Approved: March 11, 2010

Date

MINUTES OF THE SENATE EDUCATION COMMITTEE

The meeting was called to order by Chairman Jean Schodorf at 1:30 p.m. on March 9, 2010, in Room 152-S of the Capitol.

All members were present except:

Senator Anthony Hensley- excused

Committee staff present:

Theresa Kiernan, Office of the Revisor of Statutes Martha Dorsey, Kansas Legislative Research Department Sharon Wenger, Kansas Legislative Research Department Dorothy Gerhardt, Committee Assistant

Conferees appearing before the Committee:

Representative Clay Aurand

Tom Krebs, Governmental Relations Specialist, Kansas Association of School Boards

Dale Dennis, Deputy Commissioner, Kansas State Department of Education

Others attending:

See attached list.

Hearing on HB 2601 - Schools; high density at-risk pupil weighting; linear transition computation

Theresa Kiernan, Office of the Revisor of Statutes, provided a brief summary of the proposed legislation. The bill provides once sufficient money is appropriated for general state aid to fund the base state aid per pupil at \$4,492, or higher, the high density at-risk pupil weighting would be calculated on a linear transition formula. Districts with an enrollment of at least 50% at-risk pupils and those districts with an enrollment density of at least 35.1 at-risk pupils per 212.1 square miles would receive a weighting of .105. For districts with an enrollment of at-risk pupils between 35% and less than 50%, the state board would subtract 35% from the percentage of the district's at-risk enrollment and multiply the difference by a weighting factor of .007. Districts with an enrollment of less than 35% at-risk pupils would receive no high density at-risk weighting.

The provision relating to the calculation of the medium density at-risk pupil weighting would expire in the school year in which the appropriation for general state aid is sufficient in amount to fund the base state aid per pupil at \$4,492, or higher.

Under current law if a district has an enrollment of at least 50% at-risk pupils or an enrollment density of at least 35.1 at-risk pupils per 212.1 square miles, the district is entitled to high-density at-risk pupil weighting of .10 for each at-risk pupil. A district with an enrollment of at least 40% but less than 50% at-risk pupils is entitled to medium-density at risk pupil weighting of .06 for each at-risk pupil. A small change in the number of at-risk pupils in a district could cause a district to lose all of its high density weighting. In 2008, the medium density at-risk pupil weighting was created and a temporary fix to fluctuations in funding was created to allow districts to use the current year enrollment, prior year enrollment or a three-year average enrollment when counting at-risk pupils. That provision expires in 2011.

According to the Department of Education, there would be a fiscal impact of \$3.1 million which was calculated using \$4,012 as the base state aid per pupil.

Representative Clay Aurand, (<u>Attachment 1</u>), presented testimony regarding provisions of the bill. Tom Krebs, Governmental Relations Specialist, Kansas Association of School Boards (<u>Attachment 2</u>) testified in support of the bill. Dale Dennis, Deputy Commissioner, Kansas State Board of Education, provided a computer print-out (<u>Attachment 3</u>) which showed the effects of a linear transition for high-density at-risk state aid using a base rate of \$4,012. Senator Vratil requested a similar spreadsheet using a base state aid per pupil rate of \$4,492.

There being no other conferees, the hearing was closed.

Chair Schodorf announced a revised agenda would be filed and SB 383 would be placed on the agenda for



CONTINUATION SHEET

Minutes of the Senate Education Committee at 1:30 p.m. on March 9, 2010, in Room 152-S of the Capitol.

Wednesday, March 10, 2010.

The next meeting is scheduled for March 10, 2010.

The meeting was adjourned at 02:00 p.m.

SENATE EDUCATION COMMITTEE GUEST LIST

DATE: March 9, 2010

| NAME | REPRESENTING |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Krist Grimm | Sen. Derek Schmidt |
| Jon Krik | KASB |
| ! | Sandstare Grip UL |
| Leesi Henry Jackson Lindsey | Hein Can |
| Dodie Welshoar | USA/Kansas |
| MARK DESETTI | KNEA |
| LOB MEALY | KEARNERY ASSOC. |
| Jen Bruning | Of Chamber |
| Bernie Roch | KERC |
| Diane Gjerstad | Wichela Public Schools |
| BILL Reardon | USD SOO (KCKs) |
| BILL Brady | SFFF |
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formula for smaller districts. The cost function estimates that districts with 100 or fewer students should receive an additional weighting of .773—meaning it would cost about 77% more than the base-level cost for students in these districts to have the opportunity to meet the desired education outcomes. This is significantly less than the weighting of 1.014 in the current formula.

For districts with an enrollment level <u>above</u> 1,700, the cost function enrollment weight (.008) is one-third as much as the correlation weight in the current formula (.021).

SESTIMATED POVERTY AND BILINGUAL WEIGHTS

The estimated <u>poverty weight</u> is .484 per free-lunch student in most school districts, and 726 per free-lunch student in high-poverty, inner-city school districts. The estimated <u>bilingual weight</u> is .100 per bilingual student. Student poverty and limited English proficiency are two factors that negatively affect student performance. These two factors and their effect on education costs are recognized through the at-risk and bilingual weights in the current funding formula.

The consultants used the cost function to estimate districts' additional costs (above base-level costs) of having poverty and bilingual students reach the <u>same</u> performance levels that other students were achieving (whether or not the other students were meeting standards), and to develop poverty and bilingual weights in each district. We had to take two additional steps to turn their estimated district-level poverty and bilingual weights into estimated Statewide weights:

- Estimate a separate poverty weight for high-poverty, inner-city school districts. Urban poverty is associated with a variety of more serious social problems, including drugs and violent crime. Because our consultants cited evidence suggesting inner-city poverty has more of an effect on costs than rural poverty, we included an additional measure of inner-city poverty in our cost model—the percent of students qualifying for free lunch multiplied by the student density of a district. To estimate a Statewide inner-city poverty weight, we averaged the district-level weights estimated by the consultants for large and mid-sized cities (as defined by the U.S. Census) with above-average poverty. There were four of these districts—Kansas City, Kansas City-Turner, Topeka, and Wichita.
- Remove federal sources of funding. As was the case with base-level costs, the poverty and bilingual weights estimated by the consultants also included costs that could be paid for with those federal funds. Therefore, we had to reduce these weights to better reflect the costs the State might fund.

