Session of 2011

## SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL No. 7

By Committee on Judiciary

3-18

1 AN ACT concerning driving under the influence; creating the Kansas 2 bureau of investigation central repository fund; relating to testing; 3 administrative penalties; crimes, punishment and criminal procedure; 4 amending K.S.A. 8-285, 8-1008, 8-1009, 8-1016, 8-1017, 12-4414, 12-5 4415, 12-4416, 22-2908, 22-3610, 22-4704, 22-4705 and 79-4101 and 6 K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 8-1567, as amended by section 3 of chapter 153 of 7 the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-235, 8-8 262, 8-2,142, 8-2,144, 8-1001, 8-1012, 8-1013, 8-1014, 8-1015, 8-9 1020, 8-1022, 12-4104, 12-4106, 12-4516, 12-4517, 22-2802, 22-2909, 10 22-3717, 28-176, 60-427, 74-2012, 74-7301, 75-5291 and 79-4108 and sections 14, 254, 285, 292 and 299 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session 11 12 Laws of Kansas and repealing the existing sections; also repealing 13 K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-4704, as amended by section 6 of chapter 147 of 14 the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, 22-2908, as amended by section 9 of 15 chapter 101 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 22-2909, as amended by section 10 of chapter 101 of the 2010 Session Laws of 16 17 Kansas, and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1020a, 8-1567, 21-4704 and 22-18 3717c

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20 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no
 professional licensing body shall suspend, deny, terminate or fail to renew
 the professional license of a licensee solely because such licensee has:

(1) Been convicted of a first violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and
amendments thereto, or an ordinance of a city in this state, a resolution of
a county in this state or any law of another state, which ordinance,
resolution or law prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute; or

(2) entered into a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings, or pleaded guilty or nolo contendere, on a complaint, indictment, information, citation or notice to appear alleging a first violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, or an ordinance of a city in this state, a resolution of a county in this state or any law of another state, which ordinance or law prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute.

(b) The licensing body may, after providing the licensee notice and an
opportunity to be heard in accordance with the Kansas administrative
procedure act, determine how the violation described in subsection (a) will

affect the licensee's professional license and may take any action
 authorized by law, including, but not limited to, alternative corrective
 measures in lieu of suspension, denial, termination or failure to renew the
 professional license of the licensee.

5 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of 6 the division of vehicles of the department of revenue to restrict, revoke, 7 suspend or deny a driver's license or commercial driver's license.

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(d) As used in this section:

9 (1) "Licensee" means an individual who is or may be authorized to 10 practice a profession in this state; and

(2) "professional licensing body" means an official, agency, board or
other entity of the state which authorizes individuals to practice a
profession in this state and issues a license, certificate, permit or other
authorization to an individual so authorized.

15 New Sec. 2. (a) (1) Within a reasonable amount of time after a person 16 is committed to the custody of the secretary of corrections for service of a 17 sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567, and amendments 18 thereto, the secretary of corrections shall enter into a written agreement 19 with the inmate specifying treatment programs and other programs which 20 the secretary determines the inmate shall satisfactorily complete in order to 21 be prepared for early release pursuant to this section and K.S.A. 22-3717, 22 and amendments thereto.

(2) The agreement shall be conditioned on the inmate's satisfactory conduct and attitude while incarcerated. If the secretary determines that the inmate's conduct, attitude or needs require modifications or additions to those programs which are set forth in the agreement, the secretary shall revise the agreement.

(3) The secretary shall agree that when the inmate satisfactorily
completes the programs required by the agreement, or any revision
thereof, the secretary shall report that fact in writing to the Kansas parole
board.

32 (b) A copy of any agreement and any revisions thereof shall be 33 entered into the inmate's record.

34 New Sec. 3. On or before July 1, 2012, the director of the Kansas 35 bureau of investigation shall adopt rules and regulations establishing: (a) 36 Criteria for preliminary screening devices for testing of saliva for law 37 enforcement purposes, based on health and performance considerations; 38 and (b) a list of preliminary screening devices which are approved for 39 testing of saliva for law enforcement purposes and which law enforcement agencies may purchase and train officers to use as aids in determining 40 probable cause to arrest and grounds for requiring testing pursuant to 41 42 K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto.

43 New Sec. 4. There is hereby created in the state treasury the Kansas

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bureau of investigation central repository fund. All moneys credited to the Kansas bureau of investigation central repository fund shall be used for upgrades to and the administration of the Kansas bureau of investigation central repository, established by K.S.A. 22-4705, and amendments thereto. All expenditures from the Kansas bureau of investigation central

repository fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts, upon
warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to
vouchers approved by the director of the Kansas bureau of investigation or
the director's designee.

10 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-235 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-235. (a) No person, except those expressly exempted, shall 11 drive any motor vehicle upon a highway in this state unless such person 12 13 has a valid driver's license. No person shall receive a driver's license unless and until such person surrenders or with the approval of the 14 15 division, lists to the division all valid licenses in such person's possession 16 issued to such person by any other jurisdiction. All surrendered licenses or 17 the information listed on foreign licenses shall be returned by the division 18 to the issuing department, together with information that the licensee is 19 now licensed in a new jurisdiction. No person shall be permitted to have 20 more than one valid license at any time.

21 (b) Any person licensed under the motor vehicle drivers' license act 22 may exercise the privilege granted upon all streets and highways in this 23 state and shall not be required to obtain any other license to exercise such 24 privilege by any local authority. Nothing herein shall prevent cities from 25 requiring licenses of persons who drive taxicabs or municipally franchised 26 transit systems for hire upon city streets, to protect the public from drivers 27 whose character or habits make them unfit to transport the public. If a 28 license is denied, the applicant may appeal such decision to the district 29 court of the county in which such city is located by filing within 14 days 30 after such denial, a notice of appeal with the clerk of the district court and 31 by filing a copy of such notice with the city clerk of the involved city. The 32 city clerk shall certify a copy of such decision of the city governing body 33 to the clerk of the district court and the matter shall be docketed as any 34 other cause and the applicant shall be granted a trial of such person's 35 character and habits. The matter shall be heard by the court de novo in 36 accordance with the code of civil procedure. The cost of such appeal shall 37 be assessed in such manner as the court may direct.

(c) Any person operating in this state a motor vehicle, except a motorcycle, which is registered in this state other than under a temporary thirty-day permit shall be the holder of a driver's license which is classified for the operation of such motor vehicle, and any person operating in this state a motorcycle which is registered in this state shall be the holder of a class M driver's license, except that any person operating in this state a 1 motorcycle which is registered under a temporary thirty-day permit shall 2 be the holder of a driver's license for any class of motor vehicles.

3 (d) No person shall drive any motorized bicycle upon a highway of 4 this state unless: (1) Such person has a valid driver's license which entitles 5 the licensee to drive a motor vehicle in any class or classes; (2) such 6 person is at least 15 years of age and has passed the written and visual 7 examinations required for obtaining a class C driver's license, in which 8 case the division shall issue to such person a class C license which clearly 9 indicates such license is valid only for the operation of motorized bicycles; 10 or (3) such person has had their driving privileges suspended, for a violation other than a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144, 8-1567 or 8-1567a, and 11 12 amendments thereto, and has made application to the division for the 13 issuance of a class C license for the operation of motorized bicycles, in accordance with paragraph (2), in which case the division shall issue to 14 such person a class C license which clearly indicates such license is valid 15 16 only for the operation of motorized bicycles. 17

(e) Violation of this section shall constitute a class B misdemeanor.

18 Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-262 is hereby amended to read as 19 follows: 8-262. (a) (1) Any person who drives a motor vehicle on any 20 highway of this state at a time when such person's privilege so to do is 21 canceled, suspended or revoked or while such person's privilege to obtain 22 a driver's license is suspended or revoked pursuant to K.S.A. 8-252a, and 23 amendments thereto, shall be guilty of a class B nonperson misdemeanor 24 on the first conviction and a class A nonperson misdemeanor on the second 25 or subsequent conviction.

26 (2) No person shall be convicted under this section if such person was 27 entitled at the time of arrest under K.S.A. 8-257, and amendments thereto, 28 to the return of such person's driver's license.

29 (3) Except as otherwise provided by subsection (a)(4) or (c), every 30 person convicted under this section shall be sentenced to at least five days' 31 imprisonment and fined at least \$100 and upon a second conviction shall 32 not be eligible for parole until completion of five days' imprisonment.

33 (4) Except as otherwise provided by subsection (c), if a person: (A) Is 34 convicted of a violation of this section, committed while the person's 35 privilege to drive or privilege to obtain a driver's license was suspended or 36 revoked for a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567, and amendments 37 thereto, or any ordinance of any city or resolution of any county or a law 38 of another state, which ordinance or resolution or law prohibits the acts 39 prohibited by that statute those statutes; and (B) is or has been also 40 convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567, and amendments 41 thereto, or of a municipal any ordinance of any city or resolution of any 42 county or law of another state, which ordinance or resolution or law 43 prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute those statutes, committed while the person's privilege to drive or privilege to obtain a driver's license was
 so suspended or revoked, the person shall not be eligible for suspension of
 sentence, probation or parole until the person has served at least 90 days'
 imprisonment, and any fine imposed on such person shall be in addition to
 such a term of imprisonment.

6 (b) The division, upon receiving a record of the conviction of any 7 person under this section, or any ordinance of any city or resolution of any 8 county or a law of another state which is in substantial conformity with 9 this section, upon a charge of driving a vehicle while the license of such 10 person is revoked or suspended, shall extend the period of such suspension 11 or revocation for an additional period of 90 days.

(c) (1) The person found guilty of a class A nonperson misdemeanor
 on a third or subsequent conviction of this section shall be sentenced to not
 less than 90 days imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,500 if such
 person's privilege to drive a motor vehicle is canceled, suspended or
 revoked because such person:

(A) Refused to submit and complete any test of blood, breath or urine
requested by law enforcement excluding the preliminary screening test as
set forth in K.S.A. 8-1012, and amendments thereto;

(B) was convicted of violating the provisions of K.S.A. 40-3104, and
amendments thereto, relating to motor vehicle liability insurance coverage;
(C) was convicted of vehicular homicide, K.S.A. 21-3405 section 41
of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments
thereto, involuntary manslaughter while driving under the influence of
alcohol or drugs, K.S.A. 21-3442 subsection (a)(3) of section 40 of
chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto,

or any other murder or manslaughter crime resulting from the operation of
 a motor vehicle; or

(D) was convicted of being a habitual violator, K.S.A. 8-287, andamendments thereto.

31 (2) The person convicted shall not be eligible for release on 32 probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole until the person 33 has served at least 90 days' imprisonment. The 90 days' imprisonment 34 mandated by this subsection may be served in a work release program only 35 after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided 36 such work release program requires such person to return to confinement 37 at the end of each day in the work release program. The court may place 38 the person convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 21-39 4603b section 249 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 40 amendments thereto, or any municipal ordinance to serve the remainder of the minimum sentence only after such person has served 48 consecutive 41 42 hours' imprisonment.

43 (d) For the purposes of determining whether a conviction is a first,

1 second, third or subsequent conviction in sentencing under this section,

2 "conviction" includes a conviction of a violation of any ordinance of any
3 city or resolution of any county or a law of another state which is in
4 substantial conformity with this section.

5 Sec. 7. K.S.A. 8-285 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-285. 6 Except as otherwise provided in this section, as used in this act, the words 7 and phrases defined in K.S.A. 8-234a, and amendments thereto, shall have 8 the meanings ascribed to them therein. The term "habitual violator" means 9 any resident or nonresident person who, within the immediately preceding 10 five years, has been convicted in this or any other state:

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(a) Three or more times of:

12 (1) Vehicular homicide, as defined by K.S.A. 21-3405 section 41 of 13 chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, 14 or as prohibited by any ordinance of any city in this state, any resolution of 15 any county in this state or any law of another state which is in substantial 16 conformity with that statute;

17 (2) violating K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, or violating an 18 ordinance of any city in this state, *any resolution of any county in this state* 19 or any law of another state, which ordinance, *resolution* or law declares to 20 be unlawful the acts prohibited by that statute;

21 (3) driving while the privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the 22 public highways of this state has been canceled, suspended or revoked, as 23 prohibited by K.S.A. 8-262, and amendments thereto, or while such person's privilege to obtain a driver's license is suspended or revoked 24 25 pursuant to K.S.A. 8-252a, and amendments thereto, or, as prohibited by 26 any ordinance of any city in this state, any resolution of any county in this 27 state or any law of another state which is in substantial conformity with 28 those statutes;

(4) perjury resulting from a violation of K.S.A. 8-261a, and
amendments thereto, or resulting from the violation of a law of another
state which is in substantial conformity with that statute;

(5) violating the provisions of the fifth clause of K.S.A. 8-142, and
 amendments thereto, relating to fraudulent applications, or violating the
 provisions of a law of another state which is in substantial conformity with
 that statute;

36 (6) any crime punishable as a felony, if a motor vehicle was used in37 the perpetration of the crime;

(7) failing to stop at the scene of an accident and perform the duties
required by K.S.A. 8-1602 through 8-1604, and amendments thereto, or
required by any ordinance of any city in this state, *any resolution of any county in this state* or a law of another state which is in substantial
conformity with those statutes; or

43 (8) violating the provisions of K.S.A. 40-3104, and amendments

thereto, relating to motor vehicle liability insurance coverage, or an 1 ordinance of any city in this state, or a resolution of any county in this 2 state which is in substantial conformity with such statute. 3

(b) Three or more times, either singly or in combination, of any of the 4 5 offenses enumerated in subsection (a).

6 For the purpose of subsection (a)(2), in addition to the definition of 7 "conviction" otherwise provided by law, conviction includes, but is not 8 limited to, a diversion agreement entered into in lieu of further criminal proceedings, or a plea of nolo contendere, on a complaint, indictment, 9 information, citation or notice to appear alleging a violation of K.S.A. 8-10 1567, and amendments thereto, or an ordinance of a city in this state, a11 resolution of a county in this state or law of another state, which ordinance 12 or law prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute. 13

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-2,142 is hereby amended to read as 14 follows: 8-2,142. (a) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial 15 16 motor vehicle for a period of not less than one year upon a first occurrence 17 of any one of the following:

(1) While operating a commercial motor vehicle:

19 (A) The person is convicted of violating K.S.A. 8-2,144, and 20 amendments thereto:

21 (B) the person is convicted of violating subsection (b) of K.S.A. 8-22 2,132, and amendments thereto;

23 (C) the person is convicted of causing a fatality through the negligent operation of a commercial motor vehicle; or 24

25 (D) the person's test refusal or test failure, as defined in subsection 26 (m): or

27 (E) the person is convicted of a violation identified in subsection (a) 28 (2)(A): or

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(2) while operating a noncommercial motor vehicle:

(A) The person is convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and 30 amendments thereto, or of a violation of an ordinance of any city in this 31 32 state, a resolution of any county in this state or any law of another state, 33 which ordinance or law declares to be unlawful the acts prohibited by that 34 statute: or

35 (B) the person's test refusal or test failure, as defined in K.S.A. 8-36 1013, and amendments thereto; or

37 38 (3) while operating any motor vehicle: (A) The person is convicted of leaving the scene of an accident; or

39 the person is convicted of a felony, other than a felony described (B) in subsection (e), while using a motor vehicle to commit such felony. 40

(b) If any offenses, test refusal or test failure specified in subsection 41 (a) occurred in a commercial motor vehicle while transporting a hazardous 42 43 material required to be placarded, the person is disqualified for a period of

1 not less than three years.

2 (c) A person shall be disqualified for life upon the second or a
3 subsequent occurrence of any offense, test refusal or test failure specified
4 in subsection (a), or any combination thereof, arising from two or more
5 separate incidents.

6 (d) The secretary of revenue may adopt rules and regulations 7 establishing guidelines, including conditions, under which a 8 disqualification for life under subsection (c) may be reduced to a period of 9 not less than 10 years.

(e) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle
for life who uses a commercial motor vehicle or noncommercial motor
vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture,
distribution or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with
intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance.

15 (f) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 60 days if convicted of two serious traffic 16 17 violations, or 120 days if convicted of three or more serious traffic 18 violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle arising from separate 19 incidents occurring within a three-year period. Any disqualification period 20 under this paragraph shall be in addition to any other previous period of 21 disqualification. The beginning date for any three-year period within a ten-22 year period, required by this subsection, shall be the issuance date of the 23 citation which resulted in a conviction.

(g) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 60 days if convicted of two serious traffic violations, or 120 days if convicted of three or more serious traffic violations, committed in a noncommercial motor vehicle arising from separate incidents occurring within a three-year period, if such convictions result in the revocation, cancellation or suspension of the person's driving privileges.

(h) (1) A person who is convicted of operating a commercial motor
vehicle in violation of an out-of-service order shall be disqualified from
driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than:

34 (A) Ninety days nor more than one year, if the driver is convicted of a35 first violation of an out-of-service order;

(B) one year nor more than five years if the person has one prior
conviction for violating an out-of-service order in a separate incident and
such prior offense was committed within the 10 years immediately
preceding the date of the present violation; or

40 (C) three years nor more than five years if the person has two or more
41 prior convictions for violating out-of-service orders in separate incidents
42 and such prior offenses were committed within the 10 years immediately
43 preceding the date of the present violation.

1 (2) A person who is convicted of operating a commercial motor 2 vehicle in violation of an out-of-service order while transporting a 3 hazardous material required to be placarded under 49 U.S.C. § 5101 et seq. 4 or while operating a motor vehicle designed to transport more than 15 5 passengers, including the driver, shall be disqualified from driving a 6 commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than:

7 (A) One hundred and eighty days nor more than two years if the 8 driver is convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order; or

9 (B) three years nor more than five years if the person has a prior 10 conviction for violating an out-of-service order in a separate incident and 11 such prior offense was committed within the 10 years immediately 12 preceding the date of the present violation.

(i) (1) A person who is convicted of operating a commercial motor
vehicle in violation of a federal, state or local law or regulation pertaining
to one of the following six offenses at a railroad-highway grade crossing
shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for the
period of time specified in paragraph (2):

(A) For persons who are not required to always stop, failing to slowdown and check that the tracks are clear of an approaching train;

(B) for persons who are not required to always stop, failing to stopbefore reaching the crossing, if the tracks are not clear;

(C) for persons who are always required to stop, failing to stop before
 driving onto the crossing;

(D) for all persons failing to have sufficient space to drive completely
 through the crossing without stopping;

(E) for all persons failing to obey a traffic control device or thedirections of an enforcement official at the crossing; or

28 (F) for all persons failing to negotiate a crossing because of 29 insufficient undercarriage clearance.

30 (2) A driver shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor31 vehicle for not less than:

32 (A) Sixty days if the driver is convicted of a first violation of a33 railroad-highway grade crossing violation;

(B) one hundred and twenty days if, during any three-year period, the
 driver is convicted of a second railroad-highway grade crossing violation
 in separate incidents; or

(C) one year if, during any three-year period, the driver is convicted
 of a third or subsequent railroad-highway grade crossing violation in
 separate incidents.

(j) After suspending, revoking or canceling a commercial driver's
license, the division shall update its records to reflect that action within 10
days. After suspending, revoking or canceling a nonresident commercial
driver's privileges, the division shall notify the licensing authority of the

state which issued the commercial driver's license or nonresident
 commercial driver's license within 10 days. The notification shall include
 both the disqualification and the violation that resulted in the
 disqualification, suspension, revocation or cancellation.

5 (k) Upon receiving notification from the licensing authority of 6 another state, that it has disqualified a commercial driver's license holder 7 licensed by this state, or has suspended, revoked or canceled such 8 commercial driver's license holder's commercial driver's license, the 9 division shall record such notification and the information such 10 notification provides on the driver's record.

(1) Upon suspension, revocation, cancellation or disqualification of a
commercial driver's license under this act, the license shall be immediately
surrendered to the division if still in the licensee's possession. If otherwise
eligible, and upon payment of the required fees, the licensee may be issued
a noncommercial driver's license for the period of suspension, revocation,
cancellation or disqualification of the commercial driver's license under
the same identifier number.

18 (m) As used in this section, "test refusal" means a person's refusal to 19 submit to and complete a test requested pursuant to K.S.A. 8-2,145, and 20 amendments thereto; "test failure" means a person's submission to and 21 completion of a test which determines that the person's alcohol 22 concentration is .04 or greater, pursuant to K.S.A. 8-2,145, and 23 amendments thereto.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-2,144 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-2,144. (a) No person shall drive *Driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence is operating or attempting to operate* any commercial motor vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, within this state while:

(1) The alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath, as
shown by any competent evidence, including other competent evidence, as
defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (f) of K.S.A. 8-1013, and
amendments thereto, is .04 or more;

(2) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath, as
 measured within two *three* hours of the time of driving a commercial
 motor vehicle, is .04 or more; or

36 (3) committing a violation of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1567, and
37 amendments thereto, or the ordinance of a city or resolution of a county
38 which prohibits any of the acts prohibited thereunder.

(b) Upon a first conviction of a violation of this section, a personshall be guilty of a class B, nonperson misdemeanor and sentenced to not
less than 48 consecutive hours nor more than six months' imprisonment, or
in the court's discretion, 100 hours of public service, and fined not less
than \$500 nor more than \$1,000. The person convicted must serve at least

48 consecutive hours' imprisonment or 100 hours of public service either 1 2 before or as a condition of any grant of probation or suspension, reduction of sentence or parole. In addition, the court shall enter an order which 3 requires that the person enroll in and successfully complete an alcohol and 4 5 drug safety action education program or treatment program as provided in 6 K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto, or both the education and 7 treatment programs. 8 (c) On a second conviction of a violation of this section, a person-

9 shall be guilty of a class A, nonperson misdemeanor and sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment and fined not less 10 than \$1,000 nor more than \$1,500. The person convicted must serve at 11 least five consecutive days' imprisonment before the person is granted-12 probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise 13 released. The five days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be 14 15 served in a work release program only after such person has served 48 16 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work release program-17 requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the 18 work release program. The court may place the person convicted under a 19 house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4603b, and amendments-20 thereto, to serve the remainder of the minimum sentence only after such 21 person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. As a condition of 22 any grant of probation, suspension of sentence or parole or of any other 23 release, the person shall be required to enter into and complete a treatment 24 program for alcohol and drug abuse as provided in K.S.A. 8-1008, and 25 amendments thereto.

26 (d) On the third conviction of a violation of this section, a person-27 shall be guilty of a nonperson felony and sentenced to not less than 90 28 days nor more than one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,500 29 nor more than \$2,500. The person convicted shall not be eligible for 30 release on probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole until 31 the person has served at least 90 days' imprisonment. The court also-32 requires as a condition of parole that such person enter into and complete a 33 treatment program for alcohol and drug abuse as provided by K.S.A. 8-34 1008, and amendments thereto. The 90 days' imprisonment mandated by 35 this subsection may be served in a work release program only after such 36 person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment provided such work 37 release program requires such person to return to confinement at the end of 38 each day in the work release program. The court may place the person 39 convicted under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4603b, and 40 amendments thereto, to serve the remainder of the minimum sentence only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment. 41 42 *(b)* 

(b) (1) Driving a commercial motor vehicle under the influence is:
 (A) On a first conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor. The

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person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than
 one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than
 \$1,500. The person convicted shall serve at least five consecutive days'
 imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or
 reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. The five

6 consecutive days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be 7 served by completing: (i) Six days in a work release program only after 8 such person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person to return to confinement 9 at the end of each day in the work release program; or (ii) ten days under 10 a house arrest program pursuant to section 249 of chapter 136 of the 2010 11 12 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment; 13

(B) on a second conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor. The 14 15 person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than 16 one year's imprisonment and fined \$2,500. The person convicted shall serve at least 10 consecutive days' imprisonment before the person is 17 18 granted probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole or is 19 otherwise released. The 10 consecutive days' imprisonment mandated by 20 this subsection may be served by completing: (i) Twelve days in a work 21 release program only after such person has served 96 consecutive hours' 22 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person 23 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program; or (ii) twenty days under a house arrest program pursuant to 24 section 249 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 25 26 amendments thereto, only after such person has served 96 consecutive 27 *hours' imprisonment;* 

28 (C) on a third or subsequent conviction a severity level 7, nonperson 29 felony.

30 (2) In addition, prior to sentencing, the court shall order the person 31 to participate in an alcohol and drug evaluation conducted by a licensed provider pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto. The person 32 33 shall be required to follow any recommendation made by the provider after such evaluation, unless otherwise ordered by the court. The 34 35 provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any person sentenced to 36 imprisonment for a third or subsequent conviction pursuant to subsection 37 (b)(1)(C).

(c) Any person convicted of a violation of this section, or a violation
of a city ordinance or county resolution prohibiting the acts prohibited by
this section, who had one or more children under the age of 14 years in
the vehicle at the time of the offense shall have such person's punishment
enhanced by one month of imprisonment. This imprisonment shall be
served consecutively to any other minimum mandatory penalty imposed

1 for a violation of this section, or a violation of a city ordinance or county

2 resolution prohibiting the acts prohibited by this section. Any enhanced

3 penalty imposed shall not exceed the maximum sentence allowable by law.
4 During the service of the enhanced penalty, the judge may order the

5 person on house arrest, work release or other conditional release.

6 (d) If a person is charged with a violation of this section involving 7 drugs, the fact that the person is or has been entitled to use the drug under 8 the laws of this state shall not constitute a defense against the charge.

9 (e) The court may establish the terms and time for payment of any 10 fines, fees, assessments and costs imposed pursuant to this section. Any 11 assessment and costs shall be required to be paid not later than 90 days 12 after imposed, and any remainder of the fine shall be paid prior to the 13 final release of the defendant by the court.

14 (f) In lieu of payment of a fine imposed pursuant to this section, the court may order that the person perform community service specified by 15 16 the court. The person shall receive a credit on the fine imposed in an amount equal to \$5 for each full hour spent by the person in the specified 17 community service. The community service ordered by the court shall be 18 19 required to be performed not later than one year after the fine is imposed or by an earlier date specified by the court. If by the required date the 20 person performs an insufficient amount of community service to reduce to 21 22 zero the portion of the fine required to be paid by the person, the 23 remaining balance of the fine shall become due on that date.

(g) Prior to filing a complaint alleging a violation of this section, a
prosecutor shall request and shall receive from the: (1) Division a record
of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any violations of
any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and (2) Kansas bureau of
investigation central repository all criminal history record information
concerning such person.

30 (e) (h) The court shall *electronically* report every conviction of a violation of this section and every diversion agreement entered into in lieu 31 32 of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of this 33 section to the division. Prior to sentencing under the provisions of this 34 section, the court shall request and shall receive from the: (1) Division a 35 record of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any 36 violation of any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and (2) Kansas 37 bureau of investigation central repository all criminal history record 38 information concerning such person.

(f) (i) Upon conviction of a person of a violation of this section or a
violation of a city ordinance or county resolution prohibiting the acts
prohibited by this section, the division, upon receiving a report of
conviction, shall: (1) Disqualify the person from driving a commercial
motor vehicle under K.S.A. 8-2,142, and amendments thereto; and (2)

suspend, restrict or suspend and restrict the person's driving privileges as
 provided by K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto.

3 (*j*) (*1*) Except as provided in subsections (*k*) and (*l*), nothing 4 contained in this section shall be construed as preventing any city from 5 enacting ordinances, or any county from adopting resolutions, declaring 6 acts prohibited or made unlawful by this section as unlawful or prohibited 7 in such city or county and prescribing penalties for violation thereof.

8 (2) The minimum penalty prescribed by any such ordinance or 9 resolution shall not be less than the minimum penalty prescribed by this 10 section for the same violation, and the maximum penalty in any such 11 ordinance or resolution shall not exceed the maximum penalty prescribed 12 for the same violation.

(3) Any such ordinance or resolution shall authorize the court to
 order that the convicted person pay restitution to any victim who suffered
 loss due to the violation for which the person was convicted.

16 (k) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, no city shall enact 17 an ordinance declaring the acts prohibited by this section as unlawful or 18 prohibited in such city and prescribing penalties for violation thereof 19 unless:

20 (1) The municipal law enforcement in such city reports arrests to the 21 Kansas bureau of investigation as required by law;

22 (2) the municipal court in such city utilizes a standardized risk 23 assessment instrument approved by the Kansas sentencing commission, utilizes a standardized substance abuse evaluation approved by the 24 25 secretary of social and rehabilitation services, utilizes the results of such assessment and such evaluation in determining disposition of the case, has 26 the capability to supervise the offender accordingly and reports the 27 disposition of such case to the Kansas bureau of investigation central 28 29 repository: and

(3) the municipal court in such city, on and after July 1, 2012, reports
the disposition of such case electronically to the Kansas bureau of
investigation central repository.

(1) On and after July 1, 2011, any city ordinance declaring the acts
prohibited by this section as unlawful or prohibited in such city and
prescribing penalties for violation thereof is hereby declared null and
void, regardless of when such ordinance was enacted, unless such city
meets the requirements specified in subsection (k).

(m) (1) Upon the filing of a complaint, citation or notice to appear
alleging a person has violated a city ordinance prohibiting the acts
prohibited by this section, and prior to conviction thereof, a city attorney
shall request and shall receive from the: (A) Division of vehicles a record
of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any violations of
any of the motor vehicle laws of this state; and (B) Kansas bureau of

investigation central repository all criminal history record information
 concerning such person.

3 (2) If the elements of such ordinance violation are the same as the 4 elements of a violation of this section that would constitute, and be 5 punished as, a felony, the city attorney shall refer the violation to the 6 appropriate county or district attorney for prosecution. The county or 7 district attorney shall accept such referral and pursue a disposition of 8 such violation, and shall not refer any such violation back to the city 9 attorney.

(n) No plea bargaining agreement shall be entered into nor shall any
judge approve a plea bargaining agreement entered into for the purpose of
permitting a person charged with a violation of this section, or a violation
of any ordinance of a city or resolution of any county in this state which
prohibits the acts prohibited by this section, to avoid the mandatory
penalties established by this section or by the ordinance or resolution.

(o) The alternatives set out in subsections (a)(1), (a)(2) and (a)(3)
may be pleaded in the alternative, and the state, city or county may, but
shall not be required to, elect one or two of the three prior to submission
of the case to the fact finder.

20 (p) When determining whether a conviction is a first, second, third or 21 subsequent conviction of a violation of this section:

(1) Any test refusal, as defined in K.S.A. 8-1013, and amendments
thereto, occurring during a person's lifetime shall be taken into account,
unless such refusal occurred when the offender was under 18 years of age;

25 (2) convictions for a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments 26 thereto, or a violation of an ordinance of any city or resolution of any 27 county which prohibits the acts that such section prohibits, or entering 28 into a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a 29 complaint alleging any such violations, shall be taken into account, but 30 only convictions or diversions occurring on or after July 1, 2001;

(3) any convictions for a violation of the following sections occurring 31 32 during a person's lifetime shall be taken into account: (A) This section; 33 (B) K.S.A. 32-1131, and amendments thereto; (C) subsection (a)(3) of section 40 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 34 35 amendments thereto; and (D) aggravated vehicular homicide, K.S.A. 21-36 3405a, prior to its repeal, or vehicular battery, K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to 37 its repeal, if the crime was committed while committing a violation of 38 K.S.A. 8-1567. and amendments thereto:

39 (4) "conviction" includes: (A) Entering into a diversion agreement in 40 lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of 41 a crime described in subsection (p)(3); (B) conviction of a violation of an 42 ordinance of a city in this state, a resolution of a county in this state or 43 any law of another state which would constitute a crime described in 1 subsection (p)(2) or (p)(3); and (C) receiving punishment under the 2 uniform code of military justice or Kansas code of military justice for an 3 act which was committed on a military reservation and which would 4 constitute a crime described in subsection (p)(2) or (p)(3) if committed off 5 a military reservation in this state;

6 (5) "conviction" does not include: (A) Any conviction, including any 7 conviction as defined in subsection (p)(4), for a crime described in 8 subsection (p)(2) or (p)(3) committed when the offender was under 18 9 years of age; and (B) any adjudications as a juvenile offender because of 10 an act which if committed by an adult would constitute a crime described 11 in subsection (p)(2) or (p)(3);

12 (6) it is irrelevant whether an offense occurred before or after 13 conviction for a previous offense; and

14 (7) multiple convictions of any crime described in subsection (p)(2)15 or (p)(3) arising from the same arrest shall only be counted as one 16 conviction.

