Session of 2013

HOUSE BILL No. 2104

By Committee on Utilities and Telecommunications

1-24

AN ACT concerning telecommunications; relating to the use of alternative
 technology, carrier of last resort; amending K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 66-2009
 and repealing the existing section.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

6 Section 1. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 66-2009 is hereby amended to read as 7 follows: 66-2009. (a) Local exchange carriers that provided switched local 8 exchange services in the state prior to January 1, 1996, or their successors, 9 shall serve as the carrier of last resort in their exchanges and shall be eligible to receive KUSF funding. However, with respect to the Hill City 10 exchange area in which multiple carriers were certified prior to January 1, 11 12 1996, the commission's determination, subject to court appeals, shall 13 determine which authorized carrier shall serve as carrier of last resort. The 14 local exchange carrier serving as the carrier of last resort shall remain the 15 carrier of last resort and shall be entitled to recover the costs of serving as 16 carrier of last resort.

(b) Beginning March 1, 1997, the amount of KUSF funds owed to
each qualifying telecommunications carrier, telecommunications public
utility or wireless telecommunications service provider in the state, based
upon the revenue requirements assigned to the funds for such qualifying
utility, carrier or provider, shall be allocated by the fund administrator in
equal monthly installments.

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(c) (1) For the purposes of this subsection:

(A) "Alternative service provider" means any person or entity providing local telecommunications services or any person or entity allowing another person or entity to use its equipment or facilities to provide local telecommunications services or any person or entity securing rights to select an alternative service provider for a property owner or developer, and does not include a local exchange carrier providing service within its commission-approved local exchange service area.

(B) "Alternative technology" means any technology that offers local telecommunications service and functionality comparable to that provided through an exiting alternative existing service provider's facilities, and may include a technology that does not require the use of any public right-of-way. Such technology shall meet all quality of service requirements established pursuant to K.S.A. 66-2002, and amendments thereto, provide

1 universal service pursuant to K.S.A. 66-1,187, and amendments thereto,

2 and provide a minimum of three hours of voice service in the event of an
3 electric power outage.

4 (C) "Greenfield area" means an area that requires entirely new 5 construction of local loops, in addition to the deployment of any necessary 6 switching and other network equipment, to serve new real property 7 developments.

8 (D) "Local telecommunications service" means two-way voice 9 service capable of being originated and terminated within a local exchange 10 service area, regardless of the technology used to provision the voice 11 service.

12 (E) "Owner or developer" means the owner or developer of a 13 business or residential property, any condominium association or 14 homeowners' association thereof, any other person or entity having 15 ownership in, or control over, the property, or any person acting on behalf 16 of such owner or developer.

(F) "Real property" includes, but is not limited to, any single tenant or
multi-tenant business or residential property, subdivisions, condominiums,
apartments, office buildings or office parks.

20 (2) A local exchange carrier obligated by this section to serve as the 21 carrier of last resort is hereby relieved of that obligation, and shall not be 22 obligated to provide basic local telecommunications service to any 23 occupants of real property if the owner or developer of the real property, or 24 a person acting on behalf of the owner or developer of real property, 25 engages in any of the following acts:

(A) Permits an alternative service provider to install its facilities or
equipment used to provide local telecommunications service based on a
condition of exclusion of the local exchange carrier, during the
construction phase of the real property;

(B) accepts or agrees to accept incentives or rewards from an
alternative service provider that are contingent upon the provision of any
or all local telecommunications services by one or more alternative service
providers to the exclusion of the local exchange carrier; or

(C) collects from the occupants or residents of the real property mandatory charges for the provision of any local telecommunications service provided by an alternative service provider to the occupants or residents in any manner, including, but not limited to, collection through rent, fees or dues.

39 (3) The local exchange carrier relieved of its carrier of last resort 40 obligation to provide basic local telecommunications service to the 41 occupants of the real property, pursuant to subsection (c), shall notify the 42 commission of that fact within 120 days after receiving knowledge of the 43 existence of such fact. 3

1 (4) A local exchange carrier that is not automatically relieved of its 2 carrier of last resort obligation pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (c) 3 may seek a waiver of its carrier of last resort obligation from the 4 commission for good cause shown based on the facts and circumstances of the provision of local telecommunications service or internet access 5 6 service to a particular real property. Upon petition for such relief, notice 7 shall be given by the local exchange carrier at the same time to the 8 relevant owner or developer. The commission shall make a determination 9 concerning the petition on or before 90 days after such petition is filed.

