

Kansas Board of Regents - Council of Education Deans

Senate Education Committee - SB 44 "How do Kansas' Schools of Education prepare future teachers to

work with individuals with dyslexia?"

Good Morning,

My name is Howard Smith and I am Dean of the College of Education at Pittsburg State University. This year I serve as Chairperson for the Regents Council of Education Deans (COED). With me today is Dr. Donna Sayman, Assistant Professor from Wichita State University who teaches pre-service teachers about exceptionalities and Dr. Ken Weaver, Dean of the Teacher's College at Emporia State University. Today we are representing COED in sharing about how the Regents' Institutions prepare future teachers to work with individuals with dyslexia.

Listed by institution are the pre-service courses that each future teacher must compete successfully before student teaching and seeking licensure. As you will see, students are:

1. Introduced to dyslexia:

- Through general knowledge and instruction,
- Developing an understanding of characteristics of specific learning disabilities,
- Studying of case studies,
- d. Watching videos of actual students with diagnoses and,
- e. Participating in field experiences.
- 2. Taught initial methods of identifying students with dyslexia,
 - Through learning both formal and informal methods educators can use, on an on-going basis, to diagnose their student's ability to comprehend content material,
 - b. Assess student's levels of academic achievement and functional performance,

- 3. Taught instructional methods through,
 - a. Understanding differentiated strategies,
 - b. Learning about successful research based strategies,
 - c. Learning instructional process of assessment, analysis of data, development of grouping/lessons, and delivery of lessons specifically addressing individual student needs.

Students are also taught how to seek specialist assistance in serving identified students.

All teacher preparation programs introduce methods to address academic disabilities as well as methods to enhance instruction for advanced learners.

Currently degree programs contain 124+/- credit hours. Each year it is becoming increasingly more difficult to maintain this level with the discoveries in instructional techniques, learning styles, and learning characteristics which better assist students in their learning process. At the same time programs are responding to new knowledge and there is a desire for bachelor's degree programs to target 120 credit hours to be more affordable for students.

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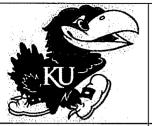
"How do Kansas' Schools of Education prepare future teachers to work with individuals with dyslexia?"



Pittsburg State University

http://www.pittstate.edu/college/education/index.dot

Courses/Training	How does the course/training address	Any additional information regarding
	Dyslexia? (Techniques-Objectives)	how Dyslexia is addressed.
EDUC 261 Explorations in	Dyslexia is introduced	
Education		
SPED 510 Overview of Special	Students are provided general knowledge	Students in SPED 510 do case studies
Education (Birth – 6 th Grade)	about dyslexia throughout the semester,	of students with adaptive learning
	especially when studying the	needs in the general education
	characteristics of specific learning	classroom. Some of these case study
	disabilities. Students are given examples	options involve students with dyslexia.
	of and participate in an online simulation	The goal of the case studies activity is
	of what it is like to have dyslexia.	to assess the student's present levels
	Additional information is also garnered	of academic achievement and
- -	through watching videos of actual	functional performance and to
	students with such diagnoses.	consider and provide rationale for
		research based interventions
		addressing the student's learning and
		behavioral needs.
SPED 511 Overview of Special	Students are provided general knowledge	Students in SPED 510 do case studies
Education	about dyslexia throughout the semester,	of students with adaptive learning
	especially when studying the	needs in the general education
	characteristics of specific learning	classroom. Some of these case study
	disabilities. Students are given examples	options involve students with dyslexia.
	of and participate in an online simulation	The goal of the case studies activity is
	of what it is like to have dyslexia.	to assess the student's present levels
	Additional information is also garnered	of academic achievement and
	through watching videos of actual	functional performance and to
*	students with such diagnoses.	consider and provide rationale for
		research based interventions
		addressing the student's learning and
		behavioral needs.
SPED 513 Instructional	Students take knowledge of dyslexia (and	·
Approaches for the Inclusive	other high incidence disabilities) and focus	
Classroom	on methods for working effectively with	·
	students in the general education	
	classroom.	
	Assignments/lectures/activities vary but	
	focus on research based interventions,	
	especially targeting students who struggle	
	in accessing and using text.	