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(g) (q) For the purpose of this section;

(1) "Alcohol concentration" means the number of grams of alcohol
 per 100 milliliters of blood or per 210 liters of breath.;

20 (2) "imprisonment" shall include any restrained environment in 21 which the court and law enforcement agency intend to retain custody and 22 control of a defendant and such environment has been approved by the 23 board of county commissioners or the governing body of a city; and

(3) "drug" includes toxic vapors as such term is defined in K.S.A.
2010 Supp. 21-36a12, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1001 is hereby amended to read as 26 follows: 8-1001. (a) Any person who operates or attempts to operate a 27 28 vehicle within this state is deemed to have given consent, subject to the 29 provisions of this act, to submit to one or more tests of the person's blood, breath, urine or other bodily substance to determine the presence of 30 31 alcohol or drugs. The testing deemed consented to herein shall include all 32 quantitative and qualitative tests for alcohol and drugs. A person who is 33 dead or unconscious shall be deemed not to have withdrawn the person's 34 consent to such test or tests, which shall be administered in the manner 35 provided by this section.

36 (b) A law enforcement officer shall request a person to submit to a 37 test or tests deemed consented to under subsection (a): (1) If the officer has 38 reasonable grounds to believe the person was operating or attempting to 39 operate a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or both, or 40 to believe that the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, while having alcohol 41 or other drugs in such person's system, or was under the age of 21 years 42 43 while having alcohol or other drugs in such person's system; and one of the

1 following conditions exists: (A) The person has been arrested or otherwise 2 taken into custody for any offense involving operation or attempted 3 operation of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or 4 both, or for a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567a, and amendments thereto, or 5 involving driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-6 2,128, and amendments thereto, while having alcohol or other drugs in 7 such person's system, in violation of a state statute or a, city ordinance or 8 county resolution; or (B) the person has been involved in a vehicle 9 accident or collision resulting in property damage or personal injury other 10 than serious injury; or (2) if the person was operating or attempting to operate a vehicle and such vehicle has been involved in an accident or 11 12 collision resulting in serious injury or death of any person and the operator 13 could be cited for any traffic offense, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2117, and 14 amendments thereto. The traffic offense violation shall constitute probable 15 cause for purposes of paragraph (2). The test or tests under paragraph (2) 16 shall not be required if a law enforcement officer has reasonable grounds 17 to believe the actions of the operator did not contribute to the accident or 18 collision. The law enforcement officer directing administration of the test 19 or tests may act on personal knowledge or on the basis of the collective 20 information available to law enforcement officers involved in the accident 21 investigation or arrest.

22 (c) If a law enforcement officer requests a person to submit to a test 23 of blood under this section, the withdrawal of blood at the direction of the 24 officer may be performed only by: (1) A person licensed to practice 25 medicine and surgery, licensed as a physician's assistant, or a person acting under the direction of any such licensed person; (2) a registered nurse or a 26 27 licensed practical nurse; (3) any qualified medical technician, including, 28 but not limited to, an emergency medical technician-intermediate, mobile 29 intensive care technician, an emergency medical technician-intermediate 30 defibrillator, an advanced emergency medical technician or a paramedic, 31 as those terms are defined in K.S.A. 65-6112, and amendments thereto, 32 authorized by medical protocol or (4) a phlebotomist.

(d) A law enforcement officer may direct a medical professional
described in this section to draw a sample of blood from a person:

(1) If the person has given consent and meets the requirements ofsubsection (b);

37 (2) if medically unable to consent, if the person meets the38 requirements of paragraph (2) of subsection (b); or

if the person refuses to submit to and complete a test, if the personmeets the requirements of paragraph (2) of subsection (b).

41 (e) When so directed by a law enforcement officer through a written
42 statement, the medical professional shall withdraw the sample as soon as
43 practical and shall deliver the sample to the law enforcement officer or

another law enforcement officer as directed by the requesting law 1 2 enforcement officer as soon as practical, provided the collection of the 3 sample does not jeopardize the person's life, cause serious injury to the 4 person or seriously impede the person's medical assessment, care or treatment. The medical professional authorized herein to withdraw the 5 6 blood and the medical care facility where the blood is drawn may act on 7 good faith that the requirements have been met for directing the 8 withdrawing of blood once presented with the written statement provided 9 for under this subsection. The medical professional shall not require the 10 person to sign any additional consent or waiver form. In such a case, the person authorized to withdraw blood and the medical care facility shall not 11 12 be liable in any action alleging lack of consent or lack of informed 13 consent.

(f) Such sample or samples shall be an independent sample and not
be a portion of a sample collected for medical purposes. The person
collecting the blood sample shall complete the collection portion of a
document provided by law enforcement.

(g) If a person must be restrained to collect the sample pursuant to this section, law enforcement shall be responsible for applying any such restraint utilizing acceptable law enforcement restraint practices. The restraint shall be effective in controlling the person in a manner not to jeopardize the person's safety or that of the medical professional or attending medical or health care staff during the drawing of the sample and without interfering with medical treatment.

(h) A law enforcement officer may request a urine sample upon
meeting the requirements of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) and shall
request a urine sample upon meeting the requirements of paragraph (2) of
subsection (b).

29 (i) If a law enforcement officer requests a person to submit to a test of 30 urine under this section, the collection of the urine sample shall be 31 supervised by persons of the same sex as the person being tested and: (1) 32 A person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, licensed as a 33 physician's assistant, or a person acting under the direction of any such 34 licensed person; (2) a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse; or 35 (3) a law enforcement officer of the same sex as the person being tested. 36 The collection of the urine sample shall be conducted out of the view of 37 any person other than the persons supervising the collection of the sample 38 and the person being tested, unless the right to privacy is waived by the 39 person being tested. When possible, the supervising person shall be a law 40 enforcement officer. The results of qualitative testing for drug presence shall be admissible in evidence and questions of accuracy or reliability 41 42 shall go to the weight rather than the admissibility of the evidence. If the 43 person is medically unable to provide a urine sample in such manner due

to the injuries or treatment of the injuries, the same authorization and
 procedure as used for the collection of blood in subsections (d) and (e)
 shall apply to the collection of a urine sample.

4 (j) No law enforcement officer who is acting in accordance with this 5 section shall be liable in any civil or criminal proceeding involving the 6 action.

7 (k) Before a test or tests are administered under this section, the 8 person shall be given oral and written notice that: (1) Kansas law requires 9 the person to submit to and complete one or more tests of breath, blood or 10 urine to determine if the person is under the influence of alcohol or drugs, 11 or both;

(2) the opportunity to consent to or refuse a test is not a constitutionalright;

(3) there is no constitutional right to consult with an attorneyregarding whether to submit to testing;

(4) if the person refuses to submit to and complete any test of breath,
blood or urine hereafter requested by a law enforcement officer, the
person's driving privileges will be suspended for one year for the first
occurrence, two years for the second occurrence, three years for the third
occurrence, 10 years for the, second, third or fourth occurrence and
permanently revoked for a fifth or subsequent occurrence;

(5) if the person submits to and completes the test or tests and the testresults show for the first occurrence:

(A) An alcohol concentration of .08 or greater, the person's driving
 privileges will be suspended for 30 days for the first occurrence; or

26 (B) an alcohol concentration of .15 or greater, the person's driving27 privileges will be suspended for one year;

(6) if the person submits to and completes the test or tests and the test
 results show an alcohol concentration of .08 or greater, the person's driving
 privileges will be suspended for one year for the second, third or fourth
 occurrence and permanently revoked for a fifth or subsequent occurrence;

(7) if the person is less than 21 years of age at the time of the test
request and submits to and completes the tests and the test results show an
alcohol concentration of .08 or greater, the person's driving privileges will
be suspended for one year except the person's driving privileges will be
permanently revoked for a fifth or subsequent occurrence;

(8) refusal to submit to testing may be used against the person at any
trial on a charge arising out of the operation or attempted operation of a
vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or both;

40 (9) the results of the testing may be used against the person at any
41 trial on a charge arising out of the operation or attempted operation of a
42 vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or both; and

43 (10) after the completion of the testing, the person has the right to

consult with an attorney and may secure additional testing, which, if
 desired, should be done as soon as possible and is customarily available
 from medical care facilities willing to conduct such testing.

4 (1) If a law enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that 5 the person has been driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in 6 K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, while having alcohol or other 7 drugs in such person's system, the person shall also be provided the oral 8 and written notice pursuant to K.S.A. 8-2,145 and amendments thereto. 9 Any failure to give the notices required by K.S.A. 8-2,145 and 10 amendments thereto shall not invalidate any action taken as a result of the requirements of this section. If a law enforcement officer has reasonable 11 12 grounds to believe that the person has been driving or attempting to drive a 13 vehicle while having alcohol or other drugs in such person's system and such person was under 21 years of age, the person also shall be given the 14 notices required by K.S.A. 8-1567a, and amendments thereto. Any failure 15 16 to give the notices required by K.S.A. 8-1567a, and amendments thereto, 17 shall not invalidate any action taken as a result of the requirements of this 18 section.

(m) After giving the foregoing information, a law enforcement officer
shall request the person to submit to testing. The selection of the test or
tests shall be made by the officer. If the test results show a blood or breath
alcohol concentration of .08 or greater, the person's driving privileges shall
be subject to suspension, or suspension and restriction, as provided in
K.S.A. 8-1002 and 8-1014, and amendments thereto.

(n) The person's refusal shall be admissible in evidence against the
 person at any trial on a charge arising out of the alleged operation or
 attempted operation of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or
 drugs, or both.

29 (o) If a law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the 30 person had been driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 31 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, and the test results show a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .04 or greater, the person shall be 32 33 disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle, pursuant to K.S.A. 34 8-2,142, and amendments thereto. If a law enforcement officer had 35 reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving a commercial 36 motor vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, and 37 the test results show a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .08 or 38 greater, or the person refuses a test, the person's driving privileges shall be 39 subject to suspension, or suspension and restriction, pursuant to this 40 section, in addition to being disqualified from driving a commercial motor 41 vehicle pursuant to K.S.A. 8-2,142, and amendments thereto.

42 (p) An officer shall have probable cause to believe that the person 43 operated a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or both, if 1 the vehicle was operated by such person in such a manner as to have caused the death of or serious injury to a person. In such event, such test or 2 tests may be made pursuant to a search warrant issued under the authority 3 4 of K.S.A. 22-2502, and amendments thereto, or without a search warrant under the authority of K.S.A. 22-2501, and amendments thereto. 5

6 (q) Failure of a person to provide an adequate breath sample or 7 samples as directed shall constitute a refusal unless the person shows that 8 the failure was due to physical inability caused by a medical condition unrelated to any ingested alcohol or drugs. 9

(r) It shall not be a defense that the person did not understand the 10 written or oral notice required by this section. 11

(s) No test results shall be suppressed because of technical 12 irregularities in the consent or notice required pursuant to this act. 13

14 (t) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the admissibility at any trial of alcohol or drug concentration testing results obtained 15 16 pursuant to a search warrant.

17 (u) Upon the request of any person submitting to testing under this 18 section, a report of the results of the testing shall be made available to such 19 person.

20 (v) This act is remedial law and shall be liberally construed to 21 promote public health, safety and welfare.

22 (w) As used in this section, "serious injury" means a physical injury 23 to a person, as determined by law enforcement, which has the effect of, 24 prior to the request for testing:

25 (1) Disabling a person from the physical capacity to remove 26 themselves from the scene: (2) renders a person unconscious:

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28 (3) the immediate loss of or absence of the normal use of at least one 29 limb:

(4) an injury determined by a physician to require surgery; or

31 (5) otherwise indicates the person may die or be permanently disabled 32 by the injury.

33 Sec. 11. K.S.A. 8-1008 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1008. (a) As used in this section, "licensed provider" means a professional 34 35 licensed by the behavioral sciences regulatory board to diagnose and treat mental disorders at the independent level, or a professional licensed by the 36 37 behavioral sciences regulatory board under the supervision of a 38 professional licensed to diagnose and treat mental disorders at the 39 independent level, who can demonstrate an expertise in the field of addictions through addictions licensure, professional credential or 40 41 continuing education.

42 (a) (b) Community-based alcohol and drug safety action programs-43 eertified in accordance with subsection (b) A licensed provider shall

1 provide:

2 (1) Presentence Alcohol and drug evaluations, *prior to sentencing*, of
3 any person who is convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567,
4 and amendments thereto, or the ordinance of a city or resolution of a
5 county in this state which prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute;
6 those statutes; and

(2) supervision and monitoring of all persons who are convicted of a
violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, or the ordinance of a
eity in this state which prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute, and
whose sentences or terms of probation require completion of an alcohol
and drug safety action program, as provided in this section, or an alcohol
and drug abuse treatment program, as provided in this section;

13 (3) (2) alcohol and drug evaluations of persons whom the prosecutor 14 considers for eligibility or finds eligible to enter a diversion agreement in 15 lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of 16 K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, or the ordinance of a city *or* 17 *resolution of a county* in this state which prohibits the acts prohibited by 18 that statute<del>;</del>.

(4) supervision and monitoring of persons required, under a diversion
 agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a
 violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, or the ordinance of a
 eity in this state which prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute, to
 complete an alcohol and drug safety action program, as provided in this
 section, or an alcohol and drug abuse treatment program, as provided in
 this section; or

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(5) any combination of (1), (2), (3) and (4).

27 (b) (c) The presentence alcohol and drug evaluation shall be-28 conducted by a community-based alcohol and drug safety action program 29 certified in accordance with the provisions of this subsection to provide-30 evaluation and supervision services as described in subsections (c) and (d). 31 A community-based alcohol and drug safety action program shall be-32 eertified either by the chief judge of the judicial district to be served by the 33 program or by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services for-34 judicial districts in which the chief judge declines to certify a program. In 35 addition to any qualifications established by the secretary, the chief judge 36 may establish qualifications for the certification of programs, which-37 qualifications may include requirements for training, education and 38 certification of personnel; supervision and monitoring of clients; fee-39 reimbursement procedures; handling of conflicts of interest; delivery of 40 services to elients unable to pay; and other matters relating to quality and 41 delivery of services by the program. In establishing the qualifications for 42 programs, the chief judge or the secretary shall give preference to those 43 programs which have had practical experience prior to July 1, 1982, in-

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diagnosis and referral in alcohol and drug abuse. Certification of a-1 2 program by the chief judge shall be done with consultation and approval of a majority of the judges of the district court of the district and municipal 3 4 judges of cities lying in whole or in part within the district. If within 60 5 days after the effective date of this act the chief judge declines to certify 6 any program for the judicial district, the judge shall notify the secretary of 7 social and rehabilitation services, and the secretary of social and 8 rehabilitation services shall certify a community-based alcohol and drug-9 safety action program for that judicial district. The certification shall be for 10 a four-year period. Recertification of a program or certification of a different program shall be by the chief judge, with consultation and 11 12 approval of a majority of the judges of the district court of the district and municipal judges of cities lying in whole or in part within the district. If 13 upon expiration of certification of a program there will be no certified-14 15 program for the district and the chief judge declines to recertify or certify 16 any program in the district, the judge shall notify the secretary of social 17 and rehabilitation services, at least six months prior to the expiration of 18 certification, that the judge declines to recertify or certify a program under 19 this subsection. Upon receipt of the notice and prior to the expiration of eertification, the secretary shall recertify or certify a community-based-20 21 alcohol and drug safety action program for the judicial district for the next 22 four-year period. To be eligible for certification under this subsection, the chief judge or the secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall-23 24 determine that a community-based alcohol and drug safety action program 25 meets the qualifications established by the judge or secretary and is A 26 *licensed provider shall be* capable of providing, within the judicial district: 27 (1) The evaluations, supervision and monitoring required under subsection 28 (a) (b); (2) the alcohol and drug evaluation report required under 29 subsection (e) or (d) or (e); (3) the follow-up duties specified under 30 subsection (c) or (d) or (e) for persons who prepare the alcohol and drug 31 evaluation report; and (4) any other functions and duties specified by law. 32 Community-based alcohol and drug safety action programs Each judicial 33 district shall be provided with a list of licensed providers, and such list 34 shall be used when selecting a licensed provider to be used as described in 35 subsections (d) and (e). Any provider performing services in any judicial 36 district under this section prior to the effective date of this act July 1, 2011, 37 may continue to perform those services until a community-based alcohol 38 and drug safety action program is certified for that judicial district January 39 1, 2012. 40

40 (c) (d) A presentence (1) Except as provided further, prior to 41 sentencing, an alcohol and drug evaluation shall be conducted on any 42 person who is convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567, and 43 amendments thereto, or the ordinance of a city or resolution of a county in

1 this state which prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute those statutes. 2 The presentence alcohol and drug evaluation report shall be made 3 available to and shall be considered by the court prior to sentencing. The 4 presentence alcohol and drug evaluation report shall contain a history of 5 the defendant's prior traffic record, characteristics and alcohol or drug-6 problems, or both, and a recommendation concerning the amenability of 7 the defendant to education and rehabilitation. The presentence alcohol and 8 drug evaluation report shall include a recommendation concerning the 9 alcohol and drug driving safety education and treatment for the defendant. 10 The presentence alcohol and drug evaluation report shall be prepared by a program which has demonstrated practical experience in the diagnosis of 11 12 alcohol and drug abuse. The duties of persons who prepare the presentence alcohol and drug evaluation report may also include appearing at-13 sentencing and probation hearings in accordance with the orders of the 14 15 court, monitoring defendants in the treatment programs, notifying theprobation department and the court of any defendant failing to meet the 16 17 conditions of probation or referrals to treatment, appearing at revocation hearings as may be required and providing assistance and data reporting-18 19 and program evaluation. The *court shall order that* cost of any alcohol and 20 drug education, rehabilitation and treatment programs evaluation for any 21 person shall be paid by such person, and such costs shall include, but not 22 be limited to, the assessments required by subsection (e). If financial 23 obligations are not met or cannot be met, the sentencing court shall be-24 notified for the purpose of collection or review and further action on the 25 defendant's sentence to the provider at the time of service, and shall not 26 exceed \$150.

(2) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person
being sentenced for a violation of subsection (b)(1)(C) of K.S.A. 8-2,144,
and amendments thereto, or a violation of subsection (b)(1)(C), (b)(1)(D),
(b)(1)(E) or (b)(1)(F) of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto.

31 (d) (e) An alcohol and drug evaluation shall be conducted on any 32 person whom the prosecutor considers for eligibility or finds eligible to 33 enter a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a 34 complaint alleging a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, 35 or the ordinance of a city or resolution of a county in this state which 36 prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute. The alcohol and drug 37 evaluation report shall be made available to the prosecuting attorney and shall be considered by the prosecuting attorney. The alcohol and drug-38 39 evaluation report shall contain a history of the person's prior traffic record, 40 eharacteristics and alcohol or drug problems, or both, and a recommendation concerning the amenability of the person to education 41 42 and rehabilitation. The alcohol and drug evaluation report shall include a 43 recommendation concerning the alcohol and drug driving safety education

1 and treatment for the person. The alcohol and drug evaluation report shall

2 be prepared by a program which has demonstrated practical experience in 3 the diagnosis of alcohol and drug abuse. The duties of persons who-4 prepare the alcohol and drug evaluation report may also include-5 monitoring persons in the treatment programs, notifying the prosecutor-6 and the court of any person failing to meet the conditions of diversion or 7 referrals to treatment, and providing assistance and data reporting and 8 program evaluation. The cost of any alcohol and drug education, 9 rehabilitation and treatment programs evaluation for any person shall be 10 paid by such person, and such costs shall include, but not be limited to, the assessments required by subsection (e) to the provider at the time of 11 12 service, and shall not exceed \$150.

13 (e) In addition to any fines, fees, penalties or costs levied against a person who is convicted of a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments 14 thereto, or the ordinance of a city in this state which prohibits the acts 15 16 prohibited by that statute, or who enters a diversion agreement in lieu of 17 further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of that 18 statute or such an ordinance, \$150 shall be assessed against the person by 19 the sentencing court or under the diversion agreement. The \$150-20 assessment may be waived by the court, in whole or in part, or, in the case 21 of diversion of criminal proceedings, by the prosecuting attorney, if the 22 court or prosecuting attorney finds that the defendant is an indigent person. 23 Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the clerk of the court shall 24 deposit all assessments received under this section in the alcohol and drug 25 safety action fund of the court, which fund shall be subject to the-26 administration of the judge having administrative authority over that court. 27 If the secretary of social and rehabilitation services certifies the 28 community-based alcohol and drug safety action program for the judicial 29 district in which the court is located, the elerk of the court shall remit,-30 during the four-year period for which the program is certified, 15% of all 31 assessments received under this section to the secretary of social and-32 rehabilitation services. Moneys credited to the alcohol and drug safety-33 action fund shall be expended by the court, pursuant to vouchers signed by 34 the judge having administrative authority over that court, only for costs of 35 the services specified by subsection (a) or otherwise required or authorized 36 by law and provided by community-based alcohol and drug safety action 37 programs, except that not more than 10% of the money credited to the-38 fund may be expended to cover the expenses of the court involved in-39 administering the provisions of this section. In the provision of these-40 services the court shall contract as may be necessary to carry out theprovisions of this section. The district or municipal judge having-41 42 administrative authority over that court shall compile a report and send-43 such report to the office of the state judicial administrator on or beforeJanuary 20 of each year, beginning January 20, 1991. Such report shall
 include, but not be limited to:

3 (1) The balance of the alcohol and drug safety action fund of the 4 court on December 31 of each year;

5 (2) the assessments deposited into the fund during the 12-month-6 period ending the preceding December 31; and

7 (3) the dollar amounts expended from the fund during the 12-month
 8 period ending the preceding December 31.

9 The office of the state judicial administrator shall compile such reports
 10 into a statewide report and submit such statewide report to the legislature
 11 on or before March 1 of each year.

12 (f) The secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall remit all 13 moneys received by the secretary under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments-14 thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall-15 16 deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the 17 certification of community-based alcohol and drug safety action programs 18 fee fund, which is hereby created. All expenditures from such fund shall be 19 made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants issued pursuant 20 to vouchers approved by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services 21 or a person designated by the secretary.

(f) All alcohol and drug evaluations conducted pursuant to this section shall utilize a standardized substance abuse evaluation approved by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services and be submitted in a format approved by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services. On or before July 1, 2012, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall promulgate rules and regulations to implement this section.

28 Sec. 12. K.S.A. 8-1009 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1009. 29 (a) Upon the filing of a first complaint, indictment or information alleging a person has violated K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, when the 30 31 acts prohibited by K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, occur-32 concurrently with any such alleged violation, or a county resolution which 33 prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute, and prior to conviction 34 thereof, the district attorney or county attorney shall determine whether the defendant shall be allowed to enter into a diversion agreement in 35 36 accordance with this act.

(b) Upon the filing of a first complaint, citation or notice to appear alleging a person has violated a city ordinance which prohibits the acts prohibited by K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, and prior to conviction thereof, the city attorney shall determine whether the defendant shall be allowed to enter into a diversion agreement in accordance with this act.

43 Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1012 is hereby amended to read as

follows: 8-1012. (a) Any person who operates or attempts to operate a
vehicle within this state is deemed to have given consent to submit to a
preliminary screening test of the person's breath *or saliva, or both,* subject
to the provisions set out in subsection (b).

5 (b) A law enforcement officer may request a person who is operating 6 or attempting to operate a vehicle within this state to submit to a 7 preliminary screening test of the person's breath to determine the alcohol 8 concentration of the person's breath *or saliva, or both,* if the officer has 9 reasonable suspicion to believe the person has been operating or 10 attempting to operate a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or 11 drugs or both alcohol and drugs.

12 (c) At the time the test is requested, the person shall be given oral 13 notice that: (1) There is no right to consult with an attorney regarding 14 whether to submit to testing; (2) refusal to submit to testing is a traffic 15 infraction; and (3) further testing may be required after the preliminary 16 screening test. Failure to provide the notice shall not be an issue or defense 17 in any action. The law enforcement officer then shall request the person to 18 submit to the test.

19 (d) Refusal to take and complete the test as requested is a traffic infraction. If the person submits to the test, the results shall be used for the 20 21 purpose of assisting law enforcement officers in determining whether an 22 arrest should be made and whether to request the tests authorized by 23 K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto. A law enforcement officer may 24 arrest a person based in whole or in part upon the results of a preliminary 25 screening test. Such results shall not be admissible in any civil or criminal action concerning the operation of or attempted operation of a vehicle 26 27 except to aid the court or hearing officer in determining a challenge to the 28 validity of the arrest or the validity of the request to submit to a test 29 pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto. Following the 30 preliminary screening test, additional tests may be requested pursuant to 31 K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto.

(e) Any preliminary screening of a person's breath shall be conducted
with a device approved pursuant to K.S.A. 65-1,107, and amendments
thereto. Any preliminary screening of a person's saliva shall be conducted
with a device approved pursuant to section 3, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1013 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 8-1013. As used in K.S.A. 8-1001 through 8-1010, 8-1011, 81012, 8-1014, 8-1015, 8-1016, 8-1017 and 8-1018, and amendments
thereto, and this section:

40 (a) "Alcohol concentration" means the number of grams of alcohol41 per 100 milliliters of blood or per 210 liters of breath.

42 (b) (1) "Alcohol or drug-related conviction" means any of the 43 following: (A) Conviction of vehicular battery or aggravated vehicular-

homicide, if the crime is committed while committing a violation of 1 2 K.S.A. 8-1567 and amendments thereto or the ordinance of a city or resolution of a county in this state which prohibits any acts prohibited by 3 that statute, or conviction of a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567 and amendments 4 5 thereto; (B) conviction of a violation of a law of another state which would 6 constitute a crime described in subsection (b)(1)(A) if committed in this 7 state; (C) conviction of a violation of an ordinance of a city in this state or 8 a resolution of a county in this state which would constitute a crime-9 described in subsection (b)(1)(A), whether or not such conviction is in a 10 court of record; or (D) conviction of an act which was committed on a military reservation and which would constitute a violation of K.S.A. 8-11 12 1567, and amendments thereto, or would constitute a crime described in

13 subsection (b)(1)(A) if committed off a military reservation in this state.

(2) For the purpose of determining whether an occurrence is a first, 14 second or subsequent occurrence: (A) "Alcohol or drug-related conviction" 15 16 also includes entering into a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal 17 proceedings on a complaint alleging commission of a crime described in 18 subsection (b)(1), including a diversion agreement entered into prior to the 19 effective date of this act; and (B) it is irrelevant whether an offense-20 occurred before or after conviction or diversion for a previous offense. (A) 21 K.S.A. 8-2,144, and amendments thereto; (B) K.S.A. 8-1567, and 22 amendments thereto; (C) K.S.A. 32-1131, and amendments thereto; (D) 23 subsection (a)(3) of section 40 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 24 Kansas, and amendments thereto; and (E) aggravated vehicular homicide, 25 K.S.A. 21-3405a, prior to its repeal, or vehicular battery, K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal, if the crime was committed while committing a 26 27 violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto.

28 "Alcohol or drug-related conviction" also means: (A) Entering (2)29 into a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a 30 complaint alleging a violation of a crime described in subsection (b)(1); 31 (B) conviction of a violation of a law of another state, or an ordinance of a 32 city in this state or of another state, or a resolution of a county in this state 33 or of another state, which would constitute a crime described in 34 subsection (b)(1); and (C) receiving punishment under the uniform code of 35 military justice or Kansas code of military justice for an act which was 36 committed on a military reservation and which would constitute a crime 37 described in subsection (b)(1) if committed off a military reservation in 38 this state.

39 (3) It is irrelevant whether an offense occurred before or after 40 conviction for a previous offense.

41 (c) "Division" means the division of vehicles of the department of 42 revenue.

43 (d) "Ignition interlock device" means a device which uses a breath

analysis mechanism to prevent a person from operating a motor vehicle if
 such person has consumed an alcoholic beverage.

3 (e) "Occurrence" means a test refusal, test failure or alcohol or drug-4 related conviction, or any combination thereof arising from one arrest, 5 including an arrest which occurred prior to the effective day of this act.

6 (f) "Other competent evidence" includes: (1) Alcohol concentration 7 tests obtained from samples taken two *three* hours or more after the 8 operation or attempted operation of a vehicle; and (2) readings obtained 9 from a partial alcohol concentration test on a breath testing machine.

10 (g) "Samples" includes breath supplied directly for testing, which 11 breath is not preserved.

(h) "Test failure" or "fails a test" refers to a person's having results of
a test administered pursuant to this act, other than a preliminary screening
test, which show an alcohol concentration of .08 or greater in the person's
blood or breath, and includes failure of any such test on a military
reservation.

(i) "Test refusal" or "refuses a test" refers to a person's failure to
submit to or complete any test *of the person's blood, breath, urine or other bodily substance*, other than a preliminary screening test, in accordance
with this act, and includes refusal of any such test on a military
reservation.

(j) "Law enforcement officer" has the meaning provided by K.S.A.
23 21-3110 section 11 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas,
24 and amendments thereto, and includes any person authorized by law to
25 make an arrest on a military reservation for an act which would constitute
26 a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, if committed off a
27 military reservation in this state.

Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1014 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 8-1014. (a) Except as provided by subsection (e) and K.S.A. 82,142, and amendments thereto, if a person refuses a test, the division,
pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1002, and amendments thereto, shall:

(1) On the person's first occurrence, suspend the person's driving
privileges for one year and at the end of the suspension, restrict the
person's driving privileges for one year to driving only a motor vehicle
equipped with an ignition interlock device;

(2) on the person's second occurrence, suspend the person's driving
privileges for two years one year and at the end of the suspension, restrict
the person's driving privileges for two years to driving only a motor
vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device;

40 (3) on the person's third occurrence, suspend the person's driving
41 privileges for three years one year and at the end of the suspension,
42 restrict the person's driving privileges for three years to driving only a
43 motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device;

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1 (4) on the person's fourth occurrence, suspend the person's driving 2 privileges for <del>10 years</del> one year and at the end of the suspension, restrict 3 the person's driving privileges for four years to driving only a motor 4 vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device; and

5 6 (5) on the person's fifth or subsequent occurrence, revoke the person's driving privileges permanently.