10 (5) If all conditions described in paragraph (2) or (4) of subsection (c) 11 cease to exist at the property, and the owner or developer requests in 12 writing that the local exchange carrier make local telecommunications 13 service available to occupants of the real property and confirms in writing 14 that all conditions described in paragraph (2) or (4) of subsection (c) have ceased to exist at the property, the carrier of last resort obligation under 15 this section shall again apply to the local exchange carrier at the real 16 property. The local exchange carrier shall provide notice to the 17 18 commission that it is assuming the carrier of last resort obligation. The 19 local exchange carrier may require that the owner or developer pay to the 20 local exchange carrier in advance a reasonable fee to recover costs that 21 exceed the costs that would have been incurred to construct or acquire 22 facilities to serve customers at the real property initially. The commission 23 may verify that the fee enables the local exchange carrier to recover its 24 costs that exceed the costs that would have been incurred to construct or 25 acquire facilities to serve customers at the real property initially, including, 26 but not limited to, amounts necessary to install or retrofit any facilities or 27 equipment, to cut or trench sidewalks and streets and to restore roads, 28 sidewalks, block walls or landscapes to original conditions. The local exchange carrier shall have a reasonable period of time following the 29 30 request from the owner or developer to make arrangements for local 31 telecommunications service availability. If a local exchange carrier is 32 relieved of its carrier of last resort obligation under paragraph (2) or (4) of 33 subsection (c), the owner or developer shall notify all occupants and any 34 subsequent owner of the specific real property of the following: (1) That 35 the incumbent local exchange carrier does not have facilities installed to 36 serve the specific real property, and that such carrier has been relieved of 37 its carrier of last resort obligations; and (2) the name of the person that will 38 be providing local telecommunications service to the real property, and the 39 type of technology that will be used to provide such service. An incumbent 40 local exchange carrier may meet the carrier's obligations under this section 41 using any available alternative technology. If any conditions described in 42 paragraph (2) or (4) of subsection (c) again exist at the real property, the 43 relief in paragraph (2) or (4) of subsection (c) shall again apply.

1 (6) When real property is located in a greenfield area, a carrier of last 2 resort shall not automatically be excused from its obligations under 3 paragraph (2) of subsection (c) unless the alternative service provider 4 possesses or shall possess at the time of commencement of service the 5 capability to provide local telecommunications service or the functional 6 equivalent of such service through any form of technology.

7 (7) If an owner or developer of real property permits an alternative 8 service provider to install its facilities or equipment used to provide local 9 telecommunications service to such property based on a condition of 10 exclusion of the local exchange carrier, the owner or developer must 11 provide written notice to the purchaser of any such real property that there 12 is an exclusion of that local exchange carrier, and that the alternative 13 service provider is the exclusive provider of service to such property.

(8) A local exchange carrier shall be relieved of carrier of last resort 14 15 obligations in any exchange in which the carrier is not receiving federal 16 universal service fund or KUSF moneys if there are at least two other 17 telecommunications providers in each such exchange and at least one of such providers, in addition to the local exchange carrier, is able to serve 18 19 each residential and commercial location within each such exchange. 20 Such providers may use alternative technology. The commission may 21 require that a local exchange carrier:

(A) Validate the availability of two additional telecommunications
 providers in each such exchange;

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(B) maintain quality of service standards; and

(C) ensure that the fees and rates of the other telecommunications
 providers are fair and reasonable in comparison to the local exchange
 carrier's charges.

28 (9) (A) A local exchange carrier with a carrier of last resort 29 obligation may provide telecommunications service through an alternative technology. The carrier shall assist any customer unable to receive service 30 through the proposed alternative technology to receive service from an 31 32 alternative service provider. If such a provider is unavailable, then the 33 carrier shall continue to provide service to such customer. A carrier may not charge any expenses for customers transitioning to an alternative 34 technology at the request or requirement of the carrier. The carrier shall 35 provide the state corporation commission with 60 days' notice prior to 36 37 transitioning customers to an alternative technology and five days' notice 38 prior to the transition of a customer to an alternative service provider. 39 Prior to notifying the commission, the carrier shall negotiate exit fees with all local public safety answering point operators and emergency medical 40 service providers within the affected exchange and ensure that E-911 41 service, as defined in K.S.A. 12-5363, and amendments thereto, shall 42 43 remain in effect. In the event that an agreement can not be reached, the

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commission shall select the exit fees from the proposals offered by the
 carrier and the affected local government, but may not establish any
 additional fees or rates. Such selection shall be based on what is
 determined to be fair and reasonable to all parties. A carrier may appeal a
 final decision by the commission to reject a carrier's application to use
 alternative technologies or to abandon the carrier's carrier of last resort
 obligations pursuant to the Kansas judicial review act.

8 (B) Customers of a local exchange carrier may not refuse an 9 alternative technology provided by the carrier, but may require the carrier 10 to assist them in finding an alternative service provider. If no alternative 11 service provider is available, the customer shall accept the alternative 12 technology or the carrier will be relieved of carrier of last resort 13 obligations to that customer.

14 (C) A local exchange carrier transitioning customers to an 15 alternative technology shall not be eligible to receive KUSF funds for 16 customers in that exchange. The state corporation commission shall have 17 no jurisdiction over any alternative technology employed by a local 18 exchange carrier if such technology is regulated by the federal 19 communications commission.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 66-2009 is hereby repealed.

21 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 22 publication in the statute book.