county register of deeds of
the time and place so fixed.

(d) In the event of a hearing, the same shall be originally set not later
than 90 days after the filing of the protest statement with the court board
and shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas
administrative procedure act.

(e) When a determination is made as to the merits of a protest statement, the *eourt board* shall enter its order thereon and give notice of the same to the protestant, county treasurer, county register of deeds and other interested parties as determined by the *eourt board* by mailing to each a certified copy of its order. The date of an order, for purposes of filing an appeal to the district court, shall be the date of certification.

(f) In the event the court board orders that a refund be made and no
appeal is taken from such order, the county treasurer shall, as soon
thereafter as reasonably practicable, refund to the protestant such protested
mortgage registration fees. Upon making such refund, the county treasurer
shall charge the fund or funds having received such protested fees.

Sec. 120. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3221 is hereby amended to read as 1 2 follows: 79-3221. (a) All returns required by this act shall be made as 3 nearly as practical in the same form as the corresponding form of income 4 tax return by the United States. Unless another identifying number has 5 been assigned to an individual by the internal revenue service for purposes 6 of filing such individual's federal income tax return, the social security 7 number issued to an individual, the individual's spouse, and all dependents 8 of such individual for purposes of section 205 (c)(2)(A) of the social 9 security act shall be used as the identifying number and included on the 10 return when filing such return.

(b) All returns shall be filed in the office of the director of taxation on or before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the fourth month following the close of the taxable year, except as provided in subsection (c) hereof. Tentative returns may be filed before the close of the taxable year and the estimated tax computed on such return, paid, but no interest will be paid on any overpayment of tax liability, computed on such tentative return.

(c) The director of taxation may grant a reasonable extension of time
for filing returns in accordance with rules and regulations of the secretary
of revenue. Whenever any such extension of time to file is requested by a
taxpayer and granted by the director with respect to any tax year
commencing after December 31, 1992, no penalty authorized by K.S.A.
79-3228, and amendments thereto, shall be imposed if 90% of the liability
is paid on or before the original due date.

24 (d) In the case of an individual serving in the armed forces of the 25 United States, or serving in support of such armed forces, in an area designated by the president of the United States by executive order as a 26 27 "combat zone" as defined under 26 U.S.C. § 112 at any time during the 28 period designated by the president by executive order as the period of 29 combatant activities in such zone for the purposes of such section, or 30 hospitalized as a result of injury received or sickness incurred while 31 serving in such an area during such time, the period of service in such 32 area, plus the period of continuous qualified hospitalization attributable to 33 such injury or sickness, and the next 180 days thereafter, shall be 34 disregarded in determining, under article 32 of chapter 79 of the Kansas 35 Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, in respect to any tax liability, 36 including any interest, penalty, additional amount, or addition to the tax, of 37 such individual:

38 (1) Whether any of the following acts was performed within the time 39 prescribed therefor: (A) Filing any return of income tax; (B) payment of 40 any income tax or installment thereof; (C) filing a notice of appeal with the 41 director of taxation or the state <u>eourt</u> *board* of tax appeals for 42 redetermination of a deficiency or for a review of a decision rendered by 43 either the director or the state <u>eourt</u> *board* of tax appeals; (D) allowance of

a credit or refund of any income tax; (E) filing a claim for credit or refund 1 2 of any income tax; (F) bringing suit upon any such claim for credit or 3 refund; (G) assessment of any income tax; (H) giving or making any 4 notice or demand for the payment of any income tax, or with respect to any liability to the state of Kansas in respect of any income tax: (I) 5 6 collection, by the director of taxation or the director's agent, by warrant, 7 levy or otherwise, of the amount of any liability in respect to any income 8 tax; (J) bringing suit by the state of Kansas, or any officer on its behalf, in 9 respect to any liability in respect of any income tax; and (K) any other act required or permitted under the Kansas income tax act specified in rules 10 and regulations adopted by the secretary of revenue under this section; 11

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(2) the amount of any credit or refund.

(e) (1) Subsection (d) shall not apply for purposes of determining theamount of interest on any overpayment of tax.

15 (2) If an individual is entitled to the benefits of subsection (d) with 16 respect to any return and such return is timely filed, determined after the 17 application of subsection (d), subsections (e)(5) and (e)(7) of K.S.A. 79-18 32,105, and amendments thereto, shall not apply.