7 (b) (1) Except as provided by subsections (b)(2), (c) and (e) and 8 K.S.A. 8-2,142, and amendments thereto, if a person fails a test or has an 9 alcohol or drug-related conviction in this state, the division shall:

(A) On the person's first occurrence, suspend the person's driving
privileges for 30 days *and at the end of the suspension*, then restrict the
person's driving privileges as provided by *subsection (b) of* K.S.A. 8-1015,
and amendments thereto, for an additional 330 days;

(B) on the person's second, third or fourth occurrence, suspend the
person's driving privileges for one year and at the end of the suspension,
restrict the person's driving privileges for one year to driving only a motor
vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device; and

18 (C) on the person's third occurrence, suspend the person's driving 19 privileges for one year and at the end of the suspension, restrict the 20 person's driving privileges for two years to driving only a motor vehicle 21 equipped with an ignition interlock device;

(D) on the person's fourth occurrence, suspend the person's driving
 privileges for one year and at the end of the suspension, restrict the
 person's driving privileges for three years to driving only a motor vehicle
 equipped with an ignition interlock device; and

 $\begin{array}{ll} 26 & (\textcircled{C}) & (E) & \text{on the person's fifth or subsequent occurrence, the person's} \\ 27 & \text{driving privileges shall be permanently revoked.} \end{array}$ 

28 (2) Except as provided by subsection (e) and K.S.A. 8-2,142, and 29 amendments thereto, if a person fails a test or has an alcohol or drug-30 related conviction in this state and the person's blood or breath alcohol 31 concentration is .15 or greater, the division shall:

(A) On the person's first occurrence, suspend the person's driving
privileges for one year and at the end of the suspension, restrict the
person's driving privileges for one year to driving only a motor vehicle
equipped with an ignition interlock device;

(B) on the person's second occurrence, suspend the person's driving
privileges for one year and at the end of the suspension, restrict the
person's driving privileges for two years to driving only a motor vehicle
equipped with an ignition interlock device;

40 (C) on the person's third occurrence, suspend the person's driving 41 privileges for one year and at the end of the suspension restrict the person's 42 driving privileges for three years to driving only a motor vehicle equipped 43 with an ignition interlock device;

(D) on the person's fourth occurrence, suspend the person's driving 1 2 privileges for one year and at the end of the suspension, restrict the 3 person's driving privileges for four years to driving only a motor vehicle 4 equipped with an ignition interlock device; and

5

(E) on the person's fifth or subsequent occurrence, the person's 6 driving privileges shall be permanently revoked.

7 (3) Whenever a person's driving privileges have been restricted to-8 driving only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device, 9 proof of the installation of such device, for the entire restriction period, shall be provided to the division before the person's driving privileges are 10 fully reinstated. 11

12 (4) Whenever a person's driving privileges have been suspended for one year on the second occurrence of an alcohol or drug-related conviction 13 in this state as provided in subsection (b)(1), after 45 days of such-14 suspension, such person may apply to the division for such person's-15 16 driving privileges to be restricted for the remainder of the one-year period to driving only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock and 17 only for the purposes of getting to and from work, school, or an alcohol 18 19 treatment program or to go to and from the ignition interlock provider for 20 maintenance and downloading of data from the device. If such personviolates the restrictions, such person's driving privileges shall be-21 22 suspended for an additional year, in addition to any term of restriction as 23 provided in subsection (b)(1).

24 (c) Except as provided by subsection (e) and K.S.A. 8-2,142, and 25 amendments thereto, if a person who is less than 21 years of age fails a test or has an alcohol or drug-related conviction in this state, the division shall: 26

(1) On the person's first occurrence, suspend the person's driving 27 28 privileges for one year. If the person's blood or breath alcohol 29 concentration is .15 or greater, the division shall at the end of the suspension, restrict the person's driving privileges for one year to driving 30 31 only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device;

32 (2) on the person's second and subsequent occurrences, penalties shall 33 be imposed pursuant to subsection (b).

34 (d) Whenever the division is notified by an alcohol and drug safety 35 action program that a person has failed to complete any alcohol and drug 36 safety action education or treatment program ordered by a court for a-37 conviction of a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, the 38 division shall suspend the person's driving privileges until the division 39 receives notice of the person's completion of such program.

40 (e) (d) (1) Except as provided in K.S.A. 8-2,142, and amendments thereto, if a person's driving privileges are subject to suspension pursuant 41 to this section for a test refusal, test failure or alcohol or drug-related 42 43 conviction arising from the same arrest, the period of such suspension 1 shall not exceed the longest applicable period authorized by subsection (a),

(b) or (c), and such suspension periods shall not be added together or
otherwise imposed consecutively. In addition, in determining the period of
such suspension as authorized by subsection (a), (b) or (c), such person
shall receive credit for any period of time for which such person's driving
privileges were suspended while awaiting any hearing or final order
authorized by this act.

8 (2) If a person's driving privileges are subject to restriction pursuant 9 to this section for a *test refusal*, test failure or alcohol or drug-related 10 conviction arising from the same arrest, the restriction periods shall not be 11 added together or otherwise imposed consecutively. In addition, in 12 determining the period of restriction, the person shall receive credit for any 13 period of suspension imposed for a test refusal arising from the same 14 arrest.

15 (f) (e) If the division has taken action under subsection (a) for a test 16 refusal or under subsection (b) or (c) for a test failure and such action is 17 stayed pursuant to K.S.A. 8-259, and amendments thereto, or if temporary 18 driving privileges are issued pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1020, and amendments 19 thereto, the stay or temporary driving privileges shall not prevent the 20 division from taking the action required by subsection (b) or (c) for an 21 alcohol or drug-related conviction.

(g) Upon restricting a person's driving privileges pursuant to thissection, the division shall issue a copy of the order imposing therestrictions which is required to be carried by the person at any time the person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state.

26 (h) Except as provided further, any person whose license is restricted 27 to operating only a motor vehicle with an ignition interlock deviceinstalled may operate an employer's vehicle without an ignition interlock 28 29 device installed during normal business activities, provided that the person does not partly or entirely own or control the employer's vehicle or-30 31 business. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person 32 whose driving privileges have been restricted for the remainder of the one-33 year period on the second occurrence of an alcohol or drug-related-34 eonviction in this state as provided in subsection (b)(1).

(f) The provisions of subsections (a), (b) and (c), as amended by this act, may be applied retroactively only if requested by a person who has had such person's driving privileges suspended or restricted pursuant to subsection (a), (b) or (c) prior to such amendment. Such person may apply to the division to have the penalties applied retroactively, as provided under subsection (h) of K.S.A. 8-1015, and amendments thereto.

41 (g) (1) If a person's driving privileges are suspended or restricted 42 pursuant to this section and such person is incarcerated with the 43 department of corrections for an alcohol or drug-related conviction, any period of incarceration shall not count toward the person's suspension or
 restriction period. Any period of time the person's driving privileges are
 suspended or restricted before incarceration begins shall be counted. For
 the purpose of this section, the date of release from incarceration shall be
 deemed the date the suspension or restriction period resumes.

6 (2) The secretary of corrections shall notify the division of the date 7 when incarceration began and the date of release from incarceration for 8 any person incarcerated for an alcohol or drug-related conviction. The 9 notification shall be in a format approved by the division.

10 (h) As used in this section, "suspension" includes any period of 11 suspension and any period of restriction as provided in subsection (a) of 12 K.S.A. 8-1015, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1015 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1015. (a) When subsection (b)(1) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto, requires or authorizes the division to placerestrictions on a person's driving privileges, the division shall restrict the person's driving privileges to driving only under the circumstancesprovided by subsections (a)(1), (2), (3) and (4) of K.S.A. 8-292 and amendments thereto.

(b) In lieu of the restrictions set out in subsection (a), the division,
 upon request of the person whose driving privileges are to be restricted,
 may restrict the person's driving privileges to driving only a motor vehicle
 equipped with an ignition interlock device, approved by the division and
 obtained, installed and maintained at the person's expense. Prior to issuing
 such restricted license, the division shall receive proof of the installation of
 such device.

27 (a) (1) Whenever a person's driving privileges have been suspended for one year as provided in subsection (a), (b) or (c) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and 28 29 amendments thereto, after 45 days of such suspension, such person may apply to the division for such person's driving privileges to be restricted 30 for the remainder of the one-vear suspension period to driving only a 31 motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock and only for the 32 purposes of getting to and from: Work, school or an alcohol treatment 33 program; and the ignition interlock provider for maintenance and 34 35 downloading of data from the device.

36 (2) The division shall approve the request for such restricted license 37 unless such person's driving privileges have been restricted, suspended, 38 revoked or disqualified pursuant to another action by the division or a 39 court. If the request is approved, upon receipt of proof of the installation of such device, the division shall issue a copy of the order imposing such 40 restrictions on the person's driving privileges and such order shall be 41 carried by the person at any time the person is operating a motor vehicle 42 43 on the highways of this state. Except as provided in K.S.A. 8-1017, and

amendments thereto, if such person is convicted of a violation of the
 restrictions, such person's driving privileges shall be suspended for an
 additional year, in addition to any term of suspension or restriction as
 provided in subsection (a), (b) or (c) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments
 thereto.

6 When a person has completed the suspension pursuant to (b) (1)subsection (b)(1)(A) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto, the 7 8 division shall restrict the person's driving privileges pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(A) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto, to driving 9 10 only under the circumstances provided by subsections (a)(1), (2), (3) and (4) of K.S.A. 8-292, and amendments thereto. The division shall issue a 11 12 copy of the order imposing such restrictions on the person's driving privileges and such order shall be carried by the person at any time the 13 person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. 14

15 (2) In lieu of the restrictions set out in subsection (b)(1), the division, 16 upon request of the person whose driving privileges are to be restricted, may restrict the person's driving privileges pursuant to subsection (b)(1)17 (A) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto, to driving only a motor 18 19 vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock. If the request is approved, 20 upon receipt of proof of the installation of such device, the division shall 21 issue a copy of the order imposing such restrictions on the person's 22 driving privileges and such order shall be carried by the person at any 23 time the person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state.

(3) Except as provided in K.S.A. 8-1017, and amendments thereto, if
such person is convicted of a violation of the restrictions, such person's
driving privileges shall be suspended for an additional year, in addition to
any term of suspension or restriction as provided in subsection (b)(1)(A)
of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto.

(c) (1) Any person whose driving privileges have been restricted as provided in subsection (a) or (b) shall carry documentation, as provided in rules and regulations promulgated by the division, of scheduled events the person is allowed to drive to and from under such restrictions at any time the person is operating a motor vehicle on the highways of this state. The division shall promulgate such rules and regulations on or before July 1, 2012.

36 (2) Whenever a law enforcement officer stops any person operating a 37 motor vehicle on the highways of this state whose driving privileges have 38 been restricted as provided in subsection (a) or (b) and the person is not 39 carrying the documentation described in this subsection, there shall be a 40 rebuttable presumption that the person is operating a motor vehicle on the 41 highways of this state in violation of such restrictions.

42 (c) (d) Except as provided in subsection (b), when a person has 43 completed the suspension pursuant to subsection (a), (b) or (c) of K.S.A.

1 8-1014, and amendments thereto, the division shall restrict the person's 2 driving privileges pursuant to subsection (a), (b) or (c) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto, to driving only a motor vehicle equipped with an 3 ignition interlock device, approved by the division and maintained at the 4 person's expense. Proof of the installation of such device, for the entire-5 6 restriction period, shall be provided to the division before the person's-7 driving privileges are fully reinstated. Upon restricting a person's driving 8 privileges pursuant to this subsection, the division shall issue a copy of the 9 order imposing the restrictions which is required to be carried by the person at any time the person is operating a motor vehicle on the 10 highways of this state. 11

12 (e) Whenever an ignition interlock device is required by law, such 13 ignition interlock device shall be approved by the division and maintained 14 at the person's expense. Proof of the installation of such ignition interlock 15 device, for the entire period required by the applicable law, shall be 16 provided to the division before the person's driving privileges are fully 17 reinstated.

(f) Except as provided further, any person whose license is restricted 18 to operating only a motor vehicle with an ignition interlock device 19 20 installed may operate an employer's vehicle without an ignition interlock 21 device installed during normal business activities, provided that the 22 person does not partly or entirely own or control the employer's vehicle or 23 business. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person whose driving privileges have been restricted for the remainder of the one-24 25 *vear suspension period as provided in subsection (a).* 

(d) (g) Upon expiration of the period of time for which restrictions
are imposed pursuant to this section, the licensee may apply to the division
for the return of any license previously surrendered by the licensee. If the
license has expired, the person may apply to the division for a new license,
which shall be issued by the division upon payment of the proper fee and
satisfaction of the other conditions established by law, unless the person's
driving privileges have been suspended or revoked prior to expiration.

33 (h) Any person who has had the person's driving privileges suspended 34 or restricted pursuant to subsection (a), (b) or (c) of K.S.A. 8-1014 prior 35 to the amendments by this act, may apply to the division to have the 36 suspension and restriction penalties modified in conformity with the 37 provisions of subsection (a), (b) or (c) of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments 38 thereto. The division shall assess an application fee of \$59 for a person to 39 apply to modify the suspension and restriction penalties previously issued. 40 The division shall remit all application fees to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments 41 thereto. Upon receipt of such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit 42 43 the entire amount in the state treasury and shall credit such moneys to the

1 division of vehicles operating fund. The application fee established in this

2 section shall be the only fee collected or moneys in the nature of a fee 3 collected for such application. Such fee shall only be established by an act 4 of the legislature and no other authority is established by law or otherwise 5 to collect a fee. The division shall modify the suspension and restriction 6 penalties, unless such person's driving privileges have been restricted, 7 suspended, revoked or disqualified pursuant to another action by the 8 division or a court.

9 Sec. 17. K.S.A. 8-1016 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1016.
(a) On or before July 1, 2012, the secretary of revenue may shall adopt rules and regulations for:

12 (1) The approval by the division of models and classes of ignition 13 interlock devices suitable for use by persons whose driving privileges have 14 been restricted to driving a vehicle equipped with such a device. Such 15 rules and regulations shall require that any ignition interlock device 16 approved by the division shall be capable of capturing a photographic 17 image of the person using the device;

18 (2) the calibration and maintenance of such devices, which shall be 19 the responsibility of the manufacturer. Such rules and regulations shall require that the manufacturer or the manufacturer's representatives 20 21 calibrate and maintain the devices at intervals not to exceed 60 days. 22 Calibration and maintenance shall include, but not be limited to, physical 23 inspection of the device, the vehicle and wiring of the device to the vehicle 24 for signs of tampering, calibration of the device and downloading of all 25 data contained within the device's memory and reporting of any violation 26 or noncompliance to the division: and

(3) ensuring that each manufacturer approved provides a reasonable
statewide service network where such devices may be obtained, repaired,
replaced or serviced and such service network can be accessed 24 hours
per day through a toll-free phone service-, *and*

31 (4) requiring that each manufacturer provide a credit of at least 2% 32 of the gross program revenues in the state as a credit for those persons 33 who have otherwise qualified to obtain an ignition interlock restricted 34 license under this act who are indigent as evidenced by qualification and 35 eligibility for the federal supplemental assistance nutrition program. Such 36 rules and regulations shall require that the manufacturer or the 37 manufacturer's representatives inform persons of this credit and how to 38 qualify for assistance in obtaining an ignition interlock device.

In adopting rules and regulations for approval of ignition interlockdevices under this section, the secretary of revenue shall require that the manufacturer or the manufacturer's representatives calibrate and maintain the devices at intervals not to exceed 60 days. Calibration and maintenance shall include but not be limited to physical inspection of the device, the 1 vehicle and wiring of the device to the vehicle for signs of tampering,

2 calibration of the device and downloading of all data contained within the

device's memory and reporting of any violation or noncompliance to the
 division.

5 (4) (b) On or before July 1, 2012, the division shall adopt by rules 6 and regulations:

*(1)* Participant requirements for proper use and maintenance of a
certified ignition interlock device during any time period the person's
license is restricted by the division to only operating a motor vehicle with
an ignition interlock device installed and by rules and regulations;

(2) the reporting requirements of the approved manufacturer to the
 division relating to the person's proper use and maintenance of a certified
 ignition interlock device-; and

(3) the requirements for notices to be sent by ignition interlock 14 providers to the division when a person is required to have an ignition 15 16 interlock device installed, which shall include, but not be limited to, a requirement that the notice be signed by the person required to have the 17 18 ignition interlock device acknowledging that: (A) Operation of any vehicle 19 that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device may subject the person to criminal and civil penalties; (B) tampering or interfering with 20 21 the proper and intended operation of an ignition interlock device may 22 subject the person to further civil penalties; and (C) the ignition interlock 23 device shall be maintained at the person's expense, up-to-date records shall be kept in the vehicle showing required service and calibration and 24 25 such records shall be provided upon request.

(5) The division shall require that each manufacturer provide a credit
of at least 2% of the gross program revenues in the state as a credit for
those persons who have otherwise qualified to obtain an ignition interlock
restricted license under this act who are indigent as evidenced by
qualification and eligibility for the federal food stamp program.

31 (b) (c) If the division approves an ignition interlock device in 32 accordance with rules and regulations adopted under this section, the 33 division shall give written notice of the approval to the manufacturer of the 34 device. Such notice shall be admissible in any civil or criminal proceeding 35 in this state.

36 (e) (d) The manufacturer of an ignition interlock device shall
 37 reimburse the division for any cost incurred in approving or disapproving
 38 such device under this section.

39 (d) (e) Neither the state nor any agency, officer or employee thereof
 40 shall be liable in any civil or criminal proceeding arising out of the use of
 41 an ignition interlock device approved under this section.

42 Sec. 18. K.S.A. 8-1017 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1017.43 (a) No person shall:

1 (1) Tamper with an ignition interlock device for the purpose of 2 eircumventing it or rendering , *circumvent it or render* it inaccurate or 3 inoperative;

4 (2) request or solicit another to blow into an ignition interlock device, 5 or start a motor vehicle equipped with such device, for the purpose of 6 providing an operable motor vehicle to a person whose driving privileges 7 have been restricted to driving a motor vehicle equipped with such device;

8 (3) blow into *an ignition interlock device*, or start a motor vehicle 9 equipped with <del>an ignition interlock device</del> for the purpose of *such device*, 10 providing an operable motor vehicle to a person whose driving privileges 11 have been restricted to driving a motor vehicle equipped with such device; 12 or

(4) operate a vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock deviceduring the restricted period.

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(b) Violation of this section is a class A, nonperson misdemeanor.

(c) In addition to any other penalties provided by law, upon receipt of
 a conviction for a violation of this section, the division shall suspend the
 person's driving privileges for a period of two years.

(1) (A) On a first conviction of a violation of subsection (a)(1) or (a)
(2) (2), the division shall extend the ignition interlock restriction period on the
person's driving privileges for an additional 90 days; and

(B) on a second or subsequent conviction of a violation of subsection
(a)(1) or (a)(2), the division shall restart the original ignition interlock
restriction period on the person's driving privileges; and

(2) on a conviction of a violation of subsection (a)(3), the division
shall restrict the person's driving privileges for two years to driving only a
motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock and only in the course of
the person's employment and for the purposes of getting to and from:
Work, school or an alcohol treatment program; the ignition interlock
provider for maintenance and downloading of data from the device; and
court or court-ordered supervision; and

32 (3) on a conviction of a violation of subsection (a)(4), the division 33 shall restart the original ignition interlock restriction period on the 34 person's driving privileges.

Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1020 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1020. (a) Any licensee served with an officer's certification and notice of suspension pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1002, and amendments thereto, may request an administrative hearing. Such request may be made either by:

40 (1) Mailing a written request which is postmarked 14 days after 41 service of notice; or

42 (2) transmitting a written request by electronic facsimile which is43 received by the division within 14 days after service of notice.

1 (b) If the licensee makes a timely request for an administrative 2 hearing, any temporary license issued pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1002, and 3 amendments thereto, shall remain in effect until the 30th day after the 4 effective date of the decision made by the division.

5 (c) If the licensee fails to make a timely request for an administrative 6 hearing, the licensee's driving privileges shall be suspended or suspended 7 and then restricted in accordance with the notice of suspension served 8 pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1002, and amendments thereto.

9 (d) (1) Upon receipt of a timely request for a hearing, the division 10 shall forthwith set the matter for hearing before a representative of the director and provide notice of the extension of temporary driving 11 privileges. The hearing shall be held by telephone conference call unless 12 the hearing request includes a request that the hearing be held in person 13 before a representative of the director. The officer's certification and notice 14 of suspension shall inform the licensee of the availability of a hearing 15 before a representative of the director. Except for a hearing conducted by 16 17 telephone conference call, the hearing shall be conducted in the county 18 where the arrest occurred or a county adjacent thereto.

19 (2)The division shall charge a fee of \$50 for a hearing, whether held 20 by telephone or in person, to be applied by the division for administrative 21 costs to conduct the hearing. The division shall remit all hearing fees to 22 the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, 23 and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state 24 treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit 25 of the division of vehicles operating fund. The hearing fee established in this section shall be the only fee collected or moneys in the nature of a fee 26 27 collected for such hearing. Such fee shall only be established by an act of 28 the legislature and no other authority is established by law or otherwise to 29 collect a fee.

30 (e) Except as provided in subsection (f), prehearing discovery shall be 31 limited to the following documents, which shall be provided to the 32 licensee or the licensee's attorney no later than seven days prior to the date 33 of hearing:

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(1)The officer's certification and notice of suspension;

35 (2) in the case of a breath or blood test failure, copies of documents 36 indicating the result of any evidentiary breath or blood test administered at 37 the request of a law enforcement officer;

38 (3) in the case of a breath test failure, a copy of the affidavit showing 39 certification of the officer and the instrument; and

40 (4) in the case of a breath test failure, a copy of the Kansas 41 department of health and environment testing protocol checklist.

42 (f) At or prior to the time the notice of hearing is sent, the division 43 shall issue an order allowing the licensee or the licensee's attorney to 1 review any video or audio tape record made of the events upon which the

2 administrative action is based. Such review shall take place at a reasonable 3 time designated by the law enforcement agency and shall be made at the 4 location where the video or audio tape is kept. The licensee may obtain a 5 copy of any such video or audio tape upon request and upon payment of a 6 reasonable fee to the law enforcement agency, not to exceed \$25 per tape.

7 (g) Witnesses at the hearing shall be limited to the licensee, to any 8 law enforcement officer who signed the certification form and to one other 9 witness who was present at the time of the issuance of the certification and 10 called by the licensee. The presence of the certifying officer or officers shall not be required, unless requested by the licensee at the time of 11 12 making the request for the hearing. The examination of a law enforcement 13 officer shall be restricted to the factual circumstances relied upon in the 14 officer's certification

(h) (1) If the officer certifies that the person refused the test, the scopeof the hearing shall be limited to whether:

(A) A law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the
person was operating or attempting to operate a vehicle while under the
influence of alcohol or drugs, or both, or had been driving a commercial
motor vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto,
while having alcohol or other drugs in such person's system;

(B) the person was in custody or arrested for an alcohol or drug
related offense or was involved in a vehicle accident or collision resulting
in property damage, personal injury or death;

(C) a law enforcement officer had presented the person with the oral
and written notice required by K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto;
and

(D) the person refused to submit to and complete a test as requestedby a law enforcement officer.

30 (2) If the officer certifies that the person failed a breath test, the scope31 of the hearing shall be limited to whether:

(A) A law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the
 person was operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or
 drugs, or both, or had been driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined
 in K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, while having alcohol or other
 drugs in such person's system;

(B) the person was in custody or arrested for an alcohol or drug
related offense or was involved in a vehicle accident or collision resulting
in property damage, personal injury or death;

40 (C) a law enforcement officer had presented the person with the oral 41 and written notice required by K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto;

42 (D) the testing equipment used was certified by the Kansas 43 department of health and environment; 1 (E) the person who operated the testing equipment was certified by 2 the Kansas department of health and environment;

(F) the testing procedures used substantially complied with the 3 procedures set out by the Kansas department of health and environment; 4

5 (G) the test result determined that the person had an alcohol 6 concentration of .08 or greater in such person's breath; and

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(H) the person was operating or attempting to operate a vehicle.

8 (3) If the officer certifies that the person failed a blood test, the scope 9 of the hearing shall be limited to whether:

10 (A) A law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person was operating a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or 11 drugs, or both, or had been driving a commercial motor vehicle, as defined 12 13 in K.S.A. 8-2,128, and amendments thereto, while having alcohol or other drugs in such person's system; 14

(B) the person was in custody or arrested for an alcohol or drug 15 related offense or was involved in a vehicle accident or collision resulting 16 17 in property damage, personal injury or death;

18 (C) a law enforcement officer had presented the person with the oral 19 and written notice required by K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments thereto;

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(D) the testing equipment used was reliable; (E) the person who operated the testing equipment was qualified;

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(F) the testing procedures used were reliable;

23 (G) the test result determined that the person had an alcohol 24 concentration of .08 or greater in such person's blood; and

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(H) the person was operating or attempting to operate a vehicle.

(i) At a hearing pursuant to this section, or upon court review of an 26 27 order entered at such a hearing, an affidavit of the custodian of records at 28 the Kansas department of health and environment stating that the breath 29 testing device was certified and the operator of such device was certified 30 on the date of the test shall be admissible into evidence in the same 31 manner and with the same force and effect as if the certifying officer or 32 employee of the Kansas department of health and environment had 33 testified in person. A certified operator of a breath testing device shall be 34 competent to testify regarding the proper procedures to be used in 35 conducting the test.

36 (j) At a hearing pursuant to this section, or upon court review of an 37 order entered at such a hearing, in which the report of blood test results 38 have been prepared by the Kansas bureau of investigation or other forensic 39 laboratory of a state or local law enforcement agency are to be introduced 40 as evidence, the report, or a copy of the report, of the findings of the forensic examiner shall be admissible into evidence in the same manner 41 and with the same force and effect as if the forensic examiner who 42 43 performed such examination, analysis, comparison or identification and 1 prepared the report thereon had testified in person.

2 (k) At the hearing, the licensee has the burden of proof by a 3 preponderance of the evidence to show that the facts set out in the officer's 4 certification are false or insufficient and that the order suspending or 5 suspending and restricting the licensee's driving privileges should be 6 dismissed.

(l) Evidence at the hearing shall be limited to the following:(1) The documents set out in subsection (e);

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(2) the testimony of the licensee;

(3) the testimony of any certifying officer;

(4) the testimony of any witness present at the time of the issuance ofthe certification and called by the licensee;

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(5) any affidavits submitted from other witnesses;

(6) any documents submitted by the licensee to show the existence of
 a medical condition, as described in K.S.A. 8-1001, and amendments
 thereto; and

17 (7) any video or audio tape record of the events upon which the 18 administrative action is based.

19 (m) After the hearing, the representative of the director shall enter an 20 order affirming the order of suspension or suspension and restriction of 21 driving privileges or for good cause appearing therefor, dismiss the 22 administrative action. If the representative of the director enters an order 23 affirming the order of suspension or suspension and restriction of driving 24 privileges, the suspension or suspension and restriction shall begin on the 25 30th day after the effective date of the order of suspension or suspension and restriction. If the person whose privileges are suspended is a 26 27 nonresident licensee, the license of the person shall be forwarded to the 28 appropriate licensing authority in the person's state of residence if the 29 result at the hearing is adverse to such person or if no timely request for a 30 hearing is received.

31 (n) The representative of the director may issue an order at the close 32 of the hearing or may take the matter under advisement and issue a hearing 33 order at a later date. If the order is made at the close of the hearing, the 34 licensee or the licensee's attorney shall be served with a copy of the order 35 by the representative of the director. If the matter is taken under 36 advisement or if the hearing was by telephone conference call, the licensee 37 and any attorney who appeared at the administrative hearing upon behalf 38 of the licensee each shall be served with a copy of the hearing order by 39 mail. Any law enforcement officer who appeared at the hearing also may 40 be mailed a copy of the hearing order. The effective date of the hearing order shall be the date upon which the hearing order is served, whether 41 42 served in person or by mail.

43 (o) The licensee may file a petition for review of the hearing order

1 pursuant to K.S.A. 8-259, and amendments thereto. Upon filing a petition 2 for review, the licensee shall serve the secretary of revenue with a copy of 3 the petition and summons. Upon receipt of a copy of the petition for 4 review by the secretary, the temporary license issued pursuant to 5 subsection (b) shall be extended until the decision on the petition for 6 review is final.

7 (p) Such review shall be in accordance with this section and the 8 Kansas judicial review act for judicial review and civil enforcement of 9 agency actions. To the extent that this section and any other provision of 10 law conflicts, this section shall prevail. The petition for review shall be filed within 14 days after the effective date of the order. Venue of the 11 12 action for review is the county where the person was arrested or the 13 accident occurred, or, if the hearing was not conducted by telephone conference call, the county where the administrative proceeding was held. 14 15 The action for review shall be by trial de novo to the court and the 16 evidentiary restrictions of subsection (1) shall not apply to the trial de 17 novo. The court shall take testimony, examine the facts of the case and 18 determine whether the petitioner is entitled to driving privileges or 19 whether the petitioner's driving privileges are subject to suspension or 20 suspension and restriction under the provisions of this act. If the court 21 finds that the grounds for action by the agency have been met, the court 22 shall affirm the agency action.

(q) Upon review, the licensee shall have the burden to show that thedecision of the agency should be set aside.

(r) Notwithstanding the requirement to issue a temporary license in
K.S.A. 8-1002, and amendments thereto, and the requirements to extend
the temporary license in this section, any such temporary driving
privileges are subject to restriction, suspension, revocation or cancellation
as provided in K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto, or for other cause.

(s) Upon motion by a party, or on the court's own motion, the court
may enter an order restricting the driving privileges allowed by the
temporary license provided for in K.S.A. 8-1002, and amendments thereto,
and in this section. The temporary license also shall be subject to
restriction, suspension, revocation or cancellation, as set out in K.S.A. 81014, and amendments thereto, or for other cause.

(t) The facts found by the hearing officer or by the district court upon
a petition for review shall be independent of the determination of the same
or similar facts in the adjudication of any criminal charges arising out of
the same occurrence. The disposition of those criminal charges shall not
affect the suspension or suspension and restriction to be imposed under
this section.

42 (u) All notices affirming or canceling a suspension under this section,43 all notices of a hearing held under this section and all issuances of

1 temporary driving privileges pursuant to this section shall be sent by first-

class mail and a United States post office certificate of mailing shall be
obtained therefor. All notices so mailed shall be deemed received three
days after mailing, except that this provision shall not apply to any
licensee where such application would result in a manifest injustice.

6 (v) The provisions of K.S.A. 60-206, and amendments thereto, 7 regarding the computation of time shall be applicable in determining the 8 time for requesting an administrative hearing as set out in subsection (a) 9 and to the time for filing a petition for review pursuant to subsection (o) 10 and K.S.A. 8-259, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-1022 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1022. (a) It shall be unlawful for the owner of a motor vehicle allow a person to drive such vehicle when such owner knows or reasonably should have known such person was driving in violation of K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto.

16 (b) Violation of this section is an unclassified misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000. In 17 18 addition to the fine imposed upon a person convicted of a violation of this 19 section, the court may order that the convicted person's motor vehicle or 20 vehicles be impounded or immobilized for a period not to exceed one year 21 and that the convicted person pay all towing, impoundment and storage 22 fees or other immobilization costs. Prior to ordering the impoundment or 23 immobilization of any such motor vehicle, the court shall consider the 24 factors established in subsection  $\frac{k}{3}$  (g) of K.S.A. 8-1567, and 25 amendments thereto. Any personal property in a vehicle impounded or 26 immobilized pursuant to this section may be retrieved prior to or during 27 the period of such impoundment or immobilization.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 8-1567, as amended by section 3 of chapter 153 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-1567. (a) No person shall operate or attempt *Driving under the influence is operating or attempting* to operate any vehicle within this state while:

(1) The alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath as
shown by any competent evidence, including other competent evidence, as
defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (f) of K.S.A. 8-1013, and
amendments thereto, is .08 or more;

(2) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath, as
measured within two *three* hours of the time of operating or attempting to
operate a vehicle, is .08 or more;

40 (3) under the influence of alcohol to a degree that renders the person41 incapable of safely driving a vehicle;

42 (4) under the influence of any drug or combination of drugs to a
43 degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a vehicle; or

1 (5) under the influence of a combination of alcohol and any drug or 2 drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving a 3 vehicle-; or

4 (b) No person shall operate or attempt to operate any vehicle within 5 this state if

6 (6) the person is a habitual user of any narcotic, hypnotic, 7 somnifacient or stimulating drug.