University of Kansas

http://www.soe.ku.edu/

Courses/Training
SPED 326: Teaching
Exceptional Children
and Youth in
General Education
(3 hrs.)—all teacher
ed students

How does the course/training address Dyslexia? (Techniques-Objectives)

Students are introduced to academic disabilities, including dyslexia. It provides them information about students with disabilities that they will have in their classrooms and the law governing special education and its implications for them as general educators. Students learn about planning instruction that is differentiated to meet various learner needs, universal design principles and instructional tools, providing meaningful access to general education classrooms and curriculum for students with disabilities and designing and delivering appropriate accommodations and modifications to assist student learning

C & T 448: Reading and Writing Across the Curriculum (3 hrs.)—secondary teacher ed students Content area teachers do far more than impart information to students. They play an important role in guiding middle/secondary students as they use reading and writing as tools for learning. This course includes an overview of the state and national reading and writing scores of adolescents. Students are introduced to the basic processes or ways in which individuals may learn to read and write. The course continues with a focus on the instructional strategies and materials that promote the development of reading and writing in the context of teaching new information. Additionally, the course emphasizes the informal methods educators can use, on an on-going basis, to diagnose their students ability to comprehend content material. Finally, appropriate fix-up strategies are modeled.

C & T 352: Literacy Instruction in the Primary Grades (3 hrs.)—elementary teacher ed students This course is intended to develop the attitudes, knowledge, and skills necessary to effectively instruct primary grades (K-3) children through the development of literacy skills: reading, writing, listening, speaking, spelling, and handwriting. The major goals of this course are for the prospective teacher to develop an understanding of literacy development of the primary-grades child, current literacy theories, and the ability to work with a number of approaches to promote literacy learning and a positive attitude toward literacy in all primary-grades students who may have different needs due to language, culture, learning challenges including dyslexia, and/or differing stages of development. This course is taken concurrently with C&T 353, Literacy Practicum in the Primary Grades.

C & T 354 Literacy Instruction in the Intermediate Grades (3 hrs.)—elementary teacher ed students This course is intended to develop the attitudes, knowledge, and skills necessary to effectively instruct intermediate-grades children (4-6) through the development of literacy skills: reading, writing, listening, speaking, and spelling. The major goals of this course are for the prospective teacher to develop an understanding of literacy development of the intermediate-grades child, current literacy theories, and the ability to work with a number of approaches to promote literacy learning and a positive attitude toward literacy in all intermediate-grades students who may have different needs due to language, culture, learning challenges including dyslexia, and/or differing stages of development.



Emporia State University

http://www.emporia.edu/teach/

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Courses/Training	How does the course/training address Dyslexia?	Any additional information regarding
	(Techniques-Objectives)	how Dyslexia is addressed.
EL220	Introduction to the basic philosophies and	
Introduction to	general overview of the many roles of the	
Teaching	teacher. Basic concepts include working with	
	children of different abilities, skills, and	
	conditions including exceptionalities.	
SD550 Survey of	Specific characteristic of exceptionalities are	
Exceptionalities	introduced; "dyslexia" would be one of many	
	learning disabilities.	
SD560	This course addresses a variety of research-	
Collaboration	based strategies that can be used to address	
and Strategies	students with special needs including those with	
	"dyslexia."	
EL230 Children's	General information about children's literature is	
Literature	presented. Students are presented and	
	participate in a variety of comprehension	
	strategies with instructional suggestions given	
	for those students who are reluctant or	
	struggling readers.	
EL310/ED535	This course emphasizes the diverse learner and	
Diverse Learners	research-based strategies that work well to	
or Cultural	address the special needs of each child, including	
Awareness	the specific disability of "dyslexia."	
EL312 Reading	This course focuses on introducing teacher	Emphasis is on the following skills:
and Writing	candidates to the concepts they will later learn	alphabetic principle, phonemic
Connections	to teach. An emphasis is placed on literacy	awareness, phonics, spelling,
	learning through a classroom rich in strategic	handwriting, writing process, 6 traits,
	instruction in reading, writing, viewing, listening	text types and strategies usage.
	and speaking. Candidates have an introduction	Mastery testing of skills assures college
	to the writing process, 6 traits, and a variety of	candidates have adequate skill levels
	text types. Additionally, the course addresses	(vocabulary, word parts, phonetic
	how teachers work with students who struggle	analysis, structural analysis, spelling,
	with writing.	handwriting) before proceeding to
		methods courses where assessment
		and instruction are emphasized.
EE311 Planning	In this course, students are exposed to lesson	Special needs, such as "dyslexia," are
& Assessment	planning and the connections between	addressed in the adaptation portion of
	assessment and instruction with an emphasis on	the lesson plan model.
	data-driven instruction and reflection.	
	Adaptation, analysis and reflective planning are	