(f) The provisions of subsections (d) through (j) shall apply to the spouse of any individual entitled to the benefits of subsection (d). Except in the case of the combat zone designated for purposes of the Vietnam conflict, this subsection shall not cause subsections (d) through (j) to apply for any spouse for any taxable year beginning more than two years after the date designated under 26 U.S.C. § 112, and amendments thereto, as the date of termination of combatant activities in a combat zone.

(g) The period of service in the area referred to in subsection (d) shall
include the period during which an individual entitled to benefits under
subsection (d) is in a missing status, within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. §
6013(f)(3).

30 (h) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d), any action 31 or proceeding authorized by K.S.A. 79-3229, and amendments thereto, as 32 well as any other action or proceeding authorized by law in connection 33 therewith, may be taken, begun or prosecuted. In any other case in which 34 the secretary determines that collection of the amount of any assessment 35 would be jeopardized by delay, the provisions of subsection (d) shall not 36 operate to stay collection of such amount by levy or otherwise as 37 authorized by law. There shall be excluded from any amount assessed or 38 collected pursuant to this subsection the amount of interest, penalty, 39 additional amount, and addition to the tax, if any, in respect of the period 40 disregarded under subsection (d). In any case to which this subsections 41 relates, if the secretary is required to give any notice to or make any 42 demand upon any person, such requirement shall be deemed to be satisfied 43 if the notice or demand is prepared and signed, in any case in which the

1 address of such person last known to the secretary is in an area for which

United States post offices under instructions of the postmaster general are
not, by reason of the combatant activities, accepting mail for delivery at
the time the notice or demand is signed. In such case the notice or demand
shall be deemed to have been given or made upon the date it is signed.

6 (2) The assessment or collection of any tax under the provisions of 7 article 32 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments 8 thereto, or any action or proceeding by or on behalf of the state in 9 connection therewith, may be made, taken, begun or prosecuted in accordance with law, without regard to the provisions of subsection (d), 10 unless prior to such assessment, collection, action or proceeding it is 11 12 ascertained that the person concerned is entitled to the benefits of 13 subsection (d).

(i) (1) Any individual who performed Desert Shield services, and the
spouse of such individual, shall be entitled to the benefits of subsections
(d) through (j) in the same manner as if such services were services
referred to in subsection (d).

(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term "Desert Shield services"
 means any services in the armed forces of the United States or in support
 of such armed forces if:

(A) Such services are performed in the area designated by thepresident as the "Persian Gulf Desert Shield area"; and

23 (B) such services are performed during the period beginning on 24 August 2, 1990, and ending on the date on which any portion of the area 25 referred to in subsection (i)(2)(A) is designated by the president as a 26 combat zone pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 112.

(j) For purposes of subsection (d), the term "qualified hospitalization"means:

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(1) Any hospitalization outside the United States; and

(2) any hospitalization inside the United States, except that not more
than five years of hospitalization may be taken into account under this
subsection. This subsection shall not apply for purposes of applying
subsections (d) through (j) with respect to the spouse of an individual
entitled to the benefits of subsection (d).

35 Sec. 121. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3226 is hereby amended to read as 36 follows: 79-3226. (a) As soon as practicable after the return is filed, the 37 director of taxation shall examine it and shall determine the correct amount 38 of the tax. If the tax found due shall be greater than the amount theretofore 39 paid, or if a claim for a refund is denied, notice shall be mailed to the 40 taxpayer. Within 60 days after the mailing of such notice the taxpayer may request an informal conference with the secretary of revenue or the 41 42 secretary's designee relating to the tax liability or denial of refund by filing 43 a written request with the secretary of revenue or the secretary's designee