(c) If a person is charged with a violation of this section involving drugs, the fact that the person is or has been entitled to use the drug under
 the laws of this state shall not constitute a defense against the charge.

(d) Upon a first conviction of a violation of this section, a person-11 12 shall be guilty of a class B, nonperson misdemeanor and sentenced to not less than 48 consecutive hours nor more than six months' imprisonment, or 13 in the court's discretion 100 hours of public service, and fined not less than 14 \$500 nor more than \$1,000. The person convicted must serve at least 48 15 consecutive hours' imprisonment or 100 hours of public service either-16 17 before or as a condition of any grant of probation or suspension, reduction 18 of sentence or parole.

In addition, the court shall enter an order which requires that the person
enroll in and successfully complete an alcohol and drug safety actioneducation program or treatment program as provided in K.S.A. 8-1008,
and amendments thereto, or both the education and treatment programs.

23 (c) On a second conviction of a violation of this section, a person-24 shall be guilty of a class A, nonperson misdemeanor and sentenced to not 25 less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$1,500. The person convicted must serve at 26 least five consecutive days' imprisonment before the person is granted-27 28 probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise 29 released. The five days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be 30 served in a work release program only after such person has served 48 31 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work release program-32 requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the 33 work release program. The court may place the person convicted under a 34 house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4603b, and amendments-35 thereto, to serve the remainder of the minimum sentence only after such 36 person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment.

As a condition of any grant of probation, suspension of sentence or
 parole or of any other release, the person shall be required to enter into and
 complete a treatment program for alcohol and drug abuse as provided in
 K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto.

41 (f) (1) On the third conviction of a violation of this section, a person
 42 shall be guilty of a nonperson felony and sentenced to not less than 90
 43 days nor more than one year's imprisonment and fined \$2,500. The person

 convicted shall not be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole until the person has served at least 90 days' imprisonment. The 90 days' imprisonment mandated by this paragraph may be served in a work release program only after such person has served 72 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program.

8 (2)

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(b) (1) Driving under the influence is:

(A) On a first conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor. The
person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 30 days nor more than
one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$500 nor more than
\$2,500. The person convicted shall serve at least 48 consecutive hours'
imprisonment or 100 hours of public service either before or as a
condition of any grant of probation or suspension, reduction of sentence
or parole;

17 (B) on a second conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor. The person convicted shall be sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than 18 19 one year's imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than 20 \$2,500. The person convicted shall serve at least five consecutive days' 21 imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or 22 reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. The five 23 consecutive days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served by completing: (i) Six days in a work release program only after 24 such person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided 25 26 such work release program requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program; or (ii) ten days under 27 a house arrest program pursuant to section 249 of chapter 136 of the 2010 28 29 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, only after such person 30 has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment;

31 (C) on a third conviction a class A, nonperson misdemeanor, except as provided in subsection (b)(1)(D). The person convicted shall be 32 33 sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment and fined \$2,500. The person convicted shall serve at least 10 consecutive 34 35 days' imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. The 10 36 37 consecutive days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be 38 served by completing: (i) Twelve days in a work release program only 39 after such person has served 96 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person to return to 40 confinement at the end of each day in the work release program; or (ii) 41 twenty days under a house arrest program pursuant to section 249 of 42 chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, 43

1 only after such person has served 96 consecutive hours' imprisonment;

2 (D) on a third conviction a nonperson felony, if the person has a 3 prior conviction which occurred within the preceding 10 years, not including any period of incarceration. The person convicted shall be 4 5 sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment 6 and fined \$2,500. The person convicted shall serve at least 10 consecutive 7 days' imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or 8 reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. The 10 9 consecutive days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served by completing: (i) Twelve days in a work release program only 10 after such person has served 96 consecutive hours' imprisonment, 11 12 provided such work release program requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program; or (ii) 13 twenty days under a house arrest program pursuant to section 249 of 14 15 chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, 16 only after such person has served 96 consecutive hours' imprisonment;

17 (E) on a fourth or subsequent conviction a nonperson felony, except 18 as provided in subsection (b)(1)(F). The person convicted shall be 19 sentenced to not less than 180 days nor more than one year's 20 imprisonment and fined \$2,500. The person convicted shall serve at least 21 20 consecutive days' imprisonment before the person is granted probation, 22 suspension or reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. 23 The 20 consecutive days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served by completing: (i) Twenty-four days in a work release program 24 only after such person has served 192 consecutive hours' imprisonment. 25 provided such work release program requires such person to return to 26 27 confinement at the end of each day in the work release program; or (ii) 28 forty days under a house arrest program pursuant to section 249 of 29 chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, 30 only after such person has served 192 consecutive hours' imprisonment;

(F) on a fourth or subsequent conviction a severity level 7, nonperson
felony, if the person has previously participated in the assessment and
treatment described in subsection (b)(3); and

34 (G) the court may order that the term of imprisonment imposed 35 pursuant to paragraph (1) subsection (b)(1)(C), (b)(1)(D) or (b)(1)(E) be 36 served in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections in a 37 facility designated by the secretary for the provision of substance abuse 38 treatment pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 21-4704 section 285 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto. 39 The person shall remain imprisoned at the state facility only while 40 41 participating in the substance abuse treatment program designated by the 42 secretary and shall be returned to the custody of the sheriff for execution 43 of the balance of the term of imprisonment upon completion of or the

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1 person's discharge from the substance abuse treatment program. Custody 2 of the person shall be returned to the sheriff for execution of the sentence 3 imposed in the event the secretary of corrections determines: (A) (i) That 4 substance abuse treatment resources or the capacity of the facility 5 designated by the secretary for the incarceration and treatment of the 6 person is not available; (B) (ii) the person fails to meaningfully participate 7 in the treatment program of the designated facility; (C) (iii) the person is 8 disruptive to the security or operation of the designated facility; or (D) (iv) 9 the medical or mental health condition of the person renders the person 10 unsuitable for confinement at the designated facility. The determination by the secretary that the person either is not to be admitted into the designated 11 12 facility or is to be transferred from the designated facility is not subject to review. The sheriff shall be responsible for all transportation expenses to 13 14 and from the state correctional facility.

15 (2) In addition, prior to sentencing for any conviction, the court shall 16 order the person to participate in an alcohol and drug evaluation conducted by a licensed provider pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and 17 18 amendments thereto. The person shall be required to follow any 19 recommendation made by the provider after such evaluation, unless 20 otherwise ordered by the court. The provisions of this paragraph shall not 21 apply to any person sentenced to imprisonment for a third or subsequent 22 conviction pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(C), (b)(1)(D), (b)(1)(E) or (b)(1)23 (F).

24 (3) At the time of the filing of the judgment form or journal entry as 25 required by K.S.A. 21-4620 or 22-3426 or section 280 of chapter 136 of 26 the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, the court shall 27 cause a certified copy to be sent to the officer having the offender in 28 charge. The law enforcement agency maintaining custody and control of a 29 defendant for imprisonment shall cause a certified copy of the judgment 30 form or journal entry to be sent to the secretary of corrections within three 31 business days of receipt of the judgment form or journal entry from the court and notify the secretary of corrections when the term of 32 33 imprisonment expires and upon expiration of the term of imprisonment shall deliver the defendant to a location designated by the secretary-34 35 director of the community corrections program for the county of 36 conviction when the term of imprisonment expires and upon expiration of 37 the term of imprisonment shall deliver the defendant to a location 38 designated by the director of the community corrections program. After the 39 term of imprisonment imposed by the court, the person shall be placed in the custody of the secretary of corrections community correctional 40 services program for a mandatory one-year period of postrelease-41 42 community corrections supervision, which such period of postrelease-43 community corrections supervision shall not be reduced. During such1 postrelease supervision, the person shall be required to participate in an-

2 inpatient or outpatient program for alcohol and drug abuse, including, but not limited to, an approved aftercare plan or mental health counseling, as 3 determined by the secretary and satisfy conditions imposed by the Kansas 4 parole board as provided by K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto.-5 6 During such community corrections supervision, the person shall be 7 required to participate in a multidisciplinary model of services for 8 substance use disorders facilitated by a department of social and 9 rehabilitation services designated care coordination agency to include assessment and, if appropriate, referral to a community-based substance 10 use disorder treatment including recovery management and mental health 11 12 counseling as needed. The multidisciplinary team shall include the designated care coordination agency, the community corrections officer, 13 the social and rehabilitation services department designated treatment 14 15 provider and the offender. Any violation of the conditions of such 16 postrelease community corrections supervision may subject such person to revocation of postrelease community corrections supervision pursuant to 17 K.S.A. 75-5217 et seq., and amendments thereto and as otherwise-18 19 provided by law and imprisonment in jail for the remainder of the period 20 of imprisonment, the remainder of the community corrections supervision 21 period, or any combination or portion thereof.

22 (g) (1) On the fourth or subsequent conviction of a violation of this 23 section, a person shall be guilty of a nonperson felony and sentenced to not less than 180 days nor more than one year's imprisonment and fined-24 25 \$2,500. The person convicted shall not be eligible for release on probation. suspension or reduction of sentence or parole until the person has served at 26 27 least 180 days' imprisonment. The 180 days' imprisonment mandated by 28 this paragraph may be served in a work release program only after such 29 person has served 144 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided suchwork release program requires such person to return to confinement at the 30 31 end of each day in the work release program.

32 (2) The court may order that the term of imprisonment imposed 33 pursuant to paragraph (1) be served in a state facility in the custody of the 34 secretary of corrections in a facility designated by the secretary for the-35 provision of substance abuse treatment pursuant to the provisions of 36 K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments thereto. The person shall remain-37 imprisoned at the state facility only while participating in the substance 38 abuse treatment program designated by the secretary and shall be returned 39 to the custody of the sheriff for execution of the balance of the term of imprisonment upon completion of or the person's discharge from the-40 substance abuse treatment program. Custody of the person shall be-41 42 returned to the sheriff for execution of the sentence imposed in the event 43 the secretary of corrections determines: (A) That substance abuse-

treatment resources or the capacity of the facility designated by the-1 2 secretary for the incarceration and treatment of the person is not available; (B) the person fails to meaningfully participate in the treatment program of 3 4 the designated facility; (C) the person is disruptive to the security or 5 operation of the designated facility; or (D) the medical or mental health-6 condition of the person renders the person unsuitable for confinement at 7 the designated facility. The determination by the secretary that the person 8 either is not to be admitted into the designated facility or is to be-

9 transferred from the designated facility is not subject to review. The sheriff
 10 shall be responsible for all transportation expenses to and from the state
 11 correctional facility.

12 At the time of the filing of the judgment form or journal entry asrequired by K.S.A. 21-4620 or 22-3426, and amendments thereto, the 13 court shall cause a certified copy to be sent to the officer having the-14 15 offender in charge. The law enforcement agency maintaining custody and 16 control of a defendant for imprisonment shall cause a certified copy of the 17 judgment form or journal entry to be sent to the secretary of corrections within three business days of receipt of the judgment form or journal entry 18 19 from the court and notify the secretary of corrections when the term of 20 imprisonment expires and upon expiration of the term of imprisonment 21 shall deliver the defendant to a location designated by the secretary.

(h) Any person convicted of violating this section or an ordinance
 which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits

24 (c) Any person convicted of a violation of this section, or a violation 25 of a city ordinance or county resolution prohibiting the acts prohibited by this section, who had one or more children under the age of 14 years in the 26 27 vehicle at the time of the offense shall have such person's punishment 28 enhanced by one month of imprisonment. This imprisonment must shall be 29 served consecutively to any other minimum mandatory penalty imposed 30 for a violation of this section or an ordinance which prohibits the acts that 31 this section prohibits, or a violation of a city ordinance or county 32 resolution prohibiting the acts prohibited by this section. Any enhanced 33 penalty imposed shall not exceed the maximum sentence allowable by law. 34 During the service of the enhanced penalty, the judge may order the person 35 on house arrest, work release or other conditional release.

(d) If a person is charged with a violation of this section involving
drugs, the fact that the person is or has been entitled to use the drug under
the laws of this state shall not constitute a defense against the charge.

(i) (e) The court may establish the terms and time for payment of any
fines, fees, assessments and costs imposed pursuant to this section. Any
assessment and costs shall be required to be paid not later than 90 days
after imposed, and any remainder of the fine shall be paid prior to the final
release of the defendant by the court.

1 <del>(i)</del> (f) In lieu of payment of a fine imposed pursuant to this section, 2 the court may order that the person perform community service specified 3 by the court. The person shall receive a credit on the fine imposed in an 4 amount equal to \$5 for each full hour spent by the person in the specified 5 community service. The community service ordered by the court shall be 6 required to be performed not later than one year after the fine is imposed 7 or by an earlier date specified by the court. If by the required date the 8 person performs an insufficient amount of community service to reduce to 9 zero the portion of the fine required to be paid by the person, the 10 remaining balance of the fine shall become due on that date.

(k) (g) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (5), in addition to any other penalty which may be imposed upon a first conviction of a violation of this section, the court may order that the convicted person's motor vehicle or vehicles any motor vehicle owned or operated, or both, by the convicted person be impounded or immobilized for a period not to exceed one year two years and that the convicted person pay all towing, impoundment and storage fees or other immobilization costs.

18 (2) The court shall not order the impoundment or immobilization of a 19 motor vehicle driven by a person convicted of a violation of this section if 20 the motor vehicle had been stolen or converted at the time it was driven in 21 violation of this section.

(3) Prior to ordering the impoundment or immobilization of a motor
vehicle or vehicles owned by a person convicted of a violation of this
section, the court shall consider, but not be limited to, the following:

(A) Whether the impoundment or immobilization of the motor
 vehicle would result in the loss of employment by the convicted person or
 a member of such person's family; and

(B) whether the ability of the convicted person or a member of suchperson's family to attend school or obtain medical care would be impaired.

4) Any personal property in a vehicle impounded or immobilized
pursuant to this subsection may be retrieved prior to or during the period
of such impoundment or immobilization.

33 (5) As used in this subsection, the convicted person's motor vehicle or 34 vehicles shall include any vehicle leased by such person. If the lease on the 35 convicted person's motor vehicle subject to impoundment or 36 immobilization expires in less than one year from the date of the 37 impoundment or immobilization, the time of impoundment or 38 immobilization of such vehicle shall be the amount of time remaining on 39 the lease

(1) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3), in addition to any other
 penalty which may be imposed upon a second or subsequent conviction of
 a violation of this section, the court shall order that each motor vehicle
 owned or leased by the convicted person shall either be equipped with an

1 ignition interlock device or be impounded or immobilized for a period of

2 two years. The convicted person shall pay all costs associated with the

installation, maintenance and removal of the ignition interlock device and
 all towing, impoundment and storage fees or other immobilization costs.

5 (2) Any personal property in a vehicle impounded or immobilized 6 pursuant to this subsection may be retrieved prior to or during the period 7 of such impoundment or immobilization.

8 (3) As used in this subsection, the convicted person's motor vehicle or 9 vehicles shall include any vehicle leased by such person. If the lease on the 10 convicted person's motor vehicle subject to impoundment or 11 immobilization expires in less than two years from the date of the 12 immobilization or immobilization, the time of impoundment or 13 immobilization of such vehicle shall be the amount of time remaining on 14 the lease.

15 (m) (1) (h) Prior to filing a complaint alleging a violation of this 16 section, a prosecutor shall request and shall receive from the: (1) Division 17 a record of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any 18 violations of any of the motor vehicle laws of this state-

(2) Prior to filing a complaint alleging a violation of this section, a
 prosecutor shall request and shall receive from the; and (2) Kansas bureau
 of investigation central repository all criminal history record information
 concerning such person.

23 (n) (j) The court shall electronically report every conviction of a 24 violation of this section and every diversion agreement entered into in lieu 25 of further criminal proceedings or *on* a complaint alleging a violation of 26 this section to the division. Prior to sentencing under the provisions of this 27 section, the court shall request and shall receive from the division a record 28 of all prior convictions obtained against such person for any violations of 29 any of the motor vehicle laws of this state.

30 (o) For the purpose of determining whether a conviction is a first,
 31 second, third, fourth or subsequent conviction in sentencing under this
 32 section:

33 (1) "Conviction" includes being convicted of a violation of this 34 section or entering into a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal 35 proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of this section;

(2) "conviction" includes being convicted of a violation of a law of
another state or an ordinance of any city, or resolution of any county,
which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits or entering into a
diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings in a case
alleging a violation of such law, ordinance or resolution;

41 (3) any convictions occurring during a person's lifetime shall be taken
42 into account when determining the sentence to be imposed for a first,
43 second, third, fourth or subsequent offender;

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3 (5) a person may enter into a diversion agreement in lieu of further 4 eriminal proceedings for a violation of this section, and amendments-5 thereto, or an ordinance which prohibits the acts of this section, and-6 amendments thereto, only once during the person's lifetime.

(p) (j) Upon conviction of a person of a violation of this section or a
violation of a city ordinance or county resolution prohibiting the acts
prohibited by this section, the division, upon receiving a report of
conviction, shall suspend, restrict or suspend and restrict the person's
driving privileges as provided by K.S.A. 8-1014, and amendments thereto.

12 (q) (1) (A) (k) (1) Except as provided in subsections (1) and 13 (m), nothing contained in this section shall be construed as preventing 14 any city from enacting ordinances, or any county from adopting 15 resolutions, declaring acts prohibited or made unlawful by this act as 16 unlawful or prohibited in such city or county and prescribing penalties for 17 violation thereof. Except as specifically provided by this subsection,

(2) The minimum penalty prescribed by any such ordinance or
 resolution shall not be less than the minimum penalty prescribed by this
 aet section for the same violation, and the maximum penalty in any such
 ordinance or resolution shall not exceed the maximum penalty prescribed
 for the same violation.

(B) On and after July 1, 2007, and retroactive for ordinance violations
 committed on or after July 1, 2006, an ordinance may grant to a municipal
 court jurisdiction over a violation of such ordinance which is concurrent
 with the jurisdiction of the district court over a violation of this section,
 notwithstanding that the elements of such ordinance violation are the same
 as the elements of a violation of this section that would constitute, and be
 punished as, a felony.

30  $(\bigcirc)$  (3) Any such ordinance or resolution shall authorize the court to 31 order that the convicted person pay restitution to any victim who suffered 32 loss due to the violation for which the person was convicted. Except as 33 provided in paragraph (5),

(4) Any such ordinance or resolution may require or authorize the
 court to order that the convicted person's motor vehicle or vehicles be
 impounded or immobilized for a period not to exceed one year and that the
 convicted person pay all towing, impoundment and storage fees or other immobilization costs in accordance with subsection (g).

39 (2) The court shall not order the impoundment or immobilization of a
40 motor vehicle driven by a person convicted of a violation of this section if
41 the motor vehicle had been stolen or converted at the time it was driven in
42 violation of this section.

43 (3) Prior to ordering the impoundment or immobilization of a motor

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3 (A) Whether the impoundment or immobilization of the motor-4 vehicle would result in the loss of employment by the convicted person or 5 a member of such person's family; and

6 (B) whether the ability of the convicted person or a member of such
 7 person's family to attend school or obtain medical care would be impaired.

8 (4) Any personal property in a vehicle impounded or immobilized 9 pursuant to this subsection may be retrieved prior to or during the period 10 of such impoundment or immobilization.

11 (5) As used in this subsection, the convicted person's motor vehicle or vehicles shall include any vehicle leased by such person. If the lease on the convicted person's motor vehicle subject to impoundment or immobilization expires in less than one year from the date of the impoundment or immobilization, the time of impoundment or immobilization of such vehicle shall be the amount of time remaining on the lease.

(1) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, no city shall enact
 an ordinance declaring the acts prohibited by this section as unlawful or
 prohibited in such city and prescribing penalties for violation thereof
 unless:

(1) The municipal law enforcement in such city reports arrests to the
 Kansas bureau of investigation as required by law;

(2) the municipal court in such city utilizes a standardized risk 24 assessment instrument approved by the Kansas sentencing commission, 25 utilizes a standardized substance abuse evaluation approved by the 26 secretary of social and rehabilitation services, utilizes the results of such 27 28 assessment and such evaluation in determining disposition of the case, has 29 the capability to supervise the offender accordingly and reports the disposition of such case to the Kansas bureau of investigation central 30 31 repository; and

(3) the municipal court in such city, on and after July 1, 2012, reports
 the disposition of such case electronically to the Kansas bureau of
 investigation central repository.

(m) On and after July 1, 2011, any city ordinance declaring the acts
prohibited by this section as unlawful or prohibited in such city and
prescribing penalties for violation thereof is hereby declared null and
void, regardless of when such ordinance was enacted, unless such city
meets the requirements specified in subsection (l).

40 (*n*) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the district court 41 shall have exclusive jurisdiction over violations of subsections (b)(1)(C)42 and (b)(1)(D) committed on or after July 1, 2011. No city shall enact an 43 ordinance granting a municipal court jurisdiction over violations of 1 subsections (b)(1)(C) and (b)(1)(D) which is concurrent with the 2 jurisdiction of the district court over violations of subsections (b)(1)(C)3 and (b)(1)(D). On and after July 1, 2011, any part of any city ordinance in 4 conflict with this subsection is hereby declared null and void, regardless of 5 when such ordinance was enacted.

12 (2) Upon the filing of a complaint, citation or notice to appear-13 alleging a person has violated a city ordinance prohibiting the acts-14 prohibited by this section, and prior to conviction thereof, a city attorney 15 shall request and shall receive from the; and (B) Kansas bureau of 16 investigation central repository all criminal history record information 17 concerning such person.

18 (3) (2) If the elements of such ordinance violation are the same as the 19 elements of a violation of this section that would constitute, and be 20 punished as, a felony *third or subsequent conviction*, the city attorney shall 21 refer the violation to the appropriate county or district attorney for 22 prosecution. *The county or district attorney shall accept such referral and* 23 *pursue a disposition of such violation, and shall not refer any such* 24 *violation back to the city attorney.* 

(s) (p) (1) No plea bargaining agreement shall be entered into nor shall any judge approve a plea bargaining agreement entered into for the purpose of permitting a person charged with a violation of this section, or a violation of any ordinance of a city or resolution of any county in this state which prohibits the acts prohibited by this section, to avoid the mandatory penalties established by this section or by the ordinance.

(2) For the purpose of this subsection, entering into a diversion
 agreement pursuant to K.S.A. 12-4413 et seq. or 22-2906 et seq., and
 amendments thereto, shall not constitute plea bargaining.

(q) (1) A person shall not be eligible to enter into a diversion
agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings for a violation of this
section, or a violation of an ordinance of any city or resolution of any
county which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits, if such person
has a prior conviction, as defined in subsection (u), during the person's
lifetime, of any violation described in subsection (u).

40 (2) Any person whom the prosecutor considers for eligibility or finds
41 eligible to enter a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal
42 proceedings for a violation of this section, or a violation of an ordinance
43 of any city or resolution of any county which prohibits the acts that this

section prohibits, shall participate in an alcohol and drug evaluation
 conducted by a licensed provider pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and
 amendments thereto. Any diversion agreement entered shall require such
 person to follow any recommendation made by the provider after such
 evaluation, unless otherwise ordered by the court.

6 (t) (r) The alternatives set out in subsections (a)(1), (a)(2) and (a)(3) 7 may be pleaded in the alternative, and the state, city or county *may*, but 8 shall not be required to, may elect one or two of the three prior to 9 submission of the case to the fact finder.

(u) (s) Upon a third or subsequent conviction, the judge of any court
 in which any person is convicted of violating this section, may revoke the
 person's license plate or temporary registration certificate of the motor
 vehicle driven during the violation of this section for a period of one year.
 Upon revoking any license plate or temporary registration certificate
 pursuant to this subsection, the court shall require that such license plate or
 temporary registration certificate be surrendered to the court.

(v) For the purpose of this section: (1) "Alcohol concentration" means
 the number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood or per 210 liters of breath.

(2) "Imprisonment" shall include any restrained environment in which the court and law enforcement agency intend to retain custody and
 control of a defendant and such environment has been approved by the
 board of county commissioners or the governing body of a city.

(3) "Drug" includes toxic vapors as such term is defined in K.S.A.
 2009 Supp. 21-36a12, and amendments thereto.

26 (w) (t) The amount of the increase in fines as specified in this section 27 shall be remitted by the clerk of the district court to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments 28 29 thereto. Upon receipt of remittance of the increase provided in this act, the 30 state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and the 31 state treasurer shall credit 50% to the community alcoholism and 32 intoxication programs fund and 50% to the department of corrections 33 alcohol and drug abuse treatment fund, which is hereby created in the state 34 treasury.

(x) Upon every conviction of a violation of this section, the court
 shall order such person to submit to a pre-sentence alcohol and drug abuse
 evaluation pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto. Such pre sentence evaluation shall be made available, and shall be considered by the
 sentencing court.

40 *(u)* When determining whether a conviction is a first, second, third, 41 fourth or subsequent conviction of a violation of this section:

42 (1) Any test refusal, as defined in K.S.A. 8-1013, and amendments 43 thereto, occurring during a person's lifetime shall be taken into account,

unless such refusal occurred when the offender was under 18 years of age; 1

2 (2) convictions for a violation of this section, or a violation of an ordinance of any city or resolution of any county which prohibits the acts 3 that this section prohibits, or entering into a diversion agreement in lieu of 4 further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging any such violations, 5 6 shall be taken into account, but only convictions or diversions occurring 7 on or after July 1, 2001;

8 (3) any convictions for a violation of the following sections occurring during a person's lifetime shall be taken into account: (A) K.S.A. 8-2,144, 9 and amendments thereto; (B) K.S.A. 32-1131, and amendments thereto; 10 (C) subsection (a)(3) of section 40 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session 11 12 Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; and (D) aggravated vehicular homicide, K.S.A. 21-3405a, prior to its repeal, or vehicular battery, K.S.A. 13 21-3405b, prior to its repeal, if the crime was committed while committing 14 15 a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto;

16 "conviction" includes: (A) Entering into a diversion agreement in (4) lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of 17 a crime described in subsection (u)(3); (B) conviction of a violation of an 18 19 ordinance of a city in this state, or a resolution of a county in this state or 20 any law of another state which would constitute a crime described in 21 subsection (u)(2) or (u)(3); and (C) receiving punishment under the uniform code of military justice or Kansas code of military justice for an 22 23 act which was committed on a military reservation and which would 24 constitute a crime described in subsection (u)(2) or (u)(3) if committed off 25 a military reservation in this state;

26 (5) "conviction" does not include: (A) Any conviction, including any 27 conviction as defined in subsection (u)(4), for a crime described in 28 subsection (u)(2) or (u)(3) committed when the offender was under 18 29 years of age; and (B) any adjudications as a juvenile offender because of 30 an act which if committed by an adult would constitute a crime described 31 in subsection (u)(2) or (u)(3);

(6) it is irrelevant whether an offense occurred before or after 32 33 conviction for a previous offense; and

34 (7) multiple convictions of any crime described in subsection (u)(2)35 or (u)(3) arising from the same arrest shall only be counted as one 36 conviction 37

(v) As used in this section:

38 (1) "Alcohol concentration" means the number of grams of alcohol 39 per 100 milliliters of blood or per 210 liters of breath;

(2) "imprisonment" shall include any restrained environment in 40 which the court and law enforcement agency intend to retain custody and 41 control of a defendant and such environment has been approved by the 42 43 board of county commissioners or the governing body of a city; and

1 (3)"drug" includes toxic vapors as such term is defined in K.S.A. 2 2010 Supp. 21-36a12, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-4104 is hereby amended to read as 3 4 follows: 12-4104. (a) The municipal court of each city shall have 5 jurisdiction to hear and determine cases involving violations of the 6 ordinances of the city, including concurrent jurisdiction to hear and 7 determine a violation of an ordinance when the elements of such ordinance 8 violation are the same as the elements of a violation of one of the following state statutes and would constitute, and be punished as, a felony 9 10 if charged in district court:

(1) K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, driving under the-11 12 influence:

13 (2) K.S.A. 21-3412a (1) Section 49 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, domestic battery: 14

(3) K.S.A. 21-3701 (2) section 87 of chapter 136 of the 2010 15 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, theft; 16

(4) K.S.A. 21-3707 (3) section 107 of chapter 136 of the 2010 17 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, giving a worthless 18 19 check: or

20 (5) (4) subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a06, and 21 amendments thereto, possession of marijuana. 22

(b) Search warrants shall not issue out of a municipal court.

23 Sec. 23. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-4106 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-4106. (a) The municipal judge shall have the power to 24 25 administer the oaths and enforce all orders, rules and judgments made by such municipal judge, and may fine or imprison for contempt in the same 26 27 manner and to the same extent as a judge of the district court.

28 (b) The municipal judge shall have the power to hear and determine all cases properly brought before such municipal judge to: Grant 29 continuances; sentence those found guilty to a fine or confinement in jail, 30 31 or both; commit accused persons to jail in default of bond; determine 32 applications for parole; release on probation; grant time in which a fine 33 may be paid; correct a sentence; suspend imposition of a sentence; set 34 aside a judgment; permit time for post trial motions; and discharge accused 35 persons.

36 (c) The municipal judge shall maintain a docket in which every cause 37 commenced before such municipal judge shall be entered. Such docket 38 shall contain the names of the accused persons and complainant, the nature 39 or character of the offense, the date of trial, the names of all witnesses 40 sworn and examined, the finding of the court, the judgment and sentence, 41 the date of payment, the date of issuing commitment, if any, and every other fact necessary to show the full proceedings in each case. 42

43 (d) The municipal judge shall promptly make such reports and furnish the information requested by any departmental justice or the
 judicial administrator, in the manner and form prescribed by the supreme
 court.

4 (e) The municipal judge shall ensure that information concerning 5 dispositions of city ordinance violations that result in convictions 6 comparable to convictions for class A and B misdemeanors under Kansas 7 criminal statutes is forwarded to the Kansas bureau of investigation central 8 repository. This information shall be transmitted, on a form or in a format 9 approved by the attorney general, within 30 days of final disposition.

(f) In all cases alleging a violation of a city ordinance prohibiting the
acts prohibited by K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567, and amendments thereto, the
municipal court judge shall ensure that information concerning persons
arrested or charged with a violation of a city ordinance prohibiting the acts
prohibited by K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, is forwarded to the
Kansas bureau of investigation central repository. the municipal court:

16 (1) Utilizes a standardized risk assessment instrument approved by 17 the Kansas sentencing commission; utilizes a standardized substance 18 abuse evaluation approved by the secretary of social and rehabilitation 19 services; utilizes the results of such assessment and such evaluation in 20 determining disposition of the case; has the capability to supervise the 21 offender accordingly; and reports the disposition of such case to the 22 Kansas bureau of investigation central repository;

(2) on and after July 1, 2012, reports the disposition of such case
 electronically to the Kansas bureau of investigation central repository;

(3) reports the filing of such case to the Kansas bureau of investigation
 central repository; and

(4) on and after July 1, 2013, reports the filing of such case
electronically to the Kansas bureau of investigation central repository.

29 Sec. 24. K.S.A. 12-4414 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-4414. (a) Except as provided in K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, 30 31 after a complaint has been filed charging a defendant with violation of an 32 alcohol or drug related offense and prior to conviction thereof, and after 33 the city attorney has considered the factors listed in K.S.A. 12-4415, and 34 amendments thereto, if it appears to the city attorney that diversion of the 35 defendant would be in the interests of justice and of benefit to the 36 defendant and the community, the city attorney may propose a diversion 37 agreement to the defendant. The terms of each diversion agreement shall 38 be established by the city attorney in accordance with K.S.A. 12-4416, 39 and amendments thereto.

40 (b) Each city attorney shall adopt written policies and guidelines for
41 the implementation of a diversion program in accordance with K.S.A. 842 1009; and 12-4412 to 12-4417 and 22-3609, inclusive, and amendments
43 thereto. Such policies and guidelines shall provide for a diversion

conference and other procedures in those cases where the city attorney
 elects to offer diversion in lieu of further criminal proceedings on the
 complaint.

