Session of 2013

HOUSE BILL No. 2345

By Committee on Judiciary

2-14

1 AN ACT concerning driving; relating to certain fines and application fees; distribution to correctional supervision fund and community corrections 2 3 supervision fund; amending K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-2,144, 8-1015, 8-1025, 8-1567 and 12-4120 and repealing the existing sections. 4 5 6 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 7 Section 1. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-2,144 is hereby amended to read as 8 follows: 8-2,144. (a) Driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence is operating or attempting to operate any commercial motor 9 vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, within this 10 11 state while: 12 (1) The alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath, as 13 shown by any competent evidence, including other competent evidence, as 14 defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (f) of K.S.A. 8-1013, and 15 amendments thereto, is .04 or more; 16 (2) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath, as 17 measured within three hours of the time of driving a commercial motor 18 vehicle, is .04 or more; or 19 (3) committing a violation of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1567, and 20 amendments thereto, or the ordinance of a city or resolution of a county 21 which prohibits any of the acts prohibited thereunder. 22 (b) (1) Driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence is: 23 (A) On a first conviction a class B, nonperson misdemeanor. The 24 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 48 consecutive hours 25 nor more than six months' imprisonment, or in the court's discretion, 100 26 hours of public service, and fined not less than \$750 nor more than \$1,000. 27 The person convicted shall serve at least 48 consecutive hours' 28 imprisonment or 100 hours of public service either before or as a condition 29 of any grant of probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole or 30 other release: 31 (B) on a second conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor. The 32 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than 33 one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,250 nor more than 34 \$1,750. The person convicted shall serve at least five consecutive days' 35 imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. The five days' 36

1 imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work 2 release program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' 3 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person 4 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release 5 program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release program, 6 shall serve a minimum of 120 hours of confinement. Such 120 hours of 7 confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive hours of 8 imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing 9 to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may place the 10 person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the five days' 11 12 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 13 served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 14 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 15 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a 16 minimum of 120 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 17 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of 18 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 19 not be counted as part of the 120 hours; and

20 (C) on a third or subsequent conviction a nonperson felony. The 21 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than 22 one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,750 nor more than 23 \$2,500. The person convicted shall not be eligible for release on probation, 24 suspension or reduction of sentence or parole until the person has served at 25 least 90 days' imprisonment. The 90 days' imprisonment mandated by this 26 subsection may be served in a work release program only after such person 27 has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work 28 release program requires such person to return to confinement at the end of 29 each day in the work release program. The person convicted, if placed into 30 a work release program, shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of 31 confinement. Such 2,160 hours of confinement shall be a period of at least 32 48 consecutive hours of imprisonment followed by confinement hours at 33 the end of and continuing to the beginning of the offender's work day. The 34 court may place the person convicted under a house arrest program 35 pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve 36 the 90 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such 37 person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person 38 convicted, if placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic 39 monitoring device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender 40 shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement within the 41 boundaries of the offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within 42 the boundaries of the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest 43 agreement shall not be counted as part of the 2,160 hours.

1 (2) In addition, for any conviction pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(C), at 2 the time of the filing of the judgment form or journal entry as required by 3 K.S.A. 22-3426 or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6711, and amendments thereto, 4 the court shall cause a certified copy to be sent to the officer having the 5 offender in charge. The court shall determine whether the offender, upon 6 release from imprisonment, shall be supervised by community correctional 7 services or court services based upon the risk and needs of the offender. 8 The risk and needs of the offender shall be determined by use of a risk 9 assessment tool specified by the Kansas sentencing commission. The law enforcement agency maintaining custody and control of a defendant for 10 imprisonment shall cause a certified copy of the judgment form or journal 11 12 entry to be sent to the supervision office designated by the court and upon expiration of the term of imprisonment shall deliver the defendant to a 13 14 location designated by the supervision office designated by the court. After 15 the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, the person shall be placed 16 on supervision to community correctional services or court services, as 17 determined by the court, for a mandatory one-year period of supervision, which such period of supervision shall not be reduced. During such 18 19 supervision, the person shall be required to participate in a 20 multidisciplinary model of services for substance use disorders facilitated 21 by a department of social and rehabilitation services designated care 22 coordination agency to include assessment and, if appropriate, referral to a 23 community based substance use disorder treatment including recovery management 24 and mental health counseling as needed. The 25 multidisciplinary team shall include the designated care coordination agency, the supervision officer, the social and rehabilitation services 26 27 department designated treatment provider and the offender. Any violation 28 of the conditions of such supervision may subject such person to 29 revocation of supervision and imprisonment in jail for the remainder of the

30 period of imprisonment, the remainder of the supervision period, or any 31 combination or portion thereof. 32 (3) In addition, prior to sentencing for any conviction pursuant to 33 subsection (b)(1)(A) or (b)(1)(B), the court shall order the person to 34 participate in an alcohol and drug evaluation conducted by a provider in 35 accordance with K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto. The person shall 36 be required to follow any recommendation made by the provider after such 37 evaluation, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

(c) Any person convicted of a violation of this section, or a violation of a city ordinance or county resolution prohibiting the acts prohibited by this section, who had one or more children under the age of 14 years in the vehicle at the time of the offense shall have such person's punishment enhanced by one month of imprisonment. This imprisonment shall be served consecutively to any other minimum mandatory penalty imposed 1 for a violation of this section, or a violation of a city ordinance or county 2 resolution prohibiting the acts prohibited by this section. Any enhanced 3 penalty imposed shall not exceed the maximum sentence allowable by law. 4 During the service of the enhanced penalty, the judge may order the person 5 on house arrest, work release or other conditional release.

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(d) If a person is charged with a violation of this section involving drugs, the fact that the person is or has been entitled to use the drug under 8 the laws of this state shall not constitute a defense against the charge.

9 (e) The court may establish the terms and time for payment of any 10 fines, fees, assessments and costs imposed pursuant to this section. Any assessment and costs shall be required to be paid not later than 90 days 11 after imposed, and any remainder of the fine shall be paid prior to the final 12 13 release of the defendant by the court.

14 (f) In lieu of payment of a fine imposed pursuant to this section, the court may order that the person perform community service specified by 15 16 the court. The person shall receive a credit on the fine imposed in an 17 amount equal to \$5 for each full hour spent by the person in the specified 18 community service. The community service ordered by the court shall be 19 required to be performed not later than one year after the fine is imposed 20 or by an earlier date specified by the court. If by the required date the 21 person performs an insufficient amount of community service to reduce to 22 zero the portion of the fine required to be paid by the person, the 23 remaining balance of the fine shall become due on that date.