	practiced as pre-service teachers work with	
	students to pre-test, design lessons based on	
	individual needs, teach, and reflect upon each	
	lesson.	
EE313 Reading	Primary emphasis in this course is on data-	The course addresses research-based
for the	driven, research-based instructional strategies	instructional techniques in phonics,
Elementary	used for all readers including those designed for	phonemic awareness, alphabetic
Teacher I	students who struggle with reading.	principle, MTSS, guided reading, and
		other strategies for struggling readers.
EE315 Language	This course addresses the stages of spelling and	
Arts Methods	writing development. It includes information	
	about letter reversals and articulation of sounds.	
EE413/414	This course includes a field experience with	Assessments used include those that
Reading for the	heavy emphasis on reading assessment under	measure:
Elementary	the supervision of a highly-qualified mentor and	Interests/Attitudes/Background
Teacher IIs	university supervisor. Students work with an	Investigations/Vision/Hearing/Concepts
	individual student (often a struggling reader), a	of Print/Letter Identification/Phonemic
	small group and a whole group. Students put	Awareness/Phonics/Story
	into practice the diagnostic process and address	Concept/Vocabulary (at many
	the needs of the individual in a case study field	levels)/Miscue
•	experience. Students work through the entire	Analysis/Comprehension/Fluency;
	instructional process of assessment, analysis of	multiple measures and assessments are
	data, development of grouping/lessons, delivery	thoroughly reviewed and used.
	of lessons specifically addressing individual	Candidates must plan and deliver data-
	student needs, and reflection leading to further	driven instructional lessons focused on
	adaptation and lesson development/grouping -	reader needs in the content area
	ongoing targeted instruction.	classes.
EL320 Observing	This is a field-based class where students	
Teaching and	develop units of study and lesson plans, all of	
Learning	which must include adaptations appropriate for	
	the situation, including many students with	
	special needs.	<u> </u>



Washburn University

http://www.washburn.edu/academics/college-schools/artssciences/departments/education/index.html

	sciences/departments/education/index.html	
Courses/Training	How does the course/training address	Any additional information regarding how
	Dyslexia? (Techniques-Objectives)	Dyslexia is addressed.
ED 225 Becoming an	This course provides an overview of	There is a field experience associated with this
Educational	the professional expectations of	course and students are expected to observe
Professional	teachers. Students are introduced to	and reflect on a variety of school-based
This course is	a variety of strategies for assessing	experiences.
required of all	student learning. Students also review	
elementary, P – 12,	the influences of P – 12 students'	
and secondary	individual, family, and community	
candidates.	characteristics.	
ED 302 Teaching	Students in this undergraduate class	Students view and discuss the FAT City video
Exceptional Learners	study the characteristics and	from Rick Lavoie.
This course is	educational needs of all types of	
required of all	exceptional learners. Instructional	Students are encouraged to participate in
elementary, P – 12,	strategies and appropriate resources	professional development activities, e.g.,
and secondary	related to dyslexia. Specifically, its	workshops and conferences with focus on
candidates.	definition, causal factors and	dyslexia.
	intervention strategies.	·
	There is discussion of the history of	
	dyslexia and LD, definition,	
	characteristics, accommodations for	
	dyslexia and LD	