which sets forth the objections to the proposed liability or proposed denial 1 of refund. The purpose of such conference shall be to review and 2 3 reconsider all facts and issues that underlie the proposed liability or 4 proposed denial of refund. The secretary of revenue or the secretary's 5 designee shall hold an informal conference with the taxpayer and shall 6 issue a written final determination thereon. The informal conference shall 7 not constitute an adjudicative proceeding under the Kansas administrative 8 procedure act. Informal conferences held pursuant to this section may be 9 conducted by the secretary of revenue or the secretary's designee. The 10 rules of evidence shall not apply to an informal conference and no record shall be made, except at the request and expense of the secretary of 11 12 revenue or the secretary's designee or taxpayer. The taxpayer may bring to 13 the informal conference an attorney, certified public accountant and any other person to represent the taxpayer or to provide information. Because 14 the purpose of the department staff is to aid the secretary or secretary's 15 16 designee in the proper discharge of the secretary's or secretary's designee's 17 duties, the secretary or secretary's designee may confer at any time with 18 any staff member with respect to the case under reconsideration. The secretary of revenue or the secretary's designee shall issue a written final 19 20 determination within 270 days of the date of the request for informal 21 conference unless the parties agree in writing to extend the time for issuing 22 such final determination. A final determination issued within or after 270 23 days, with or without extension, constitutes final agency action subject to 24 administrative review by the state eourt board of tax appeals. In the event 25 that a written final determination is not rendered within 270 days, the 26 taxpayer may appeal to the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals at any time 27 provided that a written extension of time is not in effect.

28 (b) A final determination finding additional tax shall be accompanied 29 by a notice and demand for payment. Notice under this section shall be 30 sent by first-class mail in the case of individual taxpayers and by 31 registered or certified mail in the case of all other taxpavers. The tax shall 32 be paid within 20 days thereafter, together with interest at the rate per 33 month prescribed by subsection (a) of K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments 34 thereto, on the additional tax from the date the tax was due unless an 35 appeal is taken in the manner provided by K.S.A. 74-2438, and 36 amendments thereto, but no additional tax shall be assessed for less than 37 \$5 unless the secretary or the secretary's designee determines the 38 administration and collection cost involved in collecting an amount over 39 \$5 but less than \$100 would not warrant collection of the amount due. 40 Interest at such rate shall continue to accrue on any additional tax liability 41 during the course of any appeal.

42 Sec. 122. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3233g is hereby amended to read as 43 follows: 79-3233g. In all cases where the income tax liability exceeds the 1 sum of \$100 including penalties and interest, the secretary shall petition 2 the state <del>court</del> *board* of tax appeals to abate such income tax liability 3 setting forth the name of the debtor, the year for which the tax is due, and 4 the grounds for abatement as set forth in K.S.A. 79-3233i, and 5 amendments thereto.

6 The state court board of tax appeals may, within 60 days after the 7 petition is filed by the secretary, approve or disapprove the requested 8 abatement. The secretary shall prepare an order abating any tax 9 indebtedness that has been approved by the court board or that has been 10 submitted to and not specifically disapproved by the eourt board within 60 days of the filing of the petition. Notwithstanding any other contrary 11 provision of law, a list of all tax indebtedness abated under the authority of 12 13 this section shall be filed with the secretary of state and thereafter preserved as a public record. 14

15 Sec. 123. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-32,193 is hereby amended to read as 16 follows: 79-32,193. (a) The secretary of revenue is hereby authorized and 17 directed to promptly negotiate, approve and recommend judicial approval 18 of a settlement agreement to resolve all tax refund claims pending in the 19 Barker class action for the amounts set forth in subsection (d). As used in 20 this section, "Barker class action" means the consolidated class action 21 styled Keyton E. Barker, et al. v. State of Kansas, et al., Nos. 89-CV-666 22 and 89-CV-1100, filed in the district court of Shawnee county, Kansas. The 23 settlement agreement shall include:

(1) Any stipulations, terms and conditions which may be necessary to
 effectuate the prompt and final disposition of the Barker class action;

26 (2) stipulations that the plaintiffs in the Barker class action shall 27 dismiss, with prejudice, their pending motion for an award of attorney's 28 fees under 42 U.S.C. § 1988, and that class counsel in the Barker class 29 action may submit one or more applications with the district court of 30 Shawnee county, Kansas, for an award of reasonable litigation costs and 31 expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees; and

(3) provisions for joint administration under the supervision of the secretary of revenue and class counsel or their respective designees in accordance with methodologies for the calculation and payment of refund claims to eligible persons. The settlement agreement shall be submitted to the district court of Shawnee county, Kansas, no later than June 15, 1994, and such court shall have all necessary jurisdiction to fully implement the provisions of this act.

