## As Amended by House Committee

Session of 2012

## SENATE BILL No. 394

By Committee on Judiciary

2-7

AN ACT concerning the secretary of corrections; establishing the justice reinvestment working group; relating to transfer or discharge of certain offenders (corrections and corrections officers and concealed handguns; relating to the prison-made goods act; prohibiting the manufacture or production of manufactured homes or modular homes;) amending K.S.A. 2011 Supp. {75-7c05 and 21-6309, 75-7c10 and} 75-5220 and repealing the existing section {sections}.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

{New Section. 1. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of the prison-made goods act of Kansas to the contrary, the secretary shall not establish or maintain a home building program which manufacturers or produces housing units which would compete with the:

- (1) (A) Manufactured homes or modular homes manufactured, assembled or sold by manufactured home manufacturers; or
- (B) manufactured homes or modular homes sold by manufactured home dealers; or
- (2) (A) Modular homes manufactured, assembled or sold by modular home manufacturers; or
  - (B) modular homes sold by modular home dealers.
  - (b) As used in this section:
- (1) "Manufactured home" has the meaning ascribed to such term by K.S.A. 58-4202, and amendments thereto;
- (2) "manufactured home dealer" has the meaning ascribed to such term by K.S.A. 58-4202, and amendments thereto;
- 26 (3) "manufactured home manufacturer" has the meaning ascribed to such term by K.S.A. 58-4202, and amendments thereto; and
  - (4) "modular home" has the meaning ascribed to such term by K.S.A. 58-4202, and amendments thereto.
    - (5) "secretary" means the secretary of corrections.
  - (6) "Vocational building program" means the vocational building program operated by the secretary to provide individual, freestanding buildings, not to exceed 1,000 square feet in size, to state agencies for

1 use by such agencies.

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- (c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a vocational building program.
- (d) This section shall be a part of and supplemental to the prison-made goods act of Kansas.}

New Sec.  $\pm \{2\}$ . (a) The secretary of corrections shall establish the justice reinvestment working group.

- (b) The working group shall consist of the following members:
- (1) One senator appointed by the president of the senate;
- (2) one representative appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;
  - (3) one senator appointed by the minority leader of the senate;
- (4) one representative appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives;
  - (5) one member appointed by the governor;
  - (6) one member appointed by the attorney general;
- (7) one member appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court;
- (8) one member shall represent court services officers, appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court;
  - (9) the secretary of corrections;
  - (10) the director of victims services of the department of corrections:
  - (11) one member shall represent community corrections, appointed by the secretary of corrections;
  - (12) one member of the prisoner review board, appointed by the secretary of corrections;
  - (13) one member shall be a prosecuting attorney, appointed by the Kansas county and district attorneys association;
  - (14) one member shall represent public defenders, appointed by the executive director of the state board of indigents' defense services;
  - (15) one member shall represent mental health providers, appointed by the secretary for aging and disability services;
  - (16) one member shall be a sheriff, appointed by the Kansas sheriff's association; and
  - (17) one member shall be a law enforcement officer, appointed by the Kansas association of chiefs of police.
  - (c) The <u>member</u>{members} appointed by the <u>attorney</u> <u>general</u>{president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives} shall serve as <u>chairperson</u>{co-chairs} of the working group. {The secretary of corrections shall serve as vice-chairperson.}
- The working group shall meet on call of the chairperson (either co-
- chair} or on the request of nine members of the working group. Nine

members of the working group shall constitute a quorum. All actions of the working group shall be taken by a majority of all members of the working group.

- (d) The working group shall undertake a study of the datadriven, fiscally responsible policies and practices that can increase public safety and reduce recidivism and spending on corrections in Kansas.
- (e) On or before January 1, 2013, the working group shall submit a report of the working group's activities and recommendations regarding increased public safety and reducing recidivism and spending on corrections in Kansas to the secretary of the senate and the chief clerk of the house of representatives.
- (f) The members of the working group attending meetings of such working group, or attending a subcommittee meeting thereof authorized by such working group, shall receive amounts provided for in subsection (e) of K.S.A. 75-3223, and amendments thereto, upon vouchers approved by the secretary of corrections or a person or persons designated by the secretary.}