Figure 1.2-6 shows our estimated poverty and bilingual weights and the weights in the current funding formula.

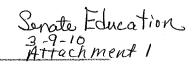


Figure 1.2-6 Comparison of Poverty and Bilingual Weights COST FUNCTION ESTIMATES vs. CURRENT FUNDING FORMULA

| | | STIMATED FUNCTION | Weight | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|------------|
| Weight | Original Estimated Weight | Adjusted by LPA to Remove Federal Funds | CURRENT FUNDING FORMULA | Difference |
| Poverty | | | | |
| Regular | 0.703 | 0.484 | 0.193 | (0.291) |
| High-Poverty, Inner City | 1.054 | 0.726 | | (0.726) |
| Bilingual | 0.139 | 0.100 | 0.395 | (a) |

⁽a) Whereas the bilingual weight in the current formula uses bilingual FTE (which is based on contact hours), the weight from the cost function is based on bilingual headcount, making these weights uncomparable.

Source: LPA analysis of Duncombe and Yinger cost estimates.

As the figure shows, the estimated poverty weight for most districts is .484. That weight implies that it would cost almost 50% more than the estimated base-level costs for students in poverty to achieve the same performance levels that other students are achieving. This is significantly higher than the at-risk weight in the current formula (.193).

In the four inner-city districts with high poverty (Kansas City, Kansas City-Turner, Topeka, and Wichita), the estimated poverty weight is .726, which recognizes that the cost of educating students in these types of districts is even greater. There is no separate urbanpoverty weight in the current funding formula.

Figure I.2-6 also shows that the estimated bilingual weight is .100. This is significantly lower than the current bilingual weight of .395, but it's important to note that these two weights aren't really comparable for the following reasons:

- The bilingual weight estimated by the cost function is based on bilingual headcount (the number students in a district who have limited English proficiency)
- The bilingual weight used in the current funding formula is based on bilingual student FTE, which is calculated on the number of contact hours bilingual students spend with bilingualendorsed teachers (see Section 2.2 of this report for additional information).

Bilingual FTE, as it is calculated in the current funding formula, is a very poor measure of the number of bilingual students in a district. That's because many bilingual services are being provided to bilingual students in settings or districts where there are no "bilingualendorsed" teachers (the only contact hours that are counted for funding purposes). In Wichita, for example, only 2,923.5 bilingual FTE students were counted for funding purposes in 2004-05, but Wichita reported serving 5,342 bilingual students that year on a headcount basis.

The bilingual weight estimated by the cost function may be low for a number of reasons. Among them:

- there's a strong correlation between bilingual and free-lunch students, so the cost function analysis may have assigned part of the additional costs for bilingual students to at-risk students. (in 2003-04, Department data show that 73% of the students who took the Statewide assessment tests were reported as being both bilingual and eligible for free lunches.) Department guidelines for 2006-07 have clarified that students who are bilingual can be served with at-risk moneys.
- the headcount of bilingual students that districts report may not be completely accurate. As explained in Section 2.2, some districts may not be reporting all their bilingual students, and others may not be reporting them uniformly.

Nonetheless, using bilingual headcount data provides the best available measure to use in computing a bilingual weight. If funding were based on bilingual headcounts, those data would be audited and likely would be reported more accurately over time.

4. VARIATIONS IN COSTS

District size, student characteristics, teacher salaries, and district efficiency appear to explain a lot of the variation in district spending per student. On average, school districts spent \$6,887 per student in 2003-04. However, there was a tremendous amount of variation. Spending ranged from \$4,915 to \$12,684. The cost function analysis found that the following contributed to increased per-student spending:

- smaller districts spent more than larger districts
- districts with more students in poverty or more bilingual students spent more
- districts that paid higher teacher salaries spent more

When we controlled for size, student characteristics, salary levels, and student performance in the cost model, there still were large variations in spending. We used the cost model to predict what all districts would have spent per student in 2003-04 to achieve the same outcomes they actually achieved if they all operated at an average level of efficiency. When we compared these estimates to what districts actually spent per student, we found 20 districts that spent at least 20% more than the cost model predicted (controlling for the factors noted above), and another nine districts that spent at least 20% less than predicted.

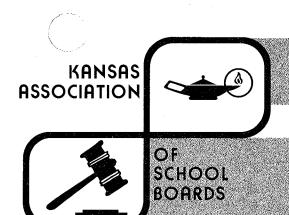
To get a better understanding of why actual spending in these 29 districts was so different from what the cost model predicted, we examined information on district staffing from the Department of Education. Figure 1.2-7 summarizes what we found.

| Figure 1.2-7 Analysis of Staffing Levels in Districts That Spent Significantly More or Less Than Predicted 2003-04 School Year | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Stoff and 400 Child | How actual district compared to what the | spending in 2003-04 cost function predicted: | | | | | | |
| Staff per 100 Students | Spent at least 20% <u>more</u> than the cost function predicted (20 districts) | Spent at least 20% less than the cost function predicted (9 districts) | | | | | | |
| Certified Staff per 100 Students (Statewide average = 7.2) | 19 districts had <u>more</u> staff than average. <i>RANGE:</i> 7.9 – 22.0 | 6 districts had <u>less</u> staff than average. RANGE: 5.7 – 7.0 | | | | | | |
| Certified Administrators per 100 Students (Statewide average = 0.5) | 19 districts had <u>more</u> staff than average. <i>RANGE: 0.6</i> – 2.6 | 3 districts had <u>less</u> staff than average. RANGE: 0.3 – 0.4 | | | | | | |
| Non-Certified Staff per 100 Students (Statewide average = 4.6) | 18 districts had <u>more</u> staff than average. <i>RANGE: 4.7 – 16.1</i> | 6 districts had <u>less</u> staff than average. RANGE: 3.2 – 4.4 | | | | | | |
| Total Staff per 100 Students (Statewide average = 12.3) | 19 districts had <u>more</u> staff than average. RANGE: 13.6 – 35.9 | 6 districts had <u>less</u> staff than average. RANGE: 9.6 – 11.9 | | | | | | |
| Source: LPA analysis of cost function i | results and Department of Education data | | | | | | | |

With a few exceptions, districts that spent significantly more than the cost model predicted they'd spend were more heavily staffed than the average district in the State. Likewise, districts that spent significantly less than predicted tended to have fewer staff. These results suggest at least some of the variation in spending can be attributed to relatively efficient and inefficient staffing levels.