(b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (c), any person who paid
Kansas individual income tax on or on account of federal military
retirement benefits for any or all of the tax years from 1984 through 1991
shall be entitled to receive refund payments in an aggregate amount equal
to that portion of the tax actually paid pursuant to the Kansas income tax

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act which is attributable to federal military retirement benefits, plus interest on the amount of overpayment at the rate of 5% per annum from the date of overpayment through December 31, 1991, in accordance with the terms of the settlement agreement referenced in subsection (a) and the provisions of this act. Refund payments of such aggregate amount shall be made in three equal annual installments. As used in this section, "federal military retirement benefits" shall include all benefits calculated and paid by the United States in accordance with applicable provisions of title 10 and 14 of the United States code as retired pay, retainer pay or survivor's benefits. Where any person otherwise entitled to receive a refund payment

under this section is deceased, such refund shall be paid upon a claim duly made on behalf of the estate of the deceased or in the absence of any such claim upon a claim by or on behalf of a surviving spouse and if none upon the claim of any heir at law.

(c) There is hereby created a military retirees income tax refund fund 15 in the state treasury which shall be administered by the secretary of 16 17 revenue in accordance with this section and appropriation acts. No 18 expenditures from the military retirees income tax refund fund shall be 19 made until and unless the settlement agreement referenced in subsection 20 (a) is approved by the district court of Shawnee county, Kansas, after 21 eligible persons have been afforded reasonable notice and an opportunity 22 to be heard.

23 (1) In the event of judicial approval, administration of the military 24 retirees income tax refund fund shall be subject to the jurisdiction and 25 supervisory control of the district court of Shawnee county, Kansas, until 26 such time as all refund payments have been made to eligible persons in 27 accordance with the terms of the settlement agreement. The payment of 28 refunds as provided in the settlement agreement shall represent a final and 29 complete settlement of all claims, including any appeal or administrative 30 process perfected pursuant to law for the purpose of obtaining a refund of 31 income tax imposed upon federal military retirement benefits, of all 32 federal military retired personnel for taxable years 1984 through 1991 33 against the state of Kansas, its departments, agencies, officials, employees 34 and agents regarding the taxation of federal military retirement benefits for 35 the taxable years 1984 through 1991. No claim for refund submitted by a 36 federal military retired individual or, if such individual is deceased, on 37 behalf of the estate of the deceased or, in the absence of any such claim, 38 upon a claim by or on behalf of a surviving spouse and, if none, upon the 39 claim of any heir-at-law, after 18 months from the date of judicial approval 40 of the settlement agreement shall be allowed if due diligence has been 41 exercised in attempting to locate any such individual. For so long as the judicial process is active in regard to the settlement agreement described 42 43 herein, all administrative appeals or related activity by the director of taxation or the state eourt board of tax appeals concerning claims for
 refunds of income tax imposed upon federal military retirement benefits
 for taxable years 1984 through 1991 shall be held in abeyance. Upon final
 judicial approval of the settlement agreement, all such administrative
 appeals shall be deemed dismissed with prejudice to all parties.

6 (2) In the event that the settlement agreement does not receive 7 judicial approval, no expenditures or refund payments shall be made 8 pursuant to this section, and all pending administrative appeals or related 9 activities shall proceed in accordance with applicable law.

(d) (1) The aggregate amount, including interest thereon as provided
by subsection (b), equal to that portion of Kansas individual income tax
actually paid by all individuals for any or all of the taxable years 1984
through 1991, pursuant to the Kansas income tax act which is attributable
to federal military retirement benefits, as calculated and determined
pursuant to subsection (b), shall be certified on or before December 15,
1994, by the secretary of revenue to the director of accounts and reports.

(2) On December 20, 1994, the director of accounts and reports shall 17 transfer the amount equal to 1/3 of the amount certified pursuant to 18 19 paragraph (1) from the state budget stabilization fund to the military 20 retirees income tax refund fund. On April 29, 1995, the director of 21 accounts and reports shall transfer the amount equal to  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the amount 22 certified pursuant to paragraph (1) from the state general fund to the 23 military retirees income tax refund fund. On June 30, 1995, the director of 24 accounts and reports shall transfer the amount equal to  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the amount 25 certified pursuant to paragraph (1) from the state general fund to the 26 military retirees income tax refund fund.