4 (c) Each defendant shall be informed in writing of the diversion 5 program and the policies and guidelines adopted by the city attorney. The 6 city attorney may require any defendant requesting diversion to provide 7 information regarding prior criminal charges, education, work experience 8 and training, family, residence in the community, medical history, including any psychiatric or psychological treatment or counseling, and 9 other information relating to the diversion program. In all cases, the 10 defendant shall be present and shall have the right to be represented by 11 counsel at the diversion conference with the city attorney. 12

Sec. 25. K.S.A. 12-4415 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-4415. (a) In determining whether diversion of a defendant is in the interests of justice and of benefit to the defendant and the community, the city attorney shall consider at least the following factors among all factors considered:

18 (1) The nature of the crime charged and the circumstances19 surrounding it;

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(2) any special characteristics or circumstances of the defendant;

(3) whether the defendant is a first-time offender of an alcohol related
offense and if the defendant has previously participated in diversion,
according to the certification of the division of vehicles of the state
department of revenue;

(4) whether there is a probability that the defendant will cooperatewith and benefit from diversion;

(5) whether the available diversion program is appropriate to theneeds of the defendant;

29 (6) the impact of the diversion of the defendant upon the community;

30 (7) recommendations, if any, of the involved law enforcement 31 agency;

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33 (9) provisions for restitution; and

(10) any mitigating circumstances.

(8) recommendations, if any, of the victim:

35 (b) A city attorney shall not enter into a diversion agreement in lieu of 36 further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging an alcohol related 37 offense if the defendant:

38 (1) Has previously participated in diversion of an alcohol related
 39 offense;

40 (2) has previously been convicted of or pleaded *nolo contendere* to an
41 alcohol related offense in this state or has previously been convicted of or
42 pleaded *nolo contendere* to a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567 and amendments
43 thereto or of a law of another state, or of a political subdivision thereof;

1 which prohibits the acts prohibited by that statute; or

2 (3)(1) During the time of the alleged alcohol related offense was 3 involved in a motor vehicle accident or collision resulting in personal 4 injury or death-; or

5 (2) has a prior conviction of a violation of: (A) K.S.A. 8-2,144, and 6 amendments thereto; (B) K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto; (C) 7 K.S.A. 32-1131, and amendments thereto; (D) subsection (a)(3) of section 8 40 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments 9 thereto; and (E) aggravated vehicular homicide, K.S.A. 21-3405a, prior to its repeal, or vehicular battery, K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal, if the 10 crime was committed while committing a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and 11 12 amendments thereto

(c) As used in this section, "conviction" also means: (1) Entering into 13 14 a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of a crime described in subsection (b)(2); 15 16 (2) conviction of a violation of a law of another state, or an ordinance of a 17 city in this state or of another state, or a resolution of a county in this state 18 or of another state, which would constitute a crime described in 19 subsection (b)(2); and (3) receiving punishment under the uniform code of 20 military justice or Kansas code of military justice for an act which was 21 committed on a military reservation and which would constitute a crime 22 described in subsection (b)(2) if committed off a military reservation in 23 this state.

24 Sec. 26. K.S.A. 12-4416 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-25 4416. (a) A diversion agreement shall provide that if the defendant fulfills 26 the obligations of the program described therein, as determined by the city 27 attorney, the city attorney shall act to have the criminal charges against the 28 defendant dismissed with prejudice. The diversion agreement shall include 29 specifically the waiver of all rights under the law or the constitution of Kansas or of the United States to counsel, a speedy arraignment, a speedy 30 31 trial, and the right to trial by jury. The diversion agreement may include, 32 but is not limited to, provisions concerning payment of restitution, 33 including court costs and diversion costs, residence in a specified facility, 34 maintenance of gainful employment, and participation in programs offering medical, educational, vocational, social and psychological 35 36 services, corrective and preventive guidance and other rehabilitative 37 services. The diversion agreement shall state:

- 38
- (1) The defendant's full name;

39 (2) the defendant's full name at the time the complaint was filed, if40 different from the defendant's current name;

- 41 (3) the defendant's sex, race and date of birth;
- 42 (4) the crime with which the defendant is charged;
- 43 (5) the date the complaint was filed; and

(6) the municipal court with which the agreement is filed.

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2 If a diversion agreement is entered into in lieu of further criminal (b) 3 proceedings on a complaint alleging an alcohol related offense, the 4 diversion agreement shall include a stipulation, agreed to by the defendant 5 and the city attorney, of the facts upon which the charge is based and a 6 provision that if the defendant fails to fulfill the terms of the specific 7 diversion agreement and the criminal proceedings on the complaint are 8 resumed, the proceedings, including any proceedings on appeal, shall be 9 conducted on the record of the stipulation of facts relating to the 10 complaint. In addition, the agreement shall include a requirement that the 11 defendant<sup>.</sup>

12 (1) Pay a fine specified by the agreement in an amount equal to an 13 amount authorized by K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, for a first 14 offense or, in lieu of payment of the fine, perform community service 15 specified by the agreement, consonant with K.S.A. 8-1567, and 16 amendments thereto; and

17 (2) enroll in and successfully complete an alcohol and drug safetyaction program or a treatment program, or both, as provided in K.S.A. 8-19 1008, and amendments thereto, and specified by the agreement, and paythe assessment required by K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto. 21 participate in an alcohol and drug evaluation conducted by a licensed 22 provider pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto, and follow 23 any recommendation made by the provider after such evaluation.

(c) If the person entering into a diversion agreement is a nonresident,
the city attorney shall transmit a copy of the diversion agreement to the
division. The division shall forward a copy of the diversion agreement to
the motor vehicle administrator of the person's state of residence.

(d) If the city attorney elects to offer diversion in lieu of further criminal proceedings on the complaint and the defendant agrees to all of the terms of the proposed agreement, the diversion agreement shall be filed with the municipal court and the municipal court shall stay further proceedings on the complaint. If the defendant declines to accept diversion, the municipal court shall resume the criminal proceedings on the complaint.

(e) The city attorney shall forward to the division of vehicles of the
state department of revenue a copy of the diversion agreement at the time
such agreement is filed with the municipal court. The copy of the
agreement shall be made available upon request to any county, district or
city attorney or court.

40 Sec. 27. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-4516 is hereby amended to read as 41 follows: 12-4516. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b) or, (c) and 42 (d), any person who has been convicted of a violation of a city ordinance 43 of this state may petition the convicting court for the expungement of such

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conviction and related arrest records if three or more years have elapsed
 since the person:

- 3 4
- (A) Satisfied the sentence imposed; or
- (B) was discharged from probation, parole or a suspended sentence.

5 (2) Except as provided in subsection (b) or, (c) and (d), any person 6 who has fulfilled the terms of a diversion agreement based on a violation 7 of a city ordinance of this state may petition the court for the expungement 8 of such diversion agreement and related arrest records if three or more 9 years have elapsed since the terms of the diversion agreement were 10 fulfilled.

(b) No person may petition for expungement until five or more years
have elapsed since the person satisfied the sentence imposed or the terms
of a diversion agreement or was discharged from probation, parole,
conditional release or a suspended sentence, if such person was convicted
of the violation of a city ordinance which would also constitute:

(1) Vehicular homicide, as defined by K.S.A. 21-3405 section 41 of
 *chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto;

(2) driving while the privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the
public highways of this state has been canceled, suspended or revoked, as
prohibited by K.S.A. 8-262, and amendments thereto;

(3) perjury resulting from a violation of K.S.A. 8-261a, and
 amendments thereto;

(4) a violation of the provisions of the fifth clause of K.S.A. 8-142,
and amendments thereto, relating to fraudulent applications;

(5) any crime punishable as a felony wherein a motor vehicle wasused in the perpetration of such crime;

(6) failing to stop at the scene of an accident and perform the duties
required by K.S.A. 8-1602, 8-1603 or 8-1604, and amendments thereto;

(7) a violation of the provisions of K.S.A. 40-3104, and amendments
 thereto, relating to motor vehicle liability insurance coverage; or

(8) a violation of K.S.A. 21-3405b, and amendments thereto prior to
its repeal.

(c) No person may petition for expungement until 10 or more years
have elapsed since the person satisfied the sentence imposed or the terms
of a diversion agreement or was discharged from probation, parole,
conditional release or a suspended sentence, if such person was convicted
of the violation of a city ordinance which would also constitute a violation
of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto.

39 (e) (d) There shall be no expungement of convictions or diversions
40 for a violation of a city ordinance which would also constitute a violation
41 of K.S.A. 8-1567 or 8-2,144, and amendments thereto.

42 (d) (e) When a petition for expungement is filed, the court shall set a 43 date for a hearing of such petition and shall cause notice of such hearing to be given to the prosecuting attorney and the arresting law enforcement
 agency. The petition shall state: (1) The defendant's full name;

3 (2) the full name of the defendant at the time of arrest, conviction or 4 diversion, if different than the defendant's current name;

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(3) the defendant's sex, race and date of birth;

6 (4) the crime for which the defendant was arrested, convicted or 7 diverted;

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(5) the date of the defendant's arrest, conviction or diversion; and

9 (6) the identity of the convicting court, arresting law enforcement 10 agency or diverting authority. A municipal court may prescribe a fee to be charged as costs for a person petitioning for an order of expungement 11 pursuant to this section. Any person who may have relevant information 12 about the petitioner may testify at the hearing. The court may inquire into 13 the background of the petitioner and shall have access to any reports or 14 records relating to the petitioner that are on file with the secretary of 15 16 corrections or the Kansas parole board.

17 (e) (f) At the hearing on the petition, the court shall order the 18 petitioner's arrest record, conviction or diversion expunged if the court 19 finds that:

(1) The petitioner has not been convicted of a felony in the past two
 years and no proceeding involving any such crime is presently pending or
 being instituted against the petitioner;

(2) the circumstances and behavior of the petitioner warrant theexpungement; and

(3) the expungement is consistent with the public welfare.

(f) (g) When the court has ordered an arrest record, conviction or 26 27 diversion expunged, the order of expungement shall state the information 28 required to be contained in the petition. The clerk of the court shall send a certified copy of the order of expungement to the Kansas bureau of 29 investigation which shall notify the federal bureau of investigation, the 30 31 secretary of corrections and any other criminal justice agency which may 32 have a record of the arrest, conviction or diversion. After the order of 33 expungement is entered, the petitioner shall be treated as not having been 34 arrested, convicted or diverted of the crime, except that:

(1) Upon conviction for any subsequent crime, the conviction that
 was expunged may be considered as a prior conviction in determining the
 sentence to be imposed;

(2) the petitioner shall disclose that the arrest, conviction or diversionoccurred if asked about previous arrests, convictions or diversions:

(A) In any application for employment as a detective with a private
detective agency, as defined by K.S.A. 75-7b01, and amendments thereto;
as security personnel with a private patrol operator, as defined by K.S.A.
75-7b01, and amendments thereto; or with an institution, as defined in

K.S.A. 76-12a01, and amendments thereto, of the department of social and
 rehabilitation services;

(B) in any application for admission, or for an order of reinstatement,
to the practice of law in this state;

5 (C) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for 6 employment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within 7 the Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the 8 Kansas lottery;

9 (D) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for executive 10 director of the Kansas racing and gaming commission, for employment 11 with the commission or for work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as 12 deemed appropriate by the executive director of the commission, or to aid 13 in determining qualifications for licensure or renewal of licensure by the 14 commission;

15 (E) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for the 16 following under the Kansas expanded lottery act: (i) Lottery gaming 17 facility manager or prospective manager, racetrack gaming facility 18 manager or prospective manager, licensee or certificate holder; or (ii) an 19 officer, director, employee, owner, agent or contractor thereof;

(F) upon application for a commercial driver's license under K.S.A.
8-2,125 through 8-2,142, and amendments thereto;

(G) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications to be anemployee of the state gaming agency;

(H) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications to be an
employee of a tribal gaming commission or to hold a license issued
pursuant to a tribal-state gaming compact;

(I) in any application for registration as a broker-dealer, agent,
investment adviser or investment adviser representative all as defined in
K.S.A. 17-12a102, and amendments thereto;

(J) in any application for employment as a law enforcement officer, as
defined in K.S.A. 22-2202 or 74-5602, and amendments thereto; or

(K) for applications received on and after July 1, 2006, to aid in
determining the petitioner's qualifications for a license to carry a concealed
weapon pursuant to the personal and family protection act, K.S.A. 2010
Supp. 75-7c01 et seq., and amendments thereto;

36 (3) the court, in the order of expungement, may specify other
 37 circumstances under which the arrest, conviction or diversion is to be
 38 disclosed; and

(4) the conviction may be disclosed in a subsequent prosecution foran offense which requires as an element of such offense a prior convictionof the type expunged.

42 (g) (h) Whenever a person is convicted of an ordinance violation, 43 pleads guilty and pays a fine for such a violation, is placed on parole or 1 probation or is granted a suspended sentence for such a violation, the 2 person shall be informed of the ability to expunge the arrest records or 3 conviction. Whenever a person enters into a diversion agreement, the 4 person shall be informed of the ability to expunge the diversion.

5 (h) (i) Subject to the disclosures required pursuant to subsection (f) 6 (g), in any application for employment, license or other civil right or 7 privilege, or any appearance as a witness, a person whose arrest records, 8 conviction or diversion of an offense has been expunged under this statute 9 may state that such person has never been arrested, convicted or diverted 10 of such offense.

(i) (j) Whenever the record of any arrest, conviction or diversion has
 been expunged under the provisions of this section or under the provisions
 of any other existing or former statute, the custodian of the records of
 arrest, conviction, diversion and incarceration relating to that crime shall
 not disclose the existence of such records, except when requested by:

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(1) The person whose record was expunged;

17 (2) a private detective agency or a private patrol operator, and the 18 request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in 19 conjunction with an application for employment with such agency or 20 operator by the person whose record has been expunged;

(3) a court, upon a showing of a subsequent conviction of the person
 whose record has been expunged;

- (4) the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, or a designee of
  the secretary, for the purpose of obtaining information relating to
  employment in an institution, as defined in K.S.A. 76-12a01, and
  amendments thereto, of the department of social and rehabilitation services
  of any person whose record has been expunged;
- (5) a person entitled to such information pursuant to the terms of theexpungement order;

30 (6) a prosecuting attorney, and such request is accompanied by a
31 statement that the request is being made in conjunction with a prosecution
32 of an offense that requires a prior conviction as one of the elements of such
33 offense;

(7) the supreme court, the clerk or disciplinary administrator thereof, the state board for admission of attorneys or the state board for discipline of attorneys, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in conjunction with an application for admission, or for an order of reinstatement, to the practice of law in this state by the person whose record has been expunged;

40 (8) the Kansas lottery, and the request is accompanied by a statement
41 that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for
42 employment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within
43 the Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the

1 Kansas lottery;

2 (9) the governor or the Kansas racing and gaming commission, or a 3 designee of the commission, and the request is accompanied by a 4 statement that the request is being made to aid in determining 5 qualifications for executive director of the commission, for employment 6 with the commission, for work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as 7 deemed appropriate by the executive director of the commission or for 8 licensure, renewal of licensure or continued licensure by the commission;

9 (10) the Kansas racing and gaming commission, or a designee of the 10 commission, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the 11 request is being made to aid in determining qualifications of the following 12 under the Kansas expanded lottery act: (A) Lottery gaming facility 13 managers and prospective managers, racetrack gaming facility managers 14 and prospective managers, licensees and certificate holders; and (B) their 15 officers, directors, employees, owners, agents and contractors;

16 (11) the state gaming agency, and the request is accompanied by a 17 statement that the request is being made to aid in determining 18 qualifications: (A) To be an employee of the state gaming agency; or (B) 19 to be an employee of a tribal gaming commission or to hold a license 20 issued pursuant to a tribal-state gaming compact;

(12) the Kansas securities commissioner, or a designee of the commissioner, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in conjunction with an application for registration as a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser or investment adviser representative by such agency and the application was submitted by the person whose record has been expunged;

(13) the attorney general, and the request is accompanied by a
statement that the request is being made to aid in determining
qualifications for a license to carry a concealed weapon pursuant to the
personal and family protection act;

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(14) the Kansas sentencing commission;

(15) the Kansas commission on peace officers' standards and training
and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being
made to aid in determining certification eligibility as a law enforcement
officer pursuant to K.S.A. 74-5601 et seq., and amendments thereto; or

(16) a law enforcement agency and the request is accompanied by a
statement that the request is being made to aid in determining eligibility
for employment as a law enforcement officer as defined by K.S.A. 222202, and amendments thereto.

40 Sec. 28. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-4517 is hereby amended to read as 41 follows: 12-4517. (a) (1) The municipal court judge shall ensure that all 42 persons convicted of violating municipal ordinance provisions that 43 prohibit conduct comparable to a class A or B misdemeanor or assault as defined in K.S.A. 21-3408 section 47 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session
 Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, under a Kansas criminal statute
 are fingerprinted and processed.

4 (2) The municipal court judge shall ensure that all persons arrested or 5 charged with a violation of a city ordinance prohibiting the acts prohibited 6 by K.S.A. *8-2,144 or* 8-1567, and amendments thereto, are fingerprinted 7 and processed at the time of booking or first appearance, whichever occurs 8 first.

9 (b) The municipal court judge shall order the individual to be fingerprinted at an appropriate location as determined by the municipal court judge. Failure of the person to be fingerprinted after court order issued by the municipal judge shall constitute contempt of court. To reimburse the city or other entity for costs associated with fingerprinting, the municipal court judge may assess reasonable court costs, in addition to other court costs imposed by the state or municipality.

16 Sec. 29. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 22-2802 is hereby amended to read as 17 follows: 22-2802. (1) Any person charged with a crime shall, at the person's first appearance before a magistrate, be ordered released pending 18 19 preliminary examination or trial upon the execution of an appearance bond 20 in an amount specified by the magistrate and sufficient to assure the 21 appearance of such person before the magistrate when ordered and to 22 assure the public safety. If the person is being bound over for a felony, the 23 bond shall also be conditioned on the person's appearance in the district 24 court or by way of a two-way electronic audio-video communication as 25 provided in subsection (14) at the time required by the court to answer the charge against such person and at any time thereafter that the court 26 27 requires. Unless the magistrate makes a specific finding otherwise, if the 28 person is being bonded out for a person felony or a person misdemeanor, 29 the bond shall be conditioned on the person being prohibited from having any contact with the alleged victim of such offense for a period of at least 30 31 72 hours. The magistrate may impose such of the following additional conditions of release as will reasonably assure the appearance of the 32 33 person for preliminary examination or trial:

(a) Place the person in the custody of a designated person ororganization agreeing to supervise such person;

(b) place restrictions on the travel, association or place of abode ofthe person during the period of release;

(c) impose any other condition deemed reasonably necessary to
 assure appearance as required, including a condition requiring that the
 person return to custody during specified hours;

(d) place the person under a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A.
21-4603b section 249 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas,
and amendments thereto; or

1 (e) place the person under the supervision of a court services officer 2 responsible for monitoring the person's compliance with any conditions of 3 release ordered by the magistrate.

4 (2) (a) In addition to any conditions of release provided in subsection 5 (1), for any person charged with a felony, the magistrate may order such 6 person to submit to a drug abuse examination and evaluation in a public or 7 private treatment facility or state institution and, if determined by the head 8 of such facility or institution that such person is a drug abuser or 9 incapacitated by drugs, to submit to treatment for such drug abuse, as a 10 condition of release.

(b) In addition to any conditions of release provided in subsection (1) 11 12 and (2)(a), for any person charged with a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567, and amendments thereto, the magistrate may order such person to: 13 Not operate or attempt to operate a vehicle without a valid driver's license 14 and insurance; not operate or attempt to operate a vehicle without first 15 16 providing the court proof of installation of an ignition interlock device, with reports sent to the court for monitoring use of the device; abstain 17 from using alcohol and illegal drugs; agree to submit to alcohol or drug 18 19 testing when directed by the court; or use an alcohol monitoring device.

20 (3) The appearance bond shall be executed with sufficient solvent 21 sureties who are residents of the state of Kansas, unless the magistrate 22 determines, in the exercise of such magistrate's discretion, that requiring 23 sureties is not necessary to assure the appearance of the person at the time 24 ordered.

25 (4) A deposit of cash in the amount of the bond may be made in lieu of the execution of the bond pursuant to paragraph subsection (3). Except 26 as provided in paragraph subsection (5), such deposit shall be in the full 27 28 amount of the bond and in no event shall a deposit of cash in less than the 29 full amount of bond be permitted. Any person charged with a crime who is released on a cash bond shall be entitled to a refund of all moneys paid for 30 31 the cash bond, after deduction of any outstanding restitution, costs, fines 32 and fees, after the final disposition of the criminal case if the person 33 complies with all requirements to appear in court. The court may not 34 exclude the option of posting bond pursuant to paragraph subsection (3).

(5) Except as provided further, the amount of the appearance bond 35 36 shall be the same whether executed as described in subsection (3) or 37 posted with a deposit of cash as described in subsection (4). When the 38 appearance bond has been set at \$2,500 or less and the most serious charge 39 against the person is a misdemeanor, a severity level 8, 9 or 10 nonperson felony, a drug severity level 4 felony or a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and 40 amendments thereto, the magistrate may allow the person to deposit cash 41 with the clerk in the amount of 10% of the bond, provided the person 42 43 meets at least the following qualifications:

(A) Is a resident of the state of Kansas;

(B) has a criminal history score category of G, H or I;

3 (C) has no prior history of failure to appear for any court 4 appearances;

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(D) has no detainer or hold from any other jurisdiction;

6 (E) has not been extradited from, and is not awaiting extradition to, 7 another state; and

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(F) has not been detained for an alleged violation of probation.

9 (6) In the discretion of the court, a person charged with a crime may 10 be released upon the person's own recognizance by guaranteeing payment 11 of the amount of the bond for the person's failure to comply with all 12 requirements to appear in court. The release of a person charged with a 13 crime upon the person's own recognizance shall not require the deposit of 14 any cash by the person.

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(7) The court shall not impose any administrative fee.

16 (8) In determining which conditions of release will reasonably assure 17 appearance and the public safety, the magistrate shall, on the basis of 18 available information, take into account the nature and circumstances of 19 the crime charged; the weight of the evidence against the defendant; the 20 defendant's family ties, employment, financial resources, character, mental 21 condition, length of residence in the community, record of convictions, 22 record of appearance or failure to appear at court proceedings or of flight 23 to avoid prosecution; the likelihood or propensity of the defendant to 24 commit crimes while on release, including whether the defendant will be 25 likely to threaten, harass or cause injury to the victim of the crime or any witnesses thereto; and whether the defendant is on probation or parole 26 27 from a previous offense at the time of the alleged commission of the 28 subsequent offense.

(9) The appearance bond shall set forth all of the conditions ofrelease.

(10) A person for whom conditions of release are imposed and who continues to be detained as a result of the person's inability to meet the conditions of release shall be entitled, upon application, to have the conditions reviewed without unnecessary delay by the magistrate who imposed them. If the magistrate who imposed conditions of release is not available, any other magistrate in the county may review such conditions.

(11) A magistrate ordering the release of a person on any conditions
specified in this section may at any time amend the order to impose
additional or different conditions of release. If the imposition of additional
or different conditions results in the detention of the person, the provisions
of subsection (10) shall apply.

42 (12) Statements or information offered in determining the conditions43 of release need not conform to the rules of evidence. No statement or

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admission of the defendant made at such a proceeding shall be received as
 evidence in any subsequent proceeding against the defendant.

(13) The appearance bond and any security required as a condition of the defendant's release shall be deposited in the office of the magistrate or

4 the defendant's release shall be deposited in the office of the magistrate or 5 the clerk of the court where the release is ordered. If the defendant is 6 bound to appear before a magistrate or court other than the one ordering 7 the release, the order of release, together with the bond and security shall 8 be transmitted to the magistrate or clerk of the court before whom the 9 defendant is bound to appear.

10 (14) Proceedings before a magistrate as provided in this section to determine the release conditions of a person charged with a crime 11 including release upon execution of an appearance bond may be conducted 12 by two-way electronic audio-video communication between the defendant 13 and the judge in lieu of personal presence of the defendant or defendant's 14 counsel in the courtroom in the discretion of the court. The defendant may 15 16 be accompanied by the defendant's counsel. The defendant shall be 17 informed of the defendant's right to be personally present in the courtroom 18 during such proceeding if the defendant so requests. Exercising the right to be present shall in no way prejudice the defendant. 19

20 (15) The magistrate may order the person to pay for any costs 21 associated with the supervision of the conditions of release of the 22 appearance bond in an amount not to exceed \$15 per week of such 23 supervision.

Sec. 30. K.S.A. 22-2908 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-25 2908. (a) In determining whether diversion of a defendant is in the 26 interests of justice and of benefit to the defendant and the community, the 27 county or district attorney shall consider at least the following factors 28 among all factors considered:

29 (1) The nature of the crime charged and the circumstances30 surrounding it;

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(2) any special characteristics or circumstances of the defendant;

(3) whether the defendant is a first-time offender and if the defendant
has previously participated in diversion, according to the certification of
the Kansas bureau of investigation or the division of vehicles of the
department of revenue;

36 (4) whether there is a probability that the defendant will cooperate37 with and benefit from diversion;

(5) whether the available diversion program is appropriate to theneeds of the defendant;

(6) the impact of the diversion of the defendant upon the community;

41 (7) recommendations, if any, of the involved law enforcement 42 agency;

43 (8) recommendations, if any, of the victim;

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1 (9) provisions for restitution; and (10) any mitigating circumstances.

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3 (b) A county or district attorney shall not enter into a diversion 4 agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint if:

(1) The complaint alleges a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567 and 5 6 amendments thereto and the defendant: (A) Has previously participated in 7 diversion upon a complaint alleging a violation of that statute or an 8 ordinance of a city in this state which prohibits the acts prohibited by that 9 statute; (B) has previously been convicted of or pleadednolo contendere to a violation of that statute or a violation of a law of another state or of a 10 political subdivision of this or any other state, which law prohibits the acts 11 prohibited by that statute; or (C) during the time of the alleged violation 12 was involved in a motor vehicle accident or collision resulting in personal 13 14 injury or death; or

15 (2) (1) The complaint alleges that the defendant committed a class A 16 or B felony or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, an off-grid crime, a severity level 1, 2 or 3 felony for nondrug crimes or drug severity 17 18 level 1 or 2 felony for drug crimes-;

19 (2) the complaint alleges a domestic violence offense, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3110, as amended by section 5 of chapter 101 of the 2010 20 21 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, and the defendant has 22 participated in two or more diversions in the previous five-year period 23 upon complaints alleging a domestic violence offense; or

24 (3) the complaint alleges a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and 25 amendments thereto, and the defendant has a prior conviction of a violation of: (A) K.S.A. 8-2,144, and amendments thereto; (B) K.S.A. 8-26 1567, and amendments thereto; (C) K.S.A. 32-1131, and amendments 27 28 thereto; (D) subsection (a)(3) of section 40 of chapter 136 of the 2010 29 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; and (E) aggravated vehicular homicide, K.S.A. 21-3405a, prior to its repeal, or vehicular 30 31 battery, K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal, if the crime was committed while committing a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto. 32

(c) As used in subsection (b)(3), "conviction" also means: (1) 33 Entering into a diversion agreement in lieu of further criminal 34 35 proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of a crime described in subsection (b)(3); (2) conviction of a violation of a law of another state, or 36 37 an ordinance of a city in this state or of another state, or a resolution of a county in this state or of another state, which would constitute a crime 38 39 described in subsection (b)(3); and (3) receiving punishment under the uniform code of military justice or Kansas code of military justice for an 40 act which was committed on a military reservation and which would 41 constitute a crime described in subsection (b)(3) if committed off a 42 43 military reservation in this state.

1 (e) (d) A county or district attorney may enter into a diversion 2 agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint for 3 violations of article 10 of chapter 32 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and 4 amendments thereto, if such diversion carries the same penalties as the 5 conviction for the corresponding violations. If the defendant has 6 previously participated in one or more diversions for violations of article 7 10 of chapter 32 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments 8 thereto, then each subsequent diversion shall carry the same penalties as 9 the conviction for the corresponding violations.

Sec. 31. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 22-2909 is hereby amended to read as 10 follows: 22-2909. (a) A diversion agreement shall provide that if the 11 defendant fulfills the obligations of the program described therein, as 12 13 determined by the attorney general or county or district attorney, such attorney shall act to have the criminal charges against the defendant 14 dismissed with prejudice. The diversion agreement shall include 15 specifically the waiver of all rights under the law or the constitution of 16 17 Kansas or of the United States to a speedy arraignment, preliminary 18 examinations and hearings, and a speedy trial, and in the case of diversion 19 under subsection (c) waiver of the rights to counsel and trial by jury. The diversion agreement may include, but is not limited to, provisions 20 21 concerning payment of restitution, including court costs and diversion 22 costs, residence in a specified facility, maintenance of gainful employment, 23 and participation in programs offering medical, educational, vocational, 24 social and psychological services, corrective and preventive guidance and 25 other rehabilitative services. If a county creates a local fund under the property crime restitution and compensation act, a county or district 26 27 attorney may require in all diversion agreements as a condition of 28 diversion the payment of a diversion fee in an amount not to exceed \$100. 29 Such fees shall be deposited into the local fund and disbursed pursuant to 30 recommendations of the local board under the property crime restitution 31 and victims compensation act.

(b) The diversion agreement shall state: (1) The defendant's full name; (2) the defendant's full name at the time the complaint was filed, if different from the defendant's current name; (3) the defendant's sex, race and date of birth; (4) the crime with which the defendant is charged; (5) the date the complaint was filed; and (6) the district court with which the agreement is filed.

(c) If a diversion agreement is entered into in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, the diversion agreement shall include a stipulation, agreed to by the defendant, the defendant's attorney if the defendant is represented by an attorney and the attorney general or county or district attorney, of the facts upon which the charge is based and a provision that if the defendant fails to fulfill the terms of the specific diversion agreement and the criminal proceedings on the complaint are resumed, the proceedings, including any proceedings on appeal, shall be conducted on the record of the stipulation of facts relating to the complaint. In addition, the agreement shall include a requirement that the defendant:

6 (1) Pay a fine specified by the agreement in an amount equal to an 7 amount authorized by K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, for a first 8 offense or, in lieu of payment of the fine, perform community service 9 specified by the agreement, in accordance with K.S.A. 8-1567, and 10 amendments thereto; and

(2) enroll in and successfully complete an alcohol and drug safetyaction program or a treatment program, or both, as provided in K.S.A. 81008, and amendments thereto, and specified by the agreement, and paythe assessment required by K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto.
participate in an alcohol and drug evaluation conducted by a licensed
provider pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto, and follow
any recommendation made by the provider after such evaluation.

18 (d) If a diversion agreement is entered into in lieu of further criminal 19 proceedings on a complaint alleging a domestic violence offense, as 20 defined in K.S.A. 21-3110, as amended by section 5 of chapter 101 of the 21 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, the diversion 22 agreement shall include a requirement that the defendant undergo a 23 domestic violence offender assessment and follow all recommendations unless otherwise agreed to with the prosecutor in the diversion agreement. 24 25 The defendant shall be required to pay for such assessment and, unless 26 otherwise agreed to with the prosecutor in the diversion agreement, for 27 completion of all recommendations.

28 (d)(e) If a diversion agreement is entered into in lieu of further 29 criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation other than K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, the diversion agreement may include a 30 31 stipulation, agreed to by the defendant, the defendant's attorney if the 32 defendant is represented by an attorney and the attorney general or county 33 or district attorney, of the facts upon which the charge is based and a 34 provision that if the defendant fails to fulfill the terms of the specific 35 diversion agreement and the criminal proceedings on the complaint are 36 resumed, the proceedings, including any proceedings on appeal, shall be 37 conducted on the record of the stipulation of facts relating to the 38 complaint.