{Section 1. Sec. 23. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-5220 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-5220. (a) Except as provided in subsections (d), (e) and (f), within four business days of receipt of the notice provided for in K.S.A. 75-5218, and amendments thereto, the secretary of corrections shall notify the sheriff having such offender in custody to convey such offender immediately to the department of corrections reception and diagnostic unit or if space is not available at such facility, then to some other state correctional institution until space at the facility is available. except that, in the case of first offenders who are conveyed to a state correctional institution other than the reception and diagnostic unit, such offenders shall be segregated from the inmates of such correctional institution who are not being held in custody at such institution pending transfer to the reception and diagnostic unit when space is available therein. The expenses of any such conveyance shall be charged against and paid out of the general fund of the county whose sheriff conveys the offender to the institution as provided in this subsection.

- (b) Any female offender sentenced according to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-5229, and amendments thereto, shall be conveyed by the sheriff having such offender in custody directly to a correctional institution designated by the secretary of corrections, subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-52,134, and amendments thereto. The expenses of such conveyance to the designated institution shall be charged against and paid out of the general fund of the county whose sheriff conveys such female offender to such institution.
  - (c) Each offender conveyed to a state correctional institution pursuant

to this section shall be accompanied by the record of the offender's trial and conviction as prepared by the clerk of the district court in accordance with K.S.A. 75-5218, and amendments thereto.

- (d) If the offender in the custody of the secretary is a juvenile, as described in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 38-2366, and amendments thereto, such juvenile shall not be transferred to the state reception and diagnostic center until such time as such juvenile is to be transferred from a juvenile correctional facility to a department of corrections institution or facility.
- (e) Any offender sentenced to a facility designated by the secretary of corrections to participate in an intensive substance abuse treatment program shall not be transferred to the state reception and diagnostic center but directly to such facility, unless otherwise directed by the secretary. The secretary may transfer the housing and confinement of any offender sentenced to a facility to participate in an intensive substance abuse treatment program to any institution or facility pursuant to K.S.A. 75-5206, and amendments thereto.
- (f) If the offender has 10 20 or less days remaining to be served on the prison portion of the sentence at the time the notice provided for in K.S.A. 75-5218, and amendments thereto, is received by the secretary of corrections, the secretary may order the offender discharged from the prison portion of the sentence.
- (g) All costs incurred for medical care and treatment of the offender while in the actual physical custody of the secretary of corrections shall be the responsibility of the secretary of corrections.}
- {Sec.  $\underline{34}$ . K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c05 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-7c05. (a) The application for a license pursuant to this act shall be completed, under oath, on a form prescribed by the attorney general and shall only include:
- (1) (A) Subject to the provisions of subsection (a)(1)(B), the name, address, social security number, Kansas driver's license number or Kansas nondriver's license identification number, place and date of birth, a photocopy of the applicant's driver's license or nondriver's identification card and a photocopy of the applicant's certificate of training course completion; (B) in the case of an applicant who presents proof that such person is on active duty with any branch of the armed forces of the United States, or is the dependent of such a person, and who does not possess a Kansas driver's license or Kansas nondriver's license identification, the number of such license or identification shall not be required;
- (2) a statement that the applicant is in compliance with criteria contained within K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c04, and amendments thereto;
- (3) a statement that the applicant has been furnished a copy of this act and is knowledgeable of its provisions;