(3) Expenditures from the military retirees income tax refund fund
shall be made upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports
pursuant to vouchers approved by the secretary of revenue or by the
secretary's designee in accordance with the settlement agreement
referenced in subsection (a) as approved by the district court of Shawnee
county, Kansas.

(e) If any clause, paragraph or subsection of this act shall be held
 invalid or unconstitutional, it shall be conclusively presumed that the
 legislature would have enacted the remainder of this act without such
 invalid or unconstitutional clause, paragraph or subsection.

Sec. 124. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3694 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3694. (a) (1) An application for a refund claim that is incomplete, not supported by the required documentation or otherwise fails to meet the requirements specified in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3693, and amendments thereto, whether submitted to the department or to a retailer, shall not be considered a valid refund claim for the purpose of any of the following: 1 (A) Tolling the statute of limitations provisions of K.S.A. 79-3609, 2 and amendments thereto, except that for any refund application returned to 3 the applicant for failing to meet the requirements of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3693, and amendments thereto, the applicant shall have 60 days from the date of the department's written notice to file with the department a complete refund application meeting the requirements of K.S.A. 2013 7 Supp. 79-3693, and amendments thereto; or

8 (B) commencing the running of the 120-day provision of subsection 9 (d) of K.S.A. 79-3609, and amendments thereto, for payment of refunds 10 without interest.

11 (2) If an application for a refund claim is incomplete, not supported 12 by the required documentation or otherwise fails to meet the requirements specified in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3693, and amendments thereto, the 13 14 substance or merits of the incomplete refund application shall not be reviewed by the department, and the incomplete application shall be 15 16 returned to the applicant. At the time, the applicant shall be notified in 17 actions. corrections. information writing of the or additional 18 documentation that are needed to complete the application, and that the 19 applicant shall have 60 days from the date of the department's written 20 notice to file a complete refund application satisfying the requirements of 21 K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3693, and amendments thereto. The applicant also 22 shall be provided with a written description of the method by which an 23 informal conference may be requested pursuant to K.S.A. 79-3226, and 24 amendments thereto, to request a review of the determination that the 25 refund application is incomplete. Each review of the department's 26 determination that the taxpaver submitted a refund application that was 27 incomplete, not supported by the required documentation, or otherwise 28 failed to meet the requirements specified in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3693, 29 and amendments thereto, shall be limited to determining whether the 30 application, as originally submitted, complied with the refund 31 requirements of K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3693, and amendments thereto, by 32 providing sufficient information and documentation to allow the refund 33 application to be verified and processed. If, upon review at the informal 34 conference, it is determined that the refund application failed to meet the 35 requirements specified in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3693, and amendments 36 thereto, when submitted so that the refund application could not be 37 verified and processed, the applicant shall be required to file a new refund 38 application for the refund being sought.

(b) Each application for refund that meets the requirements specified
in K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-3693, and amendments thereto, so that it can be
verified and processed shall be reviewed by the department as a refund
claim and its validity determined. Each applicant shall be notified in
writing of the department's determination and, if the refund claim is denied

in whole or in part, shall be provided with a written description of the 1 2 method by which an informal conference pursuant to K.S.A. 79-3226, and 3 amendments thereto, may be requested. Each denial of a refund claim by 4 the department shall be final, unless the applicant timely requests an 5 informal conference pursuant to K.S.A. 79-3226, and amendments thereto. 6 Once an informal conference is requested, an informal conference shall be 7 held by the secretary or designee, and a written final determination shall be 8 issued by the secretary or designee, in accordance with K.S.A. 79-3226, 9 and amendments thereto. The written final determination shall constitute a 10 final agency action subject to administrative review by the state courtboard of tax appeals, as provided in K.S.A. 74-2438, and amendments 11 12 thereto.

(c) The provisions of this section shall be part of and supplemental tothe Kansas retailers' sales tax act.