5. OTHER FINDINGS

We found a strong association between the amounts districts spend and the outcomes they achieve. In the cost function results, a 1.0% increase in district performance outcomes was associated with a 0.83% increase in spending—almost a one-to-one relationship. This means that, all other things being equal, districts that spent more had better student performance. The results were statistically significant beyond the 0.01 level, which means we can be more than 99% confident there is a relationship between spending and outcomes.



1420 SW Arrowhead Road • Topeka, Kansas 66604-4024 785-273-3600

Testimony before the Senate Education Committee on HB 2601

by **Tom Krebs, Governmental Relations Specialist**Kansas Association of School Boards

March 9, 2010

Madame Chairman, Members of the Committee:

HB 2601 would create a linear transition for the high density weighting factor. KASB has previously supported the concept of a liner transition as it prevents districts suffering deep cuts in aid with only a slight shift in student demographics but appeared as an opponent of the original language. We were opponents as it would have accomplished this goal by shifting funds among districts so some would end up with additional funding and others would lose funding.

The bill being heard being today, however, was amended in a way that KASB is now a proponent. The new language builds the allocation based on the statutory base of \$4,492, substantially higher than the one in place. As a result, although there would be shifts in the allocations among districts receiving it, they would all benefit as a result of the higher base.

Therefore, we encourage the committee to pass the bill out favorably.

Thank you for your consideration.

Senate Education 3-9-10 Attachment 2



Division of Fiscal & Administrative Services

785-296-3871 785-296-0459 (fax)

120 SE 10th Avenue * Topeka, KS 66612-1182 * 785-296-6338 (TTY) * www.ksde.org

February 10, 2010

TO:

Sharon Wenger

Legislative Research Department

FROM:

Dale M. Dennis, Deputy

Commissioner of Education

SUBEJCT:

Proposed High-Density At-Risk Plan

Attached is a computer printout (SF0078) which provides the effects of a linear transition for high-density at-risk.

COLUMN EXPLANATION

Column

- 1 -- September 20, 2009, FTE enrollment
- 2 -- 2009-10 Amount each school district receives from high and medium density at-risk state aid
- 3 -- Estimated amount under proposed plan for high-density at-risk that begins at 35 percent and ends at 50 percent or higher. The bill provides a linear transition from 35 percent, zero weighting to 50 percent or more, with a weighting of 10.5 percent
- 4 -- Difference (Column 3-2)