1 (f)(g) If the attorney general or county or district attorney elects to 2 offer diversion in lieu of further criminal proceedings on the complaint and 3 the defendant agrees to all of the terms of the proposed agreement, the 4 diversion agreement shall be filed with the district court and the district 5 court shall stay further proceedings on the complaint. If the defendant 6 declines to accept diversion, the district court shall resume the criminal 7 proceedings on the complaint.

8  $\frac{(g)}{(h)}$  Except as provided in subsection (h), if a diversion agreement 9 is entered into in lieu of further criminal proceedings alleging commission of a misdemeanor by the defendant, while under 21 years of age, under 10 K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, and amendments thereto, 11 12 or K.S.A. 41-719, 41-727, 41-804, 41-2719 or 41-2720, and amendments thereto, the agreement shall require the defendant to submit to and 13 14 complete an alcohol and drug evaluation by a community-based alcohol-15 and drug safety action program certified pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and 16 amendments thereto, and to pay a fee not to exceed the fee established by 17 that statute for such evaluation. If the attorney general or county or district 18 attorney finds that the defendant is indigent, the fee may be waived-19 participate in an alcohol and drug evaluation conducted by a licensed 20 provider pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1008, and amendments thereto, and follow 21 any recommendation made by the provider after such evaluation.

32 (j)(k) At the time of filing the diversion agreement with the district 33 court, the attorney general or county or district attorney shall forward to 34 the division of vehicles of the state department of revenue a copy of any 35 diversion agreement entered into in lieu of further criminal proceedings on 36 a complaint alleging a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments 37 thereto. The copy of the agreement shall be made available upon request to 38 the attorney general or any county, district or city attorney or court.

Sec. 32. K.S.A. 22-3610 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3610. (a) When a case is appealed to the district court, such court shall hear and determine the cause on the original complaint, unless the complaint shall be found defective, in which case the court may order a new complaint to be filed and the case shall proceed as if the original 1 complaint had not been set aside. The case shall be tried *de novo* in the 2 district court.

3 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), appeal from a conviction 4 rendered pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 12-4416, *and amendments* 5 *thereto*, shall be conducted only on the record of the stipulation of facts 6 relating to the complaint.

7 (c) Notwithstanding subsection (a), if the complaint in the case appealed to the district court is one in which the number of prior 9 convictions is required to be reflected in the charging document and the 10 prosecutor can establish that the defendant has obtained additional 11 convictions since the complaint was filed in municipal court, the 12 prosecutor may be allowed to amend the complaint to reflect the proper 13 number of prior convictions.

Sec. 33. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 22-3717 is hereby amended to read as 14 follows: 22-3717. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this section; K.S.A. 15 16 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, prior to their repeal; K.S.A. 21-4624, prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 21-4642, 17 18 prior to its repeal; sections 260, 263, 264 and 265 of chapter 136 of the 19 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; K.S.A. 8-1567, 20 and amendments thereto; K.S.A. 21-4642 section 266 of chapter 136 of 21 the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; and K.S.A 21-22 4624 section 257 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 23 amendments thereto, an inmate, including an inmate sentenced pursuant to 24 K.S.A. 21-4618, prior to its repeal, or section 276 of chapter 136 of the 25 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, shall be eligible 26 for parole after serving the entire minimum sentence imposed by the court, 27 less good time credits.

28 (b) (1) Except as provided by K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, prior to their repeal, and sections 260, 263, 264 and 265 of chapter 136 of the 29 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, an inmate 30 31 sentenced to imprisonment for the crime of capital murder, or an inmate 32 sentenced for the crime of murder in the first degree based upon a finding 33 of premeditated murder, committed on or after July 1, 1994, shall be 34 eligible for parole after serving 25 years of confinement, without 35 deduction of any good time credits.

36 (2) Except as provided by subsection (b)(1) or (b)(4), K.S.A. 1993 37 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, and K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, 38 prior to their repeal, and sections 260, 263, 264 and 265 of chapter 136 of 39 the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, an inmate 40 sentenced to imprisonment for an off-grid offense committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July 1, 1999, shall be eligible for parole after 41 serving 15 years of confinement, without deduction of any good time 42 43 credits and an inmate sentenced to imprisonment for an off-grid offense

committed on or after July 1, 1999, shall be eligible for parole after
 serving 20 years of confinement without deduction of any good time
 credits.

4 (3) Except as provided by K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628 prior to its 5 repeal, an inmate sentenced for a class A felony committed before July 1, 6 1993, including an inmate sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4618, *prior to* 7 *its repeal, or section 276 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of* 8 *Kansas*, and amendments thereto, shall be eligible for parole after serving 9 15 years of confinement, without deduction of any good time credits.

10 (4) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment for a violation of 11 subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-3402, *prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of* 12 *section 38 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and 13 amendments thereto, committed on or after July 1, 1996, but prior to July 14 1, 1999, shall be eligible for parole after serving 10 years of confinement 15 without deduction of any good time credits.

(5) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 214643, prior to its repeal, or section 267 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session
Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, committed on or after July 1,
2006, shall be eligible for parole after serving the mandatory term of
imprisonment without deduction of any good time credits.

(c) (1) Except as provided in subsection (e), if an inmate is sentenced
 to imprisonment for more than one crime and the sentences run
 consecutively, the inmate shall be eligible for parole after serving the total
 of:

(A) The aggregate minimum sentences, as determined pursuant to
K.S.A. 21-4608, *prior to its repeal, or section 246 of chapter 136 of the*2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, less good time
credits for those crimes which are not class A felonies; and

(B) an additional 15 years, without deduction of good time credits,for each crime which is a class A felony.

(2) (A) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A.
21-4643, and amendments theretoprior to its repeal, for crimes committed
on or after July 1, 2006, *but prior to July 1, 2011*, the inmate shall be
eligible for parole after serving the mandatory term of imprisonment.

(B) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to section 267
of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments
thereto, for crimes committed on or after July 1, 2011, the inmate shall be
eligible for parole after serving the mandatory term of imprisonment.

(d) (1) Persons sentenced for crimes, other than off-grid crimes,
committed on or after July 1, 1993, or persons subject to subparagraph
(G), will not be eligible for parole, but will be released to a mandatory
period of postrelease supervision upon completion of the prison portion of
their sentence as follows:

1 (A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons 2 sentenced for nondrug severity level 1 through 4 crimes and drug severity 3 levels 1 and 2 crimes must serve 36 months, plus the amount of good time 4 and program credit earned and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, *prior* 5 *to its repeal, or section 302 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of* 6 *Kansas*, and amendments thereto, on postrelease supervision.

7 (B) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons 8 sentenced for nondrug severity levels 5 and 6 crimes and drug severity 9 level 3 crimes must serve 24 months, plus the amount of good time and 10 program credit earned and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, *prior to* 11 *its repeal, or section 302 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of* 12 *Kansas*, and amendments thereto, on postrelease supervision.

13 (C) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and, (E) and (H), 14 persons sentenced for nondrug severity level 7 through 10 crimes and drug 15 severity level 4 crimes must serve 12 months, plus the amount of good 16 time and program credit earned and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, 17 prior to its repeal, or section 302 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws 18 of Kansas, and amendments thereto, on postrelease supervision.

19 (D) (i) The sentencing judge shall impose the postrelease supervision 20 period provided in subparagraph (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C), unless 21 the judge finds substantial and compelling reasons to impose a departure 22 based upon a finding that the current crime of conviction was sexually 23 motivated. In that event, departure may be imposed to extend the 24 postrelease supervision to a period of up to 60 months.

(ii) If the sentencing judge departs from the presumptive postrelease
supervision period, the judge shall state on the record at the time of
sentencing the substantial and compelling reasons for the departure.
Departures in this section are subject to appeal pursuant to K.S.A. 214721, *prior to its repeal, or section 301 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto.

(iii) In determining whether substantial and compelling reasons exist,the court shall consider:

(a) Written briefs or oral arguments submitted by either the defendantor the state;

35

(b) any evidence received during the proceeding;

(c) the presentence report, the victim's impact statement and any
psychological evaluation as ordered by the court pursuant to subsection (e)
of K.S.A. 21-4714, *prior to its repeal, or subsection (e) of section 294 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto;
and

41

(d) any other evidence the court finds trustworthy and reliable.

42 (iv) The sentencing judge may order that a psychological evaluation 43 be prepared and the recommended programming be completed by the offender. The department of corrections or the parole board shall ensure
 that court ordered sex offender treatment be carried out.

3 (v) In carrying out the provisions of subparagraph (d)(1)(D), the court 4 shall refer to K.S.A. 21-4718, *prior to its repeal, or section 298 of chapter* 5 *136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto.

6 (vi) Upon petition, the parole board may provide for early discharge 7 from the postrelease supervision period upon completion of court ordered 8 programs and completion of the presumptive postrelease supervision 9 period, as determined by the crime of conviction, pursuant to subparagraph 10 (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C). Early discharge from postrelease 11 supervision is at the discretion of the parole board.

(vii) Persons convicted of crimes deemed sexually violent or sexually
motivated, shall be registered according to the offender registration act,
K.S.A. 22-4901 through 22-4910, and amendments thereto.

(viii) Persons convicted of K.S.A. 21-3510 or 21-3511, *prior to their repeal, or section 72 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*,
and amendments thereto, shall be required to participate in a treatment
program for sex offenders during the postrelease supervision period.

(E) The period of postrelease supervision provided in subparagraphs (A) and (B) may be reduced by up to 12 months and the period of postrelease supervision provided in subparagraph (C) may be reduced by up to six months based on the offender's compliance with conditions of supervision and overall performance while on postrelease supervision. The reduction in the supervision period shall be on an earned basis pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of corrections.

(F) In cases where sentences for crimes from more than one severity
level have been imposed, the offender shall serve the longest period of
postrelease supervision as provided by this section available for any crime
upon which sentence was imposed irrespective of the severity level of the
crime. Supervision periods will not aggregate.

(G) Except as provided in subsection (u), persons convicted of a
 sexually violent crime committed on or after July 1, 2006, and who are
 released from prison, shall be released to a mandatory period of
 postrelease supervision for the duration of the person's natural life.

35 (H) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, persons convicted of 36 a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567, and amendments thereto, 37 committed on or after July 1, 2011, shall serve 24 months, plus the amount 38 of good time and program credit earned and retained pursuant to section 39 302 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments 40 thereto, on postrelease supervision. Such persons released by the parole 41 board pursuant to subsection (w) shall serve 24 months, plus the 42 remainder of their sentence, plus the amount of good time and program 43 credit earned and retained pursuant to section 302 of chapter 136 of the

1 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, on postrelease 2 supervision.

3

(2) As used in this section, "sexually violent crime" means:

4 (A) Rape, K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or section 67 of 5 chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; 6 (B) indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3503, prior to its

6 (B) indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3503, prior to its 7 repeal, or subsection (a) of section 70 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session 8 Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto;

9 (C) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3504, *prior* 10 *to its repeal, or subsection (b) of section 70 of chapter 136 of the 2010* 11 *Session Laws of Kansas,* and amendments thereto;

(D) criminal sodomy, subsection (a)(2) and (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505,
prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) and (a)(4) of section 68 of chapter
136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto;

15 (E) aggravated criminal sodomy, K.S.A. 21-3506, *prior to its repeal*, 16 *or subsection (b) of section 68 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of* 17 *Kansas*, and amendments thereto;

(F) indecent solicitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3510, prior to its
repeal, or subsection (a) of section 72 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session
Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto;

(G) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3511, prior
to its repeal, or subsection (b) of section 72 of chapter 136 of the 2010
Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto;

(H) sexual exploitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3516, *prior to its repeal*, *or section 74 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and
amendments thereto;

(I) aggravated sexual battery, K.S.A. 21-3518, prior to its repeal, or
subsection (b) of section 69 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of
Kansas, and amendments thereto;

30 (J) aggravated incest, K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its repeal, or 31 subsection (b) of section 81 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 32 Kansas, and amendments thereto; or

(K) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in
K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, *prior to their repeal, or sections 33, 34 or 35 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas,* and
amendments thereto, of a sexually violent crime as defined in this section.

"Sexually motivated" means that one of the purposes for which thedefendant committed the crime was for the purpose of the defendant'ssexual gratification.

40 (e) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment for a crime committed
41 while on parole or conditional release, the inmate shall be eligible for
42 parole as provided by subsection (c), except that the Kansas parole board
43 may postpone the inmate's parole eligibility date by assessing a penalty not

exceeding the period of time which could have been assessed if the
 inmate's parole or conditional release had been violated for reasons other
 than conviction of a crime.

4 (f) If a person is sentenced to prison for a crime committed on or after 5 July 1, 1993, while on probation, parole, conditional release or in a 6 community corrections program, for a crime committed prior to July 1, 7 1993, and the person is not eligible for retroactive application of the 8 sentencing guidelines and amendments thereto pursuant to K.S.A. 21-9 4724, prior to its repeal, and amendments thereto, the new sentence shall 10 not be aggregated with the old sentence, but shall begin when the person is paroled or reaches the conditional release date on the old sentence. If the 11 12 offender was past the offender's conditional release date at the time the 13 new offense was committed, the new sentence shall not be aggregated with 14 the old sentence but shall begin when the person is ordered released by the 15 Kansas parole board or reaches the maximum sentence expiration date on 16 the old sentence, whichever is earlier. The new sentence shall then be 17 served as otherwise provided by law. The period of postrelease supervision 18 shall be based on the new sentence, except that those offenders whose old 19 sentence is a term of imprisonment for life, imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 20 1993 Supp. 21-4628, prior to its repeal, or an indeterminate sentence with 21 a maximum term of life imprisonment, for which there is no conditional 22 release or maximum sentence expiration date, shall remain on postrelease 23 supervision for life or until discharged from supervision by the Kansas 24 parole board.

25 (g) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Kansas parole board 26 may release on parole those persons confined in institutions who are 27 eligible for parole when: (1) The board believes that the inmate should be 28 released for hospitalization, for deportation or to answer the warrant or 29 other process of a court and is of the opinion that there is reasonable 30 probability that the inmate can be released without detriment to the 31 community or to the inmate; or (2) the secretary of corrections has 32 reported to the board in writing that the inmate has satisfactorily 33 completed the programs required by any agreement entered under K.S.A. 34 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, or any revision of such agreement, and 35 the board believes that the inmate is able and willing to fulfill the 36 obligations of a law abiding citizen and is of the opinion that there is 37 reasonable probability that the inmate can be released without detriment to 38 the community or to the inmate. Parole shall not be granted as an award of 39 clemency and shall not be considered a reduction of sentence or a pardon.

(h) The Kansas parole board shall hold a parole hearing at least the
month prior to the month an inmate will be eligible for parole under
subsections (a), (b) and (c). At least the month preceding the parole
hearing, the county or district attorney of the county where the inmate was

1 convicted shall give written notice of the time and place of the public 2 comment sessions for the inmate to any victim of the inmate's crime who 3 is alive and whose address is known to the county or district attorney or, if 4 the victim is deceased, to the victim's family if the family's address is 5 known to the county or district attorney. Except as otherwise provided, 6 failure to notify pursuant to this section shall not be a reason to postpone a 7 parole hearing. In the case of any inmate convicted of an off-grid felony or 8 a class A felony the secretary of corrections shall give written notice of the 9 time and place of the public comment session for such inmate at least one 10 month preceding the public comment session to any victim of such inmate's crime or the victim's family pursuant to K.S.A. 74-7338, and 11 12 amendments thereto. If notification is not given to such victim or such 13 victim's family in the case of any inmate convicted of an off-grid felony or 14 a class A felony, the board shall postpone a decision on parole of the 15 inmate to a time at least 30 days after notification is given as provided in 16 this section. Nothing in this section shall create a cause of action against 17 the state or an employee of the state acting within the scope of the 18 employee's employment as a result of the failure to notify pursuant to this 19 section. If granted parole, the inmate may be released on parole on the date 20 specified by the board, but not earlier than the date the inmate is eligible 21 for parole under subsections (a), (b) and (c). At each parole hearing and, if 22 parole is not granted, at such intervals thereafter as it determines 23 appropriate, the Kansas parole board shall consider: (1) Whether the 24 inmate has satisfactorily completed the programs required by any 25 agreement entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, or any revision of such agreement; and (2) all pertinent information regarding 26 27 such inmate, including, but not limited to, the circumstances of the offense 28 of the inmate; the presentence report; the previous social history and 29 criminal record of the inmate; the conduct, employment, and attitude of the 30 inmate in prison; the reports of such physical and mental examinations as 31 have been made, including, but not limited to, risk factors revealed by any 32 risk assessment of the inmate; comments of the victim and the victim's 33 family including in person comments, contemporaneous comments and 34 prerecorded comments made by any technological means; comments of 35 the public; official comments; any recommendation by the staff of the 36 facility where the inmate is incarcerated; proportionality of the time the 37 inmate has served to the sentence a person would receive under the Kansas 38 sentencing guidelines for the conduct that resulted in the inmate's 39 incarceration; and capacity of state correctional institutions.

40 (i) In those cases involving inmates sentenced for a crime committed
41 after July 1, 1993, the parole board will review the inmates proposed
42 release plan. The board may schedule a hearing if they desire. The board
43 may impose any condition they deem necessary to insure public safety, aid

in the reintegration of the inmate into the community, or items not
 completed under the agreement entered into under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and
 amendments thereto. The board may not advance or delay an inmate's
 release date. Every inmate while on postrelease supervision shall remain in
 the legal custody of the secretary of corrections and is subject to the orders
 of the secretary.

7 (i) (1) Before ordering the parole of any inmate, the Kansas parole 8 board shall have the inmate appear either in person or via a video 9 conferencing format and shall interview the inmate unless impractical 10 because of the inmate's physical or mental condition or absence from the institution. Every inmate while on parole shall remain in the legal custody 11 12 of the secretary of corrections and is subject to the orders of the secretary. 13 Whenever the Kansas parole board formally considers placing an inmate 14 on parole and no agreement has been entered into with the inmate under 15 K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, the board shall notify the 16 inmate in writing of the reasons for not granting parole. If an agreement 17 has been entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, and the 18 inmate has not satisfactorily completed the programs specified in the agreement, or any revision of such agreement, the board shall notify the 19 20 inmate in writing of the specific programs the inmate must satisfactorily 21 complete before parole will be granted. If parole is not granted only 22 because of a failure to satisfactorily complete such programs, the board 23 shall grant parole upon the secretary's certification that the inmate has 24 successfully completed such programs. If an agreement has been entered 25 under K.S.A. 75-5210a, and amendments thereto, and the secretary of 26 corrections has reported to the board in writing that the inmate has 27 satisfactorily completed the programs required by such agreement, or any 28 revision thereof, the board shall not require further program participation. 29 However, if the board determines that other pertinent information 30 regarding the inmate warrants the inmate's not being released on parole, 31 the board shall state in writing the reasons for not granting the parole. If 32 parole is denied for an inmate sentenced for a crime other than a class A or 33 class B felony or an off-grid felony, the board shall hold another parole 34 hearing for the inmate not later than one year after the denial unless the 35 parole board finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be 36 granted at a hearing if held in the next three years or during the interim 37 period of a deferral. In such case, the parole board may defer subsequent 38 parole hearings for up to three years but any such deferral by the board 39 shall require the board to state the basis for its findings. If parole is denied 40 for an inmate sentenced for a class A or class B felony or an off-grid 41 felony, the board shall hold another parole hearing for the inmate not later 42 than three years after the denial unless the parole board finds that it is not 43 reasonable to expect that parole would be granted at a hearing if held in

the next 10 years or during the interim period of a deferral. In such case,
 the parole board may defer subsequent parole hearings for up to 10 years
 but any such deferral shall require the board to state the basis for its
 findings.

5 (2) Inmates sentenced for a class A or class B felony who have not 6 had a parole board hearing in the five years prior to July 1, 2010, shall 7 have such inmates' cases reviewed by the parole board on or before July 1, 8 2012. Such review shall begin with the inmates with the oldest deferral 9 date and progress to the most recent. Such review shall be done utilizing existing resources unless the parole board determines that such resources 10 are insufficient. If the parole board determines that such resources are 11 insufficient, then the provisions of this paragraph are subject to 12 13 appropriations therefor.

(k) Parolees and persons on postrelease supervision shall be assigned,
upon release, to the appropriate level of supervision pursuant to the criteria
established by the secretary of corrections.

17 (1) The Kansas parole board shall adopt rules and regulations in 18 accordance with K.S.A. 77-415 et seq., and amendments thereto, not 19 inconsistent with the law and as it may deem proper or necessary, with respect to the conduct of parole hearings, postrelease supervision reviews, 20 21 revocation hearings, orders of restitution, reimbursement of expenditures 22 by the state board of indigents' defense services and other conditions to be 23 imposed upon parolees or releasees. Whenever an order for parole or 24 postrelease supervision is issued it shall recite the conditions thereof.

(m) Whenever the Kansas parole board orders the parole of an inmate
 or establishes conditions for an inmate placed on postrelease supervision,
 the board:

28 (1) Unless it finds compelling circumstances which would render a 29 plan of payment unworkable, shall order as a condition of parole or postrelease supervision that the parolee or the person on postrelease 30 31 supervision pay any transportation expenses resulting from returning the 32 parolee or the person on postrelease supervision to this state to answer 33 criminal charges or a warrant for a violation of a condition of probation, 34 assignment to a community correctional services program, parole, 35 conditional release or postrelease supervision;

(2) to the extent practicable, shall order as a condition of parole or
postrelease supervision that the parolee or the person on postrelease
supervision make progress towards or successfully complete the
equivalent of a secondary education if the inmate has not previously
completed such educational equivalent and is capable of doing so;

41 (3) may order that the parolee or person on postrelease supervision
42 perform community or public service work for local governmental
43 agencies, private corporations organized not-for-profit or charitable or

1 social service organizations performing services for the community;

2 (4) may order the parolee or person on postrelease supervision to pay 3 the administrative fee imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4529, and 4 amendments thereto, unless the board finds compelling circumstances 5 which would render payment unworkable; and

6 (5) unless it finds compelling circumstances which would render a 7 plan of payment unworkable, shall order that the parolee or person on 8 postrelease supervision reimburse the state for all or part of the 9 expenditures by the state board of indigents' defense services to provide 10 counsel and other defense services to the person. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the parole board shall take 11 account of the financial resources of the person and the nature of the 12 13 burden that the payment of such sum will impose. Such amount shall not exceed the amount claimed by appointed counsel on the payment voucher 14 for indigents' defense services or the amount prescribed by the board of 15 16 indigents' defense services reimbursement tables as provided in K.S.A. 22-17 4522, and amendments thereto, whichever is less, minus any previous 18 payments for such services.

(n) If the court which sentenced an inmate specified at the time of
sentencing the amount and the recipient of any restitution ordered as a
condition of parole or postrelease supervision, the Kansas parole board
shall order as a condition of parole or postrelease supervision that the
inmate pay restitution in the amount and manner provided in the journal
entry unless the board finds compelling circumstances which would render
a plan of restitution unworkable.

(o) Whenever the Kansas parole board grants the parole of an inmate,
the board, within 10 14 days of the date of the decision to grant parole,
shall give written notice of the decision to the county or district attorney of
the county where the inmate was sentenced.

(p) When an inmate is to be released on postrelease supervision, the
 secretary, within 30 days prior to release, shall provide the county or
 district attorney of the county where the inmate was sentenced written
 notice of the release date.

(q) Inmates shall be released on postrelease supervision upon the
 termination of the prison portion of their sentence. Time served while on
 postrelease supervision will vest.

(r) An inmate who is allocated regular good time credits as provided
in K.S.A. 22-3725, and amendments thereto, may receive meritorious
good time credits in increments of not more than 90 days per meritorious
act. These credits may be awarded by the secretary of corrections when an
inmate has acted in a heroic or outstanding manner in coming to the
assistance of another person in a life threatening situation, preventing
injury or death to a person, preventing the destruction of property or taking

1 actions which result in a financial savings to the state.

2 (s) The provisions of subsections (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B), (d)(1)(C) and
3 (d)(1)(E) shall be applied retroactively as provided in subsection (t).

4 (t) For offenders sentenced prior to the effective date of this act who 5 are eligible for modification of their postrelease supervision obligation, the 6 department of corrections shall modify the period of postrelease 7 supervision as provided for by this section for offenders convicted of 8 severity level 9 and 10 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for 9 nondrug crimes and severity level 4 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes on or before September 1, 2000; for offenders 10 convicted of severity level 7 and 8 crimes on the sentencing guidelines 11 grid for nondrug crimes on or before November 1, 2000; and for offenders 12 13 convicted of severity level 5 and 6 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and severity level 3 crimes on the sentencing 14 15 guidelines grid for drug crimes on or before January 1, 2001.

16 (u) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4643, prior to its repeal, or section 267 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session 17 18 Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, for crimes committed on or 19 after July 1, 2006, shall be placed on parole for life and shall not be 20 discharged from supervision by the Kansas parole board. When the board 21 orders the parole of an inmate pursuant to this subsection, the board shall 22 order as a condition of parole that the inmate be electronically monitored 23 for the duration of the inmate's natural life.

(v) Whenever the Kansas parole board or the court orders a person to be electronically monitored, the board or court shall order the person to reimburse the state for all or part of the cost of such monitoring. In determining the amount and method of payment of such sum, the board or court shall take account of the financial resources of the person and the nature of the burden that the payment of such sum will impose.

30 (w) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Kansas 31 parole board may release an inmate who has entered into an agreement 32 pursuant to section 3, and amendments thereto, when the secretary of 33 corrections has reported to the board in writing that the inmate has 34 satisfactorily completed the programs required by any agreement entered 35 under section 3, and amendments thereto, or any revision of such 36 agreement, and the board believes that the inmate is able and willing to 37 fulfill the obligations of a law abiding citizen and is of the opinion that 38 there is reasonable probability that the inmate can be released without 39 detriment to the community or to the inmate. Release shall not be granted 40 as an award of clemency and shall not be considered a reduction of 41 sentence or a pardon.

42 (2) The board shall hold a hearing to determine whether such release
43 will be granted. If the board determines that other pertinent information

regarding the inmate warrants the inmate not being released, the board
 shall state in writing the reasons for not granting the release. If the board
 determines that release is appropriate, the inmate shall be released to a
 mandatory period of postrelease supervision pursuant to subsection (d)(1)

5 *(H)*.

6 Sec. 34. K.S.A. 22-4704 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-7 4704. (a) In accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 77-415 *et seq.*, and 8 amendments thereto, the director shall adopt appropriate rules and 9 regulations for agencies in the executive branch of government and for 10 criminal justice agencies other than those that are part of the judicial 11 branch of government to implement the provisions of this act.

(b) The director shall develop procedures to permit and encourage the
 transfer of criminal history record information among and between courts
 and affected agencies in the executive branch, and especially between
 courts and the central repository.

16 (c) The rules and regulations adopted by the director shall include 17 those: (1) Governing the collection, reporting, and dissemination of 18 criminal history record information by criminal justice agencies;

(2) necessary to insure the security of all criminal history record
 information reported, collected and disseminated by and through the
 criminal justice information system;

(3) necessary for the coordination of all criminal justice data and
 information processing activities as they relate to criminal history record
 information;

25 (4) governing the dissemination of criminal history record 26 information;

(5) governing the procedures for inspection and challenging ofcriminal history record information;

(6) governing the auditing of criminal justice agencies to insure that
criminal history record information is accurate and complete and that it is
collected, reported, and disseminated in accordance with this act;

(7) governing the development and content of agreements between
 the central repository and criminal justice and noncriminal justice
 agencies;

35 (8) governing the exercise of the rights of inspection and challenge36 provided in this act.

(d) The rules and regulations adopted by the director shall not include
any provision that allows the charging of a fee for information requests for
the purpose of participating in a block parent program, including but not
limited to, the McGruff house program.

41 (e) Rules and regulations adopted by the director may not be 42 inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

43 (f) (1) On or before July 1, 2012, the director shall adopt rules and

to the central repository.

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regulations requiring district courts to report the filing of all cases

alleging a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567, and amendments thereto,

regulations requiring district courts to electronically report all case filings

(2) On or before July 1, 2013, the director shall adopt rules and

6 for violations of K.S.A. 8-2,144 and 8-1567, and amendments thereto, to 7 the central repository. 8 Sec. 35. K.S.A. 22-4705 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-9 4705. (a) The following events are reportable events under this act: 10 (1) Issuance of an arrest warrant; (2) an arrest; 11 12 (3) release of a person after arrest without the filing of a charge; 13 (4) the filing of a charge; (4) (5) dismissal or quashing of an indictment or criminal 14 15 information: 16 an acquittal, conviction or other disposition at or following (5) (6) 17 trial, including a finding of probation before judgment; imposition of a sentence; 18 <del>(6)</del> (7) 19 (7) (8) commitment to a correctional facility, whether state or locally 20 operated; 21 (8) (9) release from detention or confinement: 22 <del>(9)</del> (10) an escape from confinement; 23 (10) (11) a pardon, reprieve, commutation of sentence or other change 24 in a sentence, including a change ordered by a court; 25 (11) (12) judgment of an appellate court that modifies or reverses the lower court decision: 26 27 (12) (13) order of a court in a collateral proceeding that affects a person's conviction, sentence or confinement, including any expungement 28 29 or annulment of arrests or convictions pursuant to state statute; and (13) (14) any other event arising out of or occurring during the course 30 31 of criminal justice proceedings declared to be reportable by rule or 32 regulation of the director. 33 (b) There is hereby established a criminal justice information system central repository for the collection, storage, and dissemination of criminal 34 35 history record information. The central repository shall be operated by the 36 Kansas bureau of investigation under the administrative control of the 37 director. 38 (c) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, every criminal 39 justice agency shall report criminal history record information, whether collected manually or by means of an automated system, to the central 40 repository, in accordance with rules and regulations adopted pursuant to 41 this act. A criminal justice agency shall report to the central repository 42

43 those reportable events involving a violation of a county resolution or city

1 ordinance only when required by rules and regulations adopted by the 2 director.

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(d) Reporting methods may include:

4 (1) Submittal of criminal history record information by a criminal 5 justice agency directly to the central repository;

6 (2) if the information can readily be collected and reported through 7 the court system, submittal to the central repository by the administrative 8 office of the courts; or

9 (3) if the information can readily be collected and reported through 10 criminal justice agencies that are part of a geographically based 11 information system, submittal to the central repository by the agencies.

(e) Nothing in this section shall prevent a criminal justice agency
from maintaining more detailed information than is required to be reported
to the central repository. However, the dissemination of that criminal
history record information is governed by the provisions of this act.

(f) The director may determine, by rule and regulation, the reportable
events to be reported by each criminal justice agency, in order to avoid
duplication in reporting.

19 Sec. 36. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 28-176 is hereby amended to read as follows: 28-176. (a) The court shall order any person convicted or 20 21 diverted, or adjudicated or diverted under a preadjudication program 22 pursuant to K.S.A. 22-2906 et seq., K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 38-2346 et seq., or 23 12-4414, and amendments thereto, of a misdemeanor or felony contained 24 in chapters 21, 41 or 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and 25 amendments thereto, or a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567, and amendments thereto, or a violation of a municipal ordinance or county 26 27 resolution prohibiting the acts prohibited by such statutes, unless the 28 municipality or county has an agreement with the laboratory providing 29 services that sets a restitution amount to be paid by the person that is directly related to the cost of laboratory services, to pay a separate court 30 31 cost of \$400 for every individual offense if forensic science or laboratory 32 services or forensic computer examination services are provided, in 33 connection with the investigation, by:

- 34
- (1) The Kansas bureau of investigation;
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(2) the Sedgwick county regional forensic science center;(3) the Johnson county sheriff's laboratory;

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(5) the Wichita-Sedgwick county computer forensics crimes unit.