Sec. 125. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 79-5205 is hereby amended to read as 15 follows: 79-5205. (a) At such time as the director of taxation shall 16 17 determine that a dealer has not paid the tax as provided by K.S.A. 79-18 5204, and amendments thereto, the director may immediately assess a tax 19 based on personal knowledge or information available to the director of 20 taxation; mail to the taxpayer at the taxpayer's last known address or serve 21 in person, a written notice of the amount of tax, penalties and interest; and 22 demand its immediate payment. If payment is not immediately made, 23 because collection of every assessment made hereunder is presumed to be 24 in jeopardy due to the nature of the commodity being taxed, the director 25 may immediately collect the tax, penalties and interest in any manner provided by K.S.A. 79-5212, and amendments thereto. 26

(b) The tax, penalties and interest assessed by the director of taxation are presumed to be valid and correctly determined and assessed. The burden is upon the taxpayer to show their incorrectness or invalidity. Any statement filed by the director of taxation with the court or any other certificate by the director of taxation of the amount of tax, penalties and interest determined or assessed is admissible in evidence and is prima facie evidence of the facts it contains.

(c) In making an assessment pursuant to subsection (a), the director
of taxation may consider but shall not be bound by a plea agreement or
judicial determination made in any criminal case.

(d) Within 15 days after the mailing or personal service of such notice of assessment pursuant to subsection (a), the taxpayer may request an informal conference with the secretary of revenue or the secretary's designee relating to the tax, penalties and interest assessed by filing a written request with the secretary or the secretary's designee. Such written request shall set forth the taxpayer's objections to the assessment. The purpose of such conference shall be to review and reconsider all facts and

issues that underlie the assessment. The informal conference shall not 1 2 constitute an adjudicative proceeding under the Kansas administrative 3 procedure act and the rules of evidence shall not apply. No record of the 4 informal conference shall be made except at the request and expense of the taxpaver. The taxpaver may be represented at the informal conference by 5 6 an attorney licensed in the state of Kansas. The taxpayer may also present 7 written or verbal information from other persons. The secretary or the 8 secretary's designee may confer at any time with any employee of the 9 department of revenue who has factual information relating to the 10 assessment under reconsideration. The secretary or the secretary's designee shall issue a written final determination within 270 days of the date of the 11 12 request for informal conference unless the parties agree in writing to 13 extend the time for issuing such final determination. A final determination 14 issued within or after 270 days, with or without extension, constitutes final 15 agency action subject to administrative review by the state eourt board of 16 tax appeals pursuant to K.S.A. 74-2438, and amendments thereto. In the 17 event that a written final determination is not rendered within 270 days or 18 within an agreed extension, the taxpayer may appeal the assessment to the 19 state eourt board of tax appeals within 30 days after the expiration date of 20 the 270 days or agreed extension. A taxpayer's request for an informal 21 conference shall not stay the collection of the assessment but shall stay the 22 sale of real or personal property, or the disposal of firearms, seized 23 pursuant to K.S.A. 79-5212, and amendments thereto, until the final 24 determination is made by the secretary or the secretary's designee. A 25 taxpayer's appeal to the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals shall not stay the 26 collection of the assessment but shall stay the sale of real or personal 27 property seized pursuant to K.S.A. 79-5212, and amendments thereto, until 28 a decision is rendered by the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals.

29 Sec. 126. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 80-119 is hereby amended to read as 30 follows: 80-119. Whenever no-fund warrants are issued under the 31 authority of this act the township board shall make a tax levy or levies 32 sufficient to pay such warrants and the interest thereon. Such warrants may 33 mature serially at such yearly dates as to be payable by not more than five 34 tax levies. Such warrants shall be issued, registered, redeemed and bear 35 interest in the manner and be in the form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, 36 and amendments thereto, except they shall not bear the notation required 37 by such section and may be issued without the approval of the state eourt 38 board of tax appeals.

Sec. 127. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 80-808 is hereby amended to read as follows: 80-808. The township board of any township which maintains and operates a township library which is known as a Carnegie library is hereby authorized and empowered to issue no-fund warrants in an amount not exceeding \$4,000 for the purpose of providing funds for the repair and