h:leg:Aurand-SF0078-2-10-10

Sonate Education 3-9-10 Attachment 3

| | 2/10/2010 | | Col 1 | Col 1a | Col 2 | Col 3 | Col 4 |
|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | COLE | | C01 4 |
| | | | 2009-10 | At-Risk | Current | Proposed | <u> </u> |
| | <u> </u> | 1.4.4. | FTE Enroll | Students | High At Risk Aid | High At risk Aid | Difference |
| USD# | County Name | USD Name | (inc MILT/VIRT) | Hdct | \$4,012 | \$4,012 | (Col 3 - Col 2) |
| 256 | Allen | Marmaton Valley | 338.5 | 165 | 39,719 | | 24,07 |
| 257 | Allen | lola | 1,303.7 | 632 | 152,055 | 207,822 | 55,76 |
| 258 | Allen | Humboldt | 528.0 | 204 | 0 | 20,862 | 20,86 |
| 365 | Anderson | Garnett | 1,100.9 | 440 | 0 | 58,575 | |
| 479 | Anderson | Crest | 224.5 | 93 | 22,467 | 16,850 | 58,57! -5,61 |
| 377 | Atchison | Atchison County | 664.6 | 259 | 0 | 20,862 | 20,86 |
| 409 | Atchison | Atchison | 1,732.1 | 890 | 357,068 | 375,122 | |
| 254 | Barber | Barber Co. | 455.0 | 128 | 0 | 373,122 | 18,05 |
| 255 | Barber | South Barber Co. | 227.5 | 84 | 0 | 6,419 | 6,419 |
| 354 | Barton | Claflin | 211.0 | 33 | 0 | 0,419 | 0,41 |
| 355 | Barton | Ellinwood | 407.2 | 137 | 0 | 0 : | <u> </u> |
| 428 | Barton | Great Bend | 3,049.8 | 1,693 | 679,232 | 713,334 | 34,102 |
| 431 | Barton | Hoisington | 622.5 | 194 | 0.5,252 | 713,554 | 34,102 |
| 234 | Bourbon | Ft. Scott | 1,882.3 | 952 | 229,085 | 401,200 | 172,11 |
| 235 | Bourbon | Uniontown | 438.5 | 190 | 45,737 | 42,928 | -2,809 |
| 415 | Brown | Hiawatha | 837.4 | 339 | 0 | 43,330 | 43,330 |
| 430 | Brown | Brown County | 617.2 | 332 | 133,198 | 140,019 | 6,821 |
| 205 | Butler | Bluestem | 535.5 | 162 | 133,138 | 140,019 | |
| 206 | Butler | Remington-Whitewater | 524.5 | 132 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 375 | Butler | Circle | 1,629.7 | 329 | 0 | | (|
| 385 | Butler | Andover | 4,703.3 | 501 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 394 | Butler | Rose Hill | 1,727.6 | 310 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 396 | Butler | Douglass | 740.3 | 168 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 402 | Butler | Augusta | 2,180.5 | 598 | 0 | | (|
| 490 | Butler | El Dorado | 1,994.6 | 823 | 198,193 | L | (6.40 |
| 492 | Butler | Flinthills | 284.5 | 71 | 198,193 | 131,995 | -66,198 |
| 284 | Chase | Chase County | 405.1 | 107 | 0 | 0 | |
| 285 | Chautauqua | Cedar Vale | 144.0 | 61 | 14,844 | 12,437 | 2.40 |
| 286 | Chautauqua | Chautauqua | 367.5 | 162 | 38,916 | 39,318 | -2,407 402 |
| 404 | Cherokee | Riverton | 796.0 | 354 | 85,054 | 77,030 | -8,024 |
| 493 | Cherokee | Columbus | 1,113.0 | 487 | 117,150 | 99,096 | -18,054 |
| 499 | Cherokee | Galena | 756.5 | 447 | 179,336 | 188,163 | 8,827 |
| 508 | Cherokee | Baxter Springs | 927.0 | 481 | 192,977 | 202,606 | 9,629 |
| 103 | Cheyenne | Cheylin | 136.5 | 63 | 15,246 | 19,258 | 4,012 |
| 297 | Cheyenne | St. Francis | 286.3 | 82 | 0 | 0 | 4,012 |
| 219 | Clark | Minneola | 262.0 | 81 | 0 | 0 | |
| 220 | Clark | Ashland | 222.0 | 73 | 0 | 0 | |
| 379 | Clay | Clay Center | 1,354.5 | 355 | 0 | 0 | |
| 333 | Cloud | Concordia | 1,068.9 | 452 | 108,725 | 92,677 | -16,048 |
| 334 | Cloud | Southern Cloud | 256.5 | 128 | 30,892 | 53,761 | 22,869 |
| 243 | Coffey | Lebo-Waverly | 526.0 | 153 | 0 | 33,761 | 22,809 |
| 244 | Coffey | Burlington | 823.0 | 251 | 0 | 0 | |
| 245 | Coffey | LeRoy-Gridley | 246.5 | 81 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 300 | Comanche | Commanche County | 317.0 | 81 | 0 | 0 | |
| 462 | Cowley | Central | 347.0 | 128 | 0 | 6,820 | 6,820 |
| 463 | Cowley | Udall | 364.0 | 100 | 0 | 0,820 | 0,620 |
| 465 | Cowley | Winfield | 2,359.9 | 951 | 0 | 111,132 | 111,132 |
| 470 | Cowley | Arkansas City | 2,639.1 | 1,493 | 598,992 | 629,082 | 30,090 |
| 471 | Cowley | Dexter | 152.0 | 47 | 0 | 029,082 | 30,090 |
| 246 | Crawford | Northeast | 561.5 | 334 | 134,001 | 140,821 | 6,820 |
| 247 | Crawford | Cherokee | 657.0 | 315 | 75,827 | 85,054 | 9,227 |
| 248 | Crawford | Girard | 1,007.0 | 423 | 101,905 | 83,048 | -18,857 |
| 249 | Crawford | Frontenac | 850.0 | 287 | 101,303 | 05,046 | -10,03/ |
| 1 273 | | | | | | | |
| | Crawford | Pittsburg | 2 710 1 | 1.577 | 633 6031 | EE/ 207 | 21 605 |
| 250 294 | Crawford Decatur | Pittsburg Oberlin | 2,710.1 358.0 | 1,577 100 | 632,692 | 664,387 | 31,695 |

