Session of 2013

## HOUSE BILL No. 2083

By Committee on Commerce, Labor and Economic Development

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AN ACT concerning the public employees relations board; amending 2 K.S.A. 75-4327 and K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-4332 and repealing the 3 existing sections.

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5 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

6 Section 1. K.S.A. 75-4327 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-7 4327. (a) Public employers shall recognize employee organizations for the 8 purpose of representing their members in relations with public agencies as 9 to grievances and conditions of employment. Employee organizations may establish reasonable provisions for an individual's admission to or 10 11 dismissal from membership.

12 (b) Where an employee organization has been certified by the board 13 as representing a majority of the employees in an appropriate unit, or 14 recognized formally by the public employer pursuant to the provisions of 15 this act, the appropriate employer shall meet and confer in good faith with 16 such employee organization in the determination of conditions of 17 employment of the public employees as provided in this act, and may enter 18 into a memorandum of agreement with such recognized employee 19 organization.

20 (c) A recognized employee organization shall represent not less than a 21 majority of the employees of an appropriate unit. When a question 22 concerning the designation of an appropriate unit is raised by a public 23 agency, employee organization or by five or more employees, the public 24 employee relations board, at the request of any of the parties, shall 25 investigate such question and, after a hearing in accordance with the 26 provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, rule on the 27 definition of the appropriate unit in accordance with subsection (e) of this 28 section.

29 (d) Following determination of the appropriate unit of employees, the 30 public employee relations board, at the request of the public employer or 31 on petition of employees, shall investigate questions and certify to the 32 parties in writing, the names of the representatives that have been 33 designated for an appropriate unit. The filing of a petition for the 34 investigation or certification of a representative of employees shall show 35 the names of not less than 30% of the employees within an appropriate unit. In any such investigation, the board may provide for an appropriate 36

1 hearing, shall determine voting eligibility and shall take a secret ballot of 2 employees in the appropriate unit involved to ascertain such 3 representatives for the purpose of formal recognition. Recognition shall be 4 granted only to an employee organization that has been selected as a 5 representative of an appropriate unit, in a secret ballot election, by a 6 majority of the employees in an appropriate unit who voted at such 7 election. Each employee eligible to vote shall be provided the opportunity 8 to choose the employee organization such employee wishes to represent 9 such employee, from among those on the ballot, or to choose "no representation." When an election in which the ballot provided for three or 10 more choices between representatives and no representation resulted in no 11 12 choice receiving a majority of the valid votes cast, the board shall conduct 13 a run-off election by secret ballot. The ballot in a run-off election shall 14 only provide for a selection between the two choices receiving the largest 15 and second largest number of votes in the original election. The board is 16 authorized to hold elections to determine whether: (1) An employee 17 organization should be recognized as the formal representative of 18 employees in a unit; (2) an employee organization should replace another 19 employee organization as the formal representative of employees in a unit;

20 (3) a recognized employee organization should be decertified.

Any petition calling for an election in accordance with this section shall be dismissed by the board without determining the questions raised therein if such petition is filed more than 150 days or less than 90 days prior to the expiration date of an existing memorandum of agreement which governs the terms and conditions of employment of the employees within the appropriate unit.

If the board has certified a formally recognized representative in an appropriate unit, it shall not be required to consider the matter again for a period of one year, unless the board determines that sufficient reason exists. The board may promulgate such rules and regulations as may be appropriate to carry out the provisions of subsections (c) and (d)-of this section.

33 (e) Any group of public employees considering the formation of an 34 employee organization for formal recognition, any public employer 35 considering the recognition of an employee organization on its own 36 volition and the board, in investigating questions at the request of the 37 parties as specified in this section, shall take into consideration, along with 38 other relevant factors: (1) The principle of efficient administration of 39 government; (2) the existence of a community of interest among 40 employees; (3) the history and extent of employee organization; (4) 41 geographical location; (5) the effects of overfragmentation and the 42 splintering of a work organization; (6) the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4325, 43 and amendments thereto; and (7) the recommendations of the parties

1 involved.

2 (f) A recognized employee organization shall not include: (1) Both 3 professional and other employees, unless a majority of the professional 4 employees vote for inclusion in the organization; (2) uniform police 5 employees and public property security guards with any other public 6 employees, but such employees may form their own separate homogenous 7 units; or (3) uniformed firemen with any other public employees, but such 8 employees may form their own separate homogenous units. The 9 employees of a public safety department of cities which has both police 10 and fire protection duties shall be an appropriate unit.

(g) It is the intent of this act that employer-employee relations 11 12 affecting the finances of a public employer shall be conducted at such 13 times as will permit any resultant memorandum of agreement to be duly implemented in the budget preparation and adoption process. A public 14 employer, during the 60 days immediately prior to its budget submission 15 16 date, shall not be required to recognize an employee organization not 17 previously recognized, nor shall it be obligated to initiate or begin meet 18 and confer proceedings with any recognized employee organization for a 19 period of 30 days before and 30 days after its budget submission date.