(4) the heart of America regional computer forensics laboratory; or

39 (b) Such fees shall be in addition to and not in substitution for any40 and all fines and penalties otherwise provided for by law for such offense.

41 (c) The court shall not lessen or waive such fees unless the court has
42 determined such person is indigent and the basis for the court's
43 determination is reflected in the court's order.

1 (d) Such fees shall be deposited into the designated fund of the 2 laboratory or forensic science or computer center that provided such 3 services. Fees for services provided by:

4 (1) The Kansas bureau of investigation shall be deposited in the 5 Kansas bureau of investigation forensic laboratory and materials fee fund;

6 (2) the Sedgwick county regional forensic science center shall be 7 deposited in the Sedgwick county general fund;

8 (3) the Johnson county sheriff's laboratory shall be deposited in the 9 Johnson county sheriff's laboratory analysis fee fund;

(4) the heart of America regional computer forensics laboratory shall
be deposited in the general treasury account maintained by such
laboratory; and

(5) the Wichita-Sedgwick county computer forensic crimes unit shall
be retained by the Sedgwick county sheriff. All funds retained by the
sheriff pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be credited to a
special fund of the sheriff's office.

17 (e) Disbursements from the funds and accounts described in 18 subsection (d) shall be made for the following:

19

Forensic science or laboratory services;
 forensic computer examination services;

20 21 22

(3) purchase and maintenance of laboratory equipment and supplies;

(4) education, training and scientific development of personnel; and

(5) from the Kansas bureau of investigation forensic laboratory and
 materials fee fund, the destruction of seized property and chemicals as
 described in K.S.A. 22-2512 and 60-4117, and amendments thereto.

26 Sec. 37. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 60-427 is hereby amended to read as 27 follows: 60-427. (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Patient" means a person who, for the sole purpose of securing
 preventive, palliative, or curative treatment, or a diagnosis preliminary to
 such treatment, of such person's physical or mental condition, consults a
 physician, or submits to an examination by a physician.

(2) "Physician" means a person licensed or reasonably believed by
the patient to be licensed to practice medicine or one of the healing arts as
defined in K.S.A. 65-2802 and amendments thereto in the state or
jurisdiction in which the consultation or examination takes place.

36 (3) "Holder of the privilege" means the patient while alive and not
37 under guardianship or conservatorship or the guardian or conservator of
38 the patient, or the personal representative of a deceased patient.

(4) "Confidential communication between physician and patient"
means such information transmitted between physician and patient,
including information obtained by an examination of the patient, as is
transmitted in confidence and by a means which, so far as the patient is
aware, discloses the information to no third persons other than those

1 reasonably necessary for the transmission of the information or the 2 accomplishment of the purpose for which it is transmitted.

3 (b) Except as provided by subsections (c), (d), (e) and (f), a person, 4 whether or not a party, has a privilege in a civil action or in a prosecution for a misdemeanor, other than a prosecution for a violation of K.S.A. 8-5 6 2,144 or 8-1567, and amendments thereto or an ordinance, or a city 7 ordinance or county resolution which prohibits the acts prohibited by that 8 statute those statutes, to refuse to disclose, and to prevent a witness from 9 disclosing, a communication, if the person claims the privilege and the 10 judge finds that: (1) The communication was a confidential communication between patient and physician; (2) the patient or the 11 12 physician reasonably believed the communication necessary or helpful to 13 enable the physician to make a diagnosis of the condition of the patient or 14 to prescribe or render treatment therefor; (3) the witness (i) is the holder of the privilege, (ii) at the time of the communication was the physician or a 15 16 person to whom disclosure was made because reasonably necessary for the 17 transmission of the communication or for the accomplishment of the 18 purpose for which it was transmitted or (iii) is any other person who 19 obtained knowledge or possession of the communication as the result of an intentional breach of the physician's duty of nondisclosure by the 20 21 physician or the physician's agent or servant; and (4) the claimant is the 22 holder of the privilege or a person authorized to claim the privilege for the 23 holder of the privilege.

24 (c) There is no privilege under this section as to any relevant 25 communication between the patient and the patient's physician: (1) Upon an issue of the patient's condition in an action to commit the patient or 26 27 otherwise place the patient under the control of another or others because 28 of alleged incapacity or mental illness, in an action in which the patient 29 seeks to establish the patient's competence or in an action to recover 30 damages on account of conduct of the patient which constitutes a criminal 31 offense other than a misdemeanor; (2) upon an issue as to the validity of a document as a will of the patient; or (3) upon an issue between parties 32 33 claiming by testate or intestate succession from a deceased patient.

(d) There is no privilege under this section in an action in which the
condition of the patient is an element or factor of the claim or defense of
the patient or of any party claiming through or under the patient or
claiming as a beneficiary of the patient through a contract to which the
patient is or was a party.

(e) There is no privilege under this section: (1) As to blood drawn at
the request of a law enforcement officer pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1001, and
amendments thereto; and (2) as to information which the physician or the
patient is required to report to a public official or as to information
required to be recorded in a public office, unless the statute requiring the

report or record specifically provides that the information shall not be
 disclosed.

3 (f) No person has a privilege under this section if the judge finds that 4 sufficient evidence, aside from the communication has been introduced to 5 warrant a finding that the services of the physician were sought or 6 obtained to enable or aid anyone to commit or to plan to commit a crime or 7 a tort, or to escape detection or apprehension after the commission of a 8 crime or a tort.

9 (g) A privilege under this section as to a communication is terminated 10 if the judge finds that any person while a holder of the privilege has caused 11 the physician or any agent or servant of the physician to testify in any 12 action to any matter of which the physician or the physician's agent or 13 servant gained knowledge through the communication.

(h) Providing false information to a physician for the purpose of
obtaining a prescription-only drug shall not be a confidential
communication between physician and patient and no person shall have a
privilege in any prosecution for unlawfully obtaining or distributing a
prescription-only drug under K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a08, and
amendments thereto.

Sec. 38. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-2012 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-2012. (a) (1) All motor vehicle records shall be subject to the provisions of the open records act, except as otherwise provided under the provisions of this section and by K.S.A. 74-2022, and amendments thereto.

(2) For the purpose of this section, "motor vehicle records" means
any record that pertains to a motor vehicle drivers license, motor vehicle
certificate of title, motor vehicle registration or identification card issued
by the division of vehicles.

28 (b) All motor vehicle records which relate to the physical or mental 29 condition of any person, have been expunged or are photographs or digital images maintained in connection with the issuance of drivers' licenses 30 31 shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed except in accordance with a proper judicial order or as otherwise more specifically provided in this 32 33 section or by other law. Photographs or digital images maintained by the 34 division of vehicles in connection with the issuance of drivers' licenses 35 may be disclosed to any federal, state or local agency, including any court 36 or law enforcement agency, to assist such agency in carrying out the 37 functions required of such governmental agency. In January of each year 38 the division shall report to the house committee on veterans, military and 39 homeland security regarding the utilization of the provisions of this 40 subsection. Motor vehicle records relating to diversion agreements for the purposes of K.S.A. 8-1567, 12-4415 and 22-2908, and amendments 41 thereto, shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed except in 42 43 accordance with a proper judicial order or by direct computer access to:

1 (1) A city, county or district attorney, for the purpose of determining a 2 person's eligibility for diversion or to determine the proper charge for a 3 violation of K.S.A. *8-2,144 or* 8-1567, and amendments thereto, or any 4 ordinance of a city or resolution of a county in this state which prohibits 5 any acts prohibited by K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto *those* 6 *statutes*;

7 (2) a municipal or district court, for the purpose of using the record in 8 connection with any matter before the court;

9 (3) a law enforcement agency, for the purpose of supplying the record 10 to a person authorized to obtain it under paragraph (1) or (2) of this 11 subsection; or

(4) an employer when a person is required to retain a commercialdriver's license due to the nature of such person's employment.

14 (c) Lists of persons' names and addresses contained in or derived 15 from motor vehicle records shall not be sold, given or received for the 16 purposes prohibited by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 45-230, and amendments 17 thereto, except that:

(1) The director of vehicles may provide to a requesting party, and a
 requesting party may receive, such a list and accompanying information
 from motor vehicle records upon written certification that the requesting
 party shall use the list solely for the purpose of:

(A) Assisting manufacturers of motor vehicles in compiling statistical
 reports or in notifying owners of vehicles believed to:

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(i) Have safety-related defects,

(ii) fail to comply with emission standards; or

26 (iii) have any defect to be remedied at the expense of the 27 manufacturer;

(B) assisting an insurer authorized to do business in this state, or theinsurer's authorized agent:

(i) In processing an application for, or renewal or cancellation of, a
 motor vehicle liability insurance policy; or

(ii) in conducting antifraud activities by identifying potential
undisclosed drivers of a motor vehicle currently insured by an insurer
licensed to do business in this state by providing only the following
information: drivers license number, license type, date of birth, name,
address, issue date and expiration date;

(C) assisting the selective service system in the maintenance of a list
of persons 18 to 26 years of age in this state as required under the
provisions of section 3 of the federal military selective service act;

40 (D) assisting any federal, state or local agency, including any court or
41 law enforcement agency, or any private person acting on behalf of such
42 agencies in carrying out the functions required of such governmental
43 agency, except that such records shall not be redisclosed;

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1 (E) assisting businesses with the verification or reporting of 2 information derived from the title and registration records of the division 3 to prepare and assemble vehicle history reports, except that such vehicle 4 history reports shall not include the names or addresses of any current or 5 previous owners;

6 (F) assisting businesses in producing motor vehicle title or motor 7 vehicle registration, or both, statistical reports, so long as personal 8 information is not published, redisclosed or used to contact individuals; or

9 (G) assisting an employer or an employer's authorized agent in 10 monitoring the driving record of the employees required to drive in the 11 course of employment to ensure driver behavior, performance or safety.

12 (2) Any law enforcement agency of this state which has access to 13 motor vehicle records may furnish to a requesting party, and a requesting party may receive, such a list and accompanying information from such 14 15 records upon written certification that the requesting party shall use the list 16 solely for the purpose of assisting an insurer authorized to do business in 17 this state, or the insurer's authorized agent, in processing an application 18 for, or renewal or cancellation of, a motor vehicle liability insurance 19 policy.

20 (d) If a law enforcement agency of this state furnishes information to 21 a requesting party pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (c), the law 22 enforcement agency shall charge the fee prescribed by the secretary of 23 revenue pursuant to K.S.A. 74-2022, and amendments thereto, for any 24 copies furnished and may charge an additional fee to be retained by the 25 law enforcement agency to cover its cost of providing such copies. The fee prescribed pursuant to K.S.A. 74-2022, and amendments thereto, shall be 26 27 paid monthly to the secretary of revenue and upon receipt thereof shall be 28 deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the electronic databases fee 29 fund, except for the \$1 of the fee for each record required to be credited to the highway patrol training center fund under subsection (f). 30

(e) The secretary of revenue, the secretary's agents or employees, the
director of vehicles or the director's agents or employees shall not be liable
for damages caused by any negligent or wrongful act or omission of a law
enforcement agency in furnishing any information obtained from motor
vehicle records.

36 (f) A fee in an amount fixed by the secretary of revenue pursuant to 37 K.S.A. 74-2022, and amendments thereto, of not less than \$2 for each full 38 or partial motor vehicle record shall be charged by the division, except that 39 the director may charge a lesser fee pursuant to a contract between the 40 secretary of revenue and any person to whom the director is authorized to 41 furnish information under paragraph (1) of subsection (c), and such fee shall not be less than the cost of production or reproduction of any full or 42 43 partial motor vehicle record requested. Except for the fees charged

1 pursuant to a contract for motor vehicle records authorized by this 2 subsection pertaining to motor vehicle titles or motor vehicle registrations 3 or pursuant to subsection (c)(1)(B)(ii) or (c)(1)(D), \$1 shall be credited to 4 the highway patrol training center fund for each motor vehicle record 5 provided by the division of vehicles.

6 (g) The secretary of revenue may adopt such rules and regulations as 7 are necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

8 Sec. 39. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-7301 is hereby amended to read as 9 follows: 74-7301. As used in this act:

(a) "Allowance expense" means reasonable charges incurred for 10 reasonably needed products, services and accommodations, including 11 those for medical care, rehabilitation, rehabilitative occupational training 12 13 and other remedial treatment and care and for the replacement of items of 14 clothing or bedding which were seized for evidence. Such term includes a total charge not in excess of \$5,000 for expenses in any way related to 15 16 funeral, cremation or burial; but such term shall not include that portion of 17 a charge for a room in a hospital, clinic, convalescent or nursing home or 18 any other institution engaged in providing nursing care and related 19 services, in excess of a reasonable and customary charge for semi-private 20 accommodations, unless other accommodations are medically required. 21 Such term includes a total charge not in excess of \$1,000 for expenses in 22 any way related to crime scene cleanup.

(b) "Board" means the crime victims compensation board establishedunder K.S.A. 74-7303, and amendments thereto.

(c) "Claimant" means any of the following persons claiming
compensation under this act: A victim; a dependent of a deceased victim; a
third person other than a collateral source; or an authorized person acting
on behalf of any of them.

(d) "Collateral source" means a source of benefits or advantages for economic loss otherwise reparable under this act which the victim or claimant has received, or which is readily available to the victim or claimant, from:

(1) The offender;

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(2) the government of the United States or any agency thereof, a state
or any of its political subdivisions or an instrumentality or two or more
states, unless the law providing for the benefits or advantages makes them
excess or secondary to benefits under this act;

- 38 (3) social security, medicare and medicaid;
- 39 (4) state-required temporary nonoccupational disability insurance;
- 40 (5) workers' compensation;
  - (6) wage continuation programs of any employer;
- 42 (7) proceeds of a contract of insurance payable to the victim for loss
- 43 which the victim sustained because of the criminally injurious conduct; or

1 (8) a contract providing prepaid hospital and other health care 2 services or benefits for disability.

3 (e) "Criminally injurious conduct" means conduct that: (1) (A) 4 Occurs or is attempted in this state or occurs to a person whose domicile is 5 in Kansas who is the victim of a violent crime which occurs in another 6 state, possession, or territory of the United States of America may make an 7 application for compensation if:

8 (i) The crimes would be compensable had it occurred in the state of 9 Kansas; and

(ii) the places the crimes occurred are states, possessions or territories
 of the United States of America not having eligible crime victim
 compensation programs;

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(B) poses a substantial threat or personal injury or death; and

(C) either is punishable by fine, imprisonment or death or would be
so punishable but for the fact that the person engaging in the conduct
lacked capacity to commit the crime under the laws of this state; or

17 (2) is an act of terrorism, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2331, or a violent 18 crime that posed a substantial threat or caused personal injury or death, 19 committed outside of the United States against a person whose domicile is 20 in Kansas, except that criminally injurious conduct does not include any 21 conduct resulting in injury or death sustained as a member of the United 22 States armed forces while serving on active duty.

23 Such term shall not include conduct arising out of the ownership, 24 maintenance or use of a motor vehicle, except for violations of K.S.A. 8-25 2,144 or 8-1567, and amendments thereto, or violations of municipal ordinances or county resolutions prohibiting the acts prohibited by that 26 27 statute those statutes, or violations of K.S.A. 8-1602, 21-3404, 21-3405 28 and 21-3414 or section 40, 41 or subsection (b) of section 48 of chapter 29 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, or 30 when such conduct was intended to cause personal injury or death.

(f) "Dependent" means a natural person wholly or partially dependent
upon the victim for care or support, and includes a child of the victim born
after the victim's death.

(g) "Dependent's economic loss" means loss after decedent's death of
contributions of things of economic value to the decedent's dependents, not
including services they would have received from the decedent if the
decedent had not suffered the fatal injury, less expenses of the dependents
avoided by reason of decedent's death.

(h) "Dependent's replacement services loss" means loss reasonably
incurred by dependents after decedent's death in obtaining ordinary and
necessary services in lieu of those the decedent would have performed for
their benefit if the decedent had not suffered the fatal injury, less expenses
of the dependents avoided by reason of decedent's death and not subtracted

1 in calculating dependent's economic loss.

(i) "Economic loss" means economic detriment consisting only of
allowable expense, work loss, replacement services loss and, if injury
causes death, dependent's economic loss and dependent's replacement
service loss. Noneconomic detriment is not loss, but economic detriment is
loss although caused by pain and suffering or physical impairment.

7 (j) "Noneconomic detriment" means pain, suffering, inconvenience, 8 physical impairment and nonpecuniary damage.

9 (k) "Replacement services loss" means expenses reasonably incurred 10 in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the injured 11 person would have performed, not for income, but for the benefit of self or 12 family, if such person had not been injured.

(1) "Work loss" means loss of income from work the injured person
would have performed if such person had not been injured, and expenses
reasonably incurred by such person in obtaining services in lieu of those
the person would have performed for income, reduced by any income from
substitute work actually performed by such person or by income such
person would have earned in available appropriate substitute work that the
person was capable of performing but unreasonably failed to undertake.

20 (m) "Victim" means a person who suffers personal injury or death as 21 a result of: (1) Criminally injurious conduct; (2) the good faith effort of 22 any person to prevent criminally injurious conduct; or (3) the good faith 23 effort of any person to apprehend a person suspected of engaging in 24 criminally injurious conduct.

(n) "Crime scene cleanup" means removal of blood, stains, odors orother debris caused by the crime or the processing of the crime scene.

27 Sec. 40. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 75-5291 is hereby amended to read as 28 follows: 75-5291. (a) (1) The secretary of corrections may make grants to counties for the development, implementation, operation and improvement 29 30 of community correctional services that address the criminogenic needs of 31 felony offenders including, but not limited to, adult intensive supervision, 32 substance abuse and mental health services, employment and residential services, and facilities for the detention or confinement, care or treatment 33 34 of offenders as provided in this section except that no community 35 corrections funds shall be expended by the secretary for the purpose of 36 establishing or operating a conservation camp as provided by K.S.A. 75-37 52,127, and amendments thereto.

(2) Except as otherwise provided, placement of offenders in
 community correctional services programs by the court shall be limited to
 placement of adult offenders, convicted of a felony offense:

(A) Whose offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the
sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H or 3-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes. In

addition, the court may place in a community correctional services
 program adult offenders, convicted of a felony offense, whose offense is
 classified in grid blocks 6-H, 6-I, 7-C, 7-D, 7-E, 7-F, 7-G, 7-H or 7-I of the
 sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes;

5 (B) whose severity level and criminal history score designate a 6 presumptive prison sentence on either sentencing guidelines grid but 7 receive a nonprison sentence as a result of departure;

8 (C) all offenders convicted of an offense which satisfies the definition 9 of offender pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments thereto, and 10 which is classified as a severity level 7 or higher offense and who receive a 11 nonprison sentence, regardless of the manner in which the sentence is 12 imposed;

13 (D) any offender for whom a violation of conditions of release or 14 assignment or a nonprison sanction has been established as provided in 15 K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, prior to revocation resulting in 16 the offender being required to serve any time for the sentence imposed or 17 which might originally have been imposed in a state facility in the custody 18 of the secretary of corrections;

(E) on and after January 1, 2011, for offenders who are expected to be
subject to supervision in Kansas, who are determined to be "high risk or
needs, or both" by the use of a statewide, mandatory, standardized risk
assessment tool or instrument which shall be specified by the Kansas
sentencing commission;

(F) placed in community correctional services programs as a
 condition of supervision following the successful completion of a
 conservation camp program; or

(G) who has been sentenced to community corrections supervision
pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4729, *prior to its repeal, or section 305 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas,* and amendments thereto; *or*

30 *(H)* who has been placed in community correctional services 31 programs for supervision by the court pursuant to K.S.A. 8-1567, and 32 amendments thereto.

33 (3)Notwithstanding any law to the contrary and subject to the 34 availability of funding therefor, adult offenders sentenced to community 35 supervision in Johnson county for felony crimes that occurred on or after 36 July 1, 2002, but before January 1, 2011, shall be placed under court 37 services or community corrections supervision based upon court rules 38 issued by the chief judge of the 10th judicial district. The provisions 39 contained in this subsection shall not apply to offenders transferred by the 40 assigned agency to an agency located outside of Johnson county. The 41 provisions of this paragraph shall expire on January 1, 2011.

42 (4) Nothing in this act shall prohibit a community correctional 43 services program from providing services to juvenile offenders upon approval by the local community corrections advisory board. Grants from
 community corrections funds administered by the secretary of corrections
 shall not be expended for such services.

4 (5) The court may require an offender for whom a violation of 5 conditions of release or assignment or a nonprison sanction has been 6 established, as provided in K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, to 7 serve any time for the sentence imposed or which might originally have 8 been imposed in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of 9 corrections without a prior assignment to a community correctional 10 services program if the court finds and sets forth with particularity the reasons for finding that the safety of the members of the public will be 11 jeopardized or that the welfare of the inmate will not be served by such 12 13 assignment to a community correctional services program.

(b) (1) In order to establish a mechanism for community correctional
 services to participate in the department of corrections annual budget
 planning process, the secretary of corrections shall establish a community
 corrections advisory committee to identify new or enhanced correctional
 or treatment interventions designed to divert offenders from prison.

19 (2) The secretary shall appoint one member from the southeast 20 community corrections region, one member from the northeast community 21 corrections region, one member from the central community corrections 22 region and one member from the western community corrections region. 23 The deputy secretary of community and field services shall designate two 24 members from the state at large. The secretary shall have final 25 appointment approval of the members designated by the deputy secretary. The committee shall reflect the diversity of community correctional 26 27 services with respect to geographical location and average daily population 28 of offenders under supervision.

29 (3) Each member shall be appointed for a term of three years and
30 such terms shall be staggered as determined by the secretary. Members
31 shall be eligible for reappointment.

(4) The committee, in collaboration with the deputy secretary of
 community and field services or the deputy secretary's designee, shall
 routinely examine and report to the secretary on the following issues:

35 36 (A) Efficiencies in the delivery of field supervision services;(B) effectiveness and enhancement of existing interventions;

37 (C) identification of new interventions; and

38 (D) statewide performance indicators.

39 (5) The committee's report concerning enhanced or new interventions40 shall address:

- 41 (A) Goals and measurable objectives;
- 42 (B) projected costs;
- 43 (C) the impact on public safety; and

(D) the evaluation process.

2 (6) The committee shall submit its report to the secretary annually on 3 or before July 15 in order for the enhanced or new interventions to be 4 considered for inclusion within the department of corrections budget 5 request for community correctional services or in the department's 6 enhanced services budget request for the subsequent fiscal year.

7 Sec. 41. K.S.A. 79-4101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-8 4101. (a) For the purpose of providing revenue which may be used by the 9 state, counties and cities in the enforcement of the provisions of this act, 10 from and after the effective date of this act, for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling alcoholic liquor by retailers or farm wineries to 11 12 consumers in this state or selling alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage 13 by distributors to clubs, drinking establishments or caterers in this state, there is hereby levied and there shall be collected and paid a tax at the rate 14 15 of 8% upon the gross receipts received from: (1) The sale of alcoholic 16 liquor by retailers, microbreweries or farm wineries to consumers within 17 this state; and (2) the sale of alcoholic liquor or cereal malt beverage by 18 distributors to clubs, drinking establishments or caterers in this state ; 19 except that during the period commencing July 1, 2011, and ending June 20 30, 2014, such tax shall be at the rate of 9%.

(b) The tax imposed by this section shall be in addition to the license
fee imposed on distributors, retailers, microbreweries and farm wineries by
K.S.A. 41-310 and amendments thereto.

24 Sec. 42. K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 79-4108 is hereby amended to read as 25 follows: 79-4108. All revenue collected or received by the director of taxation from taxes imposed by K.S.A. 79-4101 to 79-4105, and 26 27 amendments thereto, shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance 28 with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon 29 receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire 30 amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state general fund, except 31 that, of the amount of each such remittance to the state treasurer during 32 the period commencing on July 1, 2011, and ending on June 30, 2014, the 33 amount equal to one-ninth of each such remittance shall be credited to the 34 Kansas bureau of investigation central repository fund established by 35 section 4, and amendments thereto, until an aggregate amount of 36 \$3,000,000 is credited to the Kansas bureau of investigation central 37 repository fund. On and after an aggregate amount of \$3,000,000 is 38 credited to such fund the entire amount of such remittance shall be 39 credited to the state general fund. The state treasurer shall transfer any 40 moneys remaining in the county and city alcoholic liquor control-41 enforcement fund on the effective date of this act to the state general fund. 42 Sec. 43. Section 14 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 43 Kansas, is hereby amended to read as follows: Sec. 14. A person may

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be guilty of a crime without having a culpable mental state ifthe crime is:

3 (a) A misdemeanor, cigarette or tobacco infraction or traffic infraction 4 and the statute defining the crime clearly indicates a legislative purpose to 5 impose absolute liability for the conduct described;

6 (b) a felony and the statute defining the crime clearly indicates a 7 legislative purpose to impose absolute liability for the conduct described; 8 (c) a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567 or 8-1567a, and amendments thereto;

(c) a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567 or 8-1567a, and amendments thereto; or

9 10

(d) a violation of K.S.A. 8-2, 144, and amendments thereto; or

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 $\frac{(a)}{(d)}$  (*e*) a violation of K.S.A. 22-4901 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Section 254 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 12 Sec. 44. 13 Kansas, is hereby amended to read as follows: Sec. 254. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsections (b) and, (c) and (d), any person convicted in this 14 state of a traffic infraction, cigarette or tobacco infraction, misdemeanor or 15 a class D or E felony, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, 16 17 nondrug crimes ranked in severity levels 6 through 10 or any felony 18 ranked in severity level 4 of the drug grid, may petition the convicting 19 court for the expungement of such conviction or related arrest records if three or more years have elapsed since the person: (A) Satisfied the 20 21 sentence imposed; or (B) was discharged from probation, a community 22 correctional services program, parole, postrelease supervision, conditional 23 release or a suspended sentence.

24 (2) Except as provided in subsections (b) and, (c) and (d), any person 25 who has fulfilled the terms of a diversion agreement may petition the 26 district court for the expungement of such diversion agreement and related 27 arrest records if three or more years have elapsed since the terms of the 28 diversion agreement were fulfilled.

29 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) subsections (c) and (d), no 30 person may petition for expungement until five or more years have elapsed 31 since the person satisfied the sentence imposed, the terms of a diversion 32 agreement or was discharged from probation, a community correctional 33 services program, parole, postrelease supervision, conditional release or a 34 suspended sentence, if such person was convicted of a class A, B or C 35 felony, or for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, if convicted of an 36 off-grid felony or any nondrug crime ranked in severity levels 1 through 5 37 or any felony ranked in severity levels 1 through 3 of the drug grid, or:

(1) Vehicular homicide, as defined by section 41 of chapter 136 of
the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, or as
prohibited by any law of another state which is in substantial conformity
with that statute;

42 (2) driving while the privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the 43 public highways of this state has been canceled, suspended or revoked, as 1 prohibited by K.S.A. 8-262, and amendments thereto, or as prohibited by 2 any law of another state which is in substantial conformity with that 3 statute;

4 (3) perjury resulting from a violation of K.S.A. 8-261a, and 5 amendments thereto, or resulting from the violation of a law of another 6 state which is in substantial conformity with that statute;

7 (4) violating the provisions of the fifth clause of K.S.A. 8-142, and 8 amendments thereto, relating to fraudulent applications or violating the 9 provisions of a law of another state which is in substantial conformity with 10 that statute;

(5) any crime punishable as a felony wherein a motor vehicle wasused in the perpetration of such crime;

(6) failing to stop at the scene of an accident and perform the duties
required by K.S.A. 8-1602, 8-1603 or 8-1604, and amendments thereto, or
required by a law of another state which is in substantial conformity with
those statutes;

(7) violating the provisions of K.S.A. 40-3104, and amendmentsthereto, relating to motor vehicle liability insurance coverage; or

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(8) a violation of K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal.

(c) No person may petition for expungement until 10 or more years
have elapsed since the person satisfied the sentence imposed, the terms of
a diversion agreement or was discharged from probation, a community
correctional services program, parole, postrelease supervision,
conditional release or a suspended sentence, if such person was convicted
of a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, including any
diversion for such violation.

27 (c) (d) There shall be no expungement of convictions for the 28 following offenses or of convictions for an attempt to commit any of the 29 following offenses:

(1) Rape as defined in section 67 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session
Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto;

(2) indecent liberties with a child or aggravated indecent liberties
with a child as defined in section 70 *of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto;

35 (3) criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (a)(3) or (a)(4) of 36 section 68 *of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and 37 amendments thereto;

(4) aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in section 68 *of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto;

40 (5) indecent solicitation of a child or aggravated indecent solicitation
41 of a child as defined in section 72 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws
42 of Kansas, and amendments thereto;

43 (6) sexual exploitation of a child as defined in section 74 *of chapter* 

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136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto;

2 (7) aggravated incest as defined in section 81 of chapter 136 of the 3 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; 4 (8) endangering a child or aggravated endangering a child as defined 5 in section 78 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 6 amendments thereto; 7 (9) abuse of a child as defined in section 79 of chapter 136 of the 8 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; 9 (10) capital murder as defined in section 36 of chapter 136 of the 10 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; (11) murder in the first degree as defined in section 37 of chapter 136 11 12 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; 13 (12) murder in the second degree as defined in section 38 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; 14 (13) voluntary manslaughter as defined in section 39 of chapter 136 15 16 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; 17 (14) involuntary manslaughter as defined in section 40 of chapter 136 18 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; 19 (15) sexual battery as defined in section 69 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, when the victim 20 21 was less than 18 years of age at the time the crime was committed; 22 (16) aggravated sexual battery as defined in section 69 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; 23 (17) a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, including 24 25 any diversion for such violation; 26 (18) (17) a violation of K.S.A. 8-2,144, and amendments thereto, including any diversion for such violation; or 27 28 (19) (18) any conviction for any offense in effect at any time prior to 29 the effective date of this act, that is comparable to any offense as provided 30 in this subsection. 31 (d) (1) When a petition for expungement is filed, the court shall set a 32 date for a hearing of such petition and shall cause notice of such hearing to 33 be given to the prosecutor and the arresting law enforcement agency. The 34 petition shall state the: 35 (A) Defendant's full name: 36 full name of the defendant at the time of arrest, conviction or (B) 37 diversion, if different than the defendant's current name; 38 (C) defendant's sex, race and date of birth; 39 (D) crime for which the defendant was arrested, convicted or 40 diverted; 41 date of the defendant's arrest, conviction or diversion; and (E) 42 identity of the convicting court, arresting law enforcement (F) 43 authority or diverting authority.

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1 (2) Except as provided further, there shall be no docket fee for filing a 2 petition pursuant to this section. On and after July 1, 2009 through June 3 30, 2010, the supreme court may impose a charge, not to exceed \$10 per 4 case, to fund the costs of non-judicial personnel. The charge established in 5 this section shall be the only fee collected or moneys in the nature of a fee 6 collected for the case. Such charge shall only be established by an act of 7 the legislature and no other authority is established by law or otherwise to 8 collect a fee

9 (3) All petitions for expungement shall be docketed in the original 10 criminal action. Any person who may have relevant information about the 11 petitioner may testify at the hearing. The court may inquire into the 12 background of the petitioner and shall have access to any reports or 13 records relating to the petitioner that are on file with the secretary of 14 corrections or the Kansas parole board.

15 (e) At the hearing on the petition, the court shall order the petitioner's 16 arrest record, conviction or diversion expunged if the court finds that:

(1) The petitioner has not been convicted of a felony in the past two
years and no proceeding involving any such crime is presently pending or
being instituted against the petitioner;

20 (2) the circumstances and behavior of the petitioner warrant the 21 expungement;

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(3) the expungement is consistent with the public welfare.