24 (g) Prior to filing a complaint alleging a violation of this section, a 25 prosecutor shall request and shall receive from the: (1) Division a record of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any violations of 26 27 any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and (2) Kansas bureau of 28 investigation central repository all criminal history record information 29 concerning such person.

30 (h) The court shall electronically report every conviction of a 31 violation of this section and every diversion agreement entered into in lieu 32 of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of this section to the division. Prior to sentencing under the provisions of this 33 34 section, the court shall request and shall receive from the: (1) Division a 35 record of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any 36 violation of any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and (2) Kansas 37 bureau of investigation central repository all criminal history record 38 information concerning such person.

39 (i) Upon conviction of a person of a violation of this section or a 40 violation of a city ordinance or county resolution prohibiting the acts prohibited by this section, the division, upon receiving a report of 41 conviction, shall: (1) Disqualify the person from driving a commercial 42 43 motor vehicle under K.S.A. 8-2,142, and amendments thereto; and (2) suspend, restrict or suspend and restrict the person's driving privileges as
 provided by K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto.

3 (j) (1) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as 4 preventing any city from enacting ordinances, or any county from adopting 5 resolutions, declaring acts prohibited or made unlawful by this section as 6 unlawful or prohibited in such city or county and prescribing penalties for 7 violation thereof.

8 (2) The minimum penalty prescribed by any such ordinance or 9 resolution shall not be less than the minimum penalty prescribed by this 10 section for the same violation, and the maximum penalty in any such 11 ordinance or resolution shall not exceed the maximum penalty prescribed 12 for the same violation.

(3) Any such ordinance or resolution shall authorize the court to order
that the convicted person pay restitution to any victim who suffered loss
due to the violation for which the person was convicted.

(k) (1) Upon the filing of a complaint, citation or notice to appear 16 alleging a person has violated a city ordinance prohibiting the acts 17 18 prohibited by this section, and prior to conviction thereof, a city attorney 19 shall request and shall receive from the: (A) Division of vehicles a record 20 of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any violations of 21 any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and (B) Kansas bureau of 22 investigation central repository all criminal history record information 23 concerning such person.

24 (2) If the elements of such ordinance violation are the same as the 25 elements of a violation of this section that would constitute, and be 26 punished as, a felony, the city attorney shall refer the violation to the 27 appropriate county or district attorney for prosecution. The county or 28 district attorney shall accept such referral and pursue a disposition of such 29 violation, and shall not refer any such violation back to the city attorney.

(1) No plea bargaining agreement shall be entered into nor shall any
judge approve a plea bargaining agreement entered into for the purpose of
permitting a person charged with a violation of this section, or a violation
of any ordinance of a city or resolution of any county in this state which
prohibits the acts prohibited by this section, to avoid the mandatory
penalties established by this section or by the ordinance or resolution.

36 (m) The alternatives set out in subsections (a)(1), (a)(2) and (a)(3) may be pleaded in the alternative, and the state, city or county may, but shall not be required to, elect one or two of the three prior to submission of the case to the fact finder.

40 (n) For the purpose of determining whether a conviction is a first, 41 second, third or subsequent conviction in sentencing under this section:

42 (1) Convictions for a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments 43 thereto, or a violation of an ordinance of any city or resolution of any 1 county which prohibits the acts that such section prohibits, or entering into 2 a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a 3 complaint alleging any such violations, shall be taken into account, but 4 only convictions or diversions occurring on or after July 1, 2001. Nothing 5 in this provision shall be construed as preventing any court from 6 considering any convictions or diversions occurring during the person's 7 lifetime in determining the sentence to be imposed within the limits 8 provided for a first, second, third, fourth or subsequent offense;

9 (2) any convictions for a violation of the following sections occurring 10 during a person's lifetime shall be taken into account: (A) This section; (B) refusing to submit to a test to determine the presence of alcohol or drugs, 11 12 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-1025, and amendments thereto; (C) operating a 13 vessel under the influence of alcohol or drugs, K.S.A. 32-1131, and amendments thereto; (D) involuntary manslaughter while driving under 14 the influence of alcohol or drugs, K.S.A. 21-3442, prior to its repeal, or 15 16 subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments thereto; and (E) aggravated vehicular homicide, K.S.A. 21-3405a, prior to its 17 18 repeal, or vehicular battery, K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal, if the 19 crime was committed while committing a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and 20 amendments thereto:

21 (3) "conviction" includes: (A) Entering into a diversion agreement in 22 lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of 23 a crime described in subsection (n)(2); (B) conviction of a violation of an 24 ordinance of a city in this state, a resolution of a county in this state or any 25 law of another state which would constitute a crime described in subsection (n)(1) or (n)(2); and (C) receiving punishment under the 26 27 uniform code of military justice or Kansas code of military justice for an 28 act which was committed on a military reservation and which would 29 constitute a crime described in subsection (n)(1) or (n)(2) if committed off 30 a military reservation in this state;

(4) it is irrelevant whether an offense occurred before or afterconviction for a previous offense; and

33 (5) multiple convictions of any crime described in subsection (n)(1)34 or (n)(2) arising from the same arrest shall only be counted as one 35 conviction.

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(o) For the purpose of this section:

37 (1) "Alcohol concentration" means the number of grams of alcohol
38 per 100 milliliters of blood or per 210 liters of breath;

(2) "imprisonment" shall include any restrained environment in which
the court and law enforcement agency intend to retain custody and control
of a defendant and such environment has been approved by the board of
county commissioners or the governing body of a city; and

43 (3) "drug" includes toxic vapors as such term is defined in K.S.A.

1 2012 Supp. 21-5712, and amendments thereto.

2 (p) On and after July 1, 2011, the amount of \$250 from each fine 3 imposed pursuant to this section shall be remitted by the clerk of the 4 district court to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of 5 K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such 6 remittance, the state treasurer shall-eredit deposit the entire amount in the 7 state treasury and credit 33% to the community corrections supervision 8 fund established by K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-52,113, and amendments 9 thereto, and 67% to the correctional supervision fund established by 10 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6607, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-1015 is hereby amended to read as 11 12 follows: 8-1015. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (a)(2), whenever 13 a person's driving privileges have been suspended for one year as provided in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto, after 90 days 14 15 of such suspension, such person may apply to the division for such person's driving privileges to be restricted for the remainder of the one-16 17 year suspension period to driving only a motor vehicle equipped with an 18 ignition interlock device and only for the purposes of getting to and from: 19 Work, school or an alcohol treatment program; and the ignition interlock 20 provider for maintenance and downloading of data from the device.