20 (h) No employee organization shall be recognized unless it 21 establishes and maintains standards of conduct providing for: (1) The 22 maintenance of democratic procedures and practices, including periodic 23 elections by secret ballot and the fair and equal treatment of all members; 24 and (2) the maintenance of fiscal integrity, including accurate accounting 25 and periodic financial reports open to all members and the prohibition of 26 business or financial interests by officers which conflict with their 27 fiduciary responsibilities.

(i) The board shall assess the reasonable costs for conducting a
 secret ballot of the employees against the party seeking the election.

30 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-4332 is hereby amended to read as 31 follows: 75-4332. (a) Public employers may include in memoranda of 32 agreement concluded with recognized employee organizations a provision 33 setting forth the procedures to be invoked in the event of disputes which 34 reach an impasse in the course of meet and confer proceedings. Such 35 memorandum shall define conditions under which an impasse exists, and if 36 the employer is bound by the budget law set forth in K.S.A. 79-2925 et 37 seq., and amendments thereto, the memorandum shall provide that an 38 impasse is deemed to exist if the parties fail to achieve agreement at least 39 14 days prior to budget submission date.

(b) In the absence of such memorandum of procedures, or upon the
failure of such procedures resulting in an impasse, either party may request
the assistance of the public employee relations board, or the board may
render such assistance on its own motion. In either event, if the board

determines an impasse exists in meet and confer proceedings between a public employer and a recognized employee organization, the board shall aid the parties in effecting a voluntary resolution of the dispute, and request the appointment of a mediator or mediators, representative of the public, from a list of qualified persons maintained by the secretary of labor, and such appointment of a mediator or mediators shall be made forthwith by the secretary.

8 (c) All verbal or written information transmitted between any party to 9 a dispute and a mediator conducting the proceeding, or the staff of an approved program under K.S.A. 5-501 et seq., and amendments thereto, 10 shall be confidential communications. No admission, representation or 11 12 statement made in the proceeding shall be admissible as evidence or 13 subject to discovery. A mediator shall not be subject to process requiring 14 the disclosure of any matter discussed during the proceedings unless all the parties consent to a waiver. Any party, including the neutral person or staff 15 16 of an approved program conducting the proceeding, participating in the 17 proceeding has a privilege in any action to refuse to disclose, and to 18 prevent a witness from disclosing, any communication made in the course of the proceeding. The privilege may be claimed by the party or anyone 19 20 the party authorizes to claim the privilege.

(d) The confidentiality and privilege requirements of this section shallnot apply to:

(1) Information that is reasonably necessary to establish a defense for
the mediator or staff of an approved program conducting the proceeding in
the case of an action against the mediator or staff of an approved program
that is filed by a party to the mediation;

(2) any information that the mediator is required to report under
K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 38-2223, and amendments thereto;

(3) any information that is reasonably necessary to stop the
 commission of an ongoing crime or fraud or to prevent the commission of
 a crime or fraud in the future for which there was an expressed intent to
 commit such crime or fraud; or

(4) any information that the mediator is required to report or
 communicate under the specific provisions of any statute or in order to
 comply with orders of the court.

36 (e) If the impasse persists seven days after the mediators have been 37 appointed, the board shall request the appointment of a fact-finding board 38 of not more than three members, each representative of the public, from a 39 list of qualified persons maintained by the secretary of labor. The fact-40 finding board shall conduct a hearing, may administer oaths, and may request the board to issue subpoenas. It shall make written findings of facts 41 42 and recommendations for resolution of the dispute and, not later than 21 43 days from the day of appointment, shall serve such findings on the public

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employer and the recognized employee organization. The board may make
 this report public seven days after it is submitted to the parties. If the
 dispute continues 14 days after the report is submitted to the parties, the
 report shall be made public.

5 (f) If the parties have not resolved the impasse by the end of a 40-day 6 period, commencing with the appointment of the fact-finding board, or by 7 a date not later than 14 days prior to the budget submission date, 8 whichever date occurs first: (1) The representative of the public employer involved shall submit to the governing body of the public employer 9 involved a copy of the findings of fact and recommendations of the fact-10 finding board, together with the representative's recommendations for 11 12 settling the dispute; (2) the employee organization may submit to such governing body its recommendations for settling the dispute; (3) the 13 14 governing body or a duly authorized committee thereof shall forthwith 15 conduct a hearing at which the parties shall be required to explain their 16 positions; and (4) thereafter, the governing body shall take such action as it 17 deems to be in the public interest, including the interest of the public 18 employees involved. The provisions of this subsection shall not be 19 applicable to the state and its agencies and employees.

(g) The cost for the mediation and fact-finding services provided by
the secretary of labor upon request of the board-shall be borne by the
secretary of labor. All and all other costs, including that of a neutral
arbitrator, shall be borne equally by the parties to a dispute.

24 Sec. 3. K.S.A. 75-4327 and K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-4332 are hereby 25 repealed.

26 Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 27 publication in the statute book.