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Kansas State University

114	http://www.engg.ksu.edu/	
Courses/Training	How does the	Any additional information regarding how Dyslexia is
	course/training address	addressed.
	Dyslexia? (Techniques-	
	Objectives)	
EDEL 411	Teaching Literacy: K-2	In EDEL 411, Teaching Literacy: K-2, we have a
Required of all		professional journal article assignment that covers
elementary	Professional Reading	dyslexia and the students complete a graphic organizer
majors	Graphic Organizers	designed to aid struggling readers' comprehension to
	Video	summarize the article. Candidates are using a teaching
		strategy useful for dyslexics and applying it to their own
		learning. All candidates also watch a video about reading
		and the brain that covers instructional strategies to use
		with dyslexic and struggling readers. In addition, we
	V	cover dysgraphia that is often undiagnosed and related to
		dyslexia.
EDSP 323	Special Education in	All students complete an activity that simulates dyslexia
Required for all	Secondary Schools	and other decoding processing disorders. They are
secondary	1	required to write about it and identify potential
education majors	Simulation Activity	strategies. We spend one entire class session focused on
·	Written Reflection	learning disabilities including dyslexia (1/16th of the
	Universal Design for	course). We also focus on potential universal design for
	Learning	learning (UDL) and technology solutions as they apply to
	Technology Solutions	LDs and other disability groups.
EDSP 324	Exceptional Child in the	A video is presented that includes dyslexia and leads
Required for all	Regular	students to a website called Misunderstood Minds where
elementary	Classroom	students participate in simulation activities to encourage
education majors	\	understanding. Two or more class periods, or slightly
,	Video	over 1/16 of the class is focused on learning disabilities
	Website for Simulations –	and dyslexia. We also talk about UDL solutions including
	Misunderstood Minds	technology-based solutions.
		We discuss using multiple approaches and using data based instruction to determine what is most successful
		with an individual student.



Fort Hays State University http://www.fhsu.edu/coe/

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Courses/Training	How does the course/training address Dyslexia? (Techniques-Objectives)
Course	Strategy
TEEC 323 Emergent Literacy	The focus is on literacy and very young children (birth - age 8). Signs and symptoms of dyslexia are addressed. Dyslexia is a topic that candidates are given the option of focusing on for their research project.
TEEC 231 Human Growth and Development	We discuss dyslexia in Human Growth and Development during middle childhood, identifying it as a developmental reading disorder and the most common learning disorder identified when children are during this stage of development. We discuss the symptoms and what the different role as a parent, teacher, medical care profession, and/or counselor has to provide help to the child or adult that has been diagnosed with it.
TEEL 365 Reading and Language Arts Methods	In Reading and Language Arts, I present visual impairments, which includes dyslexia. Additionally, the candidates must include an adaptation for students with visual impairments in their Level 3 lesson plans. In the Reading and Language Arts course, TEEL 365, TEEL 365 VA, and TEEL 365 VB, all candidates receive information via course lectures, textbook readings, and URL links about vision, visual acuity, visual impairments and dyslexia. When developing Level 3 lesson plans, students are to include adaptations for visual impairments and/or dyslexia, depending on individual students' needs.
TESP 302 Educating Exceptional Students	In the textbook, dyslexia is explained in the context of learning disabilities with neurological causes. As a semester project, groups of two and three students have selected particular disabilities to research and develop short video clips on, incorporating characteristics as well as evidence-based interventions. One group is investigating dyslexia. These video projects will be shared with and accessible to all the students in my section of TESP 302.
TESP 360 Principles of Instruction in Special Education	In Principles of Instruction to Special Education, we also discuss it as in the above class, but in more detail. We discuss and examine assessments for dyslexia, different teaching strategies, LRE, IEP's, remedial instruction and the psychosocial influences of it and that positive reinforcement for selfesteem and counseling may be needed.