21 (2) Whenever a person's driving privileges have been suspended for 22 one year as provided in subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and 23 amendments thereto, after 90 days of such suspension, such person may 24 apply to the division for such person's driving privileges to be restricted 25 for the remainder of the one-year suspension period to driving only a 26 motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device and only under 27 the circumstances provided by subsections (a)(1), (2), (3) and (4) of 28 K.S.A. 8-292, and amendments thereto.

29 (3) Except as provided in subsection (a)(4), whenever a person's 30 driving privileges have been suspended for one year as provided in 31 subsection (b) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto, after 45 days of such suspension, such person may apply to the division for such person's 32 33 driving privileges to be restricted for the remainder of the one-year 34 suspension period to driving only a motor vehicle equipped with an 35 ignition interlock device and only for the purposes of getting to and from: 36 Work, school or an alcohol treatment program; and the ignition interlock 37 provider for maintenance and downloading of data from the device.

38 (4) Whenever a person's driving privileges have been suspended for 39 one year as provided in subsection (b)(2)(A) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and 40 amendments thereto, after 45 days of such suspension, such person may 41 apply to the division for such person's driving privileges to be restricted 42 for the remainder of the one-year suspension period to driving only a 43 motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device and only under 1 the circumstances provided by subsections (a)(1), (2), (3) and (4) of 2 K.S.A. 8-292, and amendments thereto.

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(5) The division shall assess an application fee of \$100 for a person to

4 apply to modify the suspension to restricted ignition interlock status.

5 (6) The division shall approve the request for such restricted license 6 unless such person's driving privileges have been restricted, suspended, 7 revoked or disqualified pursuant to another action by the division or a 8 court. If the request is approved, upon receipt of proof of the installation of 9 such device, the division shall issue a copy of the order imposing such 10 restrictions on the person's driving privileges and such order shall be carried by the person at any time the person is operating a motor vehicle 11 12 on the highways of this state. Except as provided in K.S.A. 8-1017, and amendments thereto, if such person is convicted of a violation of the 13 14 restrictions, such person's driving privileges shall be suspended for an additional year, in addition to any term of suspension or restriction as 15 16 provided in subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments 17 thereto

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(b) (1) On and after July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2015:

(A) Except as provided in subsection (b)(1)(B), when a person has
completed the suspension pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(A) of K.S.A. 81014, and amendments thereto, the division shall restrict the person's
driving privileges for 180 days to driving only a motor vehicle equipped
with an ignition interlock device.

24 (B) When a person has completed the suspension pursuant to 25 subsection (b)(1)(A) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto, the division shall restrict the person's driving privileges for one year to driving 26 only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device if the 27 28 records maintained by the division indicate that such person has 29 previously: (A) Been convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 8-1599, and 30 amendments thereto; (B) been convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 41-727, 31 and amendments thereto; (C) been convicted of any violations listed in 32 subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-285, and amendments thereto; (D) been 33 convicted of three or more moving traffic violations committed on separate 34 occasions within a 12-month period; or (E) had such person's driving 35 privileges revoked, suspended, canceled or withdrawn.

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(2) On and after July 1, 2015:

37 (A) Except as provided in subsection (b)(2)(B), when a person has 38 completed the suspension pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(A) of K.S.A. 8-39 1014, and amendments thereto, the division shall restrict the person's 40 driving privileges to driving only under the circumstances provided by 41 subsections (a)(1), (2), (3) and (4) of K.S.A. 8-292, and amendments 42 thereto.

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(B) In lieu of the restrictions set out in subsection (b)(2)(A), the

division, upon request of the person whose driving privileges are to be
 restricted, may restrict the person's driving privileges to driving only a
 motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.

4 (c) Except as provided in subsection (b), when a person has 5 completed the suspension pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 8-6 1014, and amendments thereto, the division shall restrict the person's 7 driving privileges pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and 8 amendments thereto, to driving only a motor vehicle equipped with an 9 ignition interlock device. Upon restricting a person's driving privileges pursuant to this subsection, the division shall issue a copy of the order 10 imposing the restrictions which is required to be carried by the person at 11 12 any time the person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this 13 state.

(d) Whenever an ignition interlock device is required by law, such
ignition interlock device shall be approved by the division and maintained
at the person's expense. Proof of the installation of such ignition interlock
device, for the entire period required by the applicable law, shall be
provided to the division before the person's driving privileges are fully
reinstated.

20 (e) Except as provided further, any person whose license is restricted 21 to operating only a motor vehicle with an ignition interlock device 22 installed may operate an employer's vehicle without an ignition interlock 23 device installed during normal business activities, provided that the person 24 does not partly or entirely own or control the employer's vehicle or 25 business. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person 26 whose driving privileges have been restricted for the remainder of the one-27 year suspension period as provided in subsection (a)(1) or (a)(3).

(f) Upon expiration of the period of time for which restrictions are
imposed pursuant to this section, the licensee may apply to the division for
the return of any license previously surrendered by the licensee. If the
license has expired, the person may apply to the division for a new license,
which shall be issued by the division upon payment of the proper fee and
satisfaction of the other conditions established by law, unless the person's
driving privileges have been suspended or revoked prior to expiration.

35 (g) Any person who has had the person's driving privileges 36 suspended, restricted or revoked pursuant to subsection (a), (b) or (c) of 37 K.S.A. 8-1014, prior to the amendments by this act and section 14 of 38 chapter 105 of the 2011 Session Laws of Kansas, may apply to the division 39 to have the suspension, restriction or revocation penalties modified in 40 conformity with the provisions of subsection (a), (b) or (c) of K.S.A. 8-41 1014, and amendments thereto. The division shall assess an application fee 42 of \$100 for a person to apply to modify the suspension, restriction or 43 revocation penalties previously issued. The division shall modify the suspension, restriction or revocation penalties, unless such person's driving
 privileges have been restricted, suspended, revoked or disqualified
 pursuant to another action by the division or a court.