reconstruction of the Carnegie library building of such township. 1 2 Whenever any township board shall issue warrants under the provisions of 3 this section, such board shall make a tax levy at the first tax levying period 4 after such warrants are issued sufficient to pay the same and the interest 5 thereon. If the township board deems it advisable not to make all of such 6 levy in any one year, then such township board may make an annual tax 7 levy at not more than the next three tax levying periods occurring after the 8 issuance of such warrants, the total of which levies shall be sufficient to 9 pay such warrants and the interest thereon. The warrants shall be issued, 10 registered, redeemed and bear interest in the manner and be in the form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except that such 11 12 warrants shall not bear the notation required by K.S.A. 79-2940, and 13 amendments thereto, and may be issued without the approval of the state 14 <del>court</del> board of tax appeals, and any surplus existing after the issuance of 15 such warrants shall be handled in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 79-16 2940, and amendments thereto. Such township board is hereby authorized 17 and empowered to expend all moneys raised by no-fund warrants issued 18 under the provisions of this section although such expenditures were not 19 included in the budget for the year in which such warrants were issued.

20 Sec. 128. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 80-1920 is hereby amended to read as 21 follows: 80-1920. Subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 19-270, and 22 amendments thereto, and upon the presentation of such petition, the 23 township board of any such township shall create a township fire 24 department. Such township board is hereby authorized and empowered to 25 purchase fire-fighting equipment for the use of the fire department and to 26 provide buildings for the housing and storage of the same. For the purpose 27 of raising funds to pay the cost of such equipment and housing facilities, 28 the township board is hereby empowered to issue no-fund warrants in an 29 amount not exceeding \$12,000. After the issuance of such no-fund 30 warrants, the township board shall make a tax levy at the first tax-levying 31 period after such warrants are issued, sufficient to pay such warrants and 32 the interest thereon. In lieu of making only one tax levy, such board, if it 33 deems it advisable, may make a tax levy each year for not to exceed five 34 years in approximately equal installments for the purpose of paying the 35 warrants and the interest thereon.

36 Such warrants shall be issued, registered, redeemed and bear interest in 37 the manner and be in the form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and 38 amendments thereto, except they shall not bear the notation required 39 therein and may be issued without the approval of the state eourt board of 40 tax appeals. Any surplus existing after the redemption of the warrants shall 41 be handled in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments 42 thereto. None of the provisions of the cash-basis and budget laws of this 43 state shall apply to any expenditures made, the payment of which has been

1 provided for by the issuance of such no-fund warrants.

2 Sec. 129. K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 82a-1030 is hereby amended to read as 3 follows: 82a-1030. (a) In order to finance the operations of the district, the 4 board may assess an annual water user charge against every person who 5 withdraws groundwater from within the boundaries of the district. The 6 board shall base such charge upon the amount of groundwater allocated for 7 such person's use pursuant to such person's water right. Such charge shall 8 not exceed \$1 for each acre-foot (325,851 gallons) of groundwater 9 withdrawn within the district or allocated by the water right, except that a 10 groundwater management district may assess a greater annual water user charge not exceeding \$1.50 for each acre-foot of groundwater withdrawn 11 12 within the district if more than 50% of the authorized place of use for such groundwater is outside the district. Whenever a person shows by the 13 14 submission to the board of a verified claim and any supportive data which 15 may be required by the board that such person's actual annual groundwater 16 withdrawal is in a lesser amount than that allocated by the water right of 17 such person, the board shall assess such annual charge against such person 18 on the amount of water shown to be withdrawn by the verified claim. Any 19 such claim shall be submitted by April 1 of the year in which such annual 20 charge is to be assessed. The board may also make an annual assessment 21 against each landowner of not to exceed \$.05 for each acre of land owned 22 within the boundaries of the district. Special assessments may also be 23 levied, as provided hereafter, against land specially benefited by a capital 24 improvement without regard to the limits prescribed above.

25 (b) Before any assessment is made, or user charge imposed, the board 26 shall submit the proposed budget for the ensuing year to the eligible voters 27 of the district at a hearing called for that purpose by one publication in a 28 newspaper or newspapers of general circulation within the district at least 29 28 days prior to the meeting. Following the hearing, the board shall, by resolution, adopt either the proposed budget or a modified budget and 30 31 determine the amount of land assessment or user charge, or both, needed to 32 support such budget.

33 (c) Both the user charges assessed for groundwater withdrawn and the 34 assessments against lands within the district shall be certified to the proper 35 county clerks and collected the same as other taxes in accordance with 36 K.S.A. 79-1801, and amendments thereto, and the amount thereof shall 37 attach to the real property involved as a lien in accordance with K.S.A. 79-38 1804, and amendments thereto. All moneys so collected shall be remitted 39 by the county treasurer to the treasurer of the groundwater management 40 district who shall deposit them to the credit of the general fund of the 41 district. The accounts of each groundwater management district shall be 42 audited annually by a public accountant or certified public accountant.

