As Amended by House Committee

Session of 2012

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HOUSE BILL No. 2627

By Committee on Commerce and Economic Development

2-3

AN ACT concerning certain deductions from wages; amending K.S.A.
 2011 Supp. 44-319 and repealing the existing section.

4 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 44-319 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 44-319. (a) *Except as provided in subsection (b)* subsections (b)
and (c), no employer may withhold, deduct or divert any portion of an
employee's wages unless:

9 (1) The employer is required or empowered to do so by state or 10 federal law;

(2) the deductions are for medical, surgical or hospital care or service,
 without financial benefit to the employer, and are openly, clearly and in
 due course recorded in the employer's books;

14 (3) the employer has a signed authorization by the employee for 15 deductions for a lawful purpose accruing to the benefit of the employee; or

(4) the deductions are for contributions attributable to automatic
enrollment, as defined in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 44-319a, and amendments
thereto, in a retirement plan established by the employer described in
sections 401(k), 403(b), 408, 408A or 457 of the internal revenue code.

(b) {Subject to the provisions of subsection (e),} pursuant to a
signed written agreement between the employer and employee, an
employer may withhold, deduct or divert any portion of an employee's
wages for the following purposes:

(1) To allow the employee to repay a loan or advance which the
employer made to the employee during the course of and within the scope
of employment;

(2) to allow for recovery of payroll overpayment; and

(3) to compensate the employer for the value cost or unpaid balance
 of the cost of the employer's merchandise or uniforms purchased by the
 employee; and

31 *(4) to compensate the employer for breakage, loss or return of-*32 *merchandise, inventory shortage or cash shortage caused by the employee*

33 where the employee was the sole party responsible for the cash or items.

34 *damaged or lost at the time the damage or loss occurred.*

{Subject to the provisions of subsection (e),} upon providing a 1 (c)2 written notice and explanation, an employer may withhold, deduct or divert any portion of an employee's final wages for the following 3 4 purposes:

5 (1) to recover the employer's property provided to the employee 6 in the course of the employer's business including, but not limited to, 7 tools of the trade or profession, personal safety equipment, computers, 8 electronic devices, mobile phones, proprietary information such as client or customer lists and intellectual property, security information, 9 keys or access cards or materials until such time as such property is 10 returned by the employee to the employer. {Upon return of the 11 12 employer's property the employer shall relinquish the wages withheld 13 to the employee.

14 (2) To allow an employee to repay a loan or advance which the employer made to the employee during the course of and within the 15 16 scope of employment;

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(3) To allow for the recovery of payroll overpayment;

(4) To compensate the employer for the value of the employer's 18 19 merchandise, uniforms, company property, equipment, tools of the trade, or other materials intentionally purchased by the employee. 20

21 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the 22 withholding of amounts authorized in writing by the employee to be 23 contributed by the employee to charitable organizations; nor shall this 24 section prohibit deductions by check-off of dues to labor organizations or 25 service fees, where such is not otherwise prohibited by law.

{(e) Amounts withheld under this section shall not reduce wages 26 27 paid to below the minimum wage required under the federal fair labor 28 standards act, 29 U.S.C.A. § 201 et seq., or the minimum wage 29 required under K.S.A. 44-1203, and amendments thereto, whichever is 30 applicable. 31

K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 44-319 is hereby repealed. Sec. 2.

32 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 33 publication in the statute book.

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