4 (h) The division shall remit all application fees collected pursuant to 5 subsections (a) and (g) to the state treasurer in accordance with the 6 provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of 7 each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in 8 the state treasury and shall credit such moneys to the division of vehicles 9 operating fund until an aggregate amount of \$100,000 is credited to the 10 division of vehicles operating fund each fiscal year. On and after an aggregate amount of \$100,000 is credited to such fund each fiscal year, the 11 12 entire amount of such remittance shall be credited the state treasurer shall 13 credit 33% of such remittance to the community corrections supervision fund created by K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-52,113, and amendments thereto, 14 and 67% of such remittance to the correctional supervision fund created 15 16 by K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6607, and amendments thereto. The application 17 fee established in this section shall be the only fee collected or moneys in 18 the nature of a fee collected for such application. Such fee shall only be 19 established by an act of the legislature and no other authority is established 20 by law or otherwise to collect a fee.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-1025 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1025. (a) Refusing to submit to a test to determine the presence of alcohol or drugs is refusing to submit to or complete a test or tests deemed consented to under subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto, if such person has:

(1) Any prior test refusal as defined in K.S.A. 8-1013, and
amendments thereto, which occurred: (A) On or after July 1, 2001; and (B)
when such person was 18 years of age or older; or

(2) any prior conviction for a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567 or 8-2,144,
and amendments thereto, or a violation of an ordinance of any city or
resolution of any county which prohibits the acts that such section
prohibits, or entering into a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal
proceedings on a complaint alleging any such violations, which occurred:
(A) On or after July 1, 2001; and (B) when such person was 18 years of
age or older.

36 (b) (1) Refusing to submit to a test to determine the presence of 37 alcohol or drugs is:

(A) On a first conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor. The
person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than
one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,250 nor more than
\$1,750. The person convicted shall serve at least five consecutive days'
imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or
reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. The five days'

1 imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work 2 release program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' 3 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person 4 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release 5 program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release program, 6 shall serve a minimum of 120 hours of confinement. Such 120 hours of 7 confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive hours of 8 imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing 9 to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may place the 10 person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the five days' 11 12 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 13 served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 14 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 15 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a 16 minimum of 120 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 17 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of 18 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 19 not be counted as part of the 120 hours;

20 (B) on a second conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor, except 21 as provided in subsection (b)(1)(C). The person convicted shall be 22 sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment 23 and fined not less than \$1,750 nor more than \$2,500. The person convicted 24 shall not be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of 25 sentence or parole until the person has served at least 90 days' 26 imprisonment. The 90 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection 27 may be served in a work release program only after such person has served 28 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work release program 29 requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the 30 work release program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release 31 program, shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement. Such 32 2,160 hours of confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive 33 hours of imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and 34 continuing to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may 35 place the person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to 36 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the 90 days' 37 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 38 served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 39 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 40 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a 41 minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 42 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of 43 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall

1 not be counted as part of the 2,160 hours;

2 (C) on a second conviction a nonperson felony if the person has a 3 prior conviction which occurred within the preceding 10 years, not 4 including any period of incarceration. The person convicted shall be 5 sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment 6 and fined not less than \$1,750 nor more than \$2,500. The person convicted 7 shall not be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of 8 sentence or parole until the person has served at least 90 days' 9 imprisonment. The 90 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection 10 may be served in a work release program only after such person has served 11 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work release program 12 requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release 13 14 program, shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement. Such 15 2,160 hours of confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive 16 hours of imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and 17 continuing to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may 18 place the person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to 19 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the 90 days' 20 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 21 served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 22 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 23 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a 24 minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 25 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of 26 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 27 not be counted as part of the 2,160 hours; and

28 (D) on a third or subsequent conviction a nonperson felony. The 29 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than 30 one year's imprisonment and fined \$2,500. The person convicted shall not 31 be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or 32 parole until the person has served at least 90 days' imprisonment. The 90 33 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work 34 release program only after such person has served 72 consecutive hours' 35 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person 36 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release 37 program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release program, 38 shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement. Such 2,160 hours of 39 confinement shall be a period of at least 72 consecutive hours of 40 imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing 41 to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may place the 42 person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 43 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the 90 days'

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1 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 2 served 72 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 3 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 4 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a 5 minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 6 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of 7 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 8 not be counted as part of the 2,160 hours.

9 (2) The court may order that the term of imprisonment imposed 10 pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(C) or (b)(1)(D) be served in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections in a facility designated by the 11 12 secretary for the provision of substance abuse treatment pursuant to the 13 provisions of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments thereto. The person shall remain imprisoned at the state facility only while participating 14 in the substance abuse treatment program designated by the secretary and 15 16 shall be returned to the custody of the sheriff for execution of the balance 17 of the term of imprisonment upon completion of or the person's discharge 18 from the substance abuse treatment program. Custody of the person shall 19 be returned to the sheriff for execution of the sentence imposed in the 20 event the secretary of corrections determines: (A) That substance abuse 21 treatment resources or the capacity of the facility designated by the 22 secretary for the incarceration and treatment of the person is not available; 23 (B) the person fails to meaningfully participate in the treatment program of 24 the designated facility; (C) the person is disruptive to the security or 25 operation of the designated facility; or (D) the medical or mental health condition of the person renders the person unsuitable for confinement at 26 27 the designated facility. The determination by the secretary that the person 28 either is not to be admitted into the designated facility or is to be 29 transferred from the designated facility is not subject to review. The sheriff 30 shall be responsible for all transportation expenses to and from the state 31 correctional facility.

32 (3) In addition, for any conviction pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(B), 33 (b)(1)(C) or (b)(1)(D), at the time of the filing of the judgment form or 34 journal entry as required by K.S.A. 22-3426 or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-35 6711, and amendments thereto, the court shall cause a certified copy to be 36 sent to the officer having the offender in charge. The court shall determine 37 whether the offender, upon release from imprisonment, shall be supervised 38 by community correctional services or court services based upon the risk 39 and needs of the offender. The risk and needs of the offender shall be 40 determined by use of a risk assessment tool specified by the Kansas 41 sentencing commission. The law enforcement agency maintaining custody 42 and control of a defendant for imprisonment shall cause a certified copy of 43 the judgment form or journal entry to be sent to the supervision office

1 designated by the court and upon expiration of the term of imprisonment shall deliver the defendant to a location designated by the supervision 2 3 office designated by the court. After the term of imprisonment imposed by 4 the court, the person shall be placed on supervision to community 5 correctional services or court services, as determined by the court, for a 6 mandatory one-year period of supervision, which such period of 7 supervision shall not be reduced. During such supervision, the person shall 8 be required to participate in a multidisciplinary model of services for 9 substance use disorders facilitated by a department of social and 10 rehabilitation services designated care coordination agency to include assessment and, if appropriate, referral to a community based substance 11 12 use disorder treatment including recovery management and mental health counseling as needed. The multidisciplinary team shall include the 13 14 designated care coordination agency, the supervision officer, the social and 15 rehabilitation services department designated treatment provider and the 16 offender. Any violation of the conditions of such supervision may subject 17 such person to revocation of supervision and imprisonment in jail for the 18 remainder of the period of imprisonment, the remainder of the supervision 19 period, or any combination or portion thereof.