3-2

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|------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|
| | 2/10/2010 | | Col 1 | Col 1a | Col 2 | Col 3 | Col 4 |
| | | | <u> </u> | | | | |
| | | | 2009-10 | At-Risk | Current | Proposed | |
| | . gant train to the second of | | FTE Enroll | Students | High At Risk Aid | High At risk Aid | Difference ç |
| USD# | County Name | USD Name | (inc MILT/VIRT) | Hdct | \$4,012 | \$4,012 | (Col 3 - Coly |
| 435 | Dickinson | Abilene | 1,534.6 | 391 | • 0; | 0 | |
| 473 | Dickinson | Chapman | 967.2 | 266 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 481 | Dickinson | Rural Vista | 413.0 | 140 | 0 | 0 : | 0 |
| 487 | Dickinson | Herington | 506.1 | 211 | 50,952 | 30,892 | -20,060 |
| 111 | Doniphan | Doniphan West Schools | 376.5 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 406 | Doniphan | Wathena | 411.0 | 102 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 429 | Doniphan | Troy | 348.5 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 486 | Doniphan | Elwood | 303.3 | 173 | 69,408 | 73,018 | 3,610 |
| 348 | Douglas | Baldwin City | 1,336.9 | 242 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 491 | Douglas | Eudora | 1,453.7 | 345 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 497 | Douglas | Lawrence | 10,668.9 | 2,806 | 0 | 0 | |
| 347 | Edwards | Kinsely-Offerle | 357.5 | 160 | 38,515 | 43,731 | 5,216 |
| 502 | Edwards | Lewis | 109.0 | 46 | 11,234 | 9,228 | -2,006 |
| 282 | Elk | West Elk | 337.2 | 152 | 36,509 | 32,898 | -3,611 |
| 283 | Elk | Elk Valley | 190.6 | 127 | 50,952 | 53,360 | 2,408 |
| 388 | Ellis | Ellis | 394.1 | 96 | 0,332 | 33,300 | 2,400 n |
| | Ellis | Victoria | 256.0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | <u> </u> |
| 432 | Ellis | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 2,843.8 | 959 | | 0 | 0 |
| 489 | Ellsworth | Hays Ellsworth | 2,843.8 | 208 | 0 | 0 | <u>U</u> |
| 327 | | Lorraine | 424.6 | 173 | 0 | 19,258 | 10 750 |
| 328 | Ellsworth | Holcomb | 946.0 | 380 | 91,474 | 54,964 | 19,258 |
| 363 | Finney | | 6,934.3 | 4,150 | | | -36,510 |
| 457 | Finney | Garden City | 358.0 | 4,130 | 1,664,980 | 1,748,430 0 | 83,450 |
| 381 | Ford | Spearville | 5,832.1 | | 1 (52 245 | 1,735,992 | 02.647 |
| 443 | Ford | Dodge City | | 4,121 | 1,653,345 | | 82,647 |
| 459 | Ford | Bucklin | 244.7 | 95 | 71.012 | 10,030 | 10,030 |
| 287 | Franklin | West Franklin | 700.5 | 295 | 71,012 | 54,162 | -16(|
| 288 | Franklin | Central Heights | 532.0 | 215 | 0 | 23,671 | 23,& |
| 289 | Franklin | Wellsville | 846.0 | 177 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 290 | Franklin | Ottawa | 2,444.2 | 1,082 | 260,379 | 281,241 | 20,862 |
| 475 | Geary | Junction City | 7,507.0 | 2,677 | 0 | 49,348 | 49,348 |
| 291 | Gove | Grinnell | 73.8 | 14_ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 292 | Gove | Wheatland | 102.0 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Gove | Quinter | 266.5 | 63 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 281 | Graham | Graham County | 372.5 | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 214 | Grant | Ulysses | 1,615.7 | 814 | 326,577 | 343,026 | 16,449 |
| 102 | Gray | Cimarron-Ensign | 658.7 | 2211 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 371 | Gray | Montezuma | 244.8 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 476 | Gray | Copeland | 107.0 | 52 | 12,437 | 13,240 | 803 |
| 477 | Gray | ingalis | 229.0 | 90 | 0 | 8,425 | 8,425 |
| 200 | Greeley | Greeley County | 214.0 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 386 | Greenwood | Madison-Virgil | 230.2 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 389 | Greenwood | Eureka | 610.0 | 294 | 70,611 | 108,725 | 38,114 |
| 390 | Greenwood | Hamilton | 93.5 | 52 | 20,862 | 22,066 | 1,204 |
| 494 | Hamilton | Syracuse | 490.5 | 243 | 58,575 | 99,096 | 40,521 |
| 361 | Harper | Anthony-Harper | 845.1 | 424 | 170,109 | 178,534 | 8,425 |
| 511 | Harper | Attica | 139.0 | 51 | 0 | 2,808 | 2,808 |
| 369 | Harvey | Burrton | 237.2 | 122 | 29,288 | 50,150 | 20,862 |
| 373 | Harvey | Newton | 3,408.2 | 1,454 | 349,846 | 309,726 | -40,120 |
| 439 | Harvey | Sedgwick | 554.5 | 122 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 440 | Harvey | Halstead | 783.6 | 247 | 0 | 0 | o |
| 460 | Harvey | Hesston | 812.1 | 173 | 0 | 0 | n |
| 374 | Haskell | Sublette | 479.9 | 222 | 53,360 | 75,426 | 22,066 |
| 507 | Haskell | Satanta | 339.5 | 173 | 41,725 | 72,617 | 30 |
| 227 | Hodgeman | Jetmore | 264.5 | 80 | 0 | 72,017 | 304 |
| 228 | Hodgeman | Hanston | 74.5 | 25 | 0 | 0 | |
| 335 | Jackson | North Jackson | 376.5 | 113 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ررر | 70003011 | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 370.3 | 113 | U: | <u> </u> | |