23 (f) When the court has ordered an arrest record, conviction or 24 diversion expunged, the order of expungement shall state the information 25 required to be contained in the petition. The clerk of the court shall send a certified copy of the order of expungement to the Kansas bureau of 26 investigation which shall notify the federal bureau of investigation, the 27 28 secretary of corrections and any other criminal justice agency which may 29 have a record of the arrest, conviction or diversion. After the order of 30 expungement is entered, the petitioner shall be treated as not having been 31 arrested, convicted or diverted of the crime, except that:

(1) Upon conviction for any subsequent crime, the conviction that
 was expunged may be considered as a prior conviction in determining the
 sentence to be imposed;

(2) the petitioner shall disclose that the arrest, conviction or diversionoccurred if asked about previous arrests, convictions or diversions:

(A) In any application for licensure as a private detective, private
detective agency, certification as a firearms trainer pursuant to K.S.A.
2009 2010 Supp. 75-7b21, and amendments thereto, or employment as a
detective with a private detective agency, as defined by K.S.A. 75-7b01,
and amendments thereto; as security personnel with a private patrol
operator, as defined by K.S.A. 75-7b01, and amendments thereto; or with
an institution, as defined in K.S.A. 76-12a01, and amendments thereto, of

1 the department of social and rehabilitation services;

2 (B) in any application for admission, or for an order of reinstatement,
3 to the practice of law in this state;

4 (C) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for 5 employment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within 6 the Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the 7 Kansas lottery;

8 (D) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for executive 9 director of the Kansas racing and gaming commission, for employment 10 with the commission or for work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as 11 deemed appropriate by the executive director of the commission, or to aid 12 in determining qualifications for licensure or renewal of licensure by the 13 commission;

14 (E) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for the 15 following under the Kansas expanded lottery act: (i) Lottery gaming 16 facility manager or prospective manager, racetrack gaming facility 17 manager or prospective manager, licensee or certificate holder; or (ii) an 18 officer, director, employee, owner, agent or contractor thereof;

(F) upon application for a commercial driver's license under K.S.A.
8-2,125 through 8-2,142, and amendments thereto;

(G) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications to be an
 employee of the state gaming agency;

(H) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications to be an
employee of a tribal gaming commission or to hold a license issued
pursuant to a tribal-state gaming compact;

(I) in any application for registration as a broker-dealer, agent,
investment adviser or investment adviser representative all as defined in
K.S.A. 17-12a102, and amendments thereto;

(J) in any application for employment as a law enforcement officer as
 defined in K.S.A. 22-2202 or 74-5602, and amendments thereto; or

(K) for applications received on and after July 1, 2006, to aid in
determining the petitioner's qualifications for a license to carry a concealed
weapon pursuant to the personal and family protection act, K.S.A. 20092010 Supp. 75-7c01 et seq., and amendments thereto;

(3) the court, in the order of expungement, may specify othercircumstances under which the conviction is to be disclosed;

(4) the conviction may be disclosed in a subsequent prosecution for
an offense which requires as an element of such offense a prior conviction
of the type expunged; and

40 (5) upon commitment to the custody of the secretary of corrections,
41 any previously expunged record in the possession of the secretary of
42 corrections may be reinstated and the expungement disregarded, and the
43 record continued for the purpose of the new commitment.

1 (g) Whenever a person is convicted of a crime, pleads guilty and pays 2 a fine for a crime, is placed on parole, postrelease supervision or 3 probation, is assigned to a community correctional services program, is 4 granted a suspended sentence or is released on conditional release, the 5 person shall be informed of the ability to expunge the arrest records or 6 conviction. Whenever a person enters into a diversion agreement, the 7 person shall be informed of the ability to expunge the diversion.

8 (h) Subject to the disclosures required pursuant to subsection (f), in 9 any application for employment, license or other civil right or privilege, or 10 any appearance as a witness, a person whose arrest records, conviction or diversion of a crime has been expunged under this statute may state that 11 such person has never been arrested, convicted or diverted of such crime, 12 13 but the expungement of a felony conviction does not relieve an individual 14 of complying with any state or federal law relating to the use or possession of firearms by persons convicted of a felony. 15

(i) Whenever the record of any arrest, conviction or diversion has
been expunged under the provisions of this section or under the provisions
of any other existing or former statute, the custodian of the records of
arrest, conviction, diversion and incarceration relating to that crime shall
not disclose the existence of such records, except when requested by:

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(1) The person whose record was expunged;

(2) a private detective agency or a private patrol operator, and the
 request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in
 conjunction with an application for employment with such agency or
 operator by the person whose record has been expunged;

26 (3) a court, upon a showing of a subsequent conviction of the person
27 whose record has been expunged;

(4) the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, or a designee of
the secretary, for the purpose of obtaining information relating to
employment in an institution, as defined in K.S.A. 76-12a01, and
amendments thereto, of the department of social and rehabilitation services
of any person whose record has been expunged;

(5) a person entitled to such information pursuant to the terms of theexpungement order;

(6) a prosecutor, and such request is accompanied by a statement that
the request is being made in conjunction with a prosecution of an offense
that requires a prior conviction as one of the elements of such offense;

(7) the supreme court, the clerk or disciplinary administrator thereof, the state board for admission of attorneys or the state board for discipline of attorneys, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in conjunction with an application for admission, or for an order of reinstatement, to the practice of law in this state by the person whose record has been expunged; 1 (8) the Kansas lottery, and the request is accompanied by a statement 2 that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for 3 employment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within 4 the Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the 5 Kansas lottery;

6 (9) the governor or the Kansas racing and gaming commission, or a 7 designee of the commission, and the request is accompanied by a 8 statement that the request is being made to aid in determining 9 qualifications for executive director of the commission, for employment 10 with the commission, for work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as 11 deemed appropriate by the executive director of the commission or for 12 licensure, renewal of licensure or continued licensure by the commission;

(10) the Kansas racing and gaming commission, or a designee of the commission, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications of the following under the Kansas expanded lottery act: (A) Lottery gaming facility managers and prospective managers, racetrack gaming facility managers and prospective managers, licensees and certificate holders; and (B) their officers, directors, employees, owners, agents and contractors;

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(11) the Kansas sentencing commission;

(12) the state gaming agency, and the request is accompanied by a
statement that the request is being made to aid in determining
qualifications: (A) To be an employee of the state gaming agency; or (B)
to be an employee of a tribal gaming commission or to hold a license
issued pursuant to a tribal-gaming compact;

(13) the Kansas securities commissioner or a designee of the commissioner, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in conjunction with an application for registration as a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser or investment adviser representative by such agency and the application was submitted by the person whose record has been expunged;

(14) the Kansas commission on peace officers' standards and training
and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being
made to aid in determining certification eligibility as a law enforcement
officer pursuant to K.S.A. 74-5601 et seq., and amendments thereto;

a law enforcement agency and the request is accompanied by a
statement that the request is being made to aid in determining eligibility
for employment as a law enforcement officer as defined by K.S.A. 222202, and amendments thereto; or

40 (16) the attorney general and the request is accompanied by a 41 statement that the request is being made to aid in determining 42 qualifications for a license to carry a concealed weapon pursuant to the 43 personal and family protection act. 1 Sec. 45. Section 285 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 2 Kansas, is hereby amended to read as follows: Sec. 285. (a) The 3 provisions of this section shall be applicable to the sentencing guidelines 4 grid for nondrug crimes. The following sentencing guidelines grid shall be 5 applicable to nondrug felony crimes:

| Category               | A                         | В                       | С                                     | D                     | E                            | F                          | Ċ                        | Н                   | Ι                             |
|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| Severity<br>Level<br>1 | 3 +<br>Person<br>Felonies | 2<br>Person<br>Felonies | l Person &<br>l Nonperson<br>Felonies | I<br>Person<br>Felony | 3 +<br>Nonperson<br>Felonies | 2<br>Nonperson<br>Felonies | l<br>Nonperson<br>Felony | 2 +<br>Misdemeanors | l<br>Misdemeanor<br>No Record |
| Ι                      | 653<br>620<br>59          | 618<br>586<br>592 554   | 285<br>272<br>258                     | 267 253 240           | 246<br>234<br>221            | 226<br>214<br>203          | 203<br>195<br>184        | 186<br>176<br>166   | 165<br>155<br>147             |
| П                      | 493<br>467<br>44:         | 460 438                 | 216<br>205<br>194                     | 200 190 181           | 184 174 165                  | 168 160 152                | 154 146 138              | 138<br>131<br>123   | 123 117 109                   |
| Ш                      | 247<br>233<br>22          | 228<br>216<br>221 206   | 107<br>102<br>96                      | 100<br>94<br>89       | 92 88 82                     | 83 79 74                   | 77<br>72<br>68           | 71 66 61            | 61 59 55                      |
| IV                     | 172 162 15-               | 162<br>154<br>154 144   | 75 71 68                              | 69 66 62              | 64 60 57                     | 59 56 52                   | 52 50 47                 | 48 45 42            | 43 41 38                      |
| Λ                      | 136<br>130<br>12          | 128<br>120<br>122 114   | 60 57 53                              | 55 52 50              | 51 49 46                     | 47<br>44<br>41             | 43 41 38                 |                     |                               |
| IA                     | 46 43 41                  | 41 39                   | 38<br>36<br>34                        | 36 34                 | 32<br>30<br>28               | 29<br>27<br>25             |                          | 21 20 19            | 19 18 17                      |
| ПЛ                     | 34<br>32<br>3             | 31 29<br>30 27 27       | 29 27 25 25                           | 26 24 22              | 23 21 19                     | 19 18<br>17<br>17          | 17 16 15                 | 14 13 12            | 13 12 11                      |
| ШЛ                     | 23<br>21<br>1             | 20<br>19<br>18          | 19<br>18<br>17                        | 17 16 15              | 15<br>14<br>13               | 13 12 11                   | 11 10 9                  | 11 10 g             | 9<br>8<br>7                   |
| XI                     | 17<br>16<br>1             | 15<br>14<br>13          | 13 12 11                              | 13 12 11              | 11<br>10<br>9                | 10 g 8                     | ے<br>8 و                 | 8<br>7<br>6         | 7 6 5 5                       |
| Х                      | 13 12 1                   | 12 11 10 10             | 11 10 9                               | 10<br>9<br>8          | 9<br>8<br>7                  | 8<br>7<br>6                | 7 6 5 5                  | 7 6 S               | 7 6 5                         |
| LEC                    | LEGEND                    |                         |                                       |                       |                              |                            |                          |                     |                               |

umptive Imprisonm umptive Proba

BodekBly

**SENTENCING RANGE - NONDRUG OFFENSES** 

Sub SB 7

1 (b) Sentences expressed in the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug 2 crimes represent months of imprisonment.

3 (c) The sentencing guidelines grid is a two-dimensional crime 4 severity and criminal history classification tool. The grid's vertical axis is 5 the crime severity scale which classifies current crimes of conviction. The 6 grid's horizontal axis is the criminal history scale which classifies criminal 7 histories.

8 (d) The sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes as provided in 9 this section defines presumptive punishments for felony convictions, 10 subject to the sentencing court's discretion to enter a departure sentence. 11 The appropriate punishment for a felony conviction should depend on the 12 severity of the crime of conviction when compared to all other crimes and 13 the offender's criminal history.

14 (e) (1) The sentencing court has discretion to sentence at any place 15 within the sentencing range. In the usual case it is recommended that the 16 sentencing judge select the center of the range and reserve the upper and 17 lower limits for aggravating and mitigating factors insufficient to warrant a 18 departure.

(2) In presumptive imprisonment cases, the sentencing court shallpronounce the complete sentence which shall include the:

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(A) Prison sentence;

(B) maximum potential reduction to such sentence as a result of goodtime; and

(C) period of postrelease supervision at the sentencing hearing.
Failure to pronounce the period of postrelease supervision shall not negate
the existence of such period of postrelease supervision.

(3) In presumptive nonprison cases, the sentencing court shallpronounce the:

(A) Prison sentence; and

(B) duration of the nonprison sanction at the sentencing hearing.

(f) Each grid block states the presumptive sentencing range for an 31 offender whose crime of conviction and criminal history place such 32 offender in that grid block. If an offense is classified in a grid block below 33 34 the dispositional line. the presumptive disposition shall be nonimprisonment. If an offense is classified in a grid block above the 35 dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be imprisonment. If an 36 37 offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G, the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (a). 38

(g) The sentence for a violation of section 48 of chapter 136 of the
2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, aggravated battery
against a law enforcement officer committed prior to July 1, 2006, or a
violation of section 47 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas,
and amendments thereto, aggravated assault against a law enforcement

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3 sentence as provided in subsection (q).

4 (h) When a firearm is used to commit any person felony, the 5 offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may 6 impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).

7 (i) (1) The sentence for the violation of the felony provision of 8 subsection (b)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of section 49 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, subsections (b)(3) and 9 (b)(4) of section 109 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, 10 section 223 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas and section 11 12 227 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, shall be as provided by the specific mandatory sentencing 13 14 requirements of that section and shall not be subject to the provisions of 15 this section or section 288 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 16 Kansas, and amendments thereto.

17 (2) If because of the offender's criminal history classification the 18 offender is subject to presumptive imprisonment or if the judge departs from a presumptive probation sentence and the offender is subject to 19 20 imprisonment, the provisions of this section and section 288 of chapter 21 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, shall 22 apply and the offender shall not be subject to the mandatory sentence as provided in section 109 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 23 24 Kansas, and amendments thereto.

25 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section, the term of imprisonment imposed for the violation of the felony provision of 26 27 subsection (b)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of section 49 of 28 chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, subsections (b)(3) and 29 (b)(4) of section 109 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, 30 section 223 and section 227 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 31 Kansas, and amendments thereto, shall not be served in a state facility in 32 the custody of the secretary of corrections, except that the term of 33 imprisonment for felony violations of subsection (b)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 8-34 1567, and amendments thereto, may be served in a state correctional facility designated by the secretary of corrections if the secretary 35 determines that substance abuse treatment resources and facility capacity 36 37 is available. The secretary's determination regarding the availability of 38 treatment resources and facility capacity shall not be subject to review.

39 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section, the 40 sentencing court shall retain jurisdiction to modify the sentence imposed 41 for the violation of subsection (b)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 8-1567, and 42 amendments thereto.

43 (j) (1) The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current

convicted crime carries a presumptive term of imprisonment shall be
 double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term. The
 sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current conviction carries a
 presumptive nonprison term shall be presumed imprisonment and shall be
 double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term.

6 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, as used in this 7 subsection, "persistent sex offender" means a person who:

8 (A) (i) Has been convicted in this state of a sexually violent crime, 9 as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto; and

(ii) at the time of the conviction under paragraph (A)(i) has at least
one conviction for a sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717,
and amendments thereto, in this state or comparable felony under the laws
of another state, the federal government or a foreign government; or

(B) (i) has been convicted of rape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502,
prior to its repeal, or section 67 *of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto; and

(ii) at the time of the conviction under paragraph (B)(i) has at least
one conviction for rape in this state or comparable felony under the laws of
another state, the federal government or a foreign government.

(3) Except as provided in paragraph (2)(B), the provisions of this
subsection shall not apply to any person whose current convicted crime is
a severity level 1 or 2 felony.

(k) (1) If it is shown at sentencing that the offender committed any felony violation for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, with the specific intent to promote, further or assist in any criminal conduct by gang members, the offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).

29 (2) As used in this subsection, "criminal street gang" means any
30 organization, association or group of three or more persons, whether
31 formal or informal, having as one of its primary activities:

32

(A) The commission of one or more person felonies; or

(B) the commission of felony violations of K.S.A. 2009 2010 Supp.
21-36a01 through 21-36a17, and amendments thereto; and

(C) its members have a common name or common identifying sign orsymbol; and

(D) its members, individually or collectively, engage in or have
engaged in the commission, attempted commission, conspiracy to commit
or solicitation of two or more person felonies or felony violations of
K.S.A. 2009 2010 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, and amendments
thereto, or any substantially similar offense from another jurisdiction.

42 (1) Except as provided in subsection (o), the sentence for a violation 43 of subsection (a)(1) of section 93 *of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws* 

1 of Kansas, and amendments thereto, or any attempt or conspiracy, as 2 defined in sections 33 and 34 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 3 Kansas, and amendments thereto, to commit such offense, when such 4 person being sentenced has a prior conviction for a violation of subsection 5 (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 21-3715, prior to its repeal, 21-3716, prior to its repeal, 6 subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of section 93 of chapter 136 of the 2010 7 Session Laws of Kansas or subsection (b) of section 93 of chapter 136 of 8 the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, or any attempt or conspiracy to commit such offenses, shall be presumed presumptive 9 10 imprisonment.

(m) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A 22-4903 or subsection (a)
(2) of section 138 *of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and
amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. If an offense
under such sections is classified in grid blocks 5-E, 5-F, 5-G, 5-H or 5-I,
the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in
subsection (q).

17 (n) The sentence for a violation of criminal deprivation of property, as 18 defined in section 89 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, 19 and amendments thereto, when such property is a motor vehicle, and when 20 such person being sentenced has any combination of two or more prior 21 convictions of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 21-3705, prior to its repeal, or of 22 criminal deprivation of property, as defined in section 89 of chapter 136 of 23 the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, when such 24 property is a motor vehicle, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such 25 sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to 26 appeal.

27 (o) The sentence for a felony violation of theft of property as defined 28 in section 87 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 29 amendments thereto, or burglary as defined in subsection (a) of section 93 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments 30 31 thereto, when such person being sentenced has no prior convictions for a 32 violation of K.S.A. 21-3701 or 21-3715, prior to their repeal, or theft of 33 property as defined in section 87 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws 34 of Kansas, and amendments thereto, or burglary as defined in subsection 35 (a) of section 93 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 36 amendments thereto; or the sentence for a felony violation of theft of 37 property as defined in section 87 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws 38 of Kansas, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced 39 has one or two prior felony convictions for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, 40 21-3715 or 21-3716, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in section 87 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 41 amendments thereto, or burglary as defined in section 93 of chapter 136 of 42 43 the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; or the

sentence for a felony violation of burglary as defined in subsection (a) of 1 2 section 93 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 3 amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has one prior 4 felony conviction for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716, 5 prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in section 87 of chapter 6 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, or 7 burglary as defined in section 93 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws 8 of Kansas, and amendments thereto, shall be the sentence as provided by 9 this section, except that the court may order an optional nonprison 10 sentence for a defendant to participate in a drug treatment program, including, but not limited to, an approved after-care plan, if the court 11 12 makes the following findings on the record:

(1) Substance abuse was an underlying factor in the commission ofthe crime;

(2) substance abuse treatment in the community is likely to be more
effective than a prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism;
and

(3) participation in an intensive substance abuse treatment programwill serve community safety interests.

A defendant sentenced to an optional nonprison sentence under this subsection shall be supervised by community correctional services. The provisions of subsection (f)(1) of section 305 *of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto, shall apply to a defendant sentenced under this subsection. The sentence under this subsection shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

27 (p) The sentence for a felony violation of theft of property as defined 28 in section 87 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 29 amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has any 30 combination of three or more prior felony convictions for violations of 31 K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716, prior to their repeal, or theft of 32 property as defined in section 87 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws 33 of Kansas, and amendments thereto, or burglary as defined in section 93 of 34 chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas; or the sentence for a 35 violation of burglary as defined in subsection (a) of section 93 of chapter 36 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, when 37 such person being sentenced has any combination of two or more prior 38 convictions for violations of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 and 21-3716, prior 39 to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in section 87 of chapter 136 40 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, or burglary as defined in section 93 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 41 Kansas, and amendments thereto, shall be presumed imprisonment and the 42 43 defendant shall be sentenced to prison as provided by this section, except 1 that the court may recommend that an offender be placed in the custody of 2 the secretary of corrections, in a facility designated by the secretary to 3 participate in an intensive substance abuse treatment program, upon 4 making the following findings on the record:

5 (1) Substance abuse was an underlying factor in the commission of 6 the crime;

7 (2) substance abuse treatment with a possibility of an early release 8 from imprisonment is likely to be more effective than a prison term in 9 reducing the risk of offender recidivism; and

(3) participation in an intensive substance abuse treatment program
 with the possibility of an early release from imprisonment will serve
 community safety interests by promoting offender reformation.

The intensive substance abuse treatment program shall be determined 13 by the secretary of corrections, but shall be for a period of at least four 14 months. Upon the successful completion of such intensive treatment 15 16 program, the offender shall be returned to the court and the court may 17 modify the sentence by directing that a less severe penalty be imposed in 18 lieu of that originally adjudged within statutory limits. If the offender's 19 term of imprisonment expires, the offender shall be placed under the applicable period of postrelease supervision. The sentence under this 20 21 subsection shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to 22 appeal.

(q) As used in this section, an "optional nonprison sentence" is a
 sentence which the court may impose, in lieu of the presumptive sentence,
 upon making the following findings on the record:

(1) An appropriate treatment program exists which is likely to be
 more effective than the presumptive prison term in reducing the risk of
 offender recidivism; and

(2) the recommended treatment program is available and the offender(3) can be admitted to such program within a reasonable period of time; or

(3) the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests bypromoting offender reformation.

Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of an optional nonprison sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(r) The sentence for a violation of subsection (c)(2) of section 48 *of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto,
shall be presumptive imprisonment and shall be served consecutively to
any other term or terms of imprisonment imposed. Such sentence shall not
be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

41 (s) The sentence for a violation of section 76 of chapter 136 of the 42 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, shall be 43 presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be considered a 1 departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(t) (1) If the trier of fact makes a finding that an offender wore or 2 used ballistic resistant material in the commission of, or attempt to 3 commit, or flight from any felony, in addition to the sentence imposed 4 pursuant to the Kansas sentencing guidelines act, the offender shall be 5 6 sentenced to an additional 30 months' imprisonment.

7 (2) The sentence imposed pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be 8 presumptive imprisonment and shall be served consecutively to any other term or terms of imprisonment imposed. Such sentence shall not be 9 considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal. 10

(3) As used in this subsection, "ballistic resistant material" means: 11 12 (A) Any commercially produced material designed with the purpose of 13 providing ballistic and trauma protection, including, but not limited to, bulletproof vests and kevlar vests; and (B) any homemade or fabricated 14 15 substance or item designed with the purpose of providing ballistic and 16 trauma protection.

17 (u) The sentence for a violation of subsection (b)(1)(C) of K.S.A. 8-2,144, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such 18 19 sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section, an offense 20 under subsection (b)(1)(C) of K.S.A. 8-2,144, and amendments thereto. 21 22 shall be classified in the following grid block, except when, because of the 23 offender's criminal history classification, the offense is classified in a grid 24 block which exceeds the grid block specified: 25

(1) A 3rd conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-H:

a 4th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-G; 26 (2)27

(3) a 5th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-F;

28 a 6th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-E; (4)

29 a 7th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-D; (5)

an 8th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-C; 30 (6)

31 a 9th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-B; and (7)

32 a 10th or subsequent conviction shall be classified in grin block (8) 33 7-A

34 (v)The sentence for a violation of subsection (b)(1)(F) of K.S.A. 8-35 1567, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such 36 sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to 37 appeal. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section, an offense 38 under subsection (b)(1)(F) of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, 39 shall be classified in the following grid block, except when, because of the 40 offender's criminal history classification, the offense is classified in a grid block which exceeds the grid block specified: 41

(1) A 4th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-H; 42

43 a 5th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-G; (2)

- 1 (3)a 6th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-F:
- 2 (4) a 7th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-E;
- 3 (5) an 8th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-D;
- 4 (6) a 9th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-C: 5
  - a 10th conviction shall be classified in grid block 7-B; and (7)
- 6 (8) an 11th or subsequent conviction shall be classified in grid block 7 7-A.

8 Section 292 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Sec. 46. 9 Kansas, is hereby amended to read as follows: Sec. 292. In addition to the 10 provisions of section 291 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of *Kansas*, and amendments thereto, the following shall apply in determining 11 12 an offender's criminal history classification as contained in the 13 presumptive sentencing guidelines grids:

(a) Every three prior adult convictions or juvenile adjudications of 14 class A and class B person misdemeanors in the offender's criminal history, 15 16 or any combination thereof, shall be rated as one adult conviction or one 17 juvenile adjudication of a person felony for criminal history purposes. 18 Every three prior adult convictions or juvenile adjudications of assault as 19 defined in subsection (a) of section 47 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session 20 Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, occurring within a period 21 commencing three years prior to the date of conviction for the current 22 crime of conviction shall be rated as one adult conviction or one juvenile 23 adjudication of a person felony for criminal history purposes.

24 (b) A conviction of criminal use of weapons as defined in subsection 25 (a)(8) or (a)(13) of section 186 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, or possession of a firearm on the 26 27 grounds or in the state capitol building as defined in section 194 of chapter 28 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, will be 29 scored as a select class B nonperson misdemeanor conviction or 30 adjudication and shall not be scored as a person misdemeanor for criminal 31 history purposes.

32 (c) (1) If the current crime of conviction was committed before July 33 1, 1996, and is for subsection (b) of K.S.A. 21-3404, as in effect on June 34 30, 1996, involuntary manslaughter in the commission of driving under the 35 influence, then, each prior adult conviction or juvenile adjudication for 36 K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, shall count as one person felony 37 for criminal history purposes.

38 (2) If the current crime of conviction was committed on or after July 39 1, 1996, and prior to July 1, 2011, and is for a violation of subsection (a) 40 (3) of section 40 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, each prior adult conviction, diversion in lieu of 41 42 criminal prosecution or juvenile adjudication for: (A) An act described in 43 K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto; or (B) a violation of a law of another state or an ordinance of any city, or resolution of any county,
 which prohibits the act described in K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments
 thereto, shall count as one person felony for criminal history purposes.

4 (3) If the current crime of conviction was committed on or after July 5 1, 2011, and is for a violation of subsection (a)(3) of section 40 of chapter 6 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, each 7 prior adult conviction, diversion in lieu of criminal prosecution or juvenile 8 adjudication for the following shall count as one person felony for 9 criminal history purposes: (A) K.S.A. 8-2,144, and amendments thereto; 10 (B) K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto; (C) K.S.A. 32-1131, and amendments thereto; (D) subsection (a)(3) of section 40 of chapter 136 of 11 12 the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto; and (E) aggravated vehicular homicide, K.S.A. 21-3405a, prior to its repeal, or 13 14 vehicular battery, K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal, if the crime was 15 committed while committing a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and 16 amendments thereto.

(d) Prior burglary adult convictions and juvenile adjudications will bescored for criminal history purposes as follows:

(1) As a prior person felony if the prior conviction or adjudication
 was classified as a burglary as defined in subsection (a)(1) of section 93 of
 *chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto.

22 (2) As a prior nonperson felony if the prior conviction or adjudication 23 was classified as a burglary as defined in subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) of 24 section 93 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 25 amendments thereto.

The facts required to classify prior burglary adult convictions and juvenile adjudications shall be established by the state by a preponderance of the evidence.

29 (e) Out-of-state convictions and juvenile adjudications shall be used 30 in classifying the offender's criminal history. An out-of-state crime will be 31 classified as either a felony or a misdemeanor according to the convicting 32 jurisdiction. If a crime is a felony in another state, it will be counted as a 33 felony in Kansas. The state of Kansas shall classify the crime as person or 34 nonperson. In designating a crime as person or nonperson comparable 35 offenses shall be referred to. If the state of Kansas does not have a 36 comparable offense, the out-of-state conviction shall be classified as a 37 nonperson crime. Convictions or adjudications occurring within the federal 38 system, other state systems, the District of Columbia, foreign, tribal or 39 military courts are considered out-of-state convictions or adjudications. 40 The facts required to classify out-of-state adult convictions and juvenile 41 adjudications shall be established by the state by a preponderance of the 42 evidence

43

(f) Except as provided in subsections (d)(3)(B), (d)(3)(C), (d)(3)(D)

and (d)(4) of section 291 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of
 Kansas, and amendments thereto, juvenile adjudications will be applied in
 the same manner as adult convictions. Out-of-state juvenile adjudications
 will be treated as juvenile adjudications in Kansas.

5 (g) A prior felony conviction of an attempt, a conspiracy or a 6 solicitation as provided in section 33, 34 or 35 *of chapter 136 of the 2010* 7 *Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto, to commit a crime shall 8 be treated as a person or nonperson crime in accordance with the 9 designation assigned to the underlying crime.

10 (h) Drug crimes are designated as nonperson crimes for criminal 11 history scoring.

12 Sec. 47. Section 299 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of 13 Kansas is hereby amended to read as follows: Sec. 299. (a) When a 14 departure sentence is appropriate, the sentencing judge may depart from 15 the sentencing guidelines as provided in this section.

(1) The sentencing judge shall not impose a downward dispositional 16 departure sentence for any crime of extreme sexual violence, as defined in 17 18 section 296 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, and 19 amendments thereto. The sentencing judge shall not impose a downward durational departure sentence for any crime of extreme sexual violence, as 20 21 defined in section 296 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, 22 and amendments thereto, to less than 50% of the center of the range of the 23 sentence for such crime.

(2) The sentencing judge shall not impose a downward dispositional
departure sentence or a downward durational departure sentence for a
violation of subsection (b)(1)(C) of K.S.A. 8-2,144 or subsection (b)(1)(F)
of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto.

(b) When a sentencing judge departs in setting the duration of apresumptive term of imprisonment:

(1) The judge shall consider and apply the sentencing guidelines,
 which is to impose a sentence that is proportionate to the severity of the
 crime of conviction and the offender's criminal history; and

(2) the presumptive term of imprisonment set in such departure shall
 not total more than double the maximum duration of the presumptive
 imprisonment term.

36 (c) When a sentencing judge imposes a prison term as a dispositional37 departure:

(1) The judge shall consider and apply the primary purpose of the
sentencing guidelines, which is to impose a sentence that is proportionate
to the severity of the crime of conviction; and

41 (2) the term of imprisonment shall not exceed the maximum duration
42 of the presumptive imprisonment term listed within the sentencing grid.
43 Any sentence inconsistent with the provisions of this section shall

constitute an additional departure and shall require substantial and
 compelling reasons independent of the reasons given for the dispositional
 departure.

4 (d) If the sentencing judge imposes a nonprison sentence as a 5 dispositional departure from the guidelines, the recommended duration 6 shall be as provided in subsection (c) of section 248 *of chapter 136 of the* 7 *2010 Session Laws of Kansas*, and amendments thereto.

8 Sec. 48. K.S.A. 8-285, 8-1008, 8-1009, 8-1016, 8-1017, 12-4414, 12-9 4415, 12-4416, 22-2908, 22-3610, 22-4704, 22-4705 and 79-4101 and K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 8-1567, as amended by section 3 of chapter 153 of the 10 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, 21-4704, as amended by section 6 of 11 12 chapter 147 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, 22-2908, as amended by section 9 of chapter 101 of the 2010 Session Laws of Kansas, 22-2909, as 13 amended by section 10 of chapter 101 of the 2010 Session Laws of 14 15 Kansas, and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 8-235, 8-262, 8-2,142, 8-2,144, 8-1001, 8-16 1012, 8-1013, 8-1014, 8-1015, 8-1020, 8-1020a, 8-1022, 8-1567, 12-4104, 12-4106, 12-4516, 12-4517, 21-4704, 22-2802, 22-2909, 22-3717, 22-17 3717c, 28-176, 60-427, 74-2012, 74-7301, 75-5291 and 79-4108 and 18 19 sections 14, 254, 285, 292 and 299 of chapter 136 of the 2010 Session 20 Laws of Kansas are hereby repealed.

21 Sec. 49. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 22 publication in the statute book.