(4) In addition, prior to sentencing for any conviction pursuant to
subsection (b)(1)(A), the court shall order the person to participate in an
alcohol and drug evaluation conducted by a provider in accordance with
K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto. The person shall be required to
follow any recommendation made by the provider after such evaluation,
unless otherwise ordered by the court.

26 (c) Any person convicted of violating this section or an ordinance 27 which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits who had one or more 28 children under the age of 14 years in the vehicle at the time of the offense 29 shall have such person's punishment enhanced by one month of 30 imprisonment. This imprisonment must be served consecutively to any 31 other minimum mandatory penalty imposed for a violation of this section 32 or an ordinance which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits. Any 33 enhanced penalty imposed shall not exceed the maximum sentence 34 allowable by law. During the service of the enhanced penalty, the judge 35 may order the person on house arrest, work release or other conditional 36 release

(d) The court may establish the terms and time for payment of any
fines, fees, assessments and costs imposed pursuant to this section. Any
assessments and costs shall be required to be paid not later than 90 days
after imposed, and any remainder of the fine shall be paid prior to the final
release of the defendant by the court.

42 (e) In lieu of payment of a fine imposed pursuant to this section, the 43 court may order that the person perform community service specified by 1 the court. The person shall receive a credit on the fine imposed in an 2 amount equal to \$5 for each full hour spent by the person in the specified 3 community service. The community service ordered by the court shall be 4 required to be performed not later than one year after the fine is imposed 5 or by an earlier date specified by the court. If by the required date the 6 person performs an insufficient amount of community service to reduce to 7 zero the portion of the fine required to be paid by the person, the 8 remaining balance of the fine shall become due on that date.

9 (f) Prior to filing a complaint alleging a violation of this section, a 10 prosecutor shall request and shall receive from the:

(1) Division a record of all prior convictions obtained against suchperson for any violations of any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and

13 (2) Kansas bureau of investigation central repository all criminal14 history record information concerning such person.

15 (g) The court shall electronically report every conviction of a 16 violation of this section and every diversion agreement entered into in lieu 17 of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of this 18 section to the division. Prior to sentencing under the provisions of this 19 section, the court shall request and shall receive from the division a record 20 of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any violations of 21 any of the motor vehicle laws of this state.

(h) For the purpose of determining whether a conviction is a first,
 second, third, fourth or subsequent conviction in sentencing under this
 section:

25 (1) Convictions for a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments 26 thereto, or a violation of an ordinance of any city or resolution of any 27 county which prohibits the acts that such section prohibits, or entering into 28 a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a 29 complaint alleging any such violations, shall be taken into account, but 30 only convictions or diversions occurring: (A) On or after July 1, 2001; and 31 (B) when such person was 18 years of age or older. Nothing in this 32 provision shall be construed as preventing any court from considering any 33 convictions or diversions occurring during the person's lifetime in 34 determining the sentence to be imposed within the limits provided for a 35 first, second, third, fourth or subsequent offense;

36 (2) any convictions for a violation of the following sections which 37 occurred during a person's lifetime shall be taken into account, but only 38 convictions occurring when such person was 18 years of age or older: (A) 39 This section; (B) driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence, 40 K.S.A. 8-2,144, and amendments thereto; (C) operating a vessel under the 41 influence of alcohol or drugs, K.S.A. 32-1131, and amendments thereto; (D) involuntary manslaughter while driving under the influence of alcohol 42 43 or drugs, K.S.A. 21-3442, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A.

2012 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments thereto; and (E) aggravated
 vehicular homicide, K.S.A. 21-3405a, prior to its repeal, or vehicular
 battery, K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal, if the crime was committed
 while committing a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto;

(3) "conviction" includes: (A) Entering into a diversion agreement in 5 6 lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of 7 a crime described in subsection (h)(2); (B) conviction of a violation of an 8 ordinance of a city in this state, a resolution of a county in this state or any 9 law of another state which would constitute a crime described in subsection (h)(1) or (h)(2); and (C) receiving punishment under the 10 uniform code of military justice or Kansas code of military justice for an 11 12 act which was committed on a military reservation and which would 13 constitute a crime described in subsection (h)(1) or (h)(2) if committed off 14 a military reservation in this state:

15 (4) it is irrelevant whether an offense occurred before or after 16 conviction for a previous offense;

(5) multiple convictions of any crime described in subsection (h)(1)
or (h)(2) arising from the same arrest shall only be counted as one
conviction;

(6) the prior conviction that is an element of the crime of refusing to submit to a test to determine the presence of alcohol or drugs shall not be used for the purpose of determining whether a conviction is a first, second, third or subsequent conviction in sentencing under this section and shall not be considered in determining the sentence to be imposed within the limits provided for a first, second, third or subsequent offense; and

(7) a person may enter into a diversion agreement in lieu of further
criminal proceedings for a violation of this section, or an ordinance which
prohibits the acts of this section, only once during the person's lifetime.

(i) Upon conviction of a person of a violation of this section or a
violation of a city ordinance or county resolution prohibiting the acts
prohibited by this section, the division, upon receiving a report of
conviction, shall suspend, restrict or suspend and restrict the person's
driving privileges as provided by K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto.

(j) (1) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as
 preventing any city from enacting ordinances, or any county from adopting
 resolutions, declaring acts prohibited or made unlawful by this act as
 unlawful or prohibited in such city or county and prescribing penalties for
 violation thereof.