- (4) a conspicuous warning that the application is executed under oath and that a false answer to any question, or the submission of any false document by the applicant, subjects the applicant to criminal prosecution under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5903, and amendments thereto; and
- (5) a statement that the applicant desires a concealed handgun license as a means of lawful self-defense.
- (b) The applicant shall submit to the sheriff of the county where the applicant resides, during any normal business hours:
  - (1) A completed application described in subsection (a);
- (2) except as provided by subsection (g), a nonrefundable license fee of \$132.50, if the applicant has not previously been issued a statewide license or if the applicant's license has permanently expired, which fee shall be in the form of two cashier's checks, personal checks or money orders of \$32.50 payable to the sheriff of the county where the applicant resides and \$100 payable to the attorney general;
- (3) a photocopy of a certificate or an affidavit or document as described in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c04, and amendments thereto, or if applicable, of a license to carry a firearm as described in subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c03, and amendments thereto; and
- (4) a full frontal view photograph of the applicant taken within the preceding 30 days.
- (c) (1) The sheriff, upon receipt of the items listed in subsection (b) of this section, shall provide for the full set of fingerprints of the applicant to be taken and forwarded to the attorney general for purposes of a criminal history records check as provided by subsection (d). In addition, the sheriff shall forward to the attorney general a copy of the application and the portion of the original license fee which is payable to the attorney general. The cost of taking such fingerprints shall be included in the portion of the fee retained by the sheriff. Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, an applicant shall not be required to submit fingerprints for a renewal application under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c08, and amendments thereto.
- (2) The sheriff of the applicant's county of residence or the chief law enforcement officer of any law enforcement agency, at the sheriff's or chief law enforcement officer's discretion, may participate in the process by submitting a voluntary report to the attorney general containing readily discoverable information, corroborated through public records, which, when combined with another enumerated factor, establishes that the applicant poses a significantly greater threat to law enforcement or the public at large than the average

 citizen. Any such voluntary reporting shall be made within 45 days after the date the sheriff receives the application. Any sheriff or chief law enforcement officer submitting a voluntary report shall not incur any civil or criminal liability as the result of the good faith submission of such report.

- (3) All funds retained by the sheriff pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be credited to a special fund of the sheriff's office which shall be used solely for the purpose of administering this act.
- (d) Each applicant shall be subject to a state and national criminal history records check which conforms to applicable federal standards, including an inquiry of the national instant criminal background check system for the purpose of verifying the identity of the applicant and whether the applicant has been convicted of any crime or has been the subject of any restraining order or any mental health related finding that would disqualify the applicant from holding a license under this act. The attorney general is authorized to use the information obtained from the state or national criminal history record check to determine the applicant's eligibility for such license.
- (e) Within 90 days after the date of receipt of the items listed in subsection (b), the attorney general shall:
- (1) Issue the license and certify the issuance to the department of revenue; or
- (2) deny the application based solely on: (A) The report submitted by the sheriff or other chief law enforcement officer under subsection (c)(2) for good cause shown therein; or (B) the ground that the applicant is disqualified under the criteria listed in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c04, and amendments thereto. If the attorney general denies the application, the attorney general shall notify the applicant in writing, stating the ground for denial and informing the applicant the opportunity for a hearing pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- (f) Each person issued a license shall pay to the department of revenue a fee for the cost of the license which shall be in amounts equal to the fee required pursuant to K.S.A. 8-243 and 8-246, and amendments thereto, for replacement of a driver's license.
- (g) (1) A person who is a retired law enforcement officer, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-5111, and amendments thereto, shall be: (A) Required to pay an original license fee of \$75, which fee shall be in the form of two cashier cheeks or money orders, \$25 payable to the sheriff of the county where the applicant resides and \$50 payable to the attorney general, to be forwarded by the sheriff to the attorney general as provided by subsection (b)(2); (B) exempt from the required completion

 of a-weapons handgun safety and training course if such person was certified by the Kansas commission on peace officer's standards and training, or similar body from another jurisdiction, not more than eight years prior to submission of the application; (C) required to pay the license renewal fee; (D) required to pay to the department of revenue the fees required by subsection (f); and (E) required to comply with the criminal history records check requirement of this section.

- (2) Proof of retirement as a law enforcement officer shall be required and provided to the attorney general in the form of a letter from the agency head, or their designee, of the officer's retiring agency that attests to the officer having retired in good standing from that agency as a law enforcement officer for reasons other than mental instability and that the officer has a nonforfeitable right to benefits under a retirement plan of the agency.
- (h) A person who is a corrections officer, a parole officer or a corrections officer employed by the federal bureau of prisons as defined by K.S.A. 75-5202, and amendments thereto, shall be: (1) Required to pay an original license fee as provided by subsection (b)(2); (2) exempt from the required completion of a handgun safety and training course if such person was issued a certificate of firearms training by the department of corrections or the federal bureau of prisons or similar body not more than one year prior to submission of the application; (3) required to pay the license renewal fee; (4) required to pay to the department of revenue the fees required by subsection (f); and (5) required to comply with the criminal history records check requirements of this section. }
- {New Sec. 5. (a) The carrying of a concealed handgun as authorized by the personal and family protection act shall not be prohibited in state or municipal buildings unless such building has adequate security measures to ensure that no weapons are permitted to be carried into such building.
- (b) No state agency or municipality shall prohibit an employee who is licensed to carry a concealed handgun under the provisions of the personal and family protection act from carrying such concealed handgun at the employee's work place unless the building has adequate security measures and is properly posted prohibiting concealed carry.
- (c) It shall not be a crime for a person to carry a concealed handgun into such building so long as that person is licensed to carry a concealed handgun under the provisions of the personal and family protection act and has authority to enter through a restricted access entrance into such building which provides adequate security measures and is properly posted prohibiting concealed carry.

