

Cash Balance Plan

Presented to KPERS Study Commission By Phyllis Chambers, Executive Director August 31, 2011



NPERS Overview

- NPERS administers six retirement plans with 112,000 members and \$9 billion in assets.
 - School DB established 1946
 - State Patrol − DB − 1947
 - Judges DB 1955
 - State − DC − 1964 and CB − 2003
 - County DC 1965 and CB 2003
 - Deferred Compensation (DCP) 1976



2010 NPERS Funded Status

- Schools 82%
- Patrol 85%
- Judges 100%
- State CB 94%
- County CB 93%
- DC plans 100%
- GASB 25 Funded ratio = AVA÷AAL



Cash Balance Plan

- Introduced mid-1980's in corporate sector.
- DB Hybrid IRS considers it a DB plan because of the guaranteed credited rate.
- Individual account consists of EE and ER contributions, interest credits & dividends.
- Member account value never goes down.
- Pooled assets managed by professionals.
- Plan requires an annual actuarial valuation.
- Annuity is based on account value & age, not a formula.

Nebraska Benefit Adequacy Study

- 2000 actuarial study
- Compared State and County with School DB plan
- S & C average annual salaries lower.
 - School \$40,000, State \$35,000, County \$30,000
- Average annual investment return, 5-year period
 - 7% for DC plans & 11% School DB plan
- Retirement Income replacement was 5-8 % higher for DC plans to maintain same standard of living.
 - 78% for Schools, 83% for State, 86% for County.



Goals of Cash Balance Plan

- Improve retirement benefits for State and County Employees - from DC to CB
- Retention reward long-term employment.
- Offer self-funded annuity & COLA options
 - over 90% were taking lump sum refunds
- Reduce DC investment & timing risk.
 - 90% of employees in 3 funds, 50% in balance fund
 - Market crisis can affect timing of retirement
 - Reduces investment education for members.
- Reduce costs & fees.
 - DC \$92/member & CB \$71/member



Nebraska CB Features

- Mandatory for new hires. DC members one-time option to transfer in 2003 – 1/3 transferred, another 1/3 transferred again in 2007.
- NPERS Contribution rates:
 - State − 4.8 % EE, 156% ER − 7.48% = 12.28%
 - County 4.5% EE, I50% ER 6.75% = II.25%
- Credited rate based on Federal mid-term rate+1.5 % with 5% minimum guarantee by the State. July 2011 MTR was 2.0%.
- Rate adjusted quarterly. Accounts credited daily.
- Annuity rate is 7.75% determined by Board.

Nebraska CB Features (cont')

- 3-year vesting for employer portion.
- Distributions options for termination, retirement (age 55) or disability – Refund, rollover, annuity, or combination.
- Death Beneficiaries receive refund or rollover; spouse may also receive annuity; if already receiving a benefit, determined by the annuity option.
- Optional dividend granted by Board.

CB Dividends

- Board may grant dividend if <u>actuarial</u> contribution rate is at least 90% of the actual contribution rate per statute.
- Board added policy funded ratio must be 100%.
- Dividend based on account value at previous calendar year end.
- Problem when employees terminate between December 31 and dividend payment - dividend posts to a closed account.
- Made Statute & policy change once account is paid out, no longer receive interest on dividends or late contributions.

NEBRASKA CASH BALANCE DIVIDENDS, MIDTERM RATES, FUNDING STATUS

Plan	Dividend Year*	Dividend Rate Paid	MTR + 1.5% Credited	Total Annual Earnings	Funding Status**
State	2004	3.088	5.19	8.28	105.4
County	2004	3.088	5.19	8.28	110.3
State	2005	2.800	5.45	8.25	109.3
County	2005	2.800	5.45	8.25	113.5
State	2006	13.500	6.27	19.77	113.9
County	2006	16.400	6.27	22.67	117.3
State	2007	2.730	6.12	8.85	103.3
County	2007	2.730	6.12	8.85	105.2
State	2008	5.180	5.02	10.20	103.4
County	2008	5.340	5.02	10.36	108.1
State	2009	0.000	5.00	5.00	96.9
County	2009	0.000	5.00	5.00	100.3
State	2010	0.000	5.00	5.00	93.9
County	2010	0.000	5.00	5.00	95.1
State	2011	0.000	5.00	5.00	93.6
County	2011	0.000	5.00	5.00	93.2

^{*} Year dividend is paid is based on December 31 balance of the previous year.

^{**} GASB 25 funding status based on previous year .

Cash Balance Advantages

- Good compromise between DB and DC.
- Minimizes state/employer liability.
- Assets are pooled & professionally managed.
- Less complex & lower cost than DC plans.
- No investment education and choices.
- Guaranteed minimum credited rate.
- Optional dividend in good times.



CB Advantages (cont')

- Excellent lifetime annuity benefit.
- Optional 2.5% COLA paid by employee.
- Portable refund, rollover, annuity or combination. Must be taken at one time.
- Optional transfer to DCP for systematic withdrawals.
- Record keeping and reconciliation are easier than DC.

CB Considerations

- Existing or new hires
- Tier or a new plan
- Education—Mailed packets & held seminars
- Determine method for crediting rate.
- Dividend policy
- Annuity Rate with optional COLA
- Enrollment period deadline in statute
 - Processing time
 - One time selection



Conclusion

- CB plan is working in Nebraska as designed.
 Eight-year history.
 - No actuarial required contributions to date.
 - Members received dividends 2004-2008.
 - CB member accounts increasing.
 - More members are annuitizing.
 - Employees are happy. DC members want to know if plan will be opened to transfers again.
 - Website is <u>NPERS.ne.gov</u>.