39 (2) The minimum penalty prescribed by any such ordinance or resolution shall not be less than the minimum penalty prescribed by this section for the same violation, and the maximum penalty in any such ordinance or resolution shall not exceed the maximum penalty prescribed for the same violation. 1 (3) An ordinance may grant to a municipal court jurisdiction over a 2 violation of such ordinance which is concurrent with the jurisdiction of the 3 district court over a violation of this section, notwithstanding that the 4 elements of such ordinance violation are the same as the elements of a 5 violation of this section that would constitute, and be punished as, a felony.

6 (4) Any such ordinance or resolution shall authorize the court to order 7 that the convicted person pay restitution to any victim who suffered loss 8 due to the violation for which the person was convicted.

9 (k) (1) Upon the filing of a complaint, citation or notice to appear 10 alleging a person has violated a city ordinance prohibiting the acts 11 prohibited by this section, and prior to conviction thereof, a city attorney 12 shall request and shall receive from the:

13 (A) Division a record of all prior convictions obtained against such 14 person for any violations of any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and 15 (B) Kanaga hurger of investigation control remained

(B) Kansas bureau of investigation central repository all criminalhistory record information concerning such person.

17 (2) If the elements of such ordinance violation are the same as the 18 elements of a violation of this section that would constitute, and be 19 punished as, a felony, the city attorney shall refer the violation to the 20 appropriate county or district attorney for prosecution.

21 (1) No plea bargaining agreement shall be entered into nor shall any 22 judge approve a plea bargaining agreement entered into for the purpose of 23 permitting a person charged with a violation of this section, or a violation 24 of any ordinance of a city or resolution of any county in this state which 25 prohibits the acts prohibited by this section, to avoid the mandatory penalties established by this section or by the ordinance. For the purpose 26 27 of this subsection, entering into a diversion agreement pursuant to K.S.A. 28 12-4413 et seq. or 22-2906 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall not 29 constitute plea bargaining.

(m) As used in this section, "imprisonment" shall include any
restrained environment in which the court and law enforcement agency
intend to retain custody and control of a defendant and such environment
has been approved by the board of county commissioners or the governing
body of a city.

35 (n) On and after July 1, 2012, the amount of \$250 from each fine 36 imposed pursuant to this section shall be remitted by the clerk of the 37 district court to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of 38 K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such 39 remittance, the state treasurer shall-eredit deposit the entire amount in the 40 state treasury and credit 33% to the community corrections supervision fund established by K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-52,113, and amendments 41 thereto, and 67% to the correctional supervision fund established by 42 43 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6607, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-1567 is hereby amended to read as
 follows: 8-1567. (a) Driving under the influence is operating or attempting
 to operate any vehicle within this state while:

4 (1) The alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath as 5 shown by any competent evidence, including other competent evidence, as 6 defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (f) of K.S.A. 8-1013, and 7 amendments thereto, is .08 or more;

8 (2) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath, as 9 measured within three hours of the time of operating or attempting to 10 operate a vehicle, is .08 or more;

(3) under the influence of alcohol to a degree that renders the personincapable of safely driving a vehicle;

(4) under the influence of any drug or combination of drugs to adegree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a vehicle; or

(5) under the influence of a combination of alcohol and any drug or
 drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a
 vehicle.

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(b) (1) Driving under the influence is: $(b) = (1)^{-1} + (1)^{-1$

19 (A) On a first conviction a class B, nonperson misdemeanor. The 20 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 48 consecutive hours 21 nor more than six months' imprisonment, or in the court's discretion 100 22 hours of public service, and fined not less than \$750 nor more than \$1,000. The person convicted shall serve at least 48 consecutive hours' 23 24 imprisonment or 100 hours of public service either before or as a condition 25 of any grant of probation or suspension, reduction of sentence or parole. 26 The court may place the person convicted under a house arrest program 27 pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve 28 the remainder of the sentence only after such person has served 48 29 consecutive hours' imprisonment;

30 (B) on a second conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor. The 31 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than 32 one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,250 nor more than 33 \$1,750. The person convicted shall serve at least five consecutive days' 34 imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or 35 reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. The five days' 36 imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work 37 release program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' 38 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person 39 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release 40 program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release program, 41 shall serve a minimum of 120 hours of confinement. Such 120 hours of 42 confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive hours of 43 imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing 1 2

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to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may place the person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the five days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a minimum of 120 hours of confinement within the houndaries of the

8 minimum of 120 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 9 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of 10 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 11 not be counted as part of the 120 hours;

12 (C) on a third conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor, except as provided in subsection (b)(1)(D). The person convicted shall be 13 14 sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment 15 and fined not less than \$1,750 nor more than \$2,500. The person convicted 16 shall not be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of 17 sentence or parole until the person has served at least 90 days' 18 imprisonment. The 90 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection 19 may be served in a work release program only after such person has served 20 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work release program 21 requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the 22 work release program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release 23 program, shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement. Such 24 2,160 hours of confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive 25 hours of imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may 26 27 place the person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to 28 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the 90 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 29 30 served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 31 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 32 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a 33 minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 34 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 35 36 not be counted as part of the 2,160 hours;

(D) on a third conviction a nonperson felony if the person has a prior conviction which occurred within the preceding 10 years, not including any period of incarceration. The person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,750 nor more than \$2,500. The person convicted shall not be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole until the person has served at least 90 days' imprisonment. The 90

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1 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work 2 release program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' 3 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person 4 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release 5 program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release program, 6 shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement. Such 2,160 hours of 7 confinement shall be a period of at least 48 consecutive hours of 8 imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing 9 to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may place the 10 person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the 90 days' 11 12 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 13 served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 14 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 15 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a 16 minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 17 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of 18 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 19 not be counted as part of the 2,160 hours; and

20 (E) on a fourth or subsequent conviction a nonperson felony. The 21 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than 22 one year's imprisonment and fined \$2,500. The person convicted shall not 23 be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or 24 parole until the person has served at least 90 days' imprisonment. The 90 25 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work 26 release program only after such person has served 72 consecutive hours' 27 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person 28 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program. The person convicted, if placed into a work release program, 29 30 shall serve a minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement. Such 2,160 hours of 31 confinement shall be a period of at least 72 consecutive hours of 32 imprisonment followed by confinement hours at the end of and continuing 33 to the beginning of the offender's work day. The court may place the 34 person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 35 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto, to serve the 90 days' 36 imprisonment mandated by this subsection only after such person has 37 served 72 consecutive hours' imprisonment. The person convicted, if 38 placed under house arrest, shall be monitored by an electronic monitoring 39 device, which verifies the offender's location. The offender shall serve a 40 minimum of 2,160 hours of confinement within the boundaries of the 41 offender's residence. Any exceptions to remaining within the boundaries of 42 the offender's residence provided for in the house arrest agreement shall 43 not be counted as part of the 2,160 hours.