- (d) Nothing in this act shall prohibit a state agency or municipality from instituting employee policies restricting concealed carry of a handgun by a person who is licensed to carry a concealed handgun under the provisions of the personal and family protection act in a state or municipal building which provides adequate security measures and is properly posted prohibiting concealed carry.
  - (e) Subject to provisions of subsection (f), nothing in this act shall limit the ability of a corrections facility, a jail facility or a law enforcement agency to prohibit the carrying of a concealed handgun by any person on such premises.
  - (f) Any state or municipal building which contains both public access entrances and restricted access entrances shall provide adequate security at the public access entrances in order to prohibit the carrying of a concealed handgun in such public areas.
  - (g) The governing body or the chief administrative officer, if no governing body exists, of a state or municipal-owned medical care facility as defined in K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto, may exempt itself from this section for a period of four years by stating the reasons for such exemption. Notice of this exemption shall be sent to the Kansas attorney general.
  - (h) The governing body or the chief administrative officer, if no governing body exists, of a state or municipal-owned adult care home as defined in K.S.A. 39-923, and amendments thereto, may exempt itself from this section for a period of four years by stating the reasons for such exemption. Notice of this exemption shall be sent to the Kansas attorney general.
  - (i) A state agency or municipality which provides adequate security in a public building and which properly posts a sign prohibiting the carrying of a concealed handgun on the premises of such building as authorized by the personal and family protection act, such state agency or municipality shall not be liable for any wrongful act or omission relating to actions of persons licensed to carry a concealed handgun concerning acts or omissions regarding such handguns.
  - (j) A state agency or municipality which does not provide adequate security in a public building and which allows the carrying of a concealed handgun as authorized by the personal and family protection act shall not be liable for any wrongful act or omission relating to actions of persons licensed to carry a concealed handgun concerning acts or omissions regarding such handguns.
  - (k) The governing body or the chief administrative officer, if no governing body exists, of a post secondary educational institution, as defined in K.S.A. 74-3201b, and amendments thereto, may exempt the

institution from this section for a period of four years by stating the reasons for such exemption. Notice of this exemption shall be sent to the Kansas attorney general.

- (1) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "Adequate security measures" means the use of electronic equipment and personnel at public entrances to detect and restrict the carrying of any weapons into the state or municipal building, including, but not limited to, metal detectors, metal detector wands or any other equipment used for similar purposes to ensure that weapons are not permitted to be carried into such building by members of the public.
- (2) The terms "municipality" and "municipal" are interchangeable and have the same meaning as the term "municipality" is defined in K.S.A.75-6102, and amendments thereto, but does not include school districts.
- (3) "Restricted access entrance" means an entrance that is restricted to the public and requires a key, keycard, code, or similar device to allow entry to authorized personnel.
- 19 (4) "State" means as the term is defined in K.S.A. 75-6102, and 20 amendments thereto.
  - (5) "State or municipal building" means a building owned or leased by such public entity. It does not include a building owned by the state or a municipality which is leased by a private entity whether for profit or not-for-profit or a building held in title by the state or a municipality solely for reasons of revenue bond financing.
  - (6) "Weapon" means weapons described in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6301, and amendments thereto.
  - (m) This section shall be a part of and supplemental to the personal and family protection act.}
  - {Sec. 46. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c10 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-7c10. (a) Provided that the premises are conspicuously posted in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the attorney general as premises where carrying a concealed handgun is prohibited, and subject to provisions of section 3, and amendments thereto, dealing with state agencies and municipalities, no license issued pursuant to or recognized by this act shall authorize the licensee to carry a concealed handgun into the building of:
  - (1) Any place where an activity declared a common nuisance by K.S.A. 22-3901, and amendments thereto, is maintained;
    - (2) any police, sheriff or highway patrol station;
    - (3) any detention facility, prison or jail;
- 42 (4) any courthouse, except that nothing in this section would 43 preclude a judge from carrying a concealed handgun or determining

 who may carry a concealed handgun in the judge's courtroom;