43 (d) Subsequent to the certification of approval of the organization of a

1 district by the secretary of state and the election of a board of directors for 2 such district, such board shall be authorized to issue no-fund warrants in 3 amounts sufficient to meet the operating expenses of the district until 4 money therefor becomes available pursuant to user charges or assessments under subsection (a). In no case shall the amount of any such issuance be 5 6 in excess of 20% of the total amount of money receivable from 7 assessments which could be levied in any one year as provided in 8 subsection (a). No such warrants shall be issued until a resolution 9 authorizing the same shall have been adopted by the board and published 10 once in a newspaper having a general circulation in each county within the boundaries of the district. Whereupon such warrants may be issued unless 11 12 a petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 10% of the eligible voters of such district and in no case by less than 20 of the eligible 13 14 voters of such district, is filed with the county clerk of each of the counties 15 in such district within 10 days following such publication. In the event 16 such a petition is filed, it shall be the duty of the board of such district to 17 submit the question to the eligible voters at an election called for such purpose. Such election shall be noticed and conducted as provided by 18 19 K.S.A. 82a-1031, and amendments thereto.

20 Whenever no-fund warrants are issued under the authority of this 21 subsection, the board of directors of such district shall make an assessment 22 each year for three years in approximately equal installments for the 23 purpose of paying such warrants and the interest thereon. All such 24 assessments shall be in addition to all other assessments authorized or 25 limited by law. Such warrants shall be issued, registered, redeemed and bear interest in the manner and in the form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940. 26 27 and amendments thereto, except they shall not bear the notation required 28 by said statute and may be issued without the approval of the state <del>court</del> board of tax appeals. Any surplus existing after the redemption of such 29 30 warrants shall be handled in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, 31 and amendments thereto.

32 Sec. 130. K.S.A. 79-505 and K.S.A. 2013 Supp. 2-131e, 9-1402, 12-33 110a, 12-631, 12-1664, 12-16,109, 12-1737, 12-1742, 12-1744a, 12-34 1744b, 12-1744c, 12-1744d, 12-1755, 12-1934, 12-3206, 12-3805, 14-35 1060, 17-1374, 19-236, 19-431, 19-15,103, 19-15,106, 19-15,116, 19-36 15,123, 19-2106f, 19-2653, 19-2752a, 19-3554, 19-4420, 19-4442, 20-37 356, 20-363, 20-626, 24-133, 24-665, 24-1219, 31-144, 38-549, 68-151n, 72-4142, 72-6441, 72-6443, 72-6451, 72-8203b, 74-2426, 74-2433, 74-38 39 2433a, 74-2433b, 74-2433c, 74-2433d, 74-2433e, 74-2433f, 74-2433g, 74-2434, 74-2435, 74-2436, 74-2437, 74-2437a, 74-2437b, 74-2438, 74-40 41 2438a, 74-2439, 74-2442, 74-2447, 74-4911f, 75-430, 75-37, 121, 75-4201, 42 75-5104, 75-5107, 75-5121, 75-5161, 77-514, 77-529, 79-210, 79-213, 79-43 213a, 79-213d, 79-332a, 79-425a, 79-5a27, 79-6a14, 79-1404a, 79-1409,

1 79-1410, 79-1413a, 79-1422, 79-1426, 79-1427a, 79-1437f, 79-1448, 79-2 1476, 79-1478, 79-1478a, 79-1479, 79-1481, 79-1489, 79-1609, 79-1611, 3 79-1701, 79-1702, 79-1703, 79-1704, 79-1964a, 79-1964b, 79-2004, 79-2 004a, 79-2005, 79-2416d, 79-2925a, 79-2938, 79-2939, 79-2940, 79-5 2941, 79-2951, 79-2977, 79-3107c, 79-3221, 79-3226, 79-3233g, 79-6 32,193, 79-3694, 79-5205, 80-119, 80-808, 80-1920 and 82a-1030 are hereby repealed.

8 Sec. 131. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 9 publication in the statute book.