| | 2/10/2010 | | Col 1 | Col 1a | Col 2 | Col 3 | Col 4 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------|------------------|------------------|---|
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | <u>!</u> | | | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | | 2009-10 | At-Risk | Current | Proposed | |
| | <u> </u> | | FTE Enroll | Students | High At Risk Aid | High At risk Aid | Difference |
| | County Name | USD Name | (inc MILT/VIRT) | Hdct | \$4,012 | \$4,012 | (Col 3 - Col 2) |
| 336 | Jackson | Holton | 1,057.5 | 277 | 0 | 0 | , |
| | Jackson | Mayetta | 908.2 | 300 | 0 | 0 | |
| 338 | Jefferson | Valley Falls | 414.3 | 116 | 0 | 0 | |
| 339 | Jefferson | Jefferson County | 482.5 | 118 | 0 | 0 | |
| 340 | Jefferson | Jefferson West | 893.9 | 150 | 0 | 0 | |
| 341 | Jefferson | Oskaloosa | 540.1 | 273 | 109,528 | 115,144 | 5,61 |
| 342 | Jefferson | McLouth | 493.1 | 132 | 0 | 0 | 3,01 |
| 343 | Jefferson | Perry | 956.3 | 257 | 0 | 0 | |
| 107 | Jewell | Rock Hills | 293.5 | 88 | 0 | 0 | |
| 229 | Johnson | Blue Valley | 20,320.8 | 876 | 0 | 0 | |
| 230 | Johnson | Spring Hill | 2,833.5 | 352 | 0 | 0 | |
| 231 | Johnson | Gardner-Edgerton | 4,567.5 | 1,102 | 0 | 0 | |
| | Johnson | DeSoto | 6,217.0 | 621 | 0 | | |
| | Johnson | Olathe | 25,542.1 | 4,689 | 0 | 0 | |
| 512 | Johnson | Shawnee Mission | 26,559.6 | 6,406 | | 0 | |
| 215 | Kearny | Lakin | 628.5 | 293 | 70.611 | 0 270 | |
| 216 | Kearny | Deerfield | 246.9 | | 70,611 | 90,270 | 19,65 |
| 331 | Kingman | Kingman | | 161 | 64,593 | 67,803 | 3,21 |
| 332 | Kingman | | 989.9 | 331 | 0 | 0 | |
| 422 | Kiowa | Cronnehura | 178.6 | 50 | 0 | 0 | |
| 424 | Kiowa | Greensburg Mullinville | 206.0 | 52 | 0 | 3,611 | 3,61 |
| 474 | Kiowa | Haviland | 223.4 | 28 | 0 | 0 | |
| 503 | Labette | | 141.8 | 37 | 0 | 0 | |
| 504 | Labette | Parsons | 1,230.7 | 685 | 274,822 | 288,463 | 13,64 |
| L | | Oswego | 465.0 | 200 | 48,144 | 36,108 | -12,030 |
| 505 | Labette | Chetopa - St. Paul | 497.6 | 238 | 57,372 | 80,240 | 22,868 |
| 506 | Labette | Labette County | 1,607.4 | 611 | 0 | 51,755 | 51,755 |
| 468 | Lane | Healy | 94.5 | 34 | 0 | 1,605 | 1,605 |
| 482 | Lane | Dighton | 244.5 | 79 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 207 | Leavenworth | Ft. Leavenworth | 2,037.5 | 97 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 449 | Leavenworth | Easton | 699.3 | 135 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 453 | Leavenworth | Leavenworth | 3,887.0 | 1,907 | 765,088 | 803,202 | 38,114 |
| 458 | Leavenworth | Basehor-Linwood | 2,131.5 | 262 | 0 | 0 | (|
| | Leavenworth | Tonganoxie | 1,860.8 | 452 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 469 | Leavenworth | Lansing | 2,502.5 | 407 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 298 | Lincoln | Lincoln | 340.0 | 145 | 34,904 | 31,294 | -3,610 |
| 299 | Lincoln | Sylvan Grove | 139.5 | 43 | 0 | 0 | |
| 344 | Linn | Pleasanton | 323.0 | 168 | 40,521 | 54,563 | 14,042 |
| 346 | Linn | Jayhawk | 519.1 | 223 | 53,761 | 48,144 | -5,61 |
| 362 | Linn | Prairie View | 944.9 | 369 | 0 | 40,120 | 40,120 |
| 274 | Logan | Oakley | 413.4 | 148 | 0 | 3,210 | 3,210 |
| 275 | Logan | Triplains | 82.5 | 30 | 7,222 | 5,216 | -2,006 |
| 251 | Lyon | North Lyon Co. | 506.6 | 163 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 252 | Lyon | Southern Lyon Co. | 495.8 | 125 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 253 | Lyon | Emporia | 4,337.9 | 2,452 | 983,742 | 1,033,090 | 49,348 |
| 397 | Marion | Centre | 241.0 | 76 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 398 | Marion | Peabody-Burns | 325.9 | 155 | 37,312 | 47,342 | 10,030 |
| 408 | Marion | Marion | 579.3 | 166 | 0 | 0 | (|
| 410 | Marion | Durham-Hills | 587.3 | 149 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 411 | Marion | Goessel | 257.5 | 54 | 0 | 0 | - |
| 364 | Marshall | Marysville | 721.7 | 218 | 0 | 0 | |
| 380 | Marshall | Vermillon | 527.5 | 144 | 0 | 0 | |
| 488 | Marshall | Axtell | 295.0 | 63 | 0 | 0 | |
| 498 | Marshall | Valley Heights | 366.5 | 157 | 37,713 | 34,503 | -3,210 |
| 400 | McPherson | Smoky Valley | 997.7 | 203 | 37,713 | 34,503 | |
| 418 | McPherson | McPherson | 2,262.3 | 616 | 0 | | (|
| 419 | McPherson | Canton-Galva | 374.0 | 110 | | 0 | (|
| 717 | TIME HEISUIT | Canton-Gaiva | 3/4.0 | 110 | 0 | 0 | |