- (5) any polling place on the day an election is held;
- (6) any state office;
- (7) any facility hosting an athletic event not related to or involving firearms which is sponsored by a private or public elementary or secondary school or any private or public institution of postsecondary education;
- (8) any facility hosting a professional athletic event not related to or involving firearms;
- (9) any drinking establishment as defined by K.S.A. 41-2601, and amendments thereto:
- (10) any elementary or secondary school, attendance center, administrative office, services center or other facility;
  - (11) any community college, college or university;
- (12) any child exchange and visitation center provided for in K.S.A. 75-720, and amendments thereto;
- (13) any community mental health center organized pursuant to K.S.A. 19-4001 et seq., and amendments thereto; any mental health clinic organized pursuant to K.S.A. 65-211 et seq., and amendments thereto; any psychiatric hospital licensed under K.S.A. 75-3307b, and amendments thereto; or a state psychiatric hospital, as follows: Larned state hospital, Osawatomie state hospital or Rainbow mental health facility:
  - (14) any public library operated by the state;
- (15) any day care home or group day care home, as defined in Kansas administrative regulation 28-4-113, or any preschool or childcare center, as defined in Kansas administrative regulation 28-4-420; or
  - (16) any place of worship.
- (b) (1) Any private entity which provides adequate security in a private building or facility and which properly posts a sign prohibiting the carrying of a concealed handgun on the premises of such building or facility as authorized by the personal and family protection act, such private entity shall not be liable for any wrongful act or omission relating to actions of persons licensed to carry a concealed handgun concerning acts or omissions regarding such handguns.
- (2) Any private entity which does not provide adequate security in a private building or facility and which allows the carrying of a concealed handgun as authorized by the personal and family protection act shall not be liable for any wrongful act or omission relating to actions of persons licensed to carry a concealed handgun concerning acts or omissions regarding such handguns.
  - (b)(c) Subject to provisions of section 3, and amendments thereto,

 nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent:

- (1) Any public or private employer from restricting or prohibiting by personnel policies persons licensed under this act from carrying a concealed handgun while on the premises of the employer's business or while engaged in the duties of the person's employment by the employer, except that no employer may prohibit possession of a handgun in a private means of conveyance, even if parked on the employer's premises; or
- (2) any private business or city, county or political subdivision from restricting or prohibiting persons licensed or recognized under this act from carrying a concealed handgun within a building or buildings of such entity, provided that the premises are posted in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the attorney general pursuant to subsection (f), as premises where carrying a concealed handgun is prohibited.
- (e)(d) (1) It shall be a violation of this section to carry a concealed handgun in violation of any restriction or prohibition allowed by subsection (a) or (b) if the premises are posted in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the attorney general pursuant to subsection (f). Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of: (A) Not more than \$50 for the first offense; or (B) not more than \$100 for the second offense. Any third or subsequent offense is a class B misdemeanor.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) or (b), it is not a violation of this section for the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, the attorney general, any district attorney or county attorney, any assistant United States attorney if authorized by the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, any assistant attorney general if authorized by the attorney general, or any assistant district attorney or assistant county attorney if authorized by the district attorney or county attorney by whom such assistant is employed, to possess a handgun within any of the buildings described in subsection (a) or (b), subject to any restrictions or prohibitions imposed in any courtroom by the chief judge of the judicial district. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any person who is not in compliance with K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c19, and amendments thereto.
- $(\underline{d})(e)$  For the purposes of this section, "building" shall not include any structure, or any area of any structure, designated for the parking of motor vehicles.
- $(\underline{\odot})$  (f) Nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize the carrying or possession of a handgun where prohibited by federal law.
  - (f)(g) The attorney general shall adopt rules and regulations