1 The court may order that the term of imprisonment imposed (2)2 pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(D) or (b)(1)(E) be served in a state facility in 3 the custody of the secretary of corrections in a facility designated by the 4 secretary for the provision of substance abuse treatment pursuant to the 5 provisions of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments thereto. The 6 person shall remain imprisoned at the state facility only while participating 7 in the substance abuse treatment program designated by the secretary and 8 shall be returned to the custody of the sheriff for execution of the balance 9 of the term of imprisonment upon completion of or the person's discharge 10 from the substance abuse treatment program. Custody of the person shall be returned to the sheriff for execution of the sentence imposed in the 11 12 event the secretary of corrections determines: (A) That substance abuse 13 treatment resources or the capacity of the facility designated by the 14 secretary for the incarceration and treatment of the person is not available; 15 (B) the person fails to meaningfully participate in the treatment program of 16 the designated facility; (C) the person is disruptive to the security or 17 operation of the designated facility; or (D) the medical or mental health 18 condition of the person renders the person unsuitable for confinement at the designated facility. The determination by the secretary that the person 19 20 either is not to be admitted into the designated facility or is to be 21 transferred from the designated facility is not subject to review. The sheriff 22 shall be responsible for all transportation expenses to and from the state 23 correctional facility.

24 (3) In addition, for any conviction pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(C), 25 (b)(1)(D) or (b)(1)(E), at the time of the filing of the judgment form or journal entry as required by K.S.A. 22-3426 or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-26 27 6711, and amendments thereto, the court shall cause a certified copy to be 28 sent to the officer having the offender in charge. The court shall determine 29 whether the offender, upon release from imprisonment, shall be supervised 30 by community correctional services or court services based upon the risk 31 and needs of the offender. The risk and needs of the offender shall be determined by use of a risk assessment tool specified by the Kansas 32 33 sentencing commission. The law enforcement agency maintaining custody 34 and control of a defendant for imprisonment shall cause a certified copy of 35 the judgment form or journal entry to be sent to the supervision office 36 designated by the court and upon expiration of the term of imprisonment 37 shall deliver the defendant to a location designated by the supervision 38 office designated by the court. After the term of imprisonment imposed by 39 the court, the person shall be placed on supervision to community 40 correctional services or court services, as determined by the court, for a 41 mandatory one-year period of supervision, which such period of 42 supervision shall not be reduced. During such supervision, the person shall 43 be required to participate in a multidisciplinary model of services for

substance use disorders facilitated by a department of social and 1 2 rehabilitation services designated care coordination agency to include 3 assessment and, if appropriate, referral to a community based substance 4 use disorder treatment including recovery management and mental health 5 counseling as needed. The multidisciplinary team shall include the 6 designated care coordination agency, the supervision officer, the social and 7 rehabilitation services department designated treatment provider and the 8 offender. Any violation of the conditions of such supervision may subject 9 such person to revocation of supervision and imprisonment in jail for the 10 remainder of the period of imprisonment, the remainder of the supervision period, or any combination or portion thereof. 11

(4) In addition, prior to sentencing for any conviction pursuant to
subsection (b)(1)(A) or (b)(1)(B), the court shall order the person to
participate in an alcohol and drug evaluation conducted by a provider in
accordance with K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto. The person shall
be required to follow any recommendation made by the provider after such
evaluation, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

18 (c) Any person convicted of violating this section or an ordinance 19 which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits who had one or more 20 children under the age of 14 years in the vehicle at the time of the offense 21 shall have such person's punishment enhanced by one month of 22 imprisonment. This imprisonment must be served consecutively to any 23 other minimum mandatory penalty imposed for a violation of this section or an ordinance which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits. Any 24 25 enhanced penalty imposed shall not exceed the maximum sentence allowable by law. During the service of the enhanced penalty, the judge 26 27 may order the person on house arrest, work release or other conditional release. 28

(d) If a person is charged with a violation of this section involving
drugs, the fact that the person is or has been entitled to use the drug under
the laws of this state shall not constitute a defense against the charge.

(e) The court may establish the terms and time for payment of any
fines, fees, assessments and costs imposed pursuant to this section. Any
assessment and costs shall be required to be paid not later than 90 days
after imposed, and any remainder of the fine shall be paid prior to the final
release of the defendant by the court.

(f) In lieu of payment of a fine imposed pursuant to this section, the court may order that the person perform community service specified by the court. The person shall receive a credit on the fine imposed in an amount equal to \$5 for each full hour spent by the person in the specified community service. The community service ordered by the court shall be required to be performed not later than one year after the fine is imposed or by an earlier date specified by the court. If by the required date the

person performs an insufficient amount of community service to reduce to
 zero the portion of the fine required to be paid by the person, the
 remaining balance of the fine shall become due on that date.

- 4 (g) Prior to filing a complaint alleging a violation of this section, a 5 prosecutor shall request and shall receive from the:
- 6 (1) Division a record of all prior convictions obtained against such 7 person for any violations of any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and

8 (2) Kansas bureau of investigation central repository all criminal 9 history record information concerning such person.

(h) The court shall electronically report every conviction of a
violation of this section and every diversion agreement entered into in lieu
of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of this
section to the division. Prior to sentencing under the provisions of this
section, the court shall request and shall receive from the division a record
of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any violations of
any of the motor vehicle laws of this state.