Wichita State University

http://www.wichita.edu/thisis/academics/education/

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Courses/Training	How does the course/training address Dyslexia? (Techniques-Objectives)	Any additional information regarding how Dyslexia is addressed.
CI 311.	To support the coursework for the Core 1 teacher	
Introduction to	candidates, this field experience provides students with	
Diversity Field	opportunities to observe,	
Experience (1).	and interact with diverse populations in the context of	The first of the second of the second
	classroom, community, and family settings. This observation	Ass. (A.1)
	is conducted in both general and special education	
	classrooms with a certified teacher. The Core 1 candidates	
	are also supervised by COE faculty.	
CI 317. Literacy	Covers principles and strategies used in effective	
Strategies in the	instruction,	41 1 3 3 4 3 4 4 4 5
Content Areas.	including vocabulary development and comprehension skills	
	needed to more fully read to learn in content areas.	
	Teachers are taught to recognize learning differences and	
	how to accommodate and modify curriculum, and	
	instruction to meet the needs of diverse learners.	
CI 318. Core II	Provides opportunity for teacher candidates to apply	•
Practicum:	principles and strategies used in effective content literacy	
Literacy	instruction, including vocabulary development, reading	
Strategies.	comprehension and evaluation of print/non-print texts	
	(including listening and viewing), and expression of ideas	
	(speaking and writing) for a variety of audiences and	
	purposes. Candidates develop multiple literacies as they	
	design, implement, modify, and evaluate instruction that	
	integrates purposeful 21st century technologies and meets	
	the needs of culturally, cognitive differences, along with	
	developmentally, and linguistically diverse students.	
CI 320.	Teacher candidates are introduced to the strengths and	Teacher candidates at WSU
Introduction to	needs of all learners with exceptional needs, including those	are immersed in an
Diversity:	with dyslexia. This course provides information on how to	environment of discussion,
Exceptionalities.	identify characteristics of students with learning differences	conversation, and problem
	and equip the future educators with the tools they will need	solving related to issues
	to meet the needs of those students. This course also	pertinent to teaching in an
	covers special education laws and current RTI expectations	urban serving school
	for designing appropriate interventions for student needs.	district. Faculty focus is to
	The effects of cultural differences and human developments	equip these teachers to
	on individuals with exceptional needs are explored. Current	recognize difficulties in all
	educational policy, practices, and services are reviewed.	content areas and gives

	Taken by all Elementary and Middle secondary teacher	them the tools to
	candidates.	accommodate instruction. Through case studies, role play, explicit instruction modeling, the faculty aims to prepare future educators to help all students, including those with dyslexia, to be successful learners.
CI 324. Linguistics for Elementary Teachers	In-depth study of the major theories of first and additional language acquisition/development/learning and their implications for K-6 classroom instruction.	
CI 402E. Instructional Strategies Assessment and Management (ISAM): Elementary Teaching Early Literacy K-2.	This course prepares teacher candidates for instructional and assessment decisions, along with processes necessary for meeting curriculum goals and objectives in the K–2 classroom. Students become familiar with various management strategies for building a positive classroom environment in which young children can achieve at their full potential. Students understand instruction, assessment, and classroom management in the context of teaching emergent literacy to foster language development, create optimal learning environments, assess and evaluate literacy learning, and provide for language development, create optimal learning environments, assess and evaluate literacy learning, and provide for differentiation and intervention strategies related to young students, including those with dyslexia. Comprehensive, evidence-based primary literacy programs include modeled, guided, and direct instruction; management and organization frameworks; skill and strategy teaching; integration of reading/writing, listening/speaking, and viewing/ visual representation; and technologies that enhance K–2 literacy instruction and facilitate professional productivity.	
CI 4021. Instructional Strategies Assessment and Management (ISAM): Teaching Intermediate Literacy 3-6.	Intermediate literacy theory for instructional and assessment decisions and processes necessary for meeting curriculum goals and objectives for the reader to learn in the 3–6 grade classroom. Students become familiar with various classroom management strategies for building a positive classroom environment in which all children can achieve at their full potential. Students understand instruction, assessment, and management in the context of teaching the specific subject integrated with all subject areas.	
CESP 433.	Prepares students to develop and modify instruction using	

Learning
Assessment and
Evaluation
Theory:
Evidence-Based
Instruction.

student performance data and theories of learning. The psychology of learning is examined including such concepts as the

of learning is examined including such concepts as the nature of learning and memory, learning strategies, individual differences, including dyslexia, along with social factors influencing learning. Also incorporated is accommodating students with processing deficits, such as those experienced by students with dyslexia. Principles of measurement and evaluation are examined including measurement instruments, observations, questioning strategies, and grading plans. The reciprocal relationship between student performance data and instructional decisions is emphasized.