| Γ | 2/10/2010 | | ·········· | Col 1 | Col 1a | Col 2 | Col 3 | : Col 4 |
|------------|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | 2/10/2010 | | :- | | CO1 111 | | | |
| | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - • · · · | 2009-10 | At-Risk | Current | Proposed | |
| | | | | FTE Enroll | Students | High At Risk Aid | High At risk Aid | Difference |
| USD# | County Name | USD Name | (i | nc MILT/VIRT) | Hdct | \$4,012 | \$4,012 | (Col 3 - Col, |
| 423 | McPherson | Moundridge | · · · | 418.0 | 104 | 0 | 0 | |
| 448 | McPherson | Inman | ··· · · | 456.0 | 62 | 0. | 0 | خ.ـــ. ـ . ـ ــــــــــــــــــــــــ |
| 225 | Meade | Fowler | | 162.0 | 78 | 18,856 | 25,677 | 6,821 |
| 226 | Meade | Meade | | 477.4 | | 0 | | 4,012 |
| 367 | Miami | Osawatomie | | 1,137.5 | 581 | 233,097 | · · | 11,635 |
| 368 | Miami | Paola | | 2,033.1 | 510 | 0 | | 11,055 |
| 416 | Miami | Louisburg | i | 1,676.0 | 232 | 0 | | 0 |
| 272 | Mitchell | Waconda | | 357.3 | 139 | 0 | | 12,036 |
| 273 | Mitchell | Beloit | <u>-</u> | 746.9 | 177 | 0 | | 0 |
| 436 | Montgomery | Caney | | 828.6 | 303 | 0 | | 26,479 |
| 445 | Montgomery | Coffeyville | | 1,816.0 | | 442,122 | 464,188 | 22,066 |
| } | Montgomery | Independence | | 1,840.2 | | 215,444 | | 123,971 |
| 446 | | Cherryvale | | 887.2 | 395 | 95,084 | | 60,582 |
| 447 417 | Montgomery Morris | Morris County | | 750.9 | 231 | 93,084 | | , 00,382 n |
| | Morton | Rolla | | 199.0 | 81. | 19,659 | 12,437 | -7,222 |
| 217 218 | Morton | Elkhart | | 643.1 | 300 | 120,360 | | 6,018 |
| | Nemaha | Sabetha | | 926.6 | 211 | 120,300 | | 0,010 |
| 441 | the state of the s | Nemaha Valley | | 436.3 | 77 | 0 | | |
| 442 | Nemaha Nemaha | B & B | <u>.</u> | 186.5. | 24 | 0: | 0 | |
| 1 | Neosho | Erie | | 506.5 | 212 | 0 | 22,066 | 22,066 |
| 101 | the second secon | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 1,818.6 | | 208,624 | 308,523 | 99,899 |
| 413 | Neosho | Chanute | | 164.0 | 84 | 33,701 | 35,306 | 1,605 |
| 106 | Ness | Western Plains | - | 291.0 | 66 | 33,701 | | 1,000 |
| 303 | Ness | Ness City | , . <u>.</u> | 689.3 | 211 | 0 | | |
| 211 | Norton | Norton | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 196.5 | ··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 23,671 | 32,898 | 9,227 |
| 212 | Norton | Northern Valley | | 38.0 | | 23,071 | | 3,221 |
| 213 | Norton _ | West Solomon | : | 644.2 | 223: | 0 | | |
| 420 | Osage | Osage City | | 427.0 | | | | 0 |
| 421 | Osage | Lyndon | | 1,061.5 | | 0 | | 0 |
| 434 | Osage | Santa Fe | - ÷ | 317.0 | | | | |
| 454 | Osage | Burlingame | | 263.0 | 147 | 58,976 | 61,785 | 2,809 |
| 456 | Osage Osborne | Marais Des Cygnes Osborne | - | 331.9 | 161 | 38,916 | 58,976 | 20,060 |
| 392 | | North Ottawa Co. | | 620.5 | | 0 | 0 | 20,000 |
| | Ottawa | .Twin Valley | | 607.5 | | 0 | 0 | <u> </u> |
| 240 495 | Ottawa | Ft. Larned | | 886.0 | 361 | 87,060 | 58,174 | -28,886 |
| 496 | Pawnee Pawnee | Pawnee Heights | : | 150.1 | 25 | 0/,000 | 0 | 20,000 |
| | Phillips | Thunder Ridge | | 235.5 | 86 | 0 | 0 | <u> </u> |
| 110 325 | Phillips | Phillipsburg | | 629.1 | 190 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Phillips | | <u>i</u> | 180.5 | 79 | 18,856 | 18,054 | -802 |
| 326 320 | Pottawatomie | Logan Wamego | | 1,305.0 | 245 | 18,830 | 0 | -302 |
| 320 | Pottawatomie | :Kaw Valley | | 1,124.9 | 379 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 322 | Pottawatomie | Onaga | | 318.5 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 322 | Pottawatomie | Westmoreland | | 845.1 | 162 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 382 | | Pratt | | 1,109.4 | 344 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 438 | Pratt | Skyline | | 342.5 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 105 | Rawlins | Rawlins County | | 312.2 | 110 | 0i | 0 | n |
| 308 | Reno | Hutchinson | | 4,661.7 | 2,443 | 980,132 | 1,029,078 | 48,946 |
| | | | | 1,147.0 | 546 | 131,594 | 190,169 | 58,575 |
| 309 | Reno | Nickerson Fairfield | | 305.1 | 148 | 35,707 | 52,557 | 16,850 |
| 310 | Reno | ··· | | 258.4 | 62 | 33,707 | 0 | 10,830 |
| 311 | Reno | Pretty Prairie | | 1,001.5 | 291 | 0 | 0 | |
| 312 | Reno | Haven Buhler | | 2,145.5 | 562 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 313 | Reno | Republic County | 1 | 473.0 | 170 | 0 | 0 | |
| 109 | Republic | | | 248.0 | 90 | 0 | 1,204 | 1,2 |
| 426 | Republic | Pike Valley | | 530.5 | 169 | 0 | 1,204 | ٦,٤_ |
| 376 | Rice | Sterling | | 139.5 | 85 | 34,102 | 35,707 | 1,605 |
| 401 | Rice | Chase | <u> </u> | 133.3 | : כס | 34,1021 | 35,707 | 1,003 |