(i) For the purpose of determining whether a conviction is a first,
 second, third, fourth or subsequent conviction in sentencing under this
 section:

20 (1) Convictions for a violation of this section, or a violation of an 21 ordinance of any city or resolution of any county which prohibits the acts 22 that this section prohibits, or entering into a diversion agreement in lieu of 23 further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging any such violations, 24 shall be taken into account, but only convictions or diversions occurring 25 on or after July 1, 2001. Nothing in this provision shall be construed as preventing any court from considering any convictions or diversions 26 27 occurring during the person's lifetime in determining the sentence to be 28 imposed within the limits provided for a first, second, third, fourth or 29 subsequent offense:

30 (2) any convictions for a violation of the following sections occurring 31 during a person's lifetime shall be taken into account: (A) Refusing to 32 submit to a test to determine the presence of alcohol or drugs, K.S.A. 2012 33 Supp. 8-1025, and amendments thereto; (B) driving a commercial motor 34 vehicle under the influence, K.S.A. 8-2,144, and amendments thereto; (C) 35 operating a vessel under the influence of alcohol or drugs, K.S.A. 32-1131, 36 and amendments thereto; (D) involuntary manslaughter while driving 37 under the influence of alcohol or drugs, K.S.A. 21-3442, prior to its repeal, 38 or subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments 39 thereto; and (E) aggravated vehicular homicide, K.S.A. 21-3405a, prior to 40 its repeal, or vehicular battery, K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal, if the 41 crime was committed while committing a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and 42 amendments thereto:

43 (3) "conviction" includes: (A) Entering into a diversion agreement in

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1 lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of 2 a crime described in subsection (i)(2); (B) conviction of a violation of an 3 ordinance of a city in this state, a resolution of a county in this state or any 4 law of another state which would constitute a crime described in 5 subsection (i)(1) or (i)(2); and (C) receiving punishment under the uniform 6 code of military justice or Kansas code of military justice for an act which 7 was committed on a military reservation and which would constitute a 8 crime described in subsection (i)(1) or (i)(2) if committed off a military 9 reservation in this state;

(4) multiple convictions of any crime described in subsection (i)(1) or
 (i)(2) arising from the same arrest shall only be counted as one conviction;

12 (5) it is irrelevant whether an offense occurred before or after 13 conviction for a previous offense; and

(6) a person may enter into a diversion agreement in lieu of further
criminal proceedings for a violation of this section, and amendments
thereto, or an ordinance which prohibits the acts of this section, and
amendments thereto, only once during the person's lifetime.

(j) Upon conviction of a person of a violation of this section or a
 violation of a city ordinance or county resolution prohibiting the acts
 prohibited by this section, the division, upon receiving a report of
 conviction, shall suspend, restrict or suspend and restrict the person's
 driving privileges as provided by K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto.

(k) (1) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as preventing any city from enacting ordinances, or any county from adopting resolutions, declaring acts prohibited or made unlawful by this act as unlawful or prohibited in such city or county and prescribing penalties for violation thereof.

(2) The minimum penalty prescribed by any such ordinance or resolution shall not be less than the minimum penalty prescribed by this section for the same violation, and the maximum penalty in any such ordinance or resolution shall not exceed the maximum penalty prescribed for the same violation.

(3) On and after July 1, 2007, and retroactive for ordinance violations
committed on or after July 1, 2006, an ordinance may grant to a municipal
court jurisdiction over a violation of such ordinance which is concurrent
with the jurisdiction of the district court over a violation of this section,
notwithstanding that the elements of such ordinance violation are the same
as the elements of a violation of this section that would constitute, and be
punished as, a felony.

40 (4) Any such ordinance or resolution shall authorize the court to order
41 that the convicted person pay restitution to any victim who suffered loss
42 due to the violation for which the person was convicted.

(1) (1) Upon the filing of a complaint, citation or notice to appear

alleging a person has violated a city ordinance prohibiting the acts
 prohibited by this section, and prior to conviction thereof, a city attorney
 shall request and shall receive from the:

4 (A) Division a record of all prior convictions obtained against such 5 person for any violations of any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and

6 (B) Kansas bureau of investigation central repository all criminal 7 history record information concerning such person.

8 (2) If the elements of such ordinance violation are the same as the 9 elements of a violation of this section that would constitute, and be 10 punished as, a felony, the city attorney shall refer the violation to the 11 appropriate county or district attorney for prosecution.

12 (m) No plea bargaining agreement shall be entered into nor shall any judge approve a plea bargaining agreement entered into for the purpose of 13 permitting a person charged with a violation of this section, or a violation 14 of any ordinance of a city or resolution of any county in this state which 15 16 prohibits the acts prohibited by this section, to avoid the mandatory 17 penalties established by this section or by the ordinance. For the purpose 18 of this subsection, entering into a diversion agreement pursuant to K.S.A. 19 12-4413 et seq. or 22-2906 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall not 20 constitute plea bargaining.

(n) The alternatives set out in subsections (a)(1), (a)(2) and (a)(3)
may be pleaded in the alternative, and the state, city or county, but shall
not be required to, may elect one or two of the three prior to submission of
the case to the fact finder.

(o) As used in this section: (1) "Alcohol concentration" means the
number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood or per 210 liters of
breath;

(2) "imprisonment" shall include any restrained environment in which
 the court and law enforcement agency intend to retain custody and control
 of a defendant and such environment has been approved by the board of
 county commissioners or the governing body of a city; and

(3) "drug" includes toxic vapors as such term is defined in K.S.A.
2012 Supp. 21-5712, and amendments thereto.

34 (p) (1) The amount of the increase in fines as specified in this section 35 shall be remitted by the clerk of the district court to the state treasurer in 36 accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments 37 thereto. Upon receipt of remittance of the increase provided in this act, the 38 state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and the 39 state treasurer shall credit 50% to the community alcoholism and 40 intoxication programs fund and 50% to the department of corrections alcohol and drug abuse treatment fund, which is hereby created in the state 41 42 treasury.

43 (2) On and after July 1, 2011, the amount of \$250 from each fine

imposed pursuant to this section shall be remitted by the clerk of the 1 district court to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of 2 3 K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such 4 remittance, the state treasurer shall-eredit *deposit* the entire amount *in the* 5 state treasury and credit 33% to the community corrections supervision 6 fund established by K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-52,113, and amendments 7 thereto, and 67% to the correctional supervision fund established by 8 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6607, and amendments thereto.

9 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 12-4120 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-4120. On and after July 1, 2012, the amount of \$250 from 10 each fine imposed for a violation of a city ordinance prohibiting the acts 11 12 prohibited by K.S.A. 8-1567 or 8-2,144 or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-1025, and amendments thereto, shall be remitted by the judge or clerk of the 13 14 municipal court to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of 15 K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such 16 remittance, the state treasurer shall-eredit deposit the entire amount in the 17 state treasury and credit 33% to the community corrections supervision 18 fund established by K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-52,113, and amendments thereto, and 67% to the correctional supervision fund established by 19 20 K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6607, and amendments thereto.

21 Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-2,144, 8-1015, 8-1025, 8-1567 and 12-22 4120 are hereby repealed.

23 Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 24 publication in the statute book.