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prescribing the location, content, size and other characteristics of signs to be posted on premises where carrying a concealed handgun is prohibited pursuant to subsections (a) and (b). Such regulations shall prescribe, at a minimum, that:

- (1) The signs be posted at all exterior entrances to the prohibited buildings;
- (2) they be posted at eye level of adults using the entrance and not more than 12 inches to the right or left of such entrance;
  - (3) the signs not be obstructed or altered in any way; and
- (4) signs which become illegible for any reason be immediately replaced.}
- {Sec. 57. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 21-6309 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6309. (a) It shall be unlawful to possess, with no requirement of a culpable mental state, a firearm on the grounds in any of the following places:
  - (1) Within any building located within the capitol complex;
  - (2) within the governor's residence;
- (3) on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence;
- (4) within any other state-owned or leased building if the secretary of administration has so designated by rules and regulations and conspicuously placed signs clearly stating that firearms are prohibited within such building; or
- (5) within any county courthouse, unless, by county resolution, the board of county commissioners authorize the possession of a firearm within such courthouse.
  - (b) Violation of this section is a class A misdemeanor.
  - (c) This section shall not apply to:
  - (1) A commissioned law enforcement officer:
- (2) a full-time salaried law enforcement officer of another state or the federal government who is carrying out official duties while in this state:
  - (3) any person summoned by any such officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the peace while actually engaged in assisting such officer:
  - (4) a member of the military of this state or the United States engaged in the performance of duties; or
  - (5) a person with a license issued pursuant to or recognized under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c01 et seq., and amendments thereto, except in buildings posted in accordance with K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c10, and amendments thereto, and in the areas specified in subsections (a)(2) and (a)(3).
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  - (d) It is not a violation of this section for the:

- (1) Governor, the governor's immediate family, or specifically authorized guest of the governor to possess a firearm within the governor's residence or on the grounds of or in any building on the grounds of the governor's residence; or
- (2) United States attorney for the district of Kansas, the attorney general, any district attorney or county attorney, any assistant United States attorney if authorized by the United States attorney for the district of Kansas, any assistant attorney general if authorized by the attorney general, or any assistant district attorney or assistant county attorney if authorized by the district attorney or county attorney by whom such assistant is employed, to possess a firearm within any county courthouse and court-related facility, subject to any restrictions or prohibitions imposed in any courtroom by the chief judge of the judicial district. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any person not in compliance with K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c19, and amendments thereto.
- **(e)** It is not a violation of this section for a person to possess a firearm as authorized under the personal and family protection act.
- (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, any county may elect by passage of a resolution that the provisions of subsection (d)(2) shall not apply to such county's courthouse or court-related facilities if such:
- (1) Facilities have adequate security measures to ensure that no weapons are permitted to be carried into such facilities;
- (2) facilities have adequate measures for storing and securing lawfully carried weapons, including, but not limited to, the use of gun lockers or other similar storage options;
- (3) county also has a policy or regulation requiring all law enforcement officers to secure and store such officer's firearm upon entering the courthouse or court-related facility. Such policy or regulation may provide that it does not apply to court security or sheriff's office personnel for such county; and
- (4) facilities have a sign conspicuously posted at each entryway into such facility stating that the provisions of subsection (d)(2) do not apply to such facility.
  - (f)(g) As used in this section:
- (1) "Adequate security measures" means the use of electronic equipment and personnel at public entrances to detect and restrict the carrying of any weapons into the facility, including, but not limited to, metal detectors, metal detector wands or any other equipment used for similar purposes;
- (2) "possession" means having joint or exclusive control over a firearm or having a firearm in a place where the person has some

measure of access and right of control; and

(3) "capitol complex" means the same as in K.S.A. 75-4514, and
amendments thereto.

(g)(h) For the purposes of subsection (a)(1), (a)(4) and (a)(5), "building" and "courthouse" shall not include any structure, or any area of any structure, designated for the parking of motor vehicles.}

Sec.  $\frac{2}{2}$ . 3. {8.} K.S.A. 2011 Supp. {75-7c05 and 21-6309, 75-7c10 and} 75-5220  $\frac{1}{12}$  {are} hereby repealed.

Sec.  $\frac{2.4.}{2}$  {9.} This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.