| - | | 2/10/2010 | | Col 1 | Col 1a | Col 2 | Col 3 | Col 4 |
|------------|------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------|----------|------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | 2009-10 | At-Risk | Current | Due | |
| $(-\cdot)$ | 1 | | | FTE Enroll . | Students | High At Risk Aid | Proposed High At risk Aid | D:((|
| `*· 1 | USD# | County Name | USD Name | (inc MILT/VIRT) | Hdct | \$4,012 | \$4,012 | Difference |
| | 405 | Rice | Lyons | 800.7 | 475 | | | (Col 3 - Col 2) |
| - | 444 | Rice | Little River | 320.0 | 87 | 190,570 0 | 200,199 | 9,629 |
| | 378 | Riley | Riley County | 684.5 | 122 | 0 | 0 | (|
| | 383 | Riley | Manhattan | 5,958.3 | 1,483 | 0 | 0 | (|
| - | 384 | Riley | Blue Valley | 217.5 | 43 | 0 | 0 | (|
| [| 269 | Rooks | Palco | 147.5 | 57 | 0 | 0 | (|
| | 270 | Rooks | Plainville | 368.2 | 103 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 271 | Rooks | Stockton | 288.0 | 85 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 395 | Rush | LaCrosse | 294.5 | 122 | 29,288 | 19,659 | -9,629 |
| ſ | 403 | Rush | Otis-Bison | 177.0 | 53 | 0 | 15,039 | -5,025 |
| | 399 | Russell | Paradise | 125.4 | 29 | 0 | 0 | ·· |
| | 407 | Russell | Russell | 945.5 | 380 | 91,474 | 55,366 | -36,108 |
| ľ | 305 | Saline | Salina | 7,050.5 | 3,235 | 778,729 | 988,958 | 210,229 |
| | 306 | Saline | Southeast of Saline | 690.8 | 87 | 0 | 0 300,330 | 210,223 |
| | 307 | Saline | Ell-Saline | 468.0 | 85 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 466 | Scott | Scott County | 869.7 | 326 | 0 | 32,497 | 32,49 |
| 1 | 259 | Sedgwick | Wichita | 46,444.3 | 29,876 | 11,986,251 | 12,585,644 | 599,393 |
|] | 260 | Sedgwick | Derby | 6,330.7 | 2,057 | 0 | 12,363,044 | 333,333 |
| ľ | 261 | Sedgwick | Haysville | 4,780.6 | 1,903 | 458,170 | 276,427 | -181,743 |
| Ī | 262 | Sedgwick | Valley Center | 2,553.7 | 581 | 0 | 270,427 | -101,743 |
| ľ | 263 | Sedgwick | Mulvane | 1,855.0 | 395 | 0 | 0 | |
| ľ | 264 | Sedgwick | Clearwater | 1,275.4 | 232 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1 | 265 | Sedgwick | Goddard | 4,911.2 | 768 | 0 | 0 | |
| /**\ | 266 | Sedgwick | Maize | 6,381.7 | 688 | 0 | 0 | |
| (| 267 | Sedgwick | Renwick | 1,945.7 | 175 | 0 | 0 | |
| ****** | 268 | Sedgwick | Cheney | 784.9 | 133 | 0 | 0 | |
| ľ | 480 | Seward | Liberal | 4,375.0 | 2,977 | 1,194,372 | 1,254,151 | 59,779 |
| | 483 | Seward | Kismet-Plains | 725.0 | 460 | 184,552 | 193,780 | 9,228 |
| | 345 | Shawnee | Seaman | 3,552.1 | 803 | 0 | 193,780 | 9,220 |
| ľ | 372 | Shawnee | Silver Lake | 743.6 | 114 | 0 | 0 | |
| İ | 437 | Shawnee | Auburn Washburn | 5,412.0 | 1,159 | 0 | 0 | |
| | 450 | Shawnee | Shawnee Heights | 3,405.3 | 796 | 0 | 0 | |
| ľ | 501 | Shawnee | Topeka | 13,292.0 | 8,610 | | 3,627,249 | 470.01 |
| Ī | 412 | Sheridan | Hoxie | 288.0 | 67 | 0,151,552 | 0 | 1/2,91 |
| Ì | 352 | Sherman | Goodland | 900.0 | 355 | 0 | 37,713 | 37,713 |
| Ì | 237 | Smith | Smith Center | 433.0 | 133 | 0 | 0 | 37,712 |
| | 349 | Stafford | Stafford | 268.9 | 94 | 22,467 | 14,844 | -7,623 |
| ſ | 350 | Stafford | St. John-Hudson | 328.5 | 127 | 0 | 0 | .,,,,, |
| | 351 | Stafford | Macksville | 265.0 | 122 | 29,288 | 17,252 | -12,036 |
| | 452 | Stanton | Stanton County | 463.0 | 217 | 52,156 | 72,216 | 20,060 |
| | 209 | Stevens | Moscow | 187.8 | 102 | 24,473 | 38,916 | 14,443 |
| Ī | 210 | Stevens | Hugoton | 983.9 | 491 | 118,354 | 205,414 | 87,060 |
| ľ | 353 | Sumner | Wellington | 1,663.0 | 701 | 168,905 | 140,821 | -28,084 |
| Ī | 356 | Sumner | Conway Springs | 514.9 | 139 | 0 | 0 | 20,004 |
| f | 357 | Sumner | Belle Plaine | 657.0 | 227 | 0 | 0 | |
| ļ | 358 | Sumner | Oxford | 327.5 | 92 | 0 | 0 | |
| Ī | 359 | Sumner | Argonia | 179.5 | 47 | 0 | 0 | |
| f | 360 | Sumner | Caldwell | 234.0 | 112 | 26,880 | 40,521 | 13,641 |
| Ī | 509 | Sumner | South Haven | 222.0 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 13,041 |
| Ī | 314 | Thomas | Brewster | 98.0 | 27 | 0 | 0 | <u> </u> |
| i F | 315 | Thomas | Colby | 919.1 | 275 | 0 | 0 | |
| ļ | 316 | Thomas | Golden Plains | 204.5 | 93 | 22,467 | 27,282 | 4,815 |
| Ī | 208 | Trego | WaKeeney | 411.2 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 4,813 |
| | 329 | Wabaunsee | Alma | 473.7 | 89 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 330 | Wabaunsee | Wabaunsee East | 499.5 | 144 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 241 | Wallace | Wallace | 200.0 | 62 | 0 | | 0 |

3-6

| | 2/10/2010 | | Col 1 | Col 1a | Col 2 | Col 3 | Col 4 |
|-------|-------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------|------------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | | 2009-10 | At-Risk | Current | Proposed | |
| | | | FTE Enroll | Students | High At Risk Aid | High At risk Aid | Difference |
| USD# | County Name | USD Name | (inc MILT/VIRT) | Hdct | \$4,012 | \$4,012 | (Col 3 - Col |
| 242 | Wallace | Weskan | 103.0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | <u> </u> |
| 108 | Washington | Washington Co. Schools | 396.5 | 128 | 0 | 0 ; | 0 |
| 223 | Washington | Barnes | 329.8 | 81 | 0; | .0 | 0 |
| 224 | Washington | Clifton-Clyde | 280.5 | 64 | 0 ; | 0 | 0 |
| 467 | Wichita | Leoti | 426.5 | 188 | 45,336 | 47,743 | 2,407 |
| 387 | Wilson | Altoona-Midway | 183.5 | 99 | 39,719 | 41,725 | 2,006 |
| 461 | Wilson | Neodesha | 718.2 | 318 | 76,629 | 75,024 | -1,605 |
| 484 | Wilson | Fredonia | 732.1 | 299 | , 0 | 41,725 | 41,725 |
| 366 | Woodson | Woodson | 398.5 | 196 | 47,342 | 71,414 | 24,072 |
| 202 | Wyandotte | Turner | 3,785.7 | 2,243 | 899,892 | 944,826 | 44,934 |
| 203 | Wyandotte | Piper | 1,635.0 | 182 | 0; | 0 | 0 |
| 204 | Wyandotte | Bonner Springs | 2,366.5 | 868 | 0 | 40,922 | 40,922 |
| 500 | Wyandotte | Kansas City | 18,941.7 | 15,572 | 6,247,486 | 6,560,021 | 312,535 |
| | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 5 | | 454,261.8 | 170,856 | 40,885,887 | 44,055,370 | 3